

4.6 ECS Data Pool Ingest

ECS Data Pool Ingest provides the software capability to acquire data by various protocols and transfer the data into the ECS system. The ECS Data Pool Ingest subsystem also stores and manages request information, performs data preprocessing, inserts data into the Online Archive, and copies data into the tape archive. The ECS Data Pool Ingest subsystem provides a GUI which allows the operator to view past ingest activities, monitor and control ingest requests and services, view operator alerts, disposition operator interventions, and modify system and external data provider parameters.

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4.6.1 Data Pool Ingest GUI

The Data Pool (DPL) Ingest GUI is a web-based interface that allows operators to access and manipulate the DPL Ingest system. Using this GUI, an operator can monitor and fix Ingest requests, view system alerts, and see at a glance the status of the DPL Ingest system in part and in whole. The DPL Ingest GUI also allows in-depth configuration of the entire DPL Ingest system without the operator having to manually configure the DPL Ingest database. It provides a fast and secure way to easily manage the entire DPL Ingest system, complete with full operator permission configuration and management so that only authorized persons may perform actions or change configuration settings.

Since the DPL Ingest GUI is a web-based interface, it can be accessed from virtually anywhere there is access to the internal network. No custom software installation is required – all that is needed is a web browser (see Section 4.6.1.28 Browser Requirements). Because this is a web-based application, the DPL Ingest GUI can be run by any number of operators from any number of locations, even remote locations, provided that a remote connection is properly configured.

This document shows and explains in detail all of the available features and functionality of the DPL Ingest GUI, from the first login to complex operator actions and configuration, as well as tips for getting extra help.

4.6.1.1 Login Page

This page first appears when the application is loaded. The operator will be required to enter a pre-assigned user name and password, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-1. Once the operator is logged in, the home page will be displayed and the application will be enabled.

If the authorization scheme has been disabled, the home page (shown in Figure 4.6.1-2) would be displayed immediately instead of the login page, and the operator will not be required to log in.



Figure 4.6.1-1. Login Page

Using the GUI in Protected Mode

If your DAAC requires a password-protected login with different permission levels, the following applies:

- Sort settings are remembered for each session – that is, every time an operator logs in. They are reset when the operator logs off or a new session is started.
- Filter settings are always remembered for each operator, since these are stored in the database.

Using the GUI in Open Mode

If your DAAC does *not* require a password-protected login, then each operator essentially uses a single “virtual operator” which has all permissions and stores a single set of filter settings that are shared across all sessions. This means that an operator at one terminal can affect the filter settings of an operator at another terminal.

Sort settings are not stored in the database and are therefore remembered for each session. Please note however, that sort settings may be lost if the browser is closed of a new session is otherwise started.

Session Timeout

Depending on the installation of Tomcat at your particular site, the session timeout can vary and is not configurable through the GUI.

Miscellaneous Features

- **The Reset Button:** Throughout the GUI, you will see “Reset” buttons on some pages. These simply reset the form values so you can start over again – pressing/clicking Reset does not submit any changes to the database.
- **Whitespace in forms:** In general, whitespace is stripped from most text input fields unless it is meant to contain whitespace, like comment fields. For example, on the Provider Configuration page to add a new Data Provider, all of the input fields are stripped of any accidentally input whitespace when submitted.

4.6.1.2 Home Page

The Home Page provides a general overview of the Data Pool Ingest system status, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-2. This page includes the following:

- General system statistics
- The Data Pool Ingest statuses, which may be suspended if active, and resumed if suspended. These include:
 - General Ingest Status
 - Email Service Status
- The status of the Ingest services, which **cannot** be changed by the operator, including (see also Figure 4.6.1-2):
 - The Notification Service
 - The Polling Service
 - The Processing Service

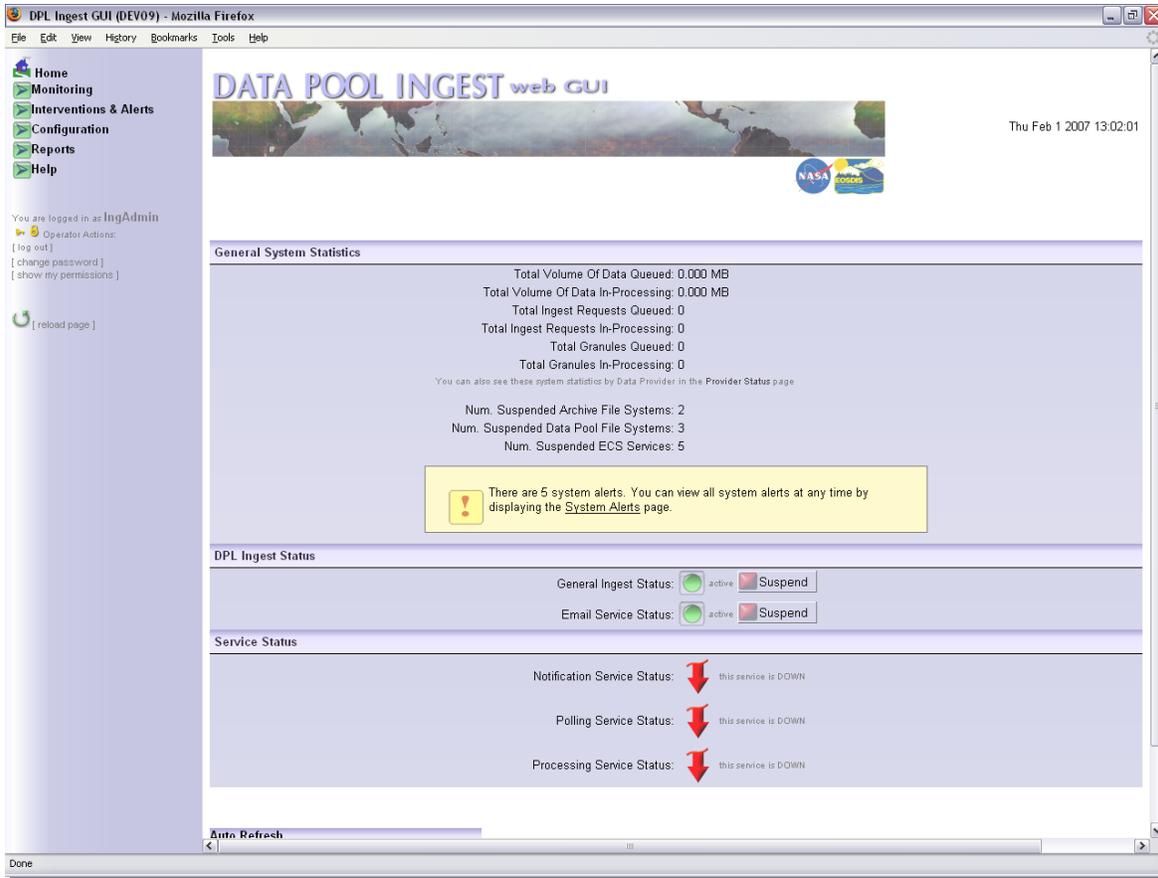


Figure 4.6.1-2. Home Page

4.6.1.2.1 General System Statistics

This section provides general information about current requests and granules in the system, as well as the various services and file systems used in processing. Summary information is not included about providers and transfer hosts, though this data can be found on the Provider Status page (Section 4.6.1.10) and the Transfer Host Status page (Section 4.6.1.13).

Detail descriptions of the data found in this section is available in Table 4.6.1-1.

Table 4.6.1-1. Home Page Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Total Volume of Data Queued	Sum of the size of all files of all granules that have not yet been activated
Total Volume of Data In-Processing	Sum of the size of all files of all granules that are currently active, and not suspended or in a terminal state
Total Ingest Requests Queued	Total number of requests that have not yet been activated
Total Ingest Requests In-Processing	Total number of requests that are currently active, and not suspended or in a terminal state
Total Granules Queued	Sum of all granules in active or queued requests that have not yet been activated
Total Granules In-Processing	Sum of all granules in active or queued requests that are currently active, and not suspended or in a terminal state
Num Suspended Archive File Systems	Total archive file systems that have been suspended, either automatically by the server or manually by operator
Num Suspended Data Pool File Systems	Total data pool file systems that have been suspended, either automatically by the server or manually by operator
Num Suspended ECS Services	Total ECS service hosts that have been suspended, either automatically by the server or manually by operator

4.6.1.2.2 DPL Ingest Status

This section consists of two buttons that enable the user to halt various actions throughout the data pool ingest system.

General Ingest Status – By pressing this button, the operator is able to stop polling from all polling locations and prevent any new granules from being activated. Any granules that are already active will complete ingest. These actions can easily be resumed by pressing the “Resume” button.



Email Service Status – By pressing this button, the operator will stop any further email notifications from being sent concerning completed, cancelled, failed, or terminated requests from any provider. Once the button is pressed again, email notifications will resume and emails will be sent for all requests from providers configured for email notifications that completed while email service was suspended.



4.6.1.2.3 Service Status

This page indicates the status of the three primary services that make up the Data Pool Ingest system.

The Ingest services cannot be started and stopped via the GUI. Instead, they are managed using start and stop scripts found in the utilities directory of the given mode. For the status of these services to be accurate, the IngestServiceMonitor script must also be running for each mode.

This script is installed in the utilities directory of each mode and can be started with the command: `EcDIIngestServiceMonitorStart [MODE]`.

The services are as follows:

- *Notification Service Status* - Indicates whether the notification service is up or down. If up, no notifications will be sent, but a queue of notifications will be collected and distributed once the service is restarted.
- *Polling Service Status* - Indicates whether the polling service is up or down. If this service is down, PDRs will not arrive from any configured polling location, but any PDRs that remain in the directories will be added once the service is restarted.
- *Processing Service Status* - Indicates whether the processing service is up or down. If this service is down, no actions on any requests or granules will start, continue, or complete and Granules will “hang” in their current state.

4.6.1.3 The Navigation Panel

Navigation throughout the DPL Ingest GUI is accomplished through an Explorer-like menu in the left pane of the application, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-2 and Figure 4.6.1-3. These menus expand and contract to hide or view menu items under each category.

The navigation panel is static; it will not reload every time a new menu item is selected.

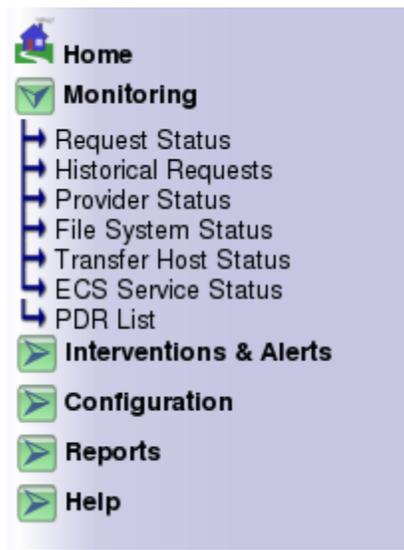


Figure 4.6.1-3. Navigation Panel

A Note on the Back and Forward Buttons

In order to properly navigate through the application, the operator should not use the browser’s built-in back and forward browser buttons (Figure 4.6.1-4), as this may cause an error to occur in

the application. All navigation should be accomplished through use of the navigation panel and list navigators (e.g., custom back and forward buttons for lists of requests and granules).

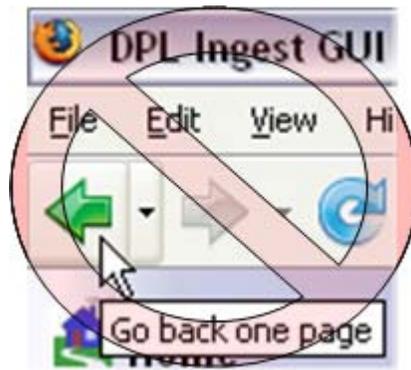


Figure 4.6.1-4. Built-in Back/Forward Browser Buttons

Error Pages

When errors occur (e.g., an invalid action was sent), the GUI will display such errors on the page for which it was generated and in most cases the items causing the error will be highlighted in red. An example is trying to resume an already active Provider, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-5.

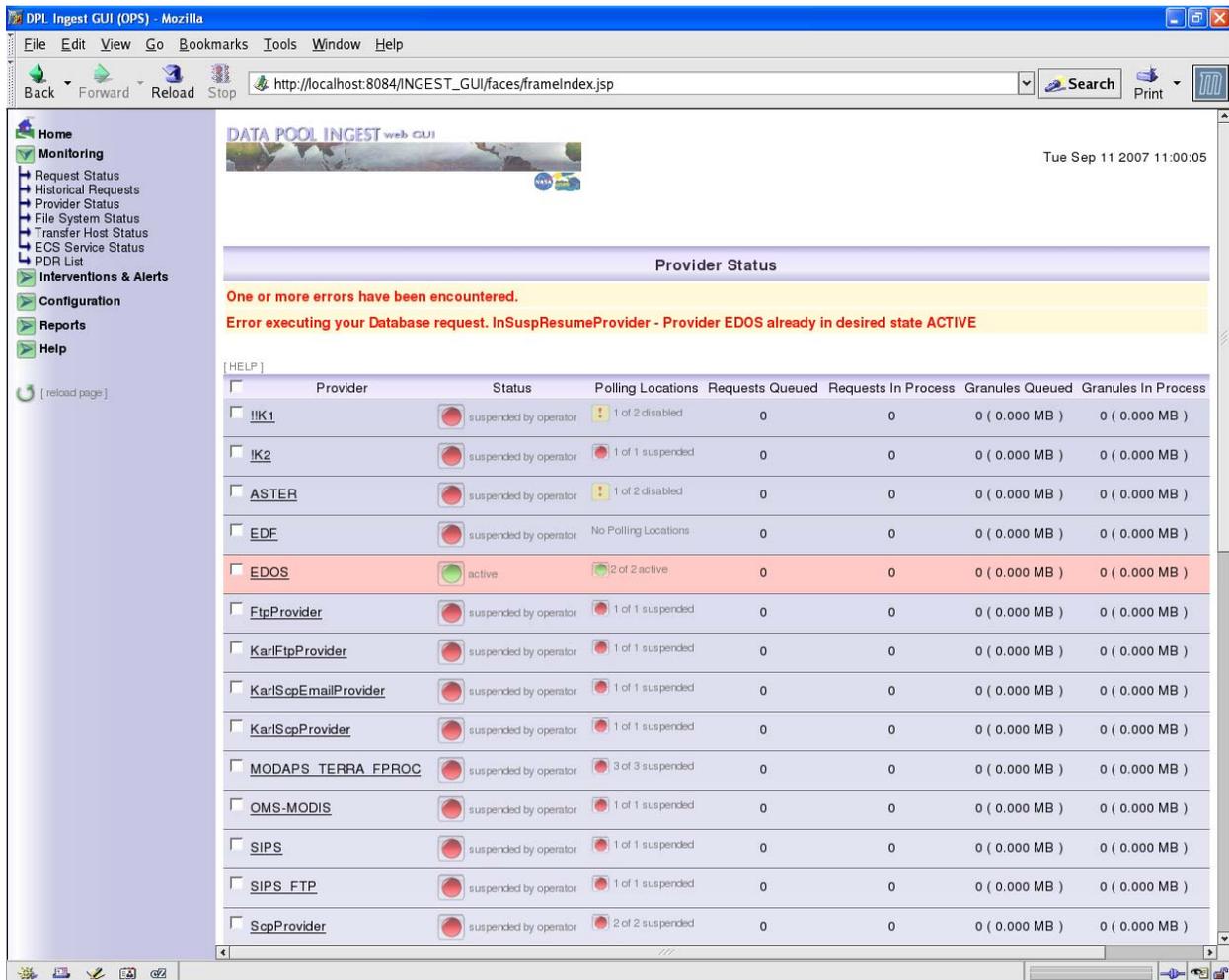


Figure 4.6.1-5. Error Indicators

In other cases, the GUI may have trouble processing an operator's action for an unknown reason. Although this is rare, an error screen will be displayed allowing you to reset your session so that the GUI can properly process further actions. See Figure 4.6.1-6 for an example. This error screen also displays the specific problem so that a detailed error message can be sent to a qualified person for analysis if the error occurs frequently.

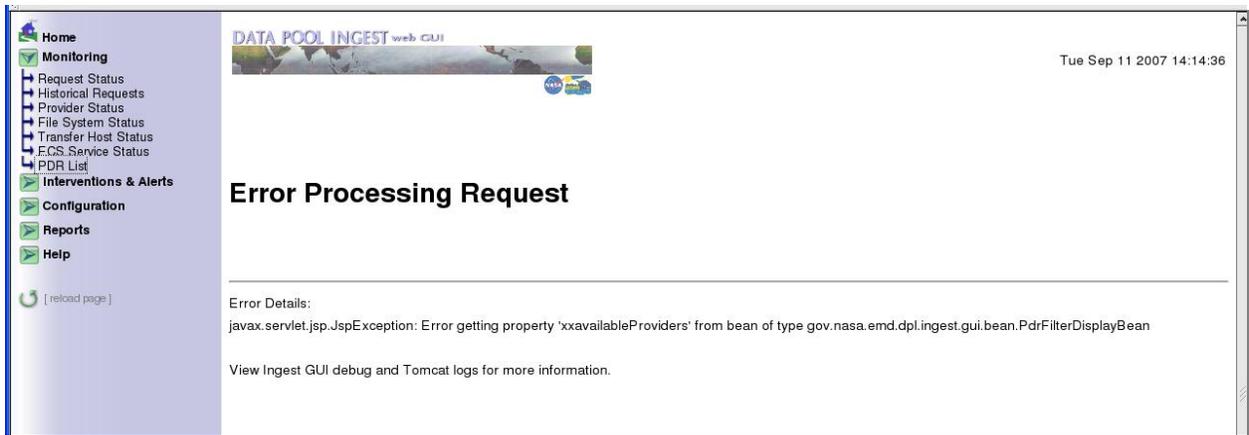


Figure 4.6.1-6. Error Processing Request

4.6.1.3.1 Current Operator Settings

The navigation panel also contains a section below the menus that allows the current logged-in operator to perform the following actions (see Figure 4.6.1-7):

- Log out
- Change your password
- Show all of your permissions

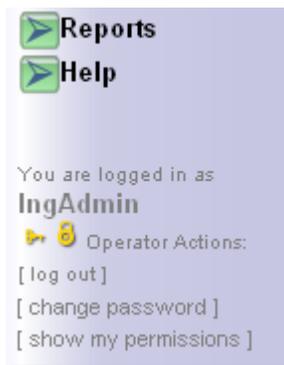


Figure 4.6.1-7. Operator Information Panel

Depending on the settings of the currently logged in operator, various functions of the DPL Ingest GUI will be disabled. An example of how disabled functions will appear is shown in Figure 4.6.1-8.



Figure 4.6.1-8. Disabled Permissions

Operator Actions Explained

Log Out

This allows you to log out of the current session (without closing the browser). The login page will be displayed upon successful logout (see Figure 4.6.1-9).



Figure 4.6.1-9. Log Out Button

Change Password

Click on “change password” to change the current operator’s password – a box will appear below the link, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-10. Type the new password into the two boxes and click “Ok.”



Figure 4.6.1-10. Operator Password Settings

Show My Permissions

Click on “show my permissions” to view or hide the current permissions – a box will appear below the link, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-11.



Figure 4.6.1-11. Operator Permission Settings

4.6.1.4 Pagination Arrows

On the Request Status page and details page, Historical Requests page and details page, and the Open Interventions page and details page, there are a set of pagination arrows used for maneuvering through the lists of requests and granules that are displayed. The maximum number of rows displayed at a time is configurable by the operator.

The items on the list that will be displayed on each page will be determined by the current sorting setting (see Section 4.6.1.6.3).

The pagination arrows are shown in the upper left-hand corner of any list of requests or granules, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-12.



Figure 4.6.1-12. Pagination Arrows on the Historic Requests Page

The meanings of these icons are as follows:

-  - Go to the first page of the list, as determined by the current sorting setting. If you are already on the first page, the button will be disabled.
-  - Go to the previous page in the list, as determined by the current sorting setting. If you are already on the first page, the button will be disabled.
-  - Go to the next page in the list, as determined by the current sorting setting. If you are already on the last group in the listing, the button will be disabled.
-  - Go to the last page in the list. If you are already on the last page, the button will be disabled.

4.6.1.5 Automatic Screen Refresh

The monitoring pages of the DPL Ingest GUI have an automatic screen refresh feature that allows the operator to control how often the page is automatically reloaded with new information. This is controlled by a small panel at the bottom of each screen, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-13.



Figure 4.6.1-13. Auto Refresh Control Panel

The operator may change the refresh rate for any page or completely turn it off. Note that each page has an independent refresh rate and that these settings are remembered for the current session only – they are lost if the operator logs out or the application is restarted.

To change the refresh settings, click on the desired rate (or off). The page will reload and the new settings will take effect.

A dynamic clock will appear in the upper right-hand corner, informing the operator how long it will be until the next refresh, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-14.

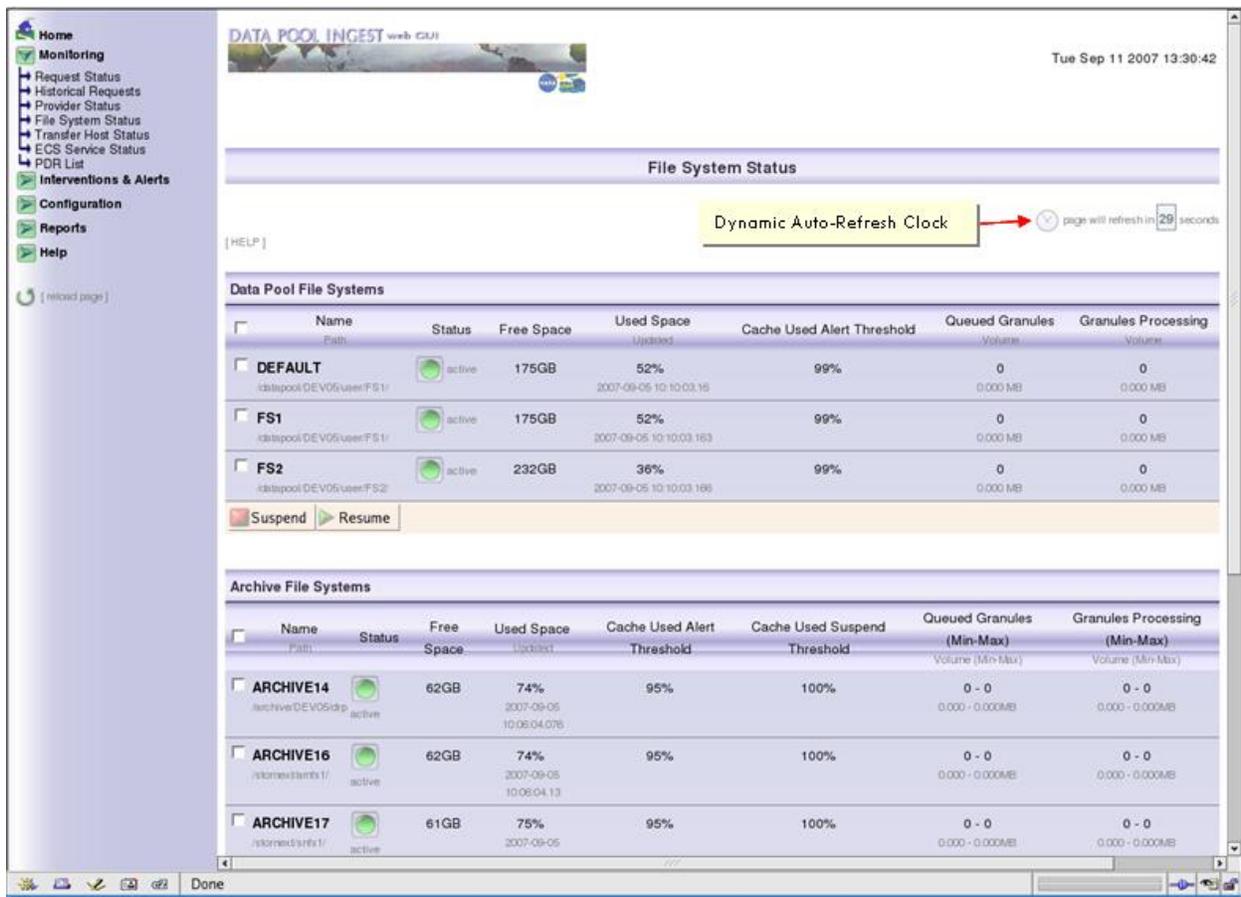


Figure 4.6.1-14. Dynamic Auto-Refresh Clock

The refresh counter will be paused whenever the mouse is in motion. This is to prevent a refresh from occurring when the operator is in the middle of an action, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-15.



Figure 4.6.1-15. Paused Auto-Refresh Clock

Note: Some pages have different available refresh rates. This is designed to reduce the load on the database for certain actions that could affect performance.

4.6.1.6 Ingest Requests Page

This page displays the current active ingest requests, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-16. The operator may select any eligible request and perform one of several actions:

- Cancel the request(s) – *This is an irreversible action, there is no way to ‘un-cancel’ a request.*

- Suspend the request(s) – *This action may be performed only if the selected requests are not already suspended or cancelled and is used to stop new granules from being activated. Active granules in suspended requests will continue through processing.*
- Resume the request(s) – *This action may be performed only if the selected requests are suspended.*
- Change the DPL Ingest Priority of the request(s) – *Requests in terminal states cannot have their priority changed. A default priority will be assigned to requests based upon the configuration of the request’s provider.*

See Section 4.6.1.6.1 below for detailed explanations of each Request action. Table 4.6.1-2 contains descriptions of the Request Status page columns.

The screenshot shows the 'Request Status' page in the DPL Ingest GUI. The page title is 'DATA POOL INGEST web GUI'. The user is logged in as 'IngAdmin'. The page displays a table of ingest requests with the following columns: Request ID, Status, Priority, Provider Name, Size [MB], Granules, Granules Completed Processing, When Queued, and Last Update. The table shows 10 active requests, all with a priority of 'VHIGH' and provider 'JPL'. The requests have various sizes and granule counts. Below the table are action buttons for 'Cancel Requests', 'Suspend Requests', 'Resume Requests', and 'Change Priority'. An 'Auto Refresh' section is also visible at the bottom, currently set to 'OFF'.

Request ID	Status	Priority	Provider Name	Size [MB]	Granules	Granules Completed Processing	When Queued	Last Update
20523	Active	VHIGH	JPL	0.252	2	0	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-10 12:54:03
20515	Active	VHIGH	JPL	330.337	2	1	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-11 13:20:50
20513	Active	VHIGH	JPL	330.337	2	0	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-10 12:54:17
20511	Active	VHIGH	JPL	330.337	2	1	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-11 13:21:05
20509	Active	VHIGH	JPL	330.337	2	0	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-10 12:54:16
20507	Active	VHIGH	JPL	1.523	1	0	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-10 12:54:04
20503	Active	VHIGH	JPL	1.523	1	0	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-10 12:54:04
20497	Active	VHIGH	JPL	1.523	1	0	2007-09-10 12:54:01	2007-09-10 12:54:03
20495	Active	VHIGH	JPL	1.523	1	0	2007-09-10 12:54:00	2007-09-11 13:20:38
20487	Active	VHIGH	JPL	1.523	1	0	2007-09-10 12:54:00	2007-09-11 13:20:38

Figure 4.6.1-16. Request Status Page

Table 4.6.1-2. Request Status Page Column Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Request ID	Unique ID for an ingest request
Status	Status of the request (see Table for list of possible statuses)
Priority	The precedence which a request will have for activation and various processing actions.
Provider Name	Name of the provider from which the request was obtained
Size [MB]	Sum of the size of all granules in the request
Granules	Total granules included in the request
Granules Completed Processing	Total granules that have reached a successful state
When Queued	Time the request was encountered by the polling service
Last Update	Time of the last change made by the ingest services to the status of the request or its granules

Table 4.6.1-3 below describes the allowable actions that can be taken for Requests in their various states. A checkmark (✓) indicates that the action is allowed.

Table 4.6.1-3. Ingest Request Allowed Actions

Request Status	Request Actions				
	Suspend	Change Priority	Resume	Cancel	No Actions Allowed
New		✓		✓	
Validated		✓		✓	
Active	✓	✓		✓	
Partially_Suspended	✓	✓		✓	
Suspending / Suspended		✓	✓	✓	
Resuming	✓	✓			
Failed					✓
Partial_Failure					✓
Canceling					✓
Partially_Cancelled					✓
Successful					✓

4.6.1.6.1 Request Actions

Changing Request Statuses

To change the status of request(s) (cancel, suspend, or resume), select the desired request(s) by checking the boxes on the left side of the request list. You can also select or deselect all the requests by checking the box at the very top of the list. See Figure 4.6.1-17.

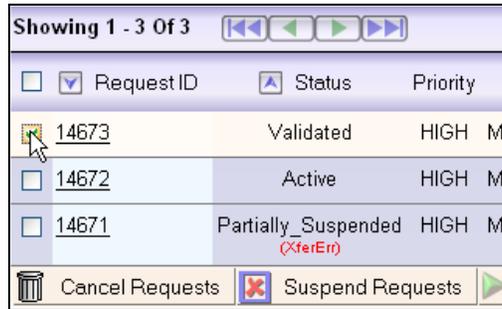


Figure 4.6.1-17. Canceling a Request

Some Requests may not have checkboxes because they are in a terminal state. Actions may not be processed for these requests. See Figure 4.6.1-18.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Request ID	Status	Priority	Provider Name	Size [MB]
<input type="checkbox"/>	46302	Active	XPRESS	MODAPS_COMBINE_FPROC	0.100
<input type="checkbox"/>	46301	Successful	XPRESS	MODAPS_COMBINE_FPROC	0.100
<input type="checkbox"/>	46300	Active	XPRESS	MODAPS_COMBINE_FPROC	0.100
<input type="checkbox"/>	46299	Successful	XPRESS	MODAPS_COMBINE_FPROC	0.100
<input type="checkbox"/>	46298	Active	XPRESS	MODAPS_COMBINE_FPROC	0.100

Figure 4.6.1-18. Requests with No Checkboxes

Then click on the button of the desired status change action at the bottom of the list. A box will appear below to enter a reason for the status change. See Figure 4.6.1-19.

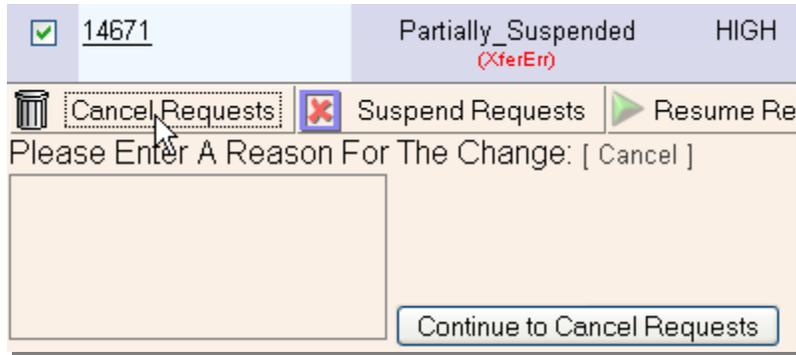


Figure 4.6.1-19. Explanation Field for Canceling Request

Once you have entered the reason, click on the button next to the text box to continue the action. You will be prompted for confirmation before the action is carried out.

Click on the [cancel] link to close the box if you do not wish to process the action.

Changing Request Priorities

To change the priority of ingest request(s), select the desired request(s) and click on the Change Priority button at the bottom of the list. A dropdown lists appears to select the new priority. See Figure 4.6.1-20.

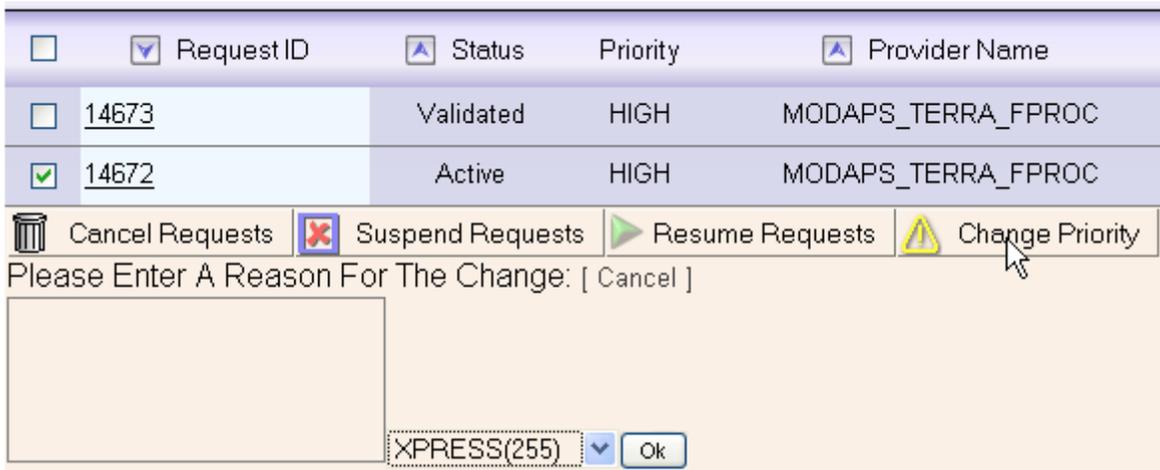


Figure 4.6.1-20. Changing Request Priorities

Enter a reason for the change in priority. Then select the desired priority from the drop down list and then click the OK button to continue the action. You will be prompted for confirmation before the action is carried out.

Click on the [cancel] link to close the box if you do not wish to process the action.

4.6.1.6.2 Filters

The request list on the Ingest Requests page can be filtered using the filter panel that appears on the same page. This is opened (or closed) by clicking on the green filter button at the top of the page, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-21. Filter settings are associated with an operator profile and are always remembered, even when logging out of the session.

Filter settings are shared among all operators if authentication is not enabled. See Section 4.6.1.25 for more details on how this works.

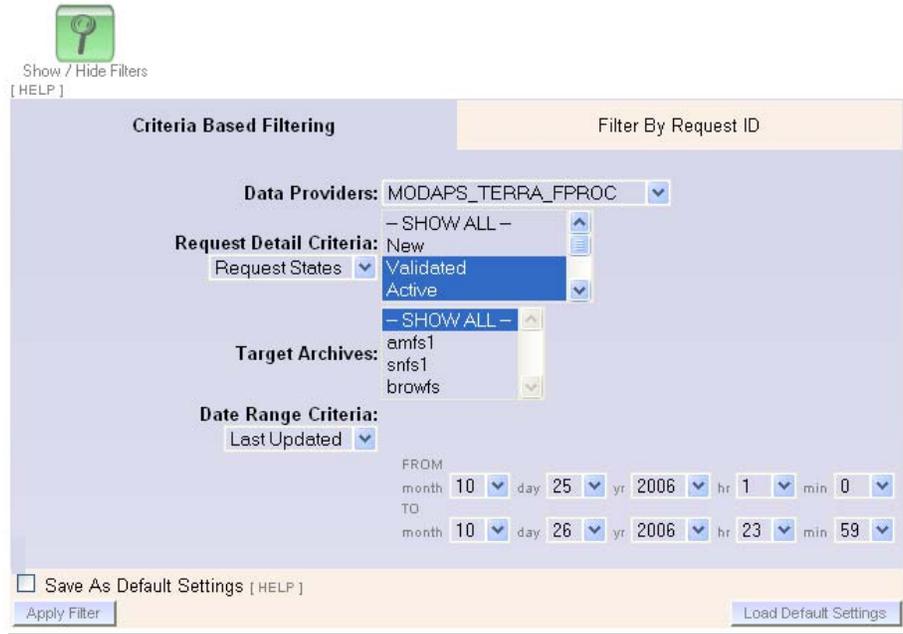


Figure 4.6.1-21. Ingest Request List Filter Panel

This panel shows the current filter settings and allows the operator to change them. There are two tabs on this panel, one that provides filter options based upon the attributes of the various requests (Criteria Based Filtering), as shown in Figure 4.6.1-21, and the other that will cause only a single request ID to be displayed (Filter By Request ID), as shown in Figure 4.6.1-22.

Under Criteria Based Filtering, there are several different types of filters that can be applied concurrently to the request list. These are as follows:

- **Data Providers** – By selecting a provider from the drop-down list, only requests from that provider will be displayed in the request list.
- **Request Detail Criteria** – The operator can either filter by a request state, or by an error state by selecting from the dropdown menu, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-22.
 - *Request States* – If this option is selected, multiple states may be included in the filter by holding down the CTRL key and selecting all of the desired states. Only requests in the selected states will be displayed.

- *Error Types* – By selecting an error type, only requests in intervention with at least one granule currently in that error state will be displayed. Only one error type may be selected.

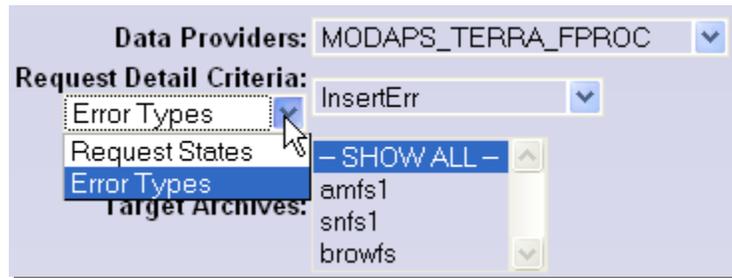


Figure 4.6.1-22. Selecting the Type of Request Detail Criteria

- **Target Archives** – Multiple archives may be included in the filter by holding down the CTRL key and selecting all of the desired archives. Only requests with granules from data types configured to be sent to the selected archives will be displayed.
- **Date Range Criteria** – The operator can either filter by the time when a request was last updated or when it was last queued, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-23.
 - *Last Updated* – Only requests that were updated from the “to” and “from” dates will be displayed. The *Last Updated* date/time of a Request is changed whenever the state of a granule or a request is changed.
 - *Queued* – Only requests that were added to the request list from the given date to the given date will be displayed
 - *Queued within Last Hour* – Only requests that were queued within the last one hour from the current time.
 - *None* – No date range filtering will be applied

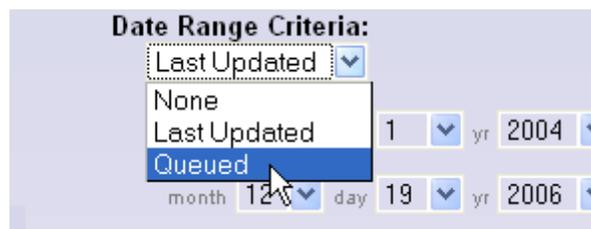


Figure 4.6.1-23. Selecting Date Range Criteria

To filter by a single Request ID, press on the “Filter By Request ID” tab. A single field for entering a Request ID number will appear, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-24. The request ID filter can only be applied by itself and not in combination with any other filter attributes.



Figure 4.6.1-24. Filtering By Request ID

Once the desired filter options are selected, the operator has the option of saving these settings as the default by selecting the “Save As Default Settings” box prior to clicking “Apply Filter” (see Figure 4.6.1-25). Thereafter, the operator can click “Load Default Settings” to load the defaults. If no default is stored, the filters will be set so that all requests will be shown.



Figure 4.6.1-25. Saving Default Filter Settings

Once all settings are selected, press the “Apply Filter” button. A new page will appear showing only the requests meeting the filter criteria. Filtering options will be hidden until the green “Show / Hide Filters” button is pressed again.

4.6.1.6.3 Sorting

The request list on the Ingest Requests page can be sorted by clicking on the desired column at the top of the request list, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-26. The direction of the arrow next to the column indicates how that column may be sorted, either in ascending or descending order. All columns, unless they are date columns or the Request ID column, can be sorted in ascending order. The Request ID column is sorted in descending order. Date columns can be sorted in either ascending or descending order, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-27.

Unlike filter settings, sort settings are remembered for the session only.

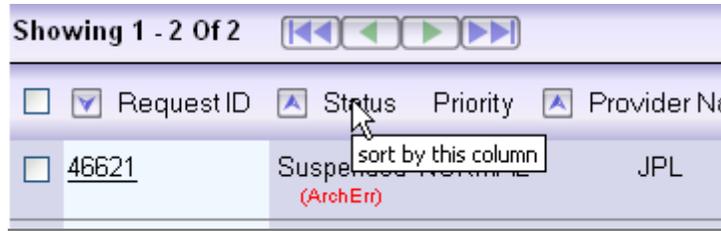


Figure 4.6.1-26. Request List Sorting

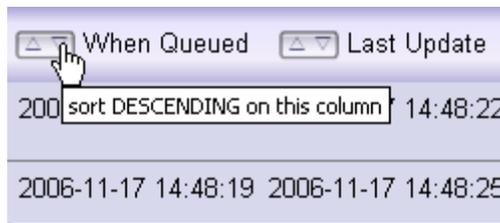


Figure 4.6.1-27. Date Sorts

4.6.1.7 Ingest Request Detail

To view the details of an ingest request (which also displays the list of associated granules), click on the desired request ID on the Ingest Request List, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-28.

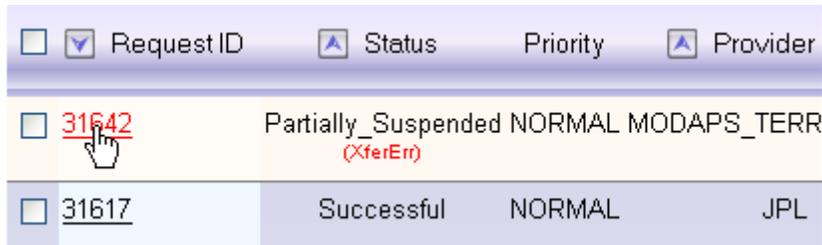


Figure 4.6.1-28. Viewing Request Details

The Ingest Request Detail page is shown below in Figure 4.6.1-29. Specific sections of this page are described in more detail in the following subsections. Table 4.6.1-4 contains descriptions for the Request Info Panel fields.

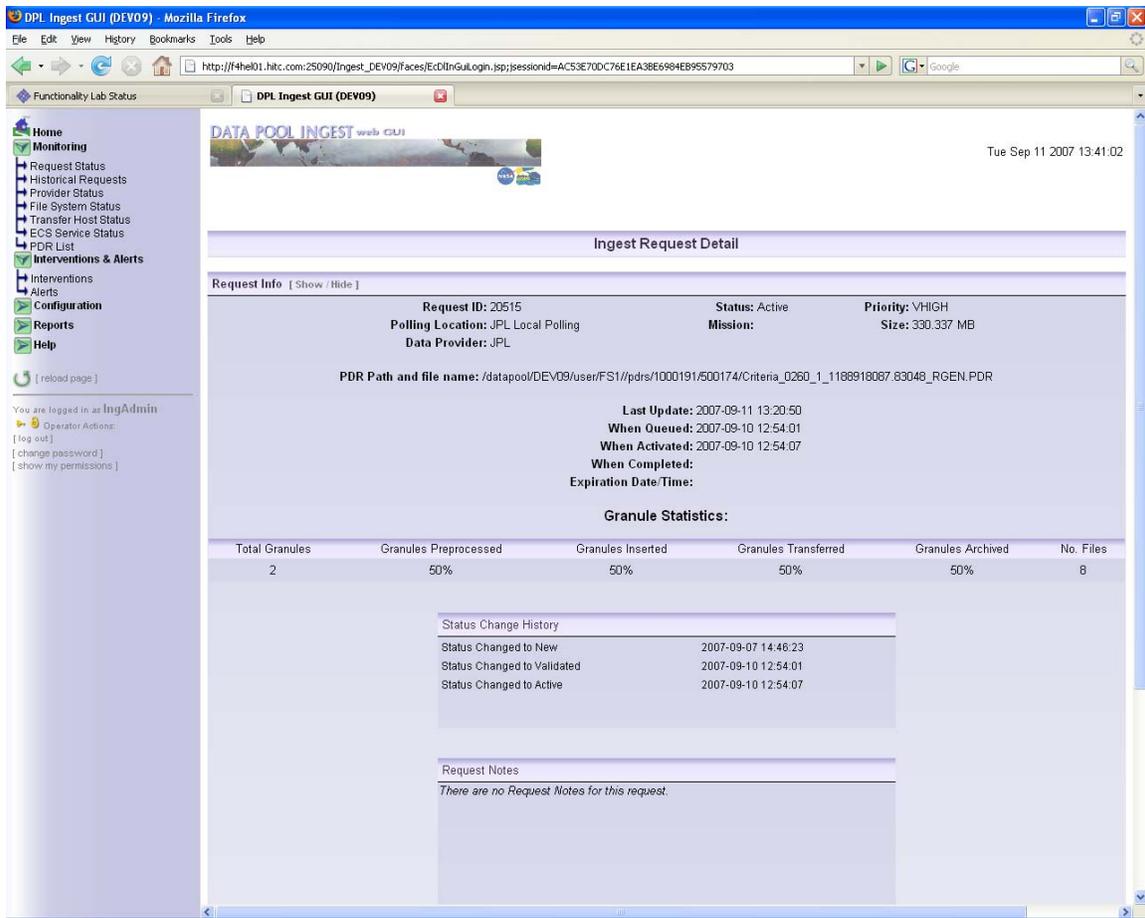


Figure 4.6.1-29. Ingest Request Detail Page

4.6.1.7.1 Request Info

The top of the Ingest Request Detail page shows the complete detailed information particular to the current request, including the complete date information of when major changes to the request were completed, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-30.



Figure 4.6.1-30. Request Info Panel

Table 4.6.1-4. Request Detail Page – Request Info Panel Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Request ID	Unique ID for an ingest request
Polling Location	Unique name assigned to the polling location from where the request was obtained
Data Provider	Unique name assigned to the provider associated with the polling location where the request was found
Status	The current state of the request (see Table 4.6.1-3 to see possible request states)
Mission	Satellite mission defined in the PDR associated with this request (this is not defined in most PDRs)
Priority	The precedence which a request will have for activation and various processing actions.
Size	Sum of the size of all granules in the request
PDR Path and file name	Temporary location and file name of the PDR after it was copied from the polling location. The PDR can be found in this location until the request completes ingest.
Last Update	The last time the status of the request or an associated granule changed
When Queued	The time the request was added to the request list
When Activated	The time the request was moved into the “Active” state
When Completed	The time all the granules in the request reached a terminal state
Expiration Date/Time	The date and time by which the corresponding ingest request must be completed

If there is an intervention pending against the request, then there will be a link to the intervention detail page, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-30. Click on the “[view details]” link to navigate to the intervention detail page. More information on intervention details can be obtained in Section 4.6.1.15.

4.6.1.7.2 Granule Statistics

This section of the request details shows the overall statistics for all of the granules associated with this request, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-31. Table 4.6.1-5 lists the granule statistics panel field descriptions.

Granule Statistics:					
Total Granules	Granules Preprocessed	Granules Inserted	Granules Transferred	Granules Archived	No. Files
2	100%	0%	100%	100%	3

Figure 4.6.1-31. Granule Statistics

Table 4.6.1-5. Request Detail Page – Granule Statistics Panel Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Total Granules	Total number of granules included in the request
Granules Preprocessed	Percentage of granules that have moved from the preprocessing state to the archiving state
Granules Inserted	Percentage of granules that have been inserted into AIM
Granules Transferred	Percentage of granules transferred from the provider to the temp directories
Granules Archived	Percentage of granules that have been archived
No. Files	Total number of files associated with granules in the request

4.6.1.7.3 Status Change History

This section shows a complete record of the status changes for the request in a scrollable table, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-32.



Status Change History	
Status Changed to New	2006-10-26 16:50:18
Status Changed to Validated	2006-10-26 16:50:29
Status Changed to Active	2006-10-26 16:50:31
Status Changed to Partially_Suspended	2006-10-26 16:50:36
Status Changed to Suspended	2006-10-26 16:50:50

Figure 4.6.1-32. Status Change History

4.6.1.7.4 Request Notes

Requests notes are annotations that can be useful in tracking changes to the request. These will either be added automatically by the server or manually by the operator. Automatic annotations are added when the operator performs an action on the request or granules in the request.

In Figure 4.6.1-33 below, the first request note was automatically added after the operator “IngAdmin” failed one of the request granules. The second annotation was added manually by the operator “IngAdmin” to give more details on why the granule was failed.

You can add a request note, but not edit or delete one. To add a request note, click “[Add annotation...]” at the bottom of the annotation list, as shown in the figure below:

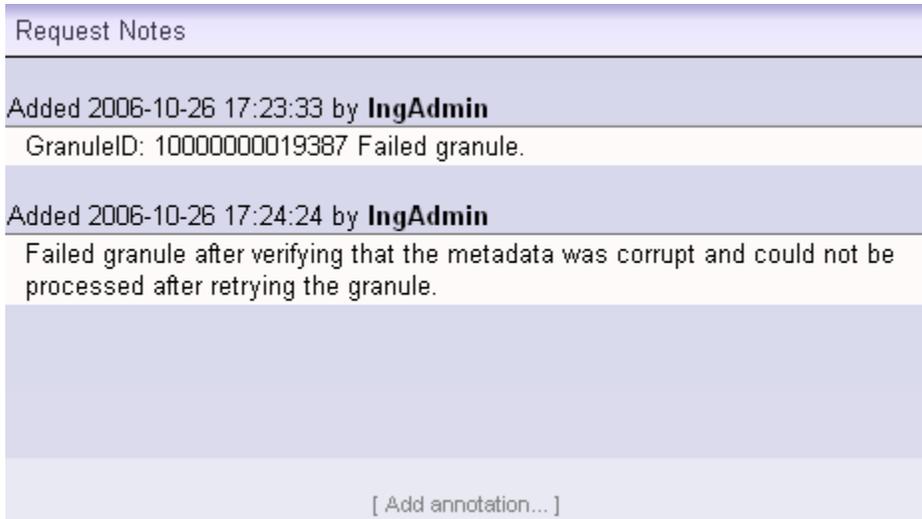


Figure 4.6.1-33. Request Notes

An area will appear below where you can add a new annotation. After you are finished, click “Add this Annotation,” as shown in Figure 4.6.1-34. It will be time stamped after it is added.

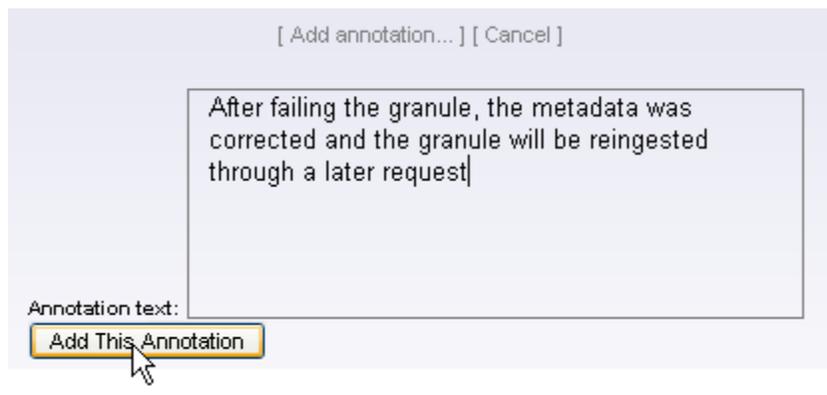


Figure 4.6.1-34. New Annotation Text Box

4.6.1.7.5 Granule List Panel

This is the list of all granules associated with this request, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-35. By default, this list is sorted in ascending alphabetical order by Granule status, always showing suspended granules first. The operator also has the ability to sort by other criteria, including:

- Descending granule states, with suspended granules last
- Granule sequence number

File Detail	Seq. Number	Ingest Gran. ID	Data Type	Version	Status	Granule Size (MB)	No. Files	Last Status Change
[show/hide]	4	1000000008387	MOD29P1D	86	Successful	6.144	2	2006-10-27 11:37:52
[show/hide]	3	1000000008386	MOD29P1D	86	Cancelling	6.148	2	2006-10-27 11:42:17
[show/hide]	1	1000000008384	MOD29P1D	86	XferErr Error executing the following copy command: /usr/ecs/OPS/CUSTOM/bin/DPL/ECDCopyExec /home/cmshared/PDRS/scripts/TEMP/OPS//Criteria_1420_MOD_r1.1161963070.11622.RGEN.hdf /datapool/OPS/user/FS1/temp/ingest/14679/1000000008384/ 4096 3, Failed by Operator	6.148	2	2006-10-27 11:42:02
[show/hide]	2	1000000008385	MOD29P1D	86	Resuming	6.144	2	2006-10-27 11:42:39

Figure 4.6.1-35. Granule List

Table 4.6.1-6 lists the granule list panel column descriptions.

Table 4.6.1-6. Request Detail Page – Granule List Panel Column Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Checkbox column	This column may contain a checkbox next to the granule, if the granule is <u>not in a terminal state</u> . This allows an action to be processed for the selected granule(s). The checkbox at the top of the column selects or de-selects all the granules in the list that have checkboxes.
File Detail	The column holds a link to display the detailed file information for each granule – this information appears for each granule at the top of the table when clicked on.
Seq. Number	The order in which a granule was found in the PDR
Ingest Gran ID	Unique Identifier assigned to the granule
Data Type	Data Type found in the PDR describing the granule
Version	Version found in the PDR describing the granule. The version will be extracted from the database if none is in the PDR
Status	Current granule status (see Table 4.6.1-7) and detailed error information
Granule Size (MB)	Sum of the size of all files associated with the granule
No. Files	Number of files found associated with the granule in the PDR
Last Status Change	Date and time the granule’s status was last updated

A Note on Suspended Granules

Nearly all granules that encounter a problem during processing will eventually move into the “suspended” state. The only exception is if a granule fails checksum verification each of the configured number of retries. Except in the case of failed checksum verification or a PDR Validation failure, granules are not failed until the operator explicitly takes an action to fail suspended granules.

Granule Actions

The following actions listed in Table 4.6.1-7 may be performed on granules in the granule list, depending on granule state:

Table 4.6.1-7. Granule Allowed Actions

Granule Status	Status Type	Fail / Retry / Retry From Start	Cancel	No Actions Allowed
New	Queued		✓	
Transferring / Transferred	Active		✓	
Checksumming / Checksummed	Active		✓	
Preprocessing / Preprocessed	Active		✓	
Archiving / Archived	Active		✓	
Inserting	Active		✓	
Inserted	Active			✓
Suspending / Suspended	Error	✓	✓	
Resuming	Active		✓	
Canceling	Active			✓
Cancelled	Terminal			✓
Successful	Terminal			✓
Failed	Terminal			✓
Publishing / Published	Terminal			✓

Retry selected granules: This applies only to granules that are currently suspended and retries them from the last known good state of processing. Every time a granule is retried, an annotation is added identifying the time, operator, and action (see Figure 4.6.1-33).

Retry selected granules from START: This applies only to granules that are currently suspended and retries them from the beginning of processing. Every time a granule is retried, an annotation is added identifying the time, operator, and action.

Fail selected granules: This applies only to granules that are currently suspended and transitions the granule into a failed state, with the status indicating the type of error that originally caused the suspensions.

Error types are determined by what state the granule is in when it is failed. These states are: XferErr (transferring), ChecksumErr (Checksumming), PreprocErr (Preprocessing), ArchErr (Archiving), InsertErr (Inserting), and PubErr (Publishing).

NOTE: After a granule is failed, an annotation is added identifying the time, operator, and action.

To perform a granule action, select one or more granules by checking the box on the left side of the line for that granule (if available) and click on the desired action button at the top of the granule list. You will then be asked for confirmation before the action is carried out.

Cancel selected granules: This applies only to granules that are not yet in a terminal state. It manually cancels the granules. After a granule is cancelled it is expected that the granule will be re-ingested by the operator

View Granule File Information

Each granule has additional detailed information in the “File Detail” column. This column contains the list of files associated with that granule; if any of the files are in a failed or suspended state, the error details are also shown. To view this information, click the [show/hide] link for the desired granule, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-36. Table 4.6.1-8 lists the granule file information column descriptions.

Path	Name	Type	Status
/home/cmshared/PDRS/scripts/TEMP/DEV01/	Criteria_1420_MOD_r1.1161962854.22275.RGEN.hdf	SCIENCE	Transferred
/home/cmshared/PDRS/scripts/TEMP/DEV01/	Criteria_1420_MOD_r1.1161962854.24614.RGEN.hdf.met	METADATA	xferErr

File Detail	Seq. Number	Ingest Gran. ID	Data Type	Version	Status	Granule Size (MB)	No. Files	Last Status Change
[show/hide]	1	1500000016595	MOD29P1D	86	Suspended Failed copy operation with error: Source Error (/home/cmshared/PDRS/scripts/TEMP/DEV01//Criteria_1420_MOD_r1.1161962854.24614.RGEN.hdf.met) : Invalid argument	6.148	2	2006-10-27 11:37:10
[show/hide]	2	1500000016596	MOD29P1D	86	Suspended	6.144	2	2006-10-27

Figure 4.6.1-36. Granule File Information

Table 4.6.1-8. Granule File Information Column Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Path	Directory identified in the PDR where the file can be found
Name	Name of the file
Type	Internal file type of the file translated from the file type in the PDR according to a predefined table (e.g., SCIENCE, METADATA, BROWSE)
Status	Last action performed on the file or the most recent, unresolved, error encountered while processing the file

4.6.1.8 Historical Ingest Requests Page

This page shows all of the ingest requests that have reached a terminal state and have been moved from the active ingest requests list, which occurs after a configured interval has elapsed (configured on the Global Tuning page, Section 4.6.1.24). The DPL Ingest Database keeps a persistent record of *all* requests that have undergone ingest processing and can thus be viewed on this page (see Figure 4.6.1-37 below). The operator has the ability to configure how long this historical information is kept on the bottom of this page (see Figure 4.6.1-38) and can also be set on the Global Tuning Configuration page (Section 4.6.1.24). Table 4.6.1-9 lists the historical ingest requests column descriptions.

DPL Ingest GUI (DEV09) - Mozilla Firefox

http://f4hel01.hlrc.com:25090/Ingest_DEV09/faces/EcDIInGLogin.jsp;jsessionid=AC53E70DC76E1EA3BE6904EB95579703

Functionality Lab Status

DPL Ingest GUI (DEV09)

DATA POOL INGEST web GUI

Tue Sep 11 2007 13:45:48

Historical Ingest Requests

Show / Hide Filters

[HELP]

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Page size: 20

RequestId	Status	Priority	Provider Name	Size	No. Granules (no. Successful)	Ingest Method	When Queued	When Proc. Started	When Proc. Completed
20427	Cancelled (PreprocErr)	HIGH	1@2.3	111.125	2(0)	DPL	2007-09-01 16:30:26	2007-09-01 16:30:29	
18573	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:56:50		2007-08-31 00:56:58
18563	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:56:57		2007-08-31 00:56:59
18565	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:57:07		2007-08-31 00:57:15
18575	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	0.006	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:57:08		2007-08-31 00:57:15
18567	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:56:58		2007-08-31 00:57:15
18569	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:57:07		2007-08-31 00:57:15
18571	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:57:08		2007-08-31 00:57:22
18555	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:57:08		2007-08-31 00:57:22
18593	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	-0.000	2(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:57:21		2007-08-31 00:57:31
18635	Successful	HIGH	1@2.3	3.163	1(1)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:57:11	2007-08-31 00:57:15	2007-08-31 00:58:45
18551	Successful	HIGH	1@2.3	6.414	1(1)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:56:57	2007-08-31 00:56:59	2007-08-31 00:58:54
19225	Failed	HIGH	1@2.3	0.036	1(0)	DPL	2007-08-31 00:58:52		2007-08-31 00:58:57

You are logged in as IngAdmin

Operator Actions:

[log out]

[change password]

[show my permissions]

Figure 4.6.1-37. Historical Requests Page

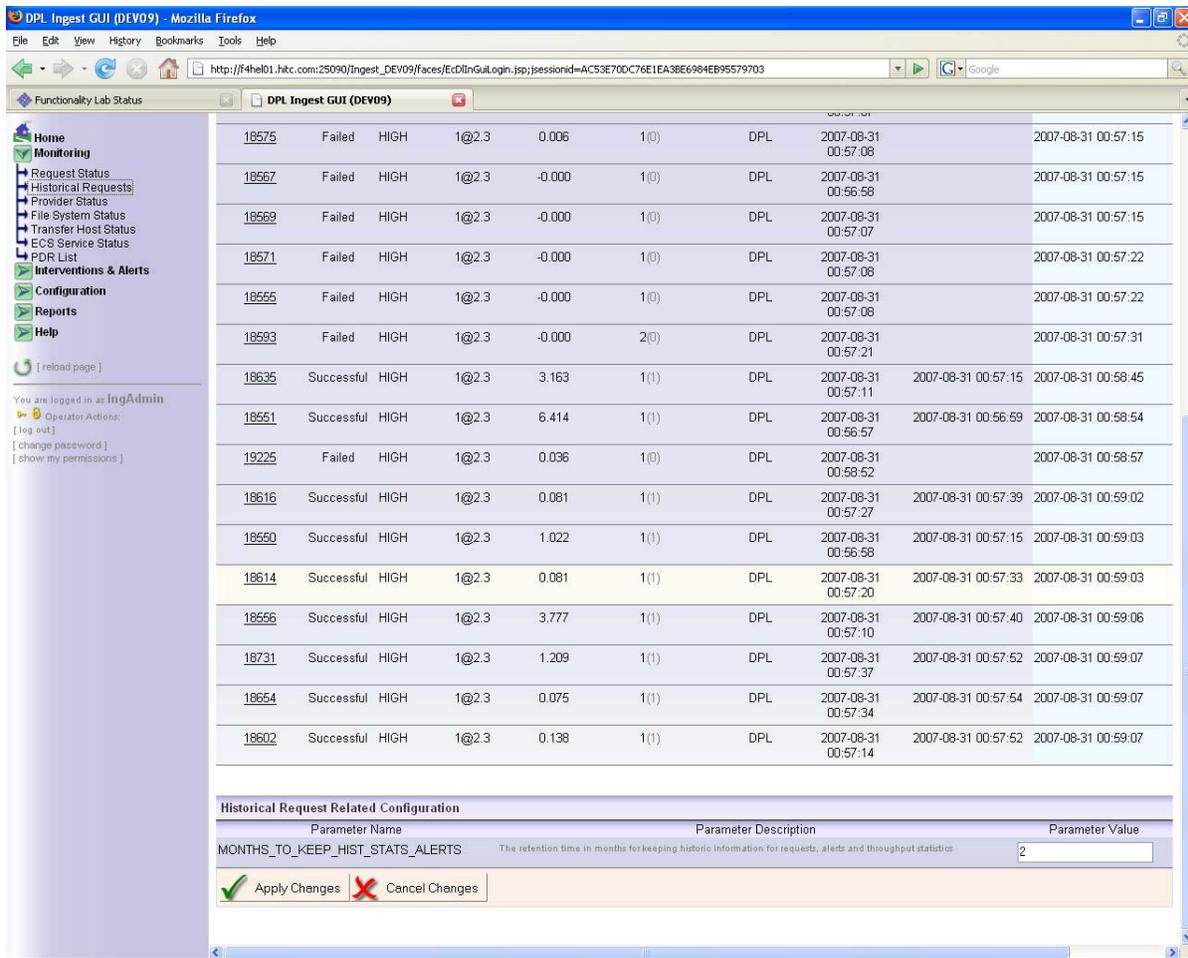


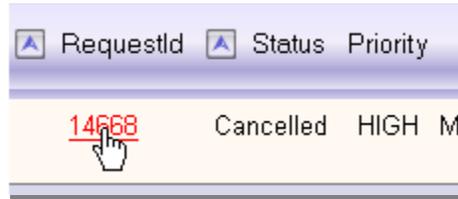
Figure 4.6.1-38. Historical Request Related Configuration

Table 4.6.1-9. Historical Ingest Requests Column Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Request ID	Unique ID for an ingest request
Status	Terminal state reached by the request
Priority	The final priority assigned to the request during processing
Provider Name	Name of the provider from which the request was obtained
Size	Sum of the size in MB of all granules in the request
No. Granules	Total granules included in the request
Ingest Method	Whether the request was processed by Classic Ingest, or the new Data Pool Ingest system. "DPL" indicates Data Pool Ingest, while "CLASSIC" indicates Classic Ingest.
When Queued	Time the request was encountered by the polling service
When Proc. Started	Time the request was activated by processing
When Processing Completed	Time the request reached a terminal state

4.6.1.8.1 Viewing Historical Request Details

To view request details, click on a request ID, which displays a request detail page similar to that for an Active Ingest Request, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-39.



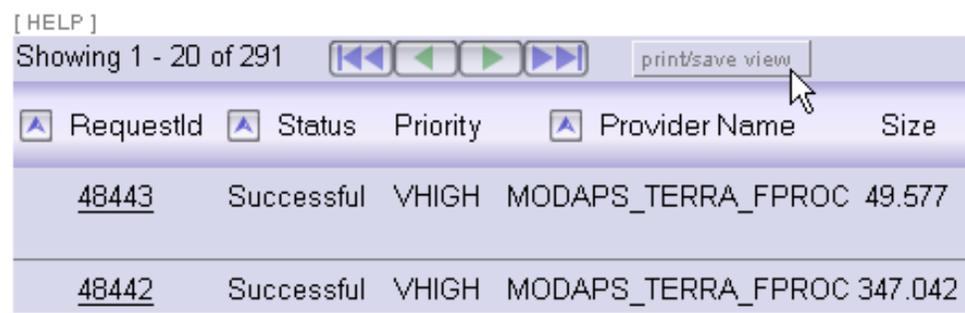
The screenshot shows a table with three columns: RequestId, Status, and Priority. The first row has the value '14668' under RequestId, 'Cancelled' under Status, and 'HIGH M' under Priority. A mouse cursor is pointing at the '14668' value.

RequestId	Status	Priority
14668	Cancelled	HIGH M

Figure 4.6.1-39. Viewing Historic Request Details

4.6.1.8.2 Printing and Saving Historical Request Lists as Reports

The operator can view the entire Historic Request list by clicking the “print/save view” button next to the pagination arrows at the top of the Historic Request List, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-40.



The screenshot shows a table with five columns: RequestId, Status, Priority, Provider Name, and Size. The first row has the value '48443' under RequestId, 'Successful' under Status, 'VHIGH' under Priority, 'MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC' under Provider Name, and '49.577' under Size. The second row has the value '48442' under RequestId, 'Successful' under Status, 'VHIGH' under Priority, 'MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC' under Provider Name, and '347.042' under Size. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'print/save view' button located above the table.

[HELP]
Showing 1 - 20 of 291

RequestId	Status	Priority	Provider Name	Size
48443	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	49.577
48442	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	347.042

Figure 4.6.1-40. Print/Save View Button

This will display a complete list of all the historic requests, though this list will be restricted by current filter settings. A new window will be opened and you will be prompted to continue, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-41.

Because the list could potentially contain thousands of records, it may take several minutes to load the entire list into the browser window. At this point, the window will display “Processing Your Request” (see Figure 4.6.1-42) while the web server retrieves the data – this page may be displayed for several minutes. Once the entire list is loaded, the page will display the list as normal (Figure 4.6.1-43).

Saving and Printing

From here you can save the list as HTML by using the browser's built-in save functionality (usually File > Save As...). Most browsers will also allow you to save the page as text only. To print, either press the "Print This Report" button directly on the page, or use the menu (File > Print...); this will load your browser's built-in print dialog box, an example of which is shown in Figure 4.6.1-44.

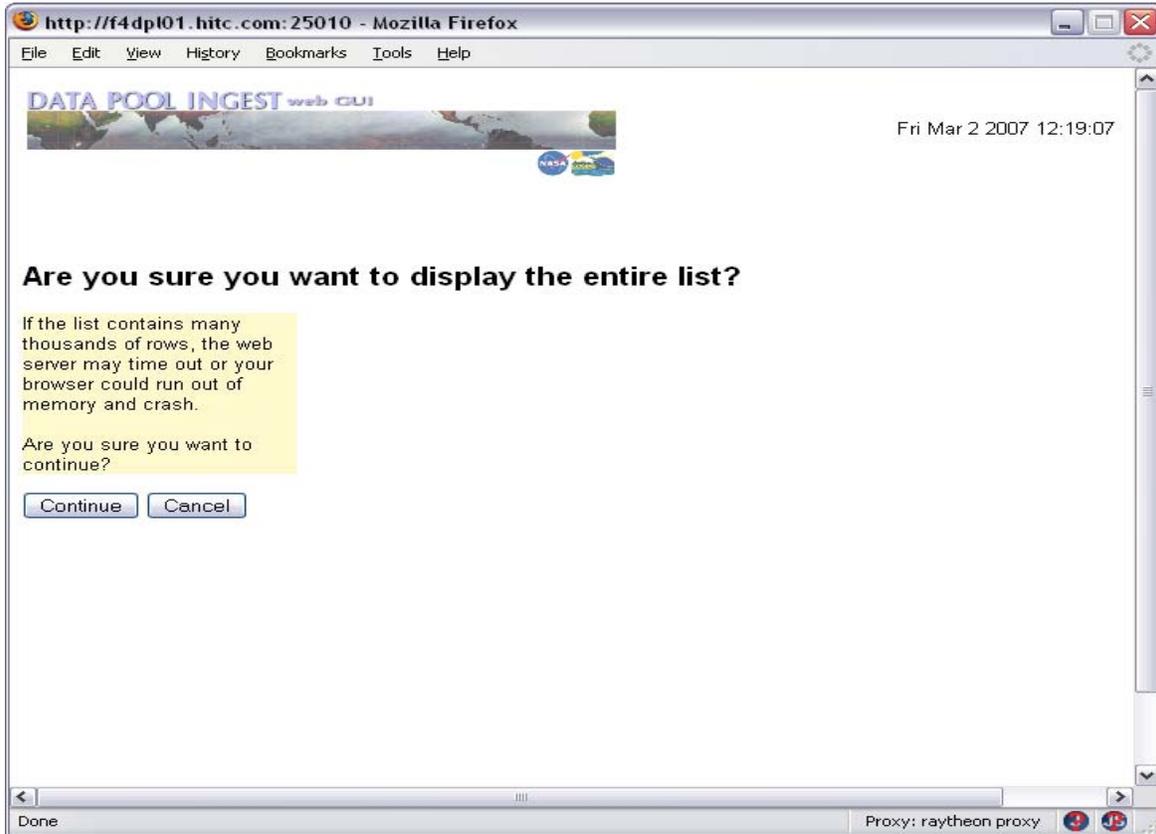


Figure 4.6.1-41. Prompt to Display Entire Historic Request List

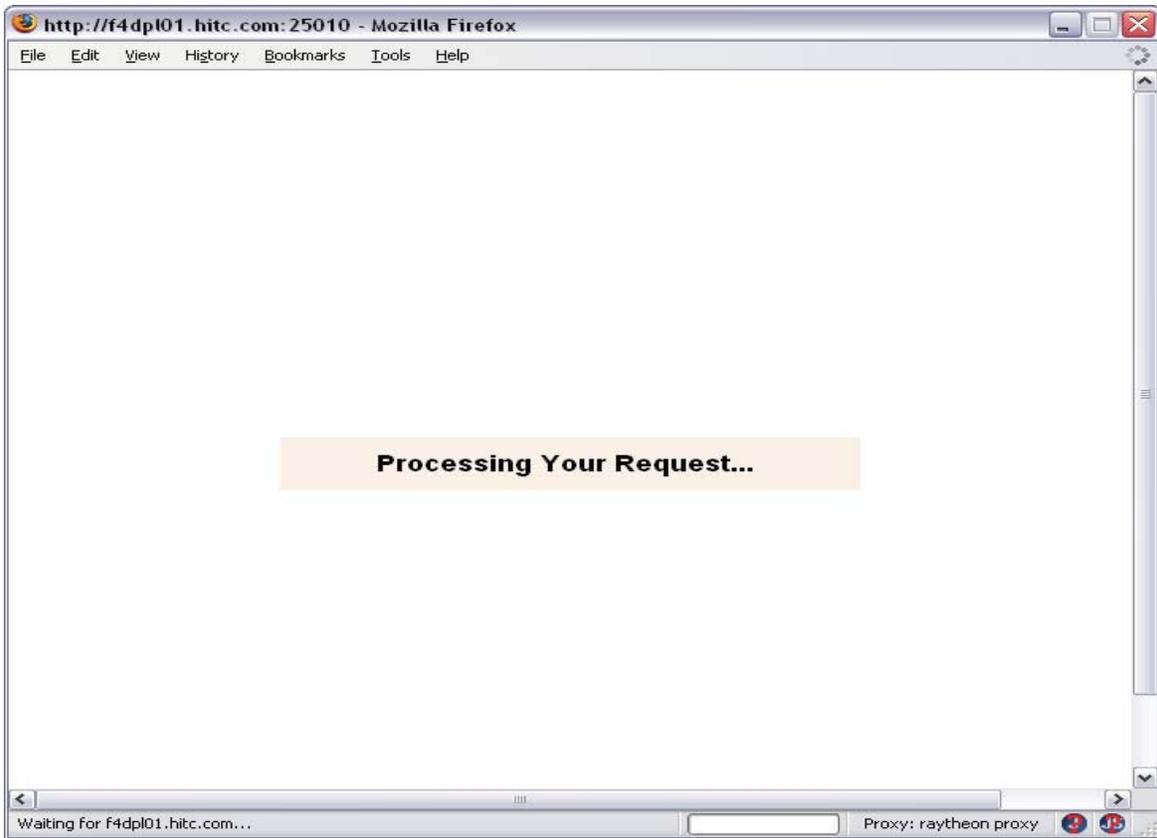


Figure 4.6.1-42. "Processing Your Request" Wait Screen

http://f4dpl01.hite.com:25010 - Mozilla Firefox

DATA POOL INGEST web GUI

Fri Mar 2 2007 12:20:19

Historical Ingest Requests

Filter Settings
 Provider: ALL
 Request State(s): [ALL]
 Data Type: ALL
 Date/Time Range Filter: Queued Within 24 Hours

Save This Report...
 Print This Report...

Showing 1 - 291 of 291

RequestId	Status	Priority	Provider Name	Size	No. Granules (no. Successful)	Ingest Method	When Queued	When Proc. Started	When Completed
48443	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	49.577	1(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 13:57:39	2007-03-01 13:58:09	2007-03-01 14:00:55
48442	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	347.042	7(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 13:57:39	2007-03-01 13:58:09	2007-03-01 14:00:55
48441	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	347.042	7(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 13:57:39	2007-03-01 13:58:09	2007-03-01 14:01:02
48444	Failed	NORMAL	ICESAT	0.000	1(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 14:10:00		2007-03-01 14:10:00
48447	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	49.577	1(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 14:14:35	2007-03-01 14:15:28	2007-03-01 14:18:05
48453	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	49.577	1(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 14:14:35	2007-03-01 14:15:28	2007-03-01 14:18:12
48454	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	49.577	1(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 14:14:35	2007-03-01 14:15:28	2007-03-01 14:18:14
48449	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	49.577	1(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 14:14:35	2007-03-01 14:15:28	2007-03-01 14:18:14
48450	Successful	VHIGH	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	49.577	1(0)	DPL	2007-03-01 14:14:35	2007-03-01 14:15:28	2007-03-01 14:18:18

Done Proxy: raytheon proxy

Figure 4.6.1-43. Print/Save View of Historical Ingest Requests

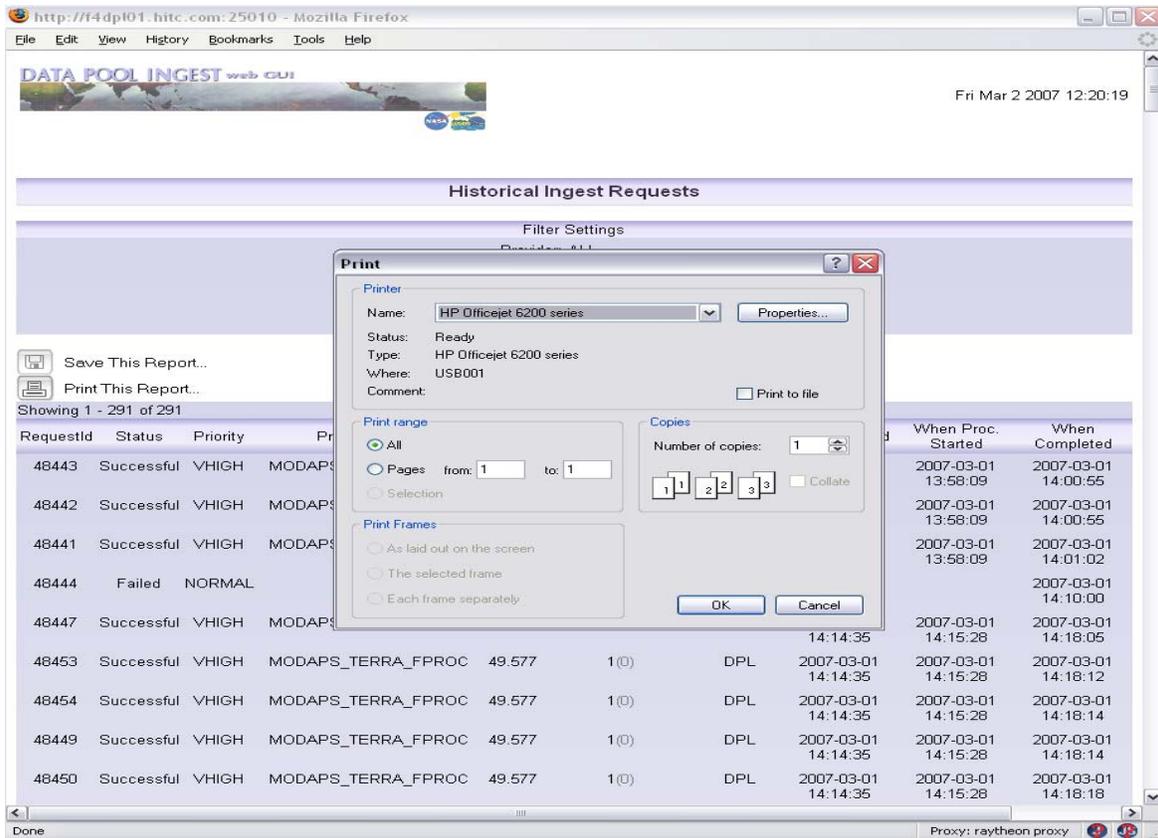


Figure 4.6.1-44. Print Dialog Box

4.6.1.8.3 Historical Request Filters

The historic request list on this page can be filtered using the filter panel that appears on the same page. This is opened by clicking on the green filter button at the top of the page, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-45. If authentication is enabled, filter settings are always remembered, even when logging out of the session. They are never lost unless the operator profile is completely removed or authentication is disabled.

Figure 4.6.1-45. Filter Panel

This panel shows the current filter settings and allows the operator to change them. There are two tabs on this panel, one that provides filter options based upon the attributes of the various requests (“Combined Filter Settings”), as shown in Figure 4.6.1-45, and the other that will filter by a single request ID (“Request ID Filter Settings”), as shown in Figure 4.6.1-47.

Under Criteria Based Filtering, there are several different types of filters that can be applied concurrently to the request list. These are as follows:

- **Data Providers** – By selecting a provider, only requests from that provider will be displayed in the request list.
- **Request States** – If this option is selected, multiple states may be included in the filter by holding down the CTRL key and selecting all of the desired states. Only requests in the selected states will be displayed.
- **Data Type** – By selecting a data type, only requests with granules of the selected data type will be displayed
- **Date/Time Range Filter** – The operator can either filter by the time when a request was last updated or when it was last queued, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-46.

- *When Completed* – Only requests that completed from the given date to the given date will be displayed. Completion time is recorded once all granules reach a terminal state.
- *When Queued* – Only requests that were added to the request list from the given date to the given date will be displayed
- *Queued Within 24 Hours* – Only requests that were added to the request list within the last 24 hours from the current date
- *None* – No date/time range filtering will be applied

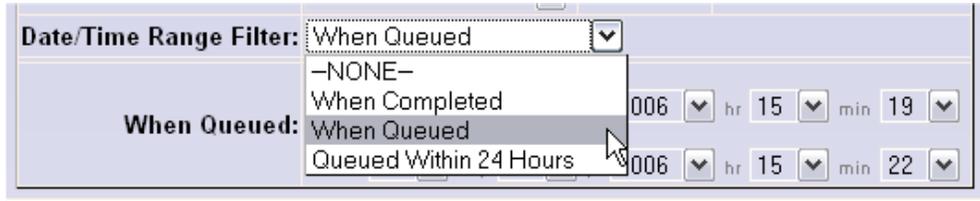


Figure 4.6.1-46. Selecting a Date Range Criteria

To filter by a single Request ID, press on the “Request ID Filter Settings” tab. A single field for entering a Request ID number will appear, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-47. The request ID filter can only be applied by itself and not in combination with any other filter attributes.



Figure 4.6.1-47. Filtering By Request ID

Once the desired filter options are selected, the operator has the option of saving a set of default settings by selecting the “Save As Default Settings” box prior to clicking “Apply Filter” (see Figure 4.6.1-48). Thereafter, the operator can click “Load Default Settings” to restore these saved defaults. If no default is stored, all requests will be shown by default. If authentication is disabled, there will be no option for saving or loading default settings.



Figure 4.6.1-48. Saving Default Filter Settings

Once all settings are selected, press the “Apply Filter” button. A new page will appear with showing only the requests meeting the filter criteria. Filtering options will be hidden until the green “Show / Hide Filters” button is pressed again.

4.6.1.9 Historical Ingest Request Detail Page

The request detail page for a historical request (Figure 4.6.1-49) is similar to the one for an Active Ingest Request, with the request details followed by a granule list. The details on this page are somewhat different in that information pertaining to historical data is shown. Since the request is in a terminal state, no actions can be processed for this request, so action buttons are not present. Tables 4.6.1-10 through 4.6.1-12 contains information for the Historical Ingest Request Detail page such as the request info field descriptions, the request info column descriptions, and the granule list column descriptions.

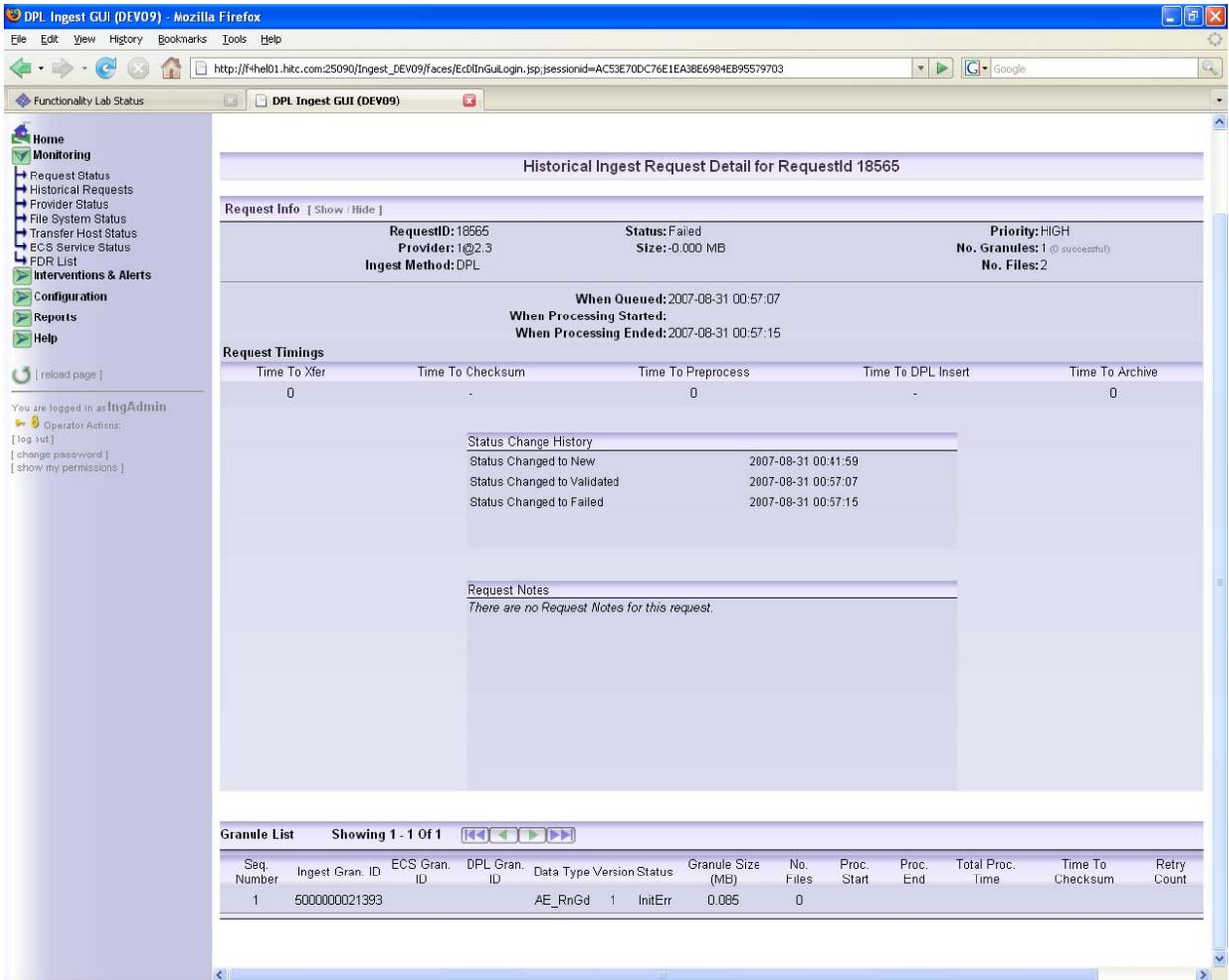


Figure 4.6.1-49. Historical Request Detail Page

Page Sections

- Request Info – *General information about the request*

**Table 4.6.1-10. Historical Ingest Request Detail Page –
Request Info Field Descriptions**

Field Name	Description
Request ID	Unique ID for an ingest request
Status	The final state of the request (see Table 4.6.1-3 for a list of possible request states)
Priority	The precedence which a request will have for activation and various processing actions.
Provider	Unique name assigned to the provider associated with the polling location where the request was found
Size	Sum of the size of all granules in the request
No. Granules	Total number of granules in the PDR
Ingest Method	Whether the request was processed by Classic Ingest, or the new DataPool Ingest system
No. Files	Number of files found associated with the granule in the PDR

- Request Timings – *Seconds of time that passed during various processing actions*

**Table 4.6.1-11. Historical Ingest Request Detail Page –
Request Timings Column Descriptions**

Field Name	Description
Time to Xfer	Total seconds of time that passed during all granule transfers
Time to Checksum	Total seconds of time that passed during all granule checksum operations
Time to Preprocess	Total seconds of time that passed during all granule preprocessing operations
Time to Insert	Total seconds of time that passed to insert all granules into AIM
Time to Archive	Total seconds of time that passed to copy all granules into the archive

- Granule List – *Detailed granule information*

**Table 4.6.1-12. Historical Ingest Request Detail Page –
Granule List Column Descriptions**

Field Name	Description
Seq Number	The order in which a granule was found in the PDR
Ingest Gran ID	Unique Identifier assigned to the granule by the DPL Ingest System
ECS Gran ID	Unique Identifier assigned to the granule for insert in AIM
DPL Gran ID	Unique Identifier assigned to the granule for registration in the Data Pool
Data Type	Data Type found in the PDR describing the granule
Version	Version found in the PDR describing the granule
Status	Terminal state reached by the granule
Granule Size (MB)	Sum of the size of all files associated with the granule
No. Files	Number of files found associated with the granule in the PDR
Proc. Start	Time of granule activation
Proc. End	Time granule reached a terminal state
Total Proc. Time	Total seconds that lapsed in between granule activation and completion
Time to Checksum	Total seconds that passed during granule checksum across all files
Retry Count	Number of times the granule was retried (or retried from start)

4.6.1.10 Provider Status Page

This page displays the status and information about each configured data provider in the Data Pool Ingest system (see Figure 4.6.1-50a and 4.6.1-50b for a general overview). Table 4.6.1-13 contains the Provider Status page column descriptions.

DPL Ingest GUI (DEV09) - Mozilla Firefox

http://f4hel01.hkrc.com:25090/Ingest_DEV09/faces/EcDInguLogin.jsp;jsessionid=ACS3E70DC76E1EA3BE6984EB95579703

Functionality Lab Status

DPL Ingest GUI (DEV09)

DATA POOL INGEST web GUI

Tue Sep 11 2007 13:50:08

Provider Status

<input type="checkbox"/>	Provider	Status	Polling Locations	Requests Queued	Requests In Process	Granules Queued	Granules In Process
<input type="checkbox"/>	0270	active	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	0310	active	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	1@2,3	active	1 of 1 active	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	1Lisa_Amser	suspended by operator	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	1Lisa_Modaps_Aqua	suspended by operator	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	1Lisa_Modaps_Terra	suspended by operator	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	4010 Connection Prob	suspended by operator	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	ACRIM	suspended by operator	1 of 1 suspended	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	AMSR_E_SIPS	active	1 of 2 suspended	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	ASTER_GDS	suspended by operator	1 of 2 disabled	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	ASTER_OSF	suspended by operator	1 of 1 suspended	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	DAP	suspended by operator	1 of 1 suspended	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	DDIST	suspended by operator	1 of 1 suspended	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	EDOS	suspended by operator	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	FtpProvider	suspended by operator	No Polling Locations	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	ICESAT	suspended by operator	1 of 1 suspended	0	0	0 (0.000 MB)	0 (0.000 MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	JPL	active	1 of 1 active	0	9	5 (21.529 MB)	9 (659.087 MB)

[reload page]

You are logged in as IngAdmin

Operator Actions:

[log out]

[change password]

[show my permissions]

Figure 4.6.1-50a. Provider Status Page (General Overview)

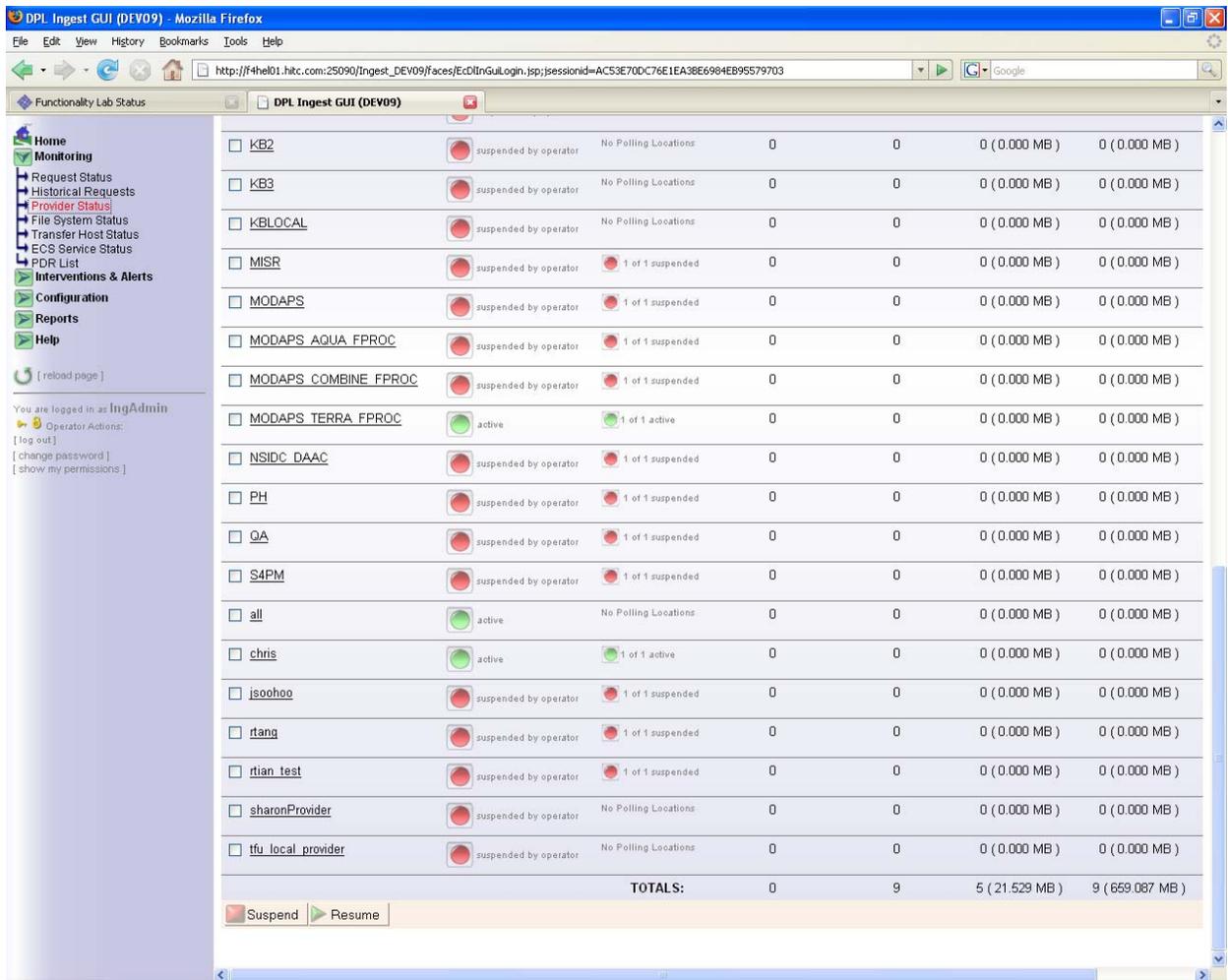


Figure 4.6.1-50b. Provider Status Page (General Overview)

Table 4.6.1-13. Provider Status Page Column Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Provider	Provider name configured to identify an External Data Provider
Status	Whether the provider is active, suspended by server, or suspended by operator
Polling Locations	Total number of active polling locations on the provider, or the number of polling locations that are suspended out of the total number configured
Requests Queued	Total number of requests waiting for activation from the provider
Requests In-Process	Total number of requests that are active and not suspended from the provider
Granules Queued	Total number and volume (in MB) of granules waiting for activation in requests from the provider
Granules In-Process	Total number and volume (in MB) of granules that are active and not suspended in requests from the provider

Possible Status Indicators

There are three possible status indicators for a provider.

- Active – at least one polling location is active



- Suspended by Server (indicating all polling locations are suspended) – the server has suspended the Polling Location automatically.



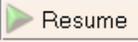
- Suspended by Operator (indicating all polling locations are suspended) – operator manually suspended the Polling Location from the GUI



4.6.1.10.1 Provider Status Actions

You can suspend or resume any of the Data Providers listed on this page. The status column shows a green (active) or red (suspended) icon. To change the status of one or more providers, do the following:

1. Select the desired provider; multiple providers may be selected at once:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>MODAPS TERRA FPROC</u>	 active	 1 of 1 active	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>NSIDC DAAC</u>	 suspended by operator	 1 of 1 suspended	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>S4P00</u>	 suspended by operator	 2 of 2 suspended	0
TOTALS:				0
				

2. Click the appropriate action button at the bottom of the list:



3. You will be prompted for confirmation. The page will reload with the status of the selected providers changed.

The Impacts of Suspending a Provider

Suspending a Data Provider will stop the activation of Ingest Requests from that Provider, but Ingest Requests that are already active will be completed. Ingest will also stop polling all of the Polling Locations associated with that Data Provider; The impact then is that no new Requests from that suspended Data Provider will be queued except if a polling cycle is in progress, in which case the polling cycle will be completed.

4.6.1.11 Provider Status Detail

The detail page of a provider shows the detail information of the Provider, the configured Notification Types, and the individual status of each polling location associated with the provider, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-51, and allows the operator to suspend or resume the Polling Locations accordingly.

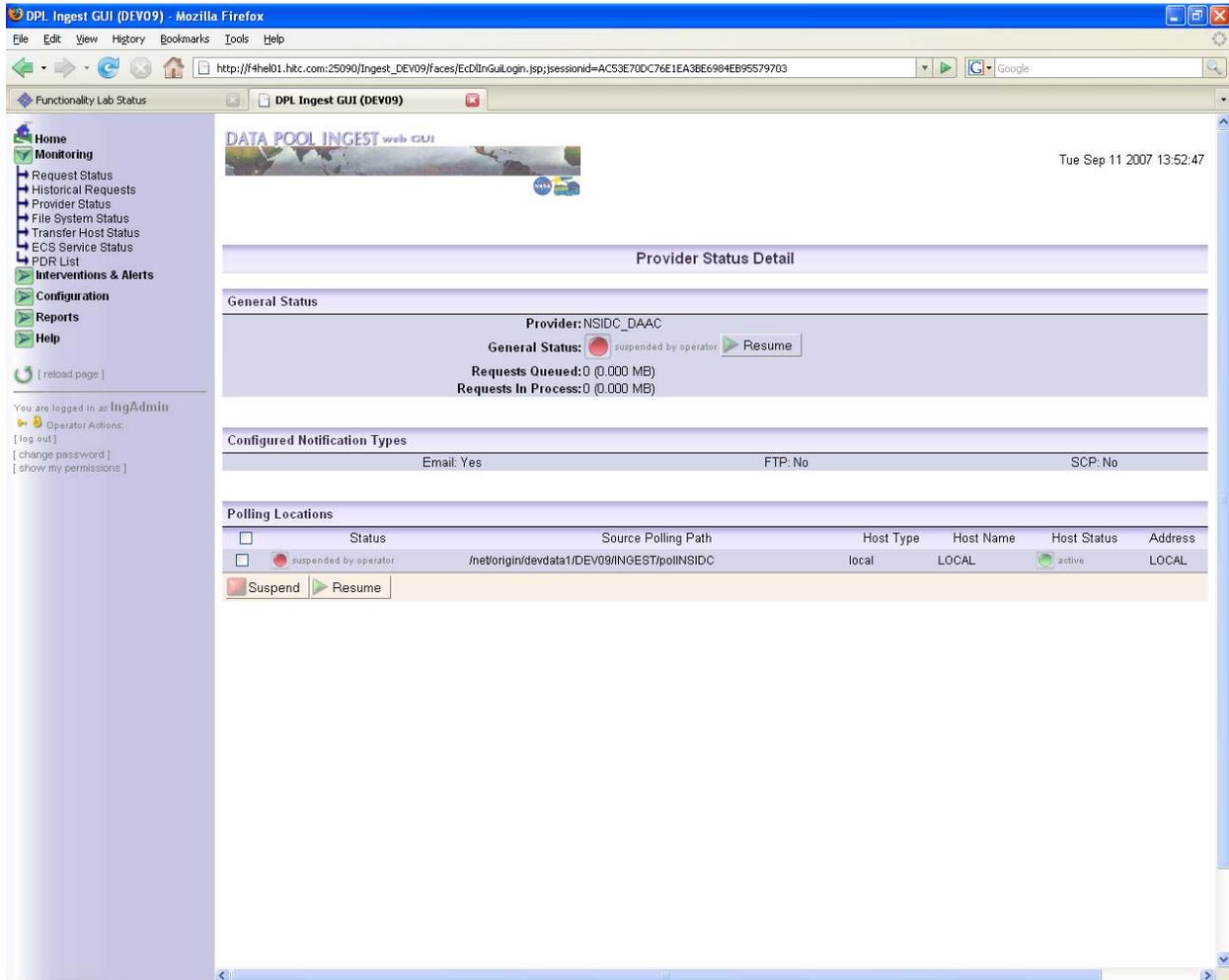


Figure 4.6.1-51. Provider Status Detail Page

4.6.1.11.1 General Status

This section of the Provider Status Detail page provides an overview of current processing through the provider, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-52. Table 4.6.1-14 contains the general status field descriptions for the Provider Status detail page.

A Data Provider may have SCP, FTP, email, or a combination of these methods of notification. There is no status for an email notification method or for a notification method that is not enabled. If any of the methods are not used, then “No” will appear next to the notification method name.

Note that operators or the Ingest Service can suspend all traffic to and from an SCP or FTP Host (e.g., if the host or the connection to the host will be taken down or is experiencing problems). In that case, notifications for a provider that use that host will be shown as suspended. Operators can suspend email notifications as a whole via the Ingest Status page (e.g., when the local e-mail service needs to be shut down for maintenance), in which case all email notifications for all providers will be shown as suspended. For more information on that functionality, see Section 4.6.1.2.2.

The overall status of SCP and FTP Hosts is shown on the Transfer Host Status Page (see Section 4.6.1.13). The status of email notifications is shown on the Ingest Status Page (Section 4.6.1.2).

4.6.1.11.3 Polling Location List

Each Data Provider has a list of associated Polling Locations, which are directories on SCP, FTP, or local Hosts that can be suspended or resumed. These can be suspended or resumed in order to halt or resume data to be sent through (Ingested from) these providers, without impacting the status of the Host on which that polling location resides (see Figure 4.6.1-56). To suspend or resume a polling location, check the boxes of the desired locations in the list and click the action button at the bottom of the list. You will be prompted for confirmation before the action is carried out. Table 4.6.1-15 contains the polling locations column descriptions for the provider status detail page.

Polling Locations						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Status	Source Polling Path	Host Type	Host Name	Host Status	Address
<input type="checkbox"/>	active	/home/cmshared/PDRS/eborodki/	SCP	f4fl01	active	f4fl01
<input type="checkbox"/>	active	/usr/fecs/OPS/CUSTOM/data/dpIngest/aqua/forward/PDR	FTP	LPDAAC	active	f3drg01.hitc.com
<input type="checkbox"/>	active	/usr/fecs/OPS/CUSTOM/data/INGEST/aqua/forward/PDR	SCP	f4dp01	active	f4dp01
<input type="checkbox"/>	active	/home/cmshared/PDRS/aqua_4043	SCP	f4hel01	active	f4hel01

Figure 4.6.1-56. Polling Location List

**Table 4.6.1-15. Provider Status Detail Page –
Polling Locations Column Descriptions**

Field Name	Description
Status	Whether the polling location is active, suspended by server, or suspended by operator
Source Polling Path	Full path of directory being polled
Host Type	Method being used for polling – Local, FTP, or SCP
Host Name	Label assigned to the host on which the polling location is found
Host Status	Whether the host where the polling location is found is active or suspended. The polling location itself can be suspended, but this does not affect the state of the host.
Address	IP address or DNS name where the polling directory can be found

4.6.1.12 File System Status

This page displays the status of each of the Archive File Systems and Data Pool File Systems, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-57. Table 4.6.1-16 contains the file systems status page column descriptions.

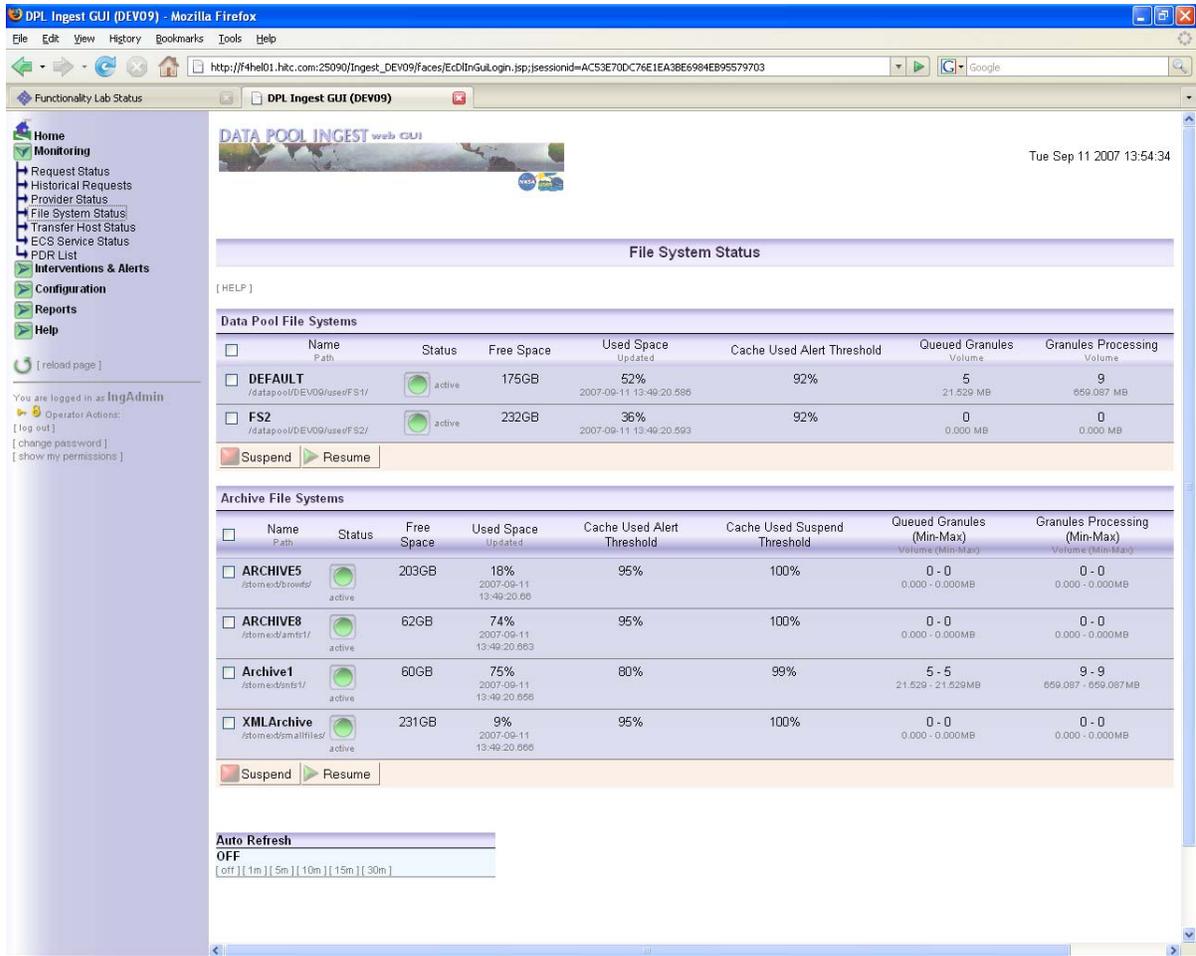


Figure 4.6.1-57. File System Status Page Screen Shot

Table 4.6.1-16. File System Status Page Column Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Description
Name	Unique name assigned to the file system and the directory where the file system is found
Status	Whether the file system is active, suspended by operator, or suspended by server
Free Space	The amount of free space (in GB) on the File System.
Used Space	Percentage of space used on the file system and the time this information was last checked
Cache Used Alert Threshold	The percentage of used space in the cache at which point an alert would be raised for the Archive or Data Pool File System. For example, if the threshold was set to 80%, an alert would be raised as soon as more than 80% of the cache was used. No requests or file systems will be suspended as a result of this threshold being reached

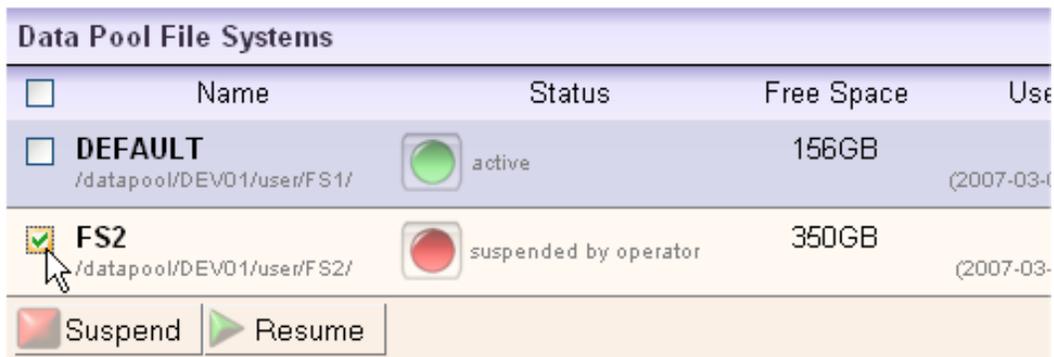
Table 4.6.1-16. File System Status Page Column Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Description
Cache Used Suspend Threshold <i>Archive File Systems only</i>	The percentage of used space in the cache at which point the Archive or Data Pool File System would be suspended. For example, if the threshold was set to 90%, the Archive File System would be suspended as soon as more than 90% of the cache was used
Queued Granules	Total granules waiting for activation set to ingest on the file system and the sum of the size of those granules
Processing Granules	Total granules active set to ingest on the file system and the sum of the size of those granules

Actions on this page:

As with other pages that display services or providers, each of these archive file systems can also be suspended or resumed. The status column shows a green (active) or red (suspended, either by operator or server) icon. To change the status of one or more file systems, do the following:

1. Select the desired Data Pool File System or Archive File System (multiple selections may be made):



2. Click the desired action button at the bottom of the list
3. You will be prompted for confirmation. The page will reload with the status of the selected archives changed.
4. The application will not allow the same action to be taken twice on an Archive File System. For example, an already active status can not be resumed. However, an Archive File system that was suspended by the server may be manually suspended by the operator.

4.6.1.13 Transfer Host Status

The Transfer Host Status page shows the status of each configured SCP and FTP host, as well as the status of Local Host Transfers. The status is further broken down into the individual polling, processing, and notification statuses for each provider which uses the host. The operator can manually suspend all operations on the host and can resume all operations on the host. See Figure 4.6.1-58 for a general overview.

When an operator suspends the host, the Ingest Service will complete any ongoing transfers, polling cycles, or notifications with that host, but not start any new ones. When an operator resumes the host, this will resume all traffic with that host. It is possible that not all providers will be returned to active when resuming the host depending on the current status of the polling location and data provider.

If the polling, processing, or notification status of a host is suspended by the Ingest Service, an Alert will also be generated and displayed on the System Alerts page (e.g., a connection could not be established with a host because it is down, or there were too many errors while trying to transfer PDR files).

If a PDR is sent through processing with a host configured in the PDR that does not show up on the GUI, a new host will automatically be added to the lists of SCP and FTP Hosts with the name UNDEFHOST_[Provider]_[RequestID] (See Figure 4.6.1-58). The provider status on a host will be displayed if the operator has configured a polling location for that provider on the host, a PDR for the provider references the host, or the provider has configured notifications to be delivered to that host. It is possible that a host is not used for all three servers in which case the status for that particular server(s) will be displayed as not applicable. If more than one polling location is configured for a provider on the host, the number of polling locations will also be displayed next to the polling status. Table 4.6.1-17 contains the transfer host status page column descriptions.

HOST IDENTIFICATION:
 Hostname, IP Address or
 Canonical Name, Port

FTP Host	Provider Name	Polling Status	Processing Status	Notification Status
114001 (4401)	AMSR	suspended by server	not applicable	not applicable
	chis	not applicable	not applicable	active
	EM05	suspended by server	active	not applicable
	EM052	suspended by server	not applicable	not applicable
	ICESAT	not applicable	active	not applicable
	MODAPS_COMBINE	suspended by server	not applicable	active

114001 (4401)	Provider Name	Polling Status	Processing Status	Notification Status
	EDOS	active	not applicable	suspended by server
	EDOS-ANC	not applicable	not applicable	active

114001 (4401)	Provider Name	Polling Status	Processing Status	Notification Status
	Provider_scip	active	not applicable	not applicable

Local Host Transfers	Provider Name	Polling Status	Processing Status
	AMSR	not applicable	active
	AMSR_E_SPS	active	active
	ART_Provider_SPS	not applicable	active
	ASTER_GOS	active	active
	brng_110	active	not applicable
	S4PM	active	active
	TES	active	not applicable
	TOMR Provider	active	not applicable

Figure 4.6.1-58. Transfer Host Status Page (General Overview)

Table 4.6.1-17. Transfer Host Status Page Column Descriptions

Field Name	Description
"Host identification"	Display name for the host in bold, followed by the IP address or the canonical name and port of the host in parenthesis, followed by the overall status of the host. Possible statuses are "active" or "suspended by operator".
Provider Name	Name of a provider which uses this host.
Polling Status	Whether or not polling for this provider on this host is active. Possible states are "active", "suspended by operator", "suspended by server", or "not applicable".
Processing Status	Whether or not file transfers for the provider on this host are active. Possible states are "active", "suspended by operator", "suspended by server", or "not applicable".
Notification Status	Whether or not notifications for this provider on this host are active. Possible states are "active", "suspended by operator", "suspended by server", or "not applicable".

Actions on this page:

Each of the SCP/FTP hosts, as well as Local Host Transfer, can be suspended or resumed. The status columns show a green (active) or red (suspended by server or operator) icon and indicate which operations (polling, processing, notification) are suspended for each provider on the host.

To change the status of one or more hosts, do the following:

1. Select the desired host; multiple selections may be made
2. Click the Suspend or Resume button at the bottom of the list, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-59. You will be prompted for confirmation. The page will reload with the status of the selected hosts changed.
3. All operations for all providers will be suspended as a result of suspending the host. Polling will stop on polling locations that use this host for transfers. No notifications will be sent to the host until it is resumed, at which time all notifications halted during the suspension will be later sent.

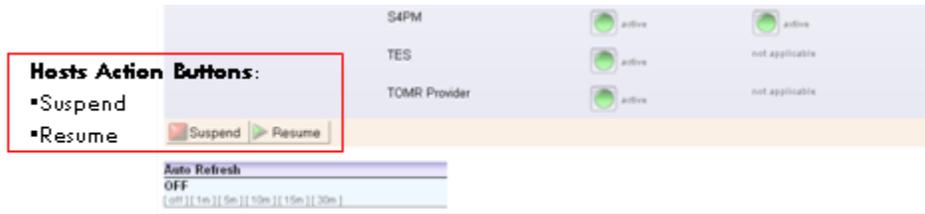


Figure 4.6.1-59. Suspending an FTP or SCP Host

4.6.1.14 ECS Services Status

The ECS Service Status page shows the status of each of the various ECS Services. There are two types of ECS Services:

1. Services that run on the same host as the Ingest processing service – the GUI only shows that the service is up or down.
2. Services that can run on any number of hosts that have been configured for that purpose. Examples are checksumming, archiving, and transfers. The service on each host is independent of the same type of service on the other hosts, in that its configuration and status is host specific. For example, checksumming on one host may be suspended but may be operating just fine on the other. As a result, the GUI shows the status information for that service separately for each host. These services are called *Hosts Used For ECS Services*.

Host-specific ECS Services can be individually suspended and resumed for that particular host. The XVU, IIU, and DPIU services are listed separately and can only be resumed. See Figure 4.6.1-60 for the general page overview.

The screenshot displays the 'ECS Services Status' page. On the left is a navigation menu with categories like Home, Monitoring, Interventions & Alerts, Configuration, Reports, and Help. The main content area shows the status of various services. Under 'Non-host Services', three services (XVU, IIU, DPIU) are listed as 'active'. Below this is a table titled 'Hosts Used For ECS Services' with columns for different service types and their status on each host. The table includes hosts like f4ei01, f4fi01, f4he01, f4om01, and f4sp01. At the bottom, there are controls for 'Suspend' and 'Resume' actions, and an 'Auto Refresh' section currently set to 'OFF'.

Figure 4.6.1-60. ECS Services Status Page

4.6.1.14.1 Non-host Services

This page shows the status of each of the services which do not run on an ECS Service host. The XVU service performs the XML Validation for granule metadata files, the IIU service inserts the granule metadata information into the AIM database, and the DPIU service registers the granule metadata into the Data Pool database. Each of these services runs on the same host as the processing service and will either be “active” or “suspended by server”. If any of the services is suspended it will prevent any ingest from completing because every granule requires these services.

4.6.1.14.2 Hosts Used for ECS Services

These are services that are tied to a specific host. Each of the services can be suspended or resumed on that particular host. The services are:

- Checksum
- File Transfer
- Archive
- Band Extraction
- Insert Copy
- Insert Checksum

To suspend or resume a service on a host, check the box next to the status and click on the desired action button (Suspend or Resume), as shown in Figure 4.6.1-61. You will be prompted for confirmation before the action is carried out. The checkboxes at the top of each column allow the selection of *all* of that particular service for all hosts.

Hosts Used For ECS Services							
Service Host	<input type="checkbox"/> Checksum	<input type="checkbox"/> File Transfer	SCP	<input type="checkbox"/> Archive	<input type="checkbox"/> Band Extraction	<input type="checkbox"/> Insert Copy	<input type="checkbox"/> Insert Checksum
f4eil01	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	not enabled	not enabled	not enabled	not enabled	not enabled
f4fil01	<input type="checkbox"/> suspended	<input type="checkbox"/> active	not enabled	not enabled	not enabled	not enabled	not enabled
f4hel01	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	not enabled	<input type="checkbox"/> active	not enabled	<input type="checkbox"/> suspended	<input type="checkbox"/> active
f4oml01	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active
f4spl01	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	not enabled	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> active	<input type="checkbox"/> suspended

Suspend Resume

Figure 4.6.1-61. Host-Specific Services

Suspending a service on a host will let all service operations of that type that are currently executing on that host complete on that host, but no new requests for that service will be dispatched to that host. For example, if the Checksum service is suspended for HOST_A, ongoing check summing operations will complete, but then no more check summing operations will be dispatched on that host (regardless of the type of checksum involved). Checksum on

other active hosts will continue. Table 4.6.1-18 contains the field descriptions for hosts used for ECS services.

As a rule, checksum operations must take place on a different host than the one on which a granule was transferred. If all but one checksum host is suspended, all granules transferred on that same host will go into a suspended state until another checksum host is activated.

Table 4.6.1-18. Field Descriptions for Hosts Used for ECS Services

Field Name	Description
Service Host	The label of the host used for the ECS Services.
Checksum	The status of the Checksum Service.
File Transfer	The status of the File Transfer Service.
Archive	The status of the Archive Service.
Band Extraction	The status of the Band Extraction Service.
Insert Copy	The status of the Insert Copy Service.
Insert Checksum	The status of the Insert Checksum Service.

Note that for all of these services, *not enabled* may appear as the status; this indicates that the service has not been enabled for that host in the ECS Services Configuration page, therefore no real status exists for that service.

4.6.1.15 PDR List

The PDR List page shows the PDR information retrieved from the Ingest database. The PDR information is shown in Figure 4.6.1.62) with the first column listing the polling location for the PDR and the second column listing the PDR file name.

There is a check box displayed for each of the PDRs listed in the table. By checking the box and applying the Ingest Selected PDRS Again button at the bottom, the corresponding PDR will be re-ingested.

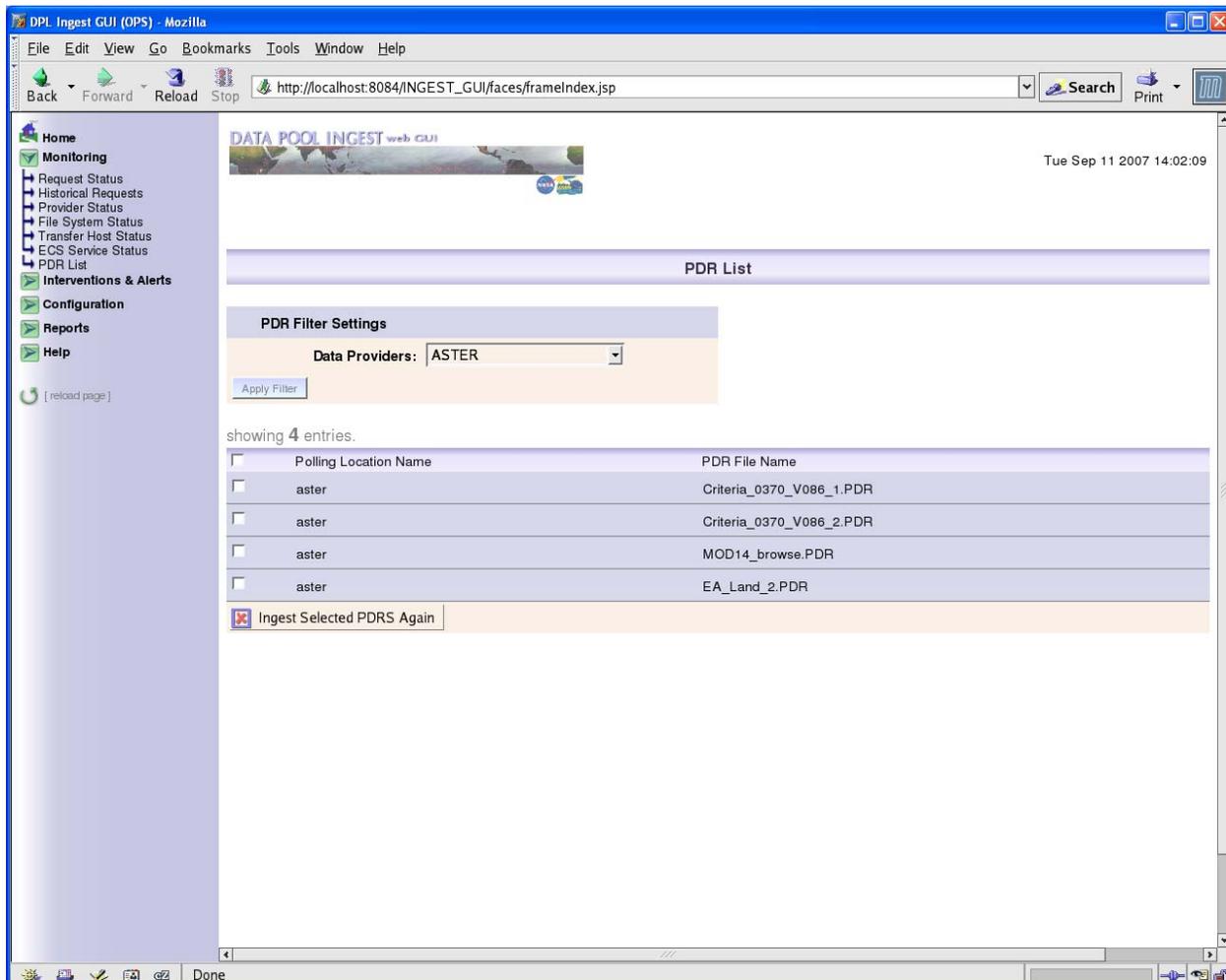


Figure 4.6.1-62. PDR Listing

4.6.1.16 Open Interventions

This page displays the list of Ingest Requests with open interventions, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-63. The operator may select any eligible request and perform one of two actions:

- Cancel Active Ingest Request(s) – *This is an irreversible action. There is no way to ‘uncancel’ a request.* Processing for this ingest request will be terminated and any granules that did not yet complete processing will be cancelled. If cancelled prior to the “Inserted” state, the granule will be removed from data base entries and files will be removed from temporary locations and the data pool database. A PAN will be sent to the provider that will report failed or cancelled granules and the failure reasons (the specifics depend on the Interface Control Document that covers this interface).

- Resume Active Ingest Request(s) – *only if the selected requests are suspended. Cancelled Requests can not be resumed.* Resuming a request will resume processing for all granules that are currently suspended, restarting each from the last known good state. To disposition individual granules differently, the operator needs to access the intervention detail page. Table 4.6.1-19 contains the descriptions of the open interventions listing page column.

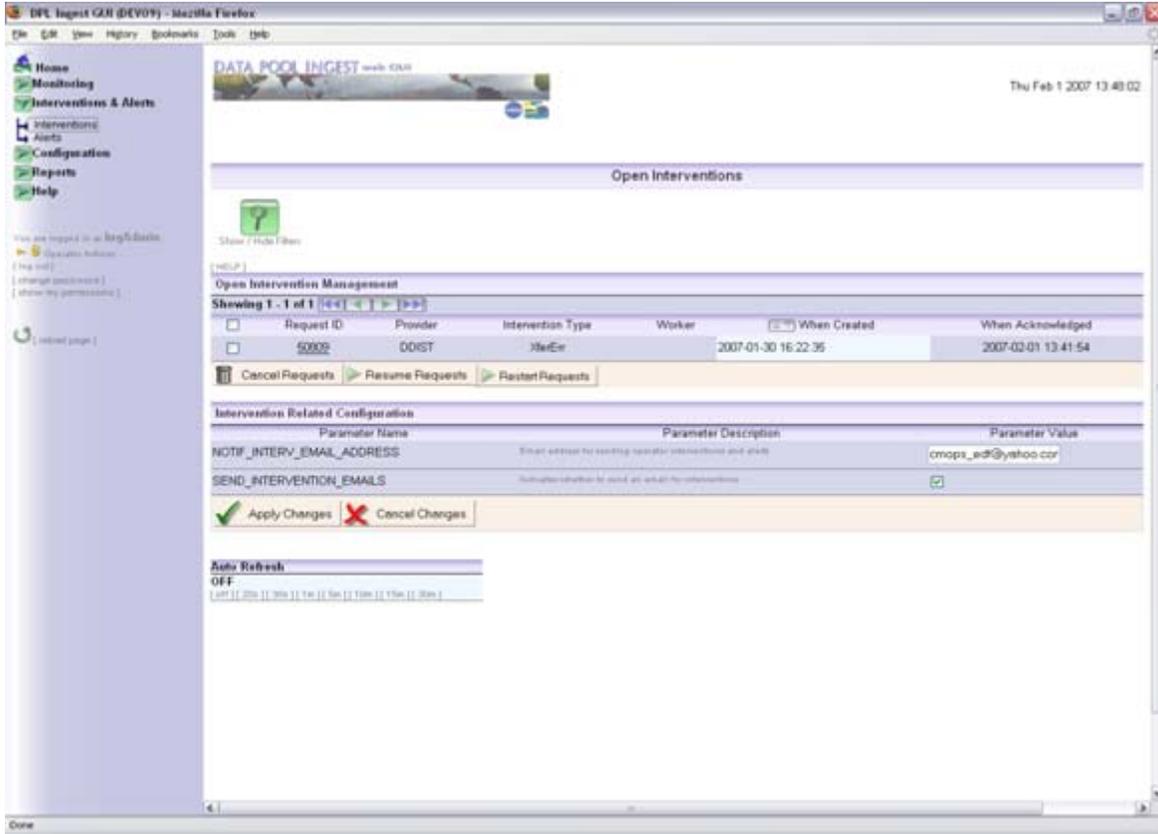


Figure 4.6.1-63. Open Interventions Listing (General Overview)

Table 4.6.1-19. Open Interventions Listing Page Column Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Request ID	Unique Data Pool Ingest identifier assigned to the request in intervention
Provider	Name of the provider from which the request was obtained
Intervention Type	Type of error encountered during processing of at least one of the request granules (if there are multiple error types encountered in a single request, the type will be “MULTIPLE”)
Worker	Name of a worker assigned to address the intervention
When Created	Time the intervention was generated (which may have been after several retries after the error was first encountered)
When Acknowledged	Time the intervention was first viewed by an operator

The information on this page is similar to the Request Status page (see Section 4.6.1.6). To view intervention details, click on the Request ID link to open the intervention detail page.

4.6.1.17 Request Actions

Changing Request Statuses

A request is suspended and goes into Operator Intervention Status when at the completion of its processing; at least one of its granules is suspended because it ran into some error. Note that operators can disposition suspended granules before the request goes into intervention, as explained in Section 4.6.1.7.5. As a result, when a request goes into intervention, some granules may already be in a failed state (if they have been failed by the operator before).

From this page, one can resume suspended requests regardless of the failures. Otherwise, the operator can view the suspended granules of the request and disposition them individually. See the Intervention Detail section below (4.6.1.16) for more details on how Interventions are processed.

To perform a request action, select the desired requests by checking the boxes on the left side of the request list. You can also select or deselect all the requests by checking the box at the very top of the list. See Figure 4.6.1-64.

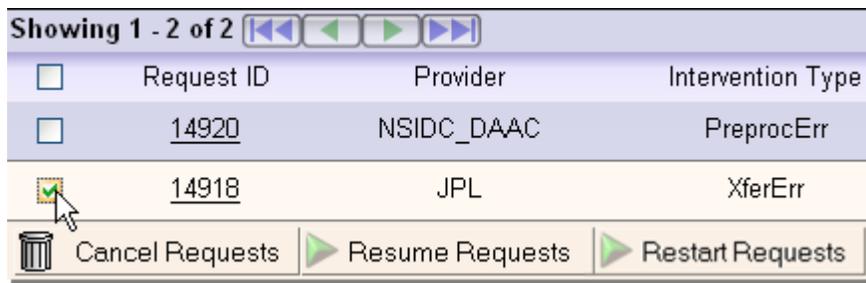


Figure 4.6.1-64. Selecting a Request for Action

Then click on the button of the desired action at the bottom of the list. A box will appear below to enter a reason for the status change. See Figure 4.6.1-65.

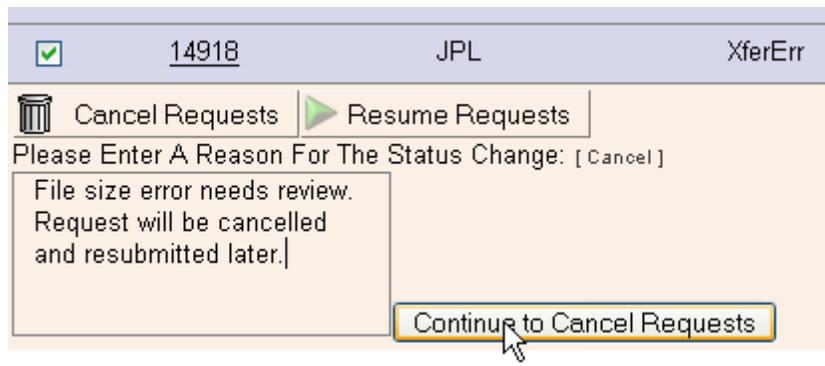


Figure 4.6.1-65. Explanation Field for Changing Request Status

Once you have entered the reason, click on the button next to the text box to continue the action. You will be prompted for confirmation before the action is carried out.

If you do not wish to process this action, click on the [cancel] link to close the box.

4.6.1.17.2 Filters

The Intervention list on this page can be filtered using the filter panel that appears on the same page. This is opened by clicking on the green filter button at the top of the page, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-66. Filter settings are associated with an operator profile and are always remembered, even when logging out of the session. They are never lost unless the operator profile is completely removed or authentication is disabled.

The operator has the option of saving a set of default settings by selecting the “Save As Default Settings” box prior to clicking “Apply Filter.” Thereafter, the operator can click “Load Default Settings” to restore these saved defaults. If no default is stored, all Interventions will be shown by default.

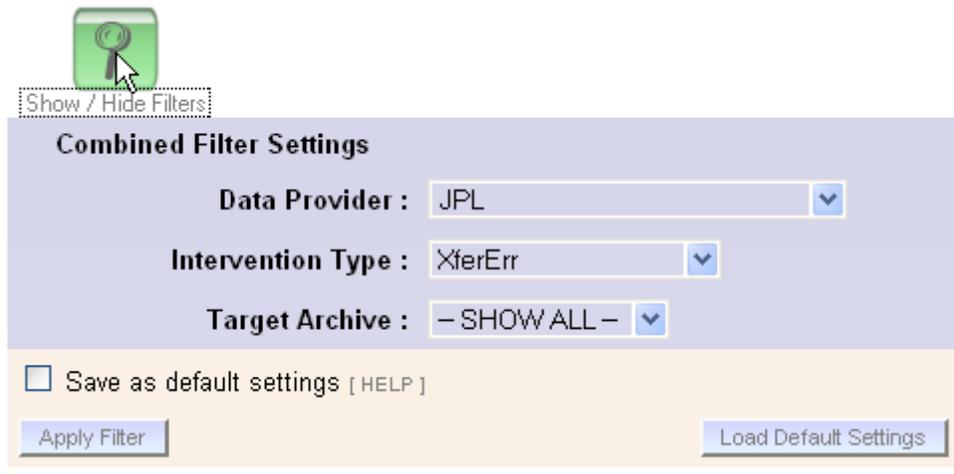


Figure 4.6.1-66. Intervention List Filter Panel

This panel shows the current filter settings and allows the operator to change them. Each of the filters shown in the figure has a SHOW ALL option that effectively does not filter by that field.

Multiple filter settings can be applied at the same time (i.e., the filters are ANDed), thus the operator could opt to see only requests from JPL with an XferErr intervention type, or he could just filter to only see interventions from a single provider.

4.6.1.17.3 Sorting

The Intervention list on this page can only be sorted by the creation date (i.e. the date and time the intervention was created) in ascending or descending order, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-67.

Unlike filter settings, sort settings are remembered for the session only, and are lost when the operator logs out or the application is closed.

Provider	Intervention Type	Worker	When Created	When Acknowledged
SIDC_DAAC	PreprocErr		2006-10-30 10:27:24	
JPL	XferErr	Jessica	2006-10-30 10:27:24	2006-10-30 10:28:13

ume Requests

Figure 4.6.1-67. Intervention List Sorts

4.6.1.17.4 Intervention Related Configuration Panel

In addition to being displayed on the Data Pool Ingest GUI, interventions can also be sent as email to a specified operator email address.

To set the email address and permit email notification of Interventions, enter an address next to the “NOTIF_INTERV_EMAIL_ADDRESS” parameter, check the box next to the “SEND_INTERVENTION_EMAILS” parameter, and click the “Apply Changes” button, displayed at the bottom of the “Intervention Related Configuration” section, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-68.

Intervention Related Configuration		
Parameter Name	Parameter Description	Parameter Value
NOTIF_INTERV_EMAIL_ADDRESS	Email address for sending operator interventions and alerts	cmops_edf@yahoo.com
SEND_INTERVENTION_EMAILS	Indicates whether to send an email for interventions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Apply Changes
 Cancel Changes

Figure 4.6.1-68. Intervention Related Configuration Panel

The configured email address will receive notifications for all interventions as they are opened.

4.6.1.18 Open Intervention Detail Page

This page displays all of the information as in the general open intervention listing, as well as the granule list. In addition, actions may be taken for the intervention on this page. This page is shown in Figure 4.6.1-69.

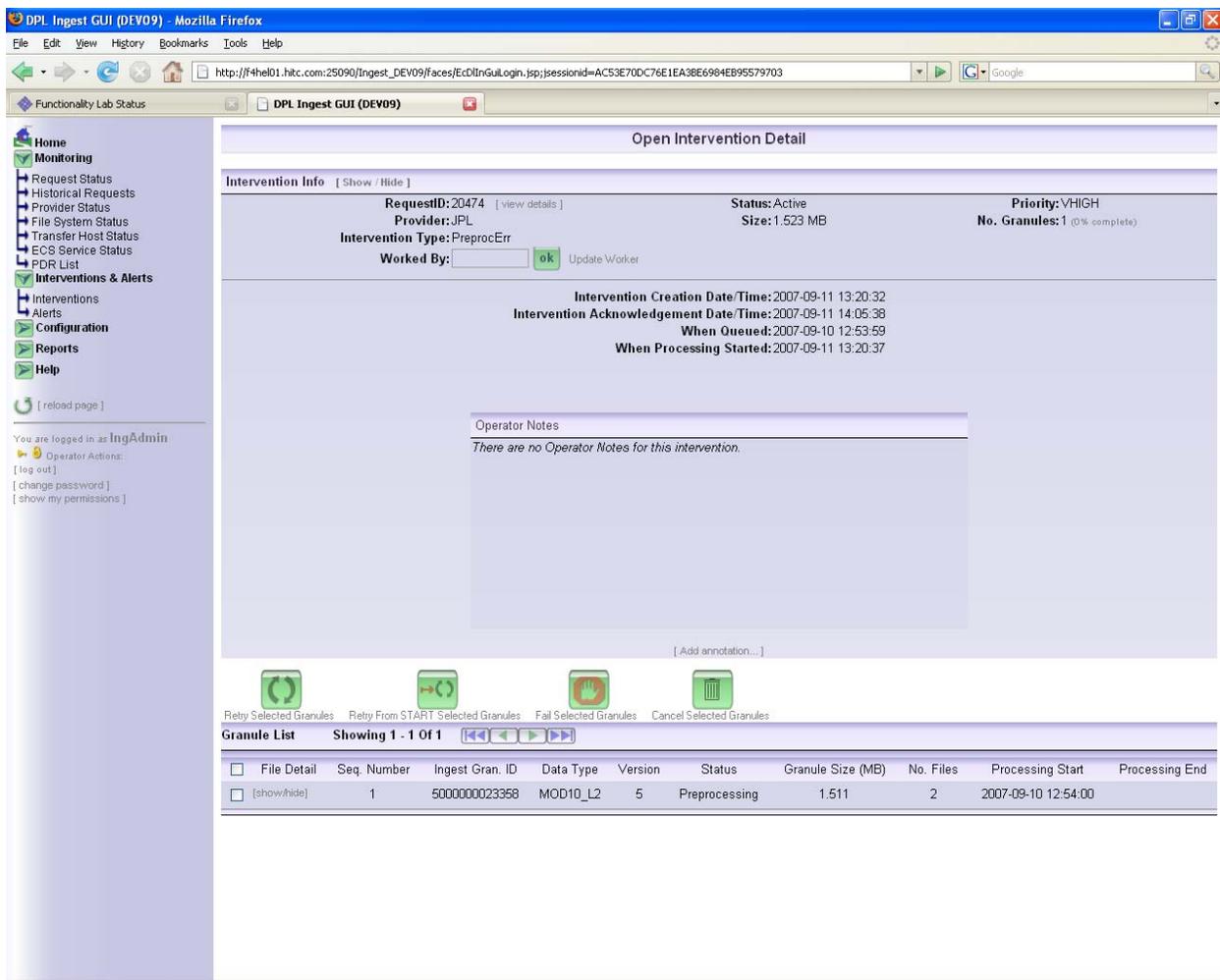


Figure 4.6.1-69. Open Intervention Detail (General Overview)

How Interventions are processed:

An Operator Intervention for an Ingest Request remains open as long as there are suspended granules in the Request. The operator can take one of several actions to ‘close’ the intervention (i.e., take the request out of suspension and allow the Ingest Request to be processed normally):

- **Retry selected granules:** This applies only to granules that are currently suspended and retries them from the last known good state of processing. Every time a granule is retried, an annotation is added identifying the time, operator, and action (see Figure 4.6.1-69).



- **Retry from START selected granules:** This applies only to granules that are currently suspended and retries them from the beginning of processing. Every time a granule is retried, an annotation is added identifying the time, operator, and action.



Retry From START Selected Granules

- **Fail selected granules:** This applies only to granules that are currently suspended and transitions the granule into a failed state, with the status indicating the type of error that originally caused the suspensions.



Fail Selected Granules

Error types are determined by what state the granule is in when it is failed. These states are: XferErr (transferring), ChecksumErr (Checksumming), PreprocErr (Preprocessing), ArchErr (Archiving), InsertErr (Inserting), and PubErr (Publishing).

NOTE: After a granule is failed, an annotation is added identifying the time, operator, and action.

To perform a granule action, select one or more granules and click on the desired action button at the top of the granule list. The operator will be asked for confirmation before the action is carried out.

- **Cancel selected granules:** This applies only to granules that are not yet in a terminal state. It manually cancels the granules. After a granule is cancelled it is expected that the granule will be re-ingested by the operator



Cancel Selected Granules

Working on an Intervention

The operator must have Ingest Control permission to perform any actions on this page. A worker name is not explicitly required on this page because the logged-in operator name will be used by default. However, an operator may override this by entering a different name into the “worked by” text box. This is allowed because more than one operator may be using the same login during a session, though this practice is not recommended if authentication is enabled.

Closing the Intervention

Once all granule issues have been resolved, the open intervention status will automatically be removed. No explicit action on the part of the operator is required to do this.

If an open intervention is not resolved after being viewed, it will remain in the open intervention list and can be worked on at any time after navigating to a different page or even logging out of the session.

Viewing Request Details:

The operator can navigate to the details for a request by pressing the “[view details]” link next to the Request ID in the upper left-hand corner of the page, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-70. More information on the Request Details page can be found in Section 4.6.1.7.



Figure 4.6.1-70. Viewing Request Details from Intervention Details

Information on this page:

Figure 4.6.1-71 explains the various features and information available on this page. The second part of the page, the granule panel, is described in the subsection 4.6.1.18.2.

The screenshot shows the 'Intervention Info' panel with the following details:

- RequestID:** 31668 (with a [view details](#) link)
- Provider:** MODAPS_AQUA_FPROC
- Intervention Type:** XferErr
- Status:** Suspended
- Size:** 244.761 MB
- Priority:** NORMAL
- No. Granules:** 4 (0% complete)
- Worked By:** [input field] Update Worker
- Intervention Creation Date/Time:** 2006-11-17 16:34:31
- Intervention Acknowledgement Date/Time:** 2006-11-17 16:48:26
- When Queued:** 2006-11-17 16:30:30
- When Processing Started:** 2006-11-17 16:34:19

Operator Notes:

- Added 2006-11-17 16:53:15 by **IngAdmin**
- There seems to be a problem accessing the directory where request science files are found. The intervention should remain open while the issue is investigated.

Callouts in the image provide the following information:

- Click the [view details] link to go directly to the request detail page for this ingest.
- The worker for this intervention can be changed. If no name is filled in, the logged-in operator ID is used by default.
- Operator Notes are shown and can be added here. Each time one is added, a time stamp is shown, along with the name of the operator who added the annotation.

Figure 4.6.1-71. Intervention Detail: Request Information Panel Diagram

4.6.1.18.1 Operator Notes

This section shows operator notes added by the operator. Operator notes are annotations that can be useful in tracking changes to the request or recording information affecting the intervention. The operator notes are kept separately from the request notes (see Section 4.6.1.7.4), though they will be appended to request notes after the intervention is closed.

An operator note can be added, but not edited or deleted. To add an operator note, click [Add annotation...] at the bottom of the annotation list, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-72.

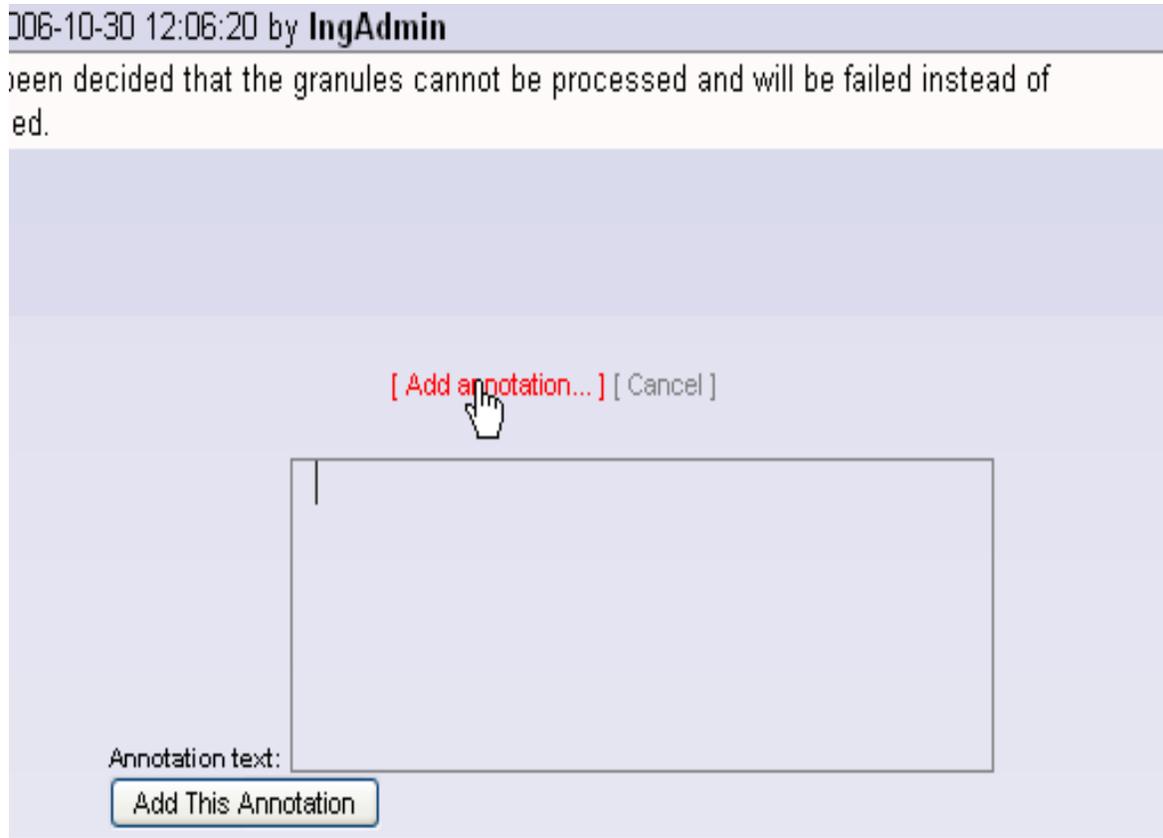


Figure 4.6.1-72. Adding an Annotation

4.6.1.18.2 Granule List Panel

The Granule List Panel is shown immediately below the Intervention Information panel. By default, the list is sorted by suspended granules first. Detailed error information for all suspended and failed granules will be displayed in the granule status, along with the associated error type.

The diagram in Figure 4.6.1-73 below explains the various features and information available on this panel. For more details about the fields in the granule list and file details, see Section 4.6.1.7.5.

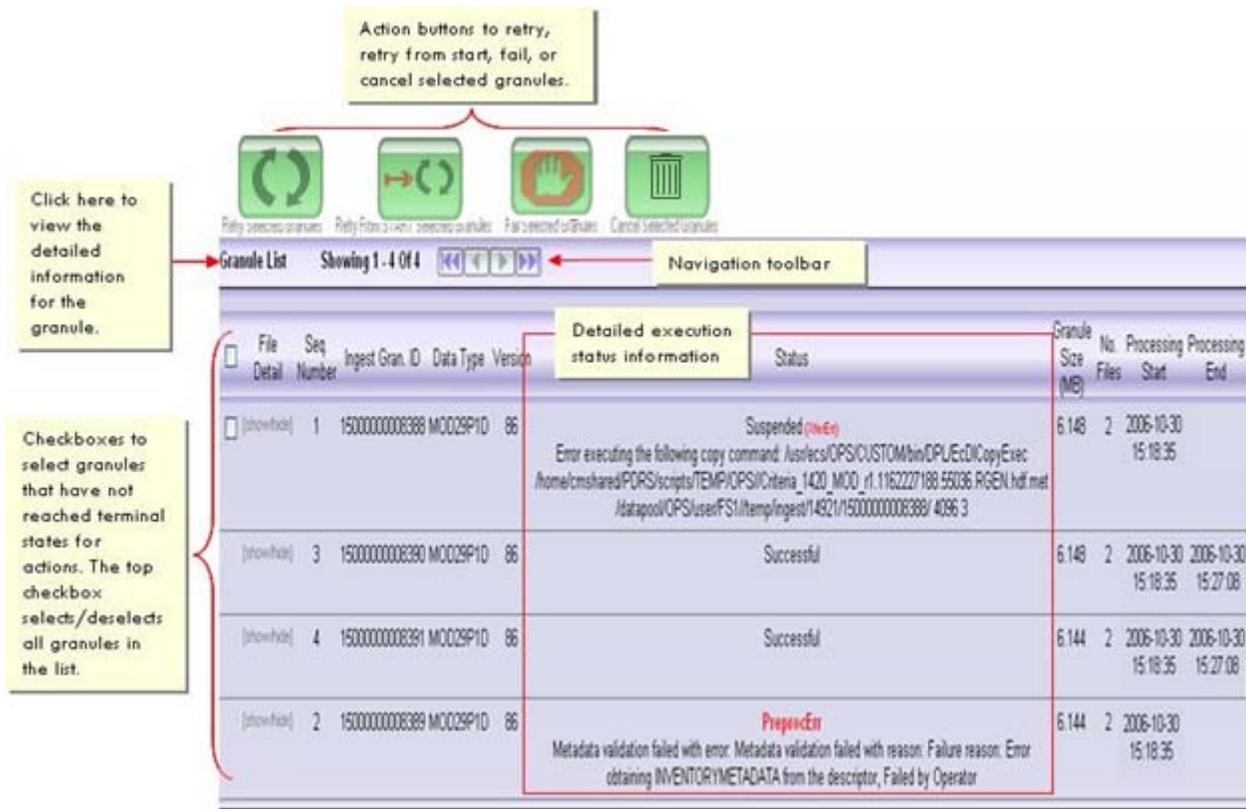


Figure 4.6.1-73. Intervention Detail: Granule List Diagram

4.6.1.18.2.1 Granule Details

Each granule has detailed file information that can be viewed directly on this screen by clicking the [show / hide] button next to a granule. The information will appear above the granule list in sections identified by the Granule Id. The information includes for each file, the full path, file name, file type associated with the granule, and the file status, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-74.

File Detail	Seq. Number	Ingest Gran. ID	Data Type	Version	Status	Granule Size (MB)	No. Files	Processing Start	Processing End	
File Detail For Granule Id: 15000000008388										
Path		Name			Type	Status				
/home/cmshared/PDRS/scripts/TEMP/OPS/		Criteria_1420_MOD_r1.1162227188.53679.RGEN.hdf			SCIENCE	Transferred				
/home/cmshared/PDRS/scripts/TEMP/OPS/		Criteria_1420_MOD_r1.1162227188.55036.RGEN.hdf.met			METADATA	XferErr				
<input type="checkbox"/>	[show/hide]	1	15000000008388	MOD29P1D	86	Suspended (XferErr)	6.148	2		
Error executing the following copy command: /usr/ecs/OPS/CUSTOM/bin/DPL/ECDCopyExec /home/cmshared/PDRS/scripts/TEMP/OPS/Criteria_1420_MOD_r1.1162227188.55036.RGEN.hdf.met /datapool/OPS/user/FS1/temp/ingest/14921/15000000008388/4096.3										
<input type="checkbox"/>	[show/hide]	2	15000000008389	MOD29P1D	86	Suspended (PreprocErr)	6.144	2		
Metadata validation failed with error: Metadata validation failed with reason: Failure reason: Error obtaining INVENTORYMETADATA from the descriptor, Failed by Operator										

Figure 4.6.1-74. Granule Details

The information can be hid by clicking [show / hide] beside the granule.

4.6.1.19 Alerts

This page (Figure 4.6.1-75) displays the Ingest alerts as they are raised in the Ingest database. These warn the operator when the Ingest Service runs into a problem that is with a resource or service it is using.

Alerts will usually only be generated after a configured number of retries on the failed action, or after a configured number of occurrences of a particular error. After raising an alert, the Ingest Service will check at regular intervals whether the problem has been resolved and clear the alert if that is the case. Table 4.6.1-20 contains the alerts page column descriptions.

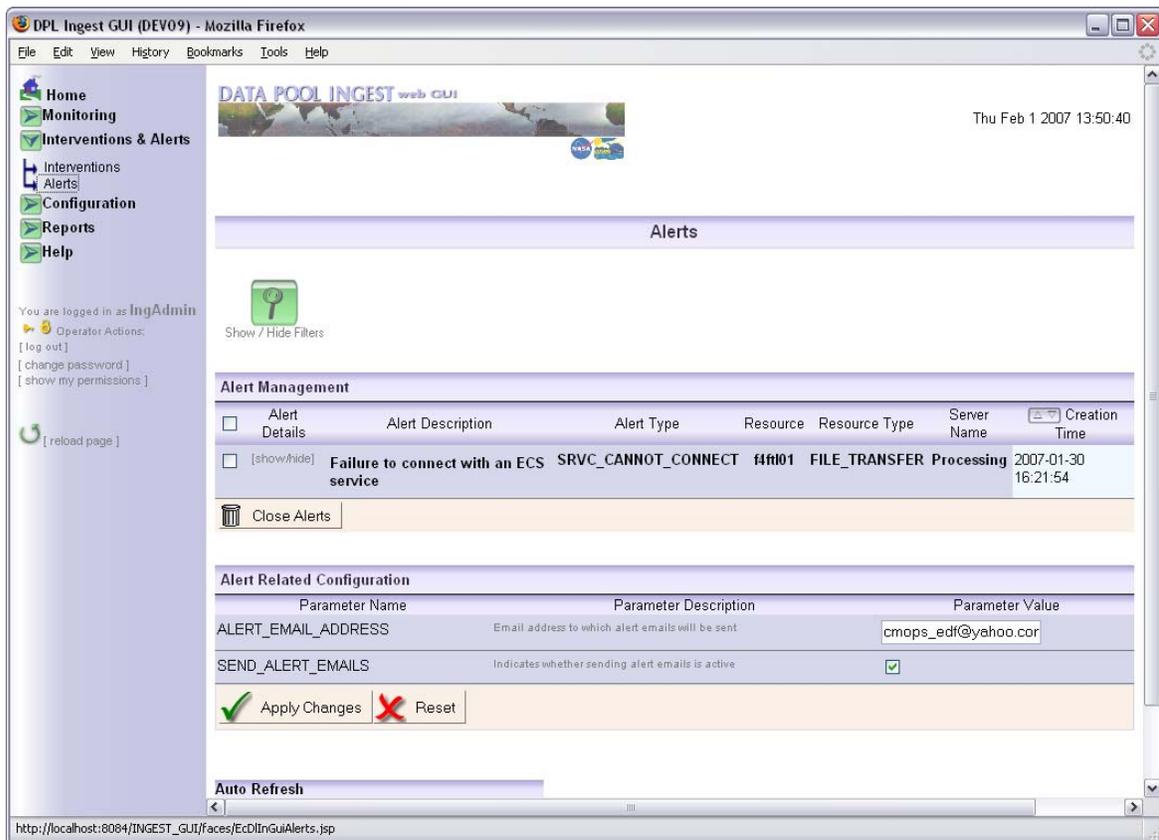


Figure 4.6.1-75. Alerts Page (General Overview)

Table 4.6.1-20. Alerts Page Column Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Description
Alert Details	Buttons for displaying detailed alert information.
Alert Description	Basic description of the error that generated the alert.
Alert Type	Unique name for the type of error that was encountered.
Resource	The name of the resource affected by the alert.

Table 4.6.1-20. Alerts Page Column Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Description
Resource Type	The type of resource affected by the alert, such as SCP/FTP Host, Polling Location, or Archive.
Server name	The name of the server affected by the alert.
Creation Time	Time the alert was generated (which may have been after several retries after the error was first encountered).

Alert-Related Configuration

In addition to being displayed on this page, alerts can also be sent as email to a specified address. To set the email address and permit email notification, enter an address next to the “ALERT_EMAIL_ADDRESS” parameter, check the box next to the “SEND_ALERT_EMAILS” parameter, and click the “Apply Changes” button, displayed at the bottom of the “Alert Related Configuration” section. See Figure 4.6.1-76.

Alert Related Configuration		
Parameter Name	Parameter Description	Parameter Value
ALERT_EMAIL_ADDRESS	Email address to which alert emails will be sent	mdev04@raytheon.com
SEND_ALERT_EMAILS	Indicates whether sending alert emails is active	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Apply Changes
 Reset

Figure 4.6.1-76. Alert-Related Configuration

4.6.1.19.1 Filters and Sorts

Alerts are sorted in descending order (most recent first) by creation time. To sort in the opposite direction, click on the sort icon under the “Creation Time” column. See Figure 4.6.1-77.

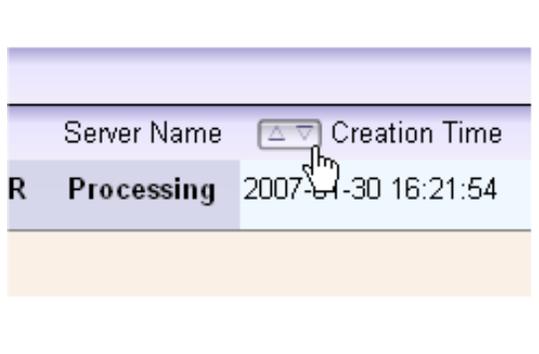
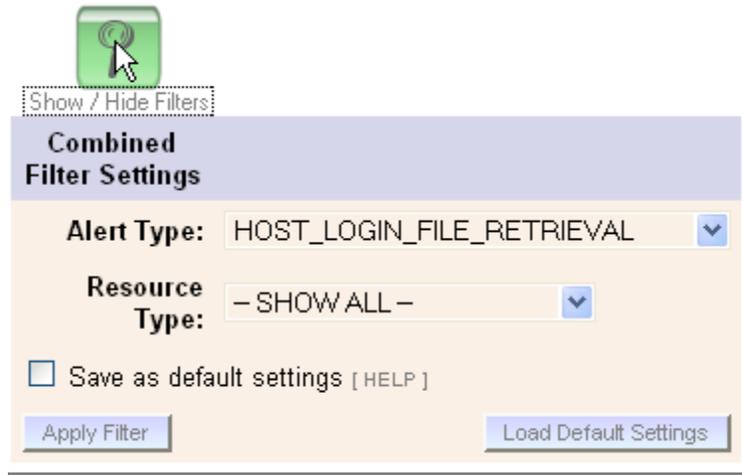


Figure 4.6.1-77. Sorting the Alert List

This page shows all alerts by default. If you want to see only specific types of alerts, you can set a filter:

1. Click [Show / Hide Filters] at the top of the alert listing:



2. Click “Apply Filter” to apply the filter:
3. The page will reload; only alerts matching the filter criteria will be shown.

Note that these filters combined (ANDed). Also, each of the drop down lists has a SHOW ALL option, allowing all Alerts for that particular field to be shown.

4.6.1.19.2 Alert Details

The details of the alert will appear under the alert description (a new page will not be loaded). To view this detailed information, click [show / hide] under the Alert Details column to expand the detail area:

Alert Management						
<input type="checkbox"/> Alert Details	Alert Description	Alert Type	Resource	Resource Type	<input type="checkbox"/> Creation Time	
<input type="checkbox"/> [show/hide]	The file transfer time exceeded its maximum allowed time as per configuration for that host on file transfer attempts for too many different files consecutively Symptom : Failure to list files for directory : /usr/ecs/OPS/CUSTOM/data/dplIngest/terra/forward/PDR with filter : *.PDR	HOST_TOO_MANY_TIMEOUT	LPDAAC	FTP_HOST	2006-10-30 09:49:20	
<input type="checkbox"/> [show/hide]	Login failure for file retrieval	HOST_LOGIN_FILE_RETRIEVAL	LPDAAC	FTP_HOST	2006-10-30	

Click [show / hide] again to hide the details.

If the Resource Type for the Alert is an archive or file system, the alert details will show the Data Providers affected by the alert condition, as well as the number of PDRs, ingest granules, total queued data, and total in-process data affected. See Table 4.6.1-21.

Alert Details	Alert Description	Alert Type	Resource	Resource Type	Creation Time
<input type="checkbox"/> show/hide	The error response indicates that the file system is down Symptom : Error DPL file system: /datapool/DEV01/user/FS3/ is down. Impact : Data Providers affected : None Number of PDRs : 0 Number of granules : 0 Total amount of data queued : 0.000 MB Total amount of data processing : 0.000 MB	DPL_FS_DOWN	FS3	DPL_FILE_SYSTEM	2006-10-27 08:44:21

Table 4.6.1-21. Alert Description Details Field Descriptions

Row Name	Description
Symptom	Information about the specific action or item that caused the alert.
Impact	The resource affected by the Alert (if applicable). An example of an impacted resource would be an SCP or FTP Transfer Host. This field is only shown if the Alert could potentially impact a Resource. Otherwise, for Alerts like “Email Notification is down” or “Login failure for PAN/PDRD transfers” , this field is not shown.
Data Providers affected	List of providers that will be suspended as a result of the alert. This is only shown if Data Providers could potentially be affected, for example if connection to a Transfer Host could not be established.
Number of PDRs	Total number of PDRs active or queued on a provider affected by the suspended resource. This is only shown if the Alert affects Ingest Requests.
Number of granules	Total number of granules active or queued on a provider affected by the suspended resource. This is only shown if the Alert affects Ingest Requests.
Total amount of data queued	Sum of the size of the files in the granules that require the file system and will not be activated while it is suspended. This is only shown if the Alert affects Ingest Requests.
Total amount of data processing	Sum of the size of the files in the granules that require the file system, but will get “stuck” in an active state as a result of the alert. This is only shown if the Alert affects Ingest Requests.

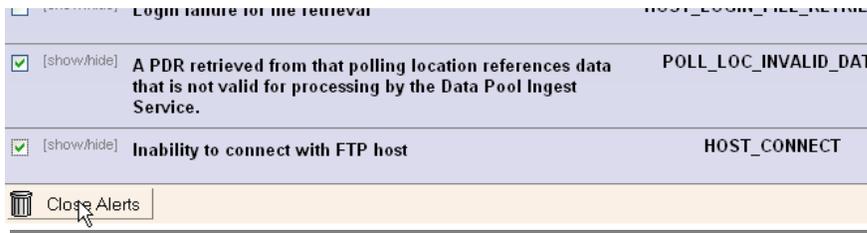
4.6.1.19.3 Clearing an Alert

An alert may be cleared manually at any time, though this should only be done once the operator is certain the problem has been resolved. In response, the Ingest Service will resume using that resource and all the associated resources, for example, the FTP Host to which it could not connect and all the polling locations on that host. The Ingest Service may find that it is still unable to use the resource (e.g., still cannot connect), in which case the alert will be raised again.

It is not necessary for an operator to clear an alert manually. Normally, the Ingest Service will test in regular intervals whether the error situation has been resolved and if so, clear the alert automatically. However, it may be appropriate to clear an alert manually, for example, if the operator took some manual steps to resolve the reported problem (such as restarting an ECS Host) and then wants the Ingest Service to try using that resource immediately.

To clear an alert from the list manually, do the following:

1. Select the desired alerts from the list by checking the boxes on the line for the Alerts; multiple selections may be made:



2. Click the “close alerts” icon at the bottom of the alert list. You will be prompted to confirm the clearing of the alert(s):
3. The page will be reloaded with the selected alerts no longer appearing on the list.

4.6.1.20 Provider Configuration Page

This page lists all of the Data Providers for the DPL Ingest System, along with selected attributes of each to get a general overview of each provider. From this list, the operator may also add or remove a Data Provider. By clicking on the provider name, the operator may also view the Provider details. This page is shown in Figure 4.6.1-78. Explanations of the fields on this page are found in Table 4.6.1-22.

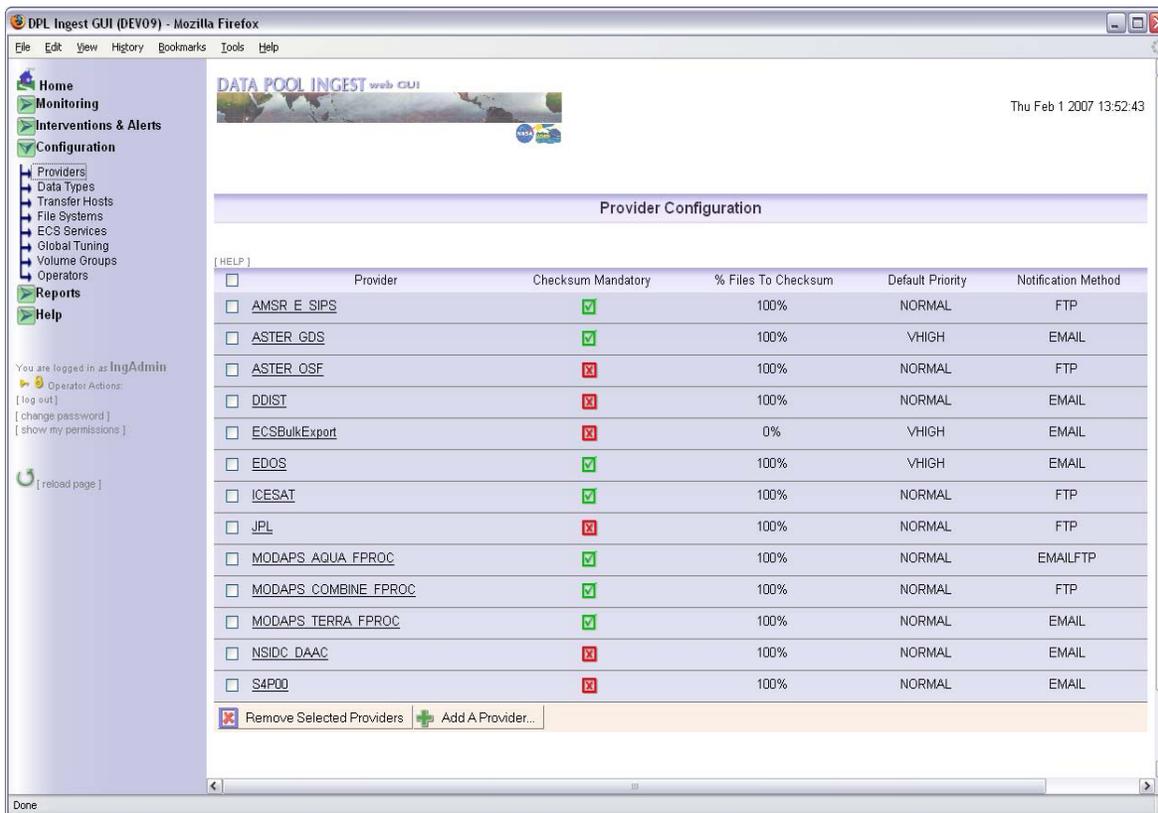


Figure 4.6.1-78. Provider Configuration Page (General Overview)

4.6.1.20.1 Edit a Provider Page

The “Edit a Provider” page shows all of the settings for a data provider, including the notification method and the polling locations, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-79. This page is displayed when the operator clicks the provider name on the Provider Configuration List page (previous section).

Note: Trailing and leading white space will be removed from values entered into any text fields on this page, or any of the sub pages under it.

Table 4.6.1-22 contains the provider configuration detail field descriptions.

Figure 4.6.1-79. Provider Configuration Detail (General Overview)

Table 4.6.1-22. Provider Configuration Detail Field Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Name	Required	Name for an external data provider.
ProviderType	Required	Indicates the type of the provider (such as Polling with DR, Polling without DR, EDOS).
Checksum Mandatory	Optional	Indicates that the Data Provider <i>must</i> provide checksum information in the PDR.
% Files to Checksum	Required	Percent of requests to checksum for this provider.
Default Priority	Required	Default priority for ingest requests for this provider.

Table 4.6.1-22. Provider Configuration Detail Field Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Preprocessing Type	Required	Type of ingest processing to occur (such as SIPS or DDIST).
Max Active Data Volume	Required	Maximum total volume that will be active on a provider if requests for other providers are pending.
Max Active Granules	Required	Maximum total granules that will be active on a provider if requests for other providers are pending.
Transfer Type	Required	Method used for obtaining files from the external data provider (local, FTP, or SCP with various cipher types).
Notification Method	Required	Method for providing notifications to the provider (email, SCP, FTP, or combination of SCP/FTP and email).
Email Address	Required if email is the notification method	Address to which to send notifications after a granule on the provider completes ingest.
Write Login User ID	Required if FTP or SCP is the notification method	User Id for getting write permissions on the provider's notification directory.
Write Info: Password	Required if FTP or SCP is the notification method	Checkbox displays a password and verify password field that are used to provide access to the provider's notification directory.
Path	Required if FTP or SCP is the notification method	Directory where notifications will be sent on the provider.
Choose Host	Required if FTP or SCP is the notification method	Host where the notification path can be found (list is generated from hosts configured on the Host Configuration page).
Read Login Id	Required if a polling location uses FTP or SCP	User Id for getting read permissions on the provider's polling directories.
Read Info: Edit Password	Required if a polling location uses FTP or SCP	Checkbox displays a password and verify password field that are used to provide access to the provider's polling directories.

Existing Polling Locations

A list of pre-existing polling locations is displayed at the bottom of the page. You can add or delete polling locations on this list. For instructions on how to add a Polling Location (when adding a Data Provider), see Section 4.6.1.20.3, steps 12-19.

To edit a polling location, select the location name (see Figure 4.6.1-80).

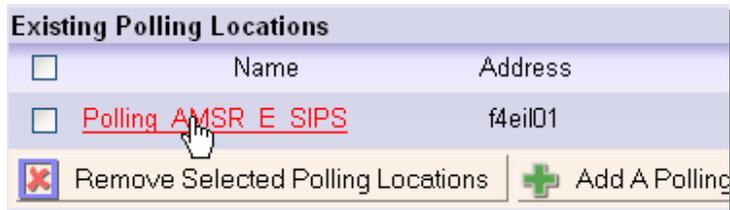


Figure 4.6.1-80. Editing a Polling Location

A page will appear much like the “Add a Polling Location page,” except all the fields will be populated, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-81. Table 4.6.1-23 contains the polling location detail page field descriptions.

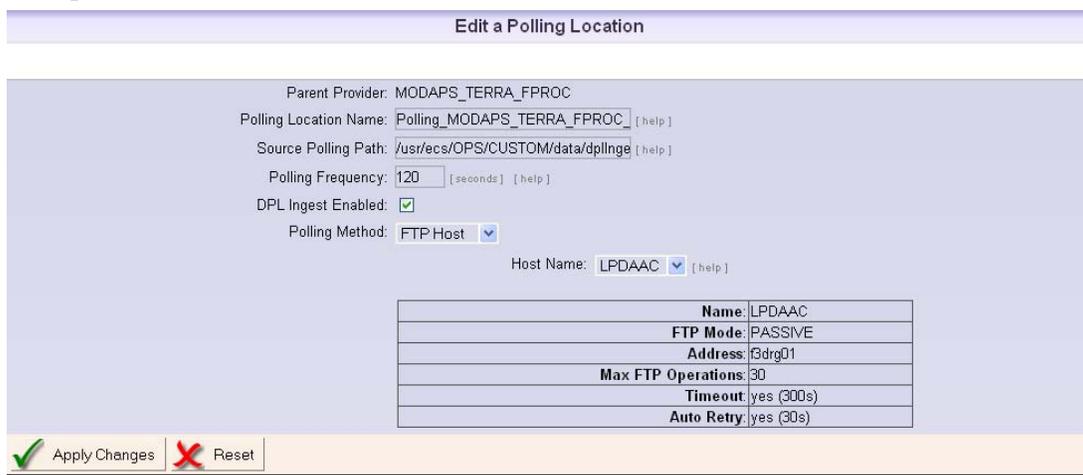


Figure 4.6.1-81. Polling Location Detail

Table 4.6.1-23. Polling Location Detail Page Field Descriptions

Field Name	Entry	Description
Parent Provider	Not Editable	Name of the provider with which this polling location is associated.
Polling Location Name	Required	Name used to uniquely identify the polling location.
Source Polling Path	Required	Directory that will be polled.
Polling Frequency	Required	Number of seconds the ingest service will wait between scanning the polling path for new PDRs.
DPL Ingest Enabled	Optional	Indicates whether this polling location is enabled for ingest via DPL.
Polling Method	Required	Transfer method used for obtaining PDRs from the polling location.
Host Name	Required if using a remote transfer method	Host where the polling directory is found.

Enter the desired modifications and click “Apply Changes.”



Deleting Polling Locations

To remove a polling location, click the check the box next to the location’s name; multiple selections may be made. Click “Remove Selected Polling Locations”; you will be prompted to confirm the deletion. See Figure 4.6.1-82.

Under some circumstances, a Polling Location may not be able to be removed. For example, if there are pending requests with PDRs that use the Polling Location, you will see a database error if you try to remove it. In order to successfully remove a Polling Location, ensure that no requests using this Polling Location are pending and that the Processing Service has been shut down.

Existing Polling Locations				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Address	Source Polling Path	Polling Freq.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Polling_MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC_LPDAAC	f3drg01	/usr/ecs/OPS/CUSTOM/data/dpilingest/terra/forward/PDR	120
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Polling_MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC_NSIDC	f4ei01	/usr/ecs/OPS/CUSTOM/data/dpilingest/terra/forward/PDR	120
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Remove Selected Polling Locations <input type="checkbox"/> Add A Polling Location				

Figure 4.6.1-82. Polling Location List

Adding a Polling Location

See Section 4.6.1.18.3 for complete details on how to add a Polling Location for a Provider.

4.6.1.20.2 Removing a Data Provider

You can only remove an existing Data Provider if all of its Polling Locations have been removed.

To remove a provider:

1. Select a provider by checking the box next the provider name; multiple selections may be made:

<input type="checkbox"/>	MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NSIDC_DAAC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	S4P00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Remove Selected Providers <input type="checkbox"/> Add A Provider...			

2. Click the remove button at the bottom of the list:



3. You will be prompted for confirmation. The page will reload and the selected providers will no longer be displayed.

4.6.1.20.3 Add a Provider Page

This page enables an authorized operator to add a Data Provider and associated Polling Location. Adding a data provider involves several complex steps. Below is a step-by-step guide to the process involved in adding a provider.

Note that EDOS providers have some special rules:

- A Processing Type is not allowed (it is automatically set to NONE in the GUI and is enforced when adding the Provider)
- An EDOS Provider can only use an FTP Transfer Type and an FTP Notification method. This selection is also enforced in the GUI.

The general steps are:

1. Setting the provider's name and its configuration parameters. If you are not authorized to change configuration parameters, you cannot add a provider.
2. Selecting the notification method and configuring the attributes of each method (if more than one applies). Again, if you are not authorized to change configuration parameters, you cannot configure the notification methods. A provider may have one of the following notification methods:
 - a. Email only
 - b. SCP only
 - c. FTP only
 - d. Local only (i.e., locally transferred via NFS)
 - e. Email and FTP
 - f. Email and SCP
 - g. Email and Local
3. Adding a Polling Location (this involves several sub-steps – see the detailed instructions below).

Detailed illustrated instructions for adding a provider:

1. On the Provider Configuration page, Press “Add Provider” at the bottom of the existing provider list:



2. A new page will be loaded, which will guide you through configuring the provider; it contains a blank form to add your parameters (see Figure 4.6.1-83). Explanations of the fields on this page may be found in Table 4.6.1-22.

Figure 4.6.1-83. Add Provider Page

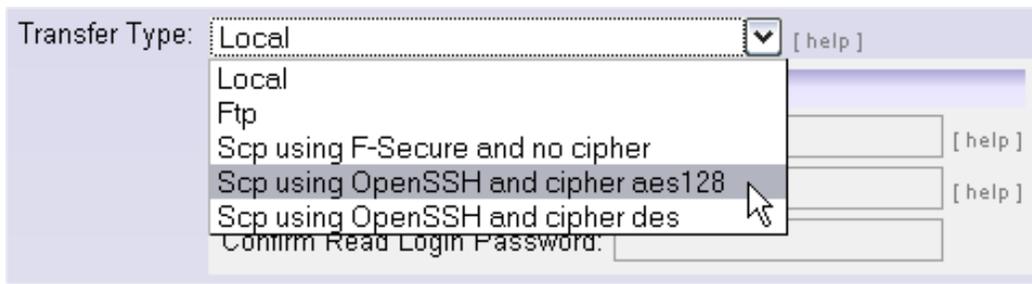
3. Provide a unique name for this provider. Already existing names will be rejected by the database.
4. Select the correct type of the provider which is one of “Polling with DR”, “EDOS” or “Polling without DR”. If you select EDOS, Preprocessing Type will become NONE, Transfer Type will become FTP and Notification method will become FTP Only. These options cannot be changed. If you select “Polling without DR”, a VersionedDataType drop-down list will appear on the page for operator to select the ESDT this provider will ingest from a predefined list of polling without DR ESDTs, the “Checksum Mandatory” checkbox will be unchecked and disabled, the “% Files to Checksum” will be set to 0 and disabled, the Preprocessing Type will become NONE and Notification Method will become NONE.
5. If applicable, check the box for “Checksum Mandatory”; if this box is checked, this indicates that the Data Provider *must* provide checksum information in the PDR.

6. If “Checksum Mandatory” is checked, you may specify the percentage of files to be checksummed in the “% Files to Checksum” text box.
7. Select a default priority from the following options: LOW (60), NORMAL (150), HIGH (220), VHIGH (235), XPRESS (255).
8. Enter the maximum data volume (in MB) that can be processed at the same time on this provider.
9. Enter the maximum number of granules that can be processed at the same time for this Provider. The Ingest Service uses the maximum data volume and number of granules to limit the amount of the work which it will activate for a provider. Ingest will activate a new granule for an active ingest request only until the amount of work for the provider that is currently in progress reaches one of the configured limits. New granules will be activated as granules complete and slots are opened up.

Only active granules are counted as work in progress and will count against provider limits; granules that completed ingest, failed, were cancelled, or are suspended are not considered ‘in progress’. Note that, in addition, there are overall limits on the total amount of work in progress, across all providers, which may further limit how much work is activated.

Ingest will ignore the provider limits if there is insufficient work queued for the other providers. In this case, granules will be activated until system limits, instead of the provider’s limits, are reached.

10. Select the transfer type.



If data transfer will be FTP or SCP, the operator must enter the Read Info parameters, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-84. If this information is not filled out, when a polling location is added, the operator will not be able to select ftp as the transfer method.



Figure 4.6.1-84. Read Info

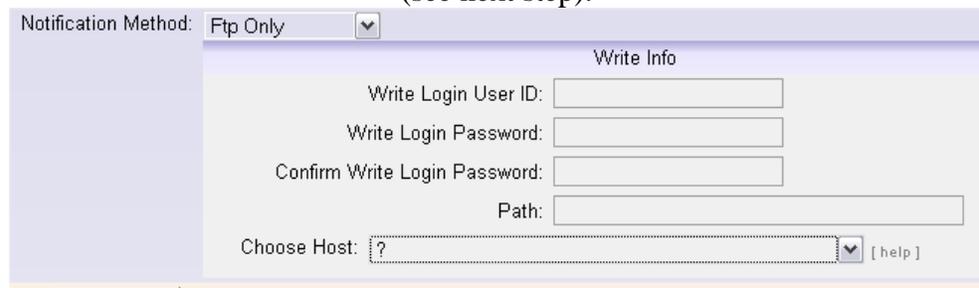
11. Select the notification method. Depending on your selection, the appropriate boxes for the related parameters will appear below the drop-down list:

- a. Email only: enter a valid Email address



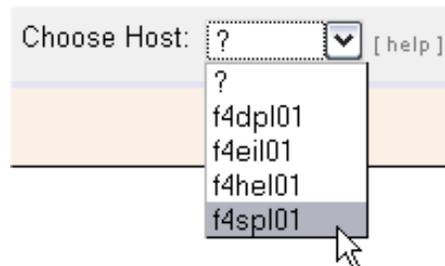
The screenshot shows a form with a 'Notification Method' dropdown menu set to 'Email Only'. Below the dropdown, there is a section titled 'E-Mail Info' containing an 'E-Mail address:' label and an empty text input field.

- b. FTP only or SCP only (the same form shows up for either): enter the FTP or SCP Write login information, the path, and select a host from the dropdown list (see next step).



The screenshot shows a form with a 'Notification Method' dropdown menu set to 'Ftp Only'. Below the dropdown, there is a section titled 'Write Info' containing several input fields: 'Write Login User ID:', 'Write Login Password:', 'Confirm Write Login Password:', and 'Path:'. At the bottom of this section is a 'Choose Host:' dropdown menu with a question mark icon and a '[help]' link.

- c. Pick an existing, pre-configured FTP host as defined in the FTP Host Configuration page; a drop-down list will appear with the available configured hosts:



This is a close-up of the 'Choose Host:' dropdown menu. The menu is open, showing a list of host names: '?', 'f4dpl01', 'f4eil01', 'f4hel01', and 'f4spl01'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'f4spl01' option, which is highlighted.

When you select the desired host, an information box is displayed, showing the host's name, IP address, and other details, as applicable to the type of host (FTP or SCP – see the figures below):

An example of an SCP host:

Notification Method: Scp Only

Write Info

Write Login User ID:

Write Login Password:

Confirm Write Login Password:

Path:

Choose Host: [help]

Name:	f4dpl01
Type:	F-Secure
Cipher:	none
Address:	f4dpl01
Max SCP Operations:	25
Timeout:	yes (30s)
Auto Retry:	yes (15s)

An example of an FTP host:

Notification Method: Ftp Only

Write Info

Write Login User ID:

Write Login Password:

Confirm Write Login Password:

Path:

Choose Host: [help]

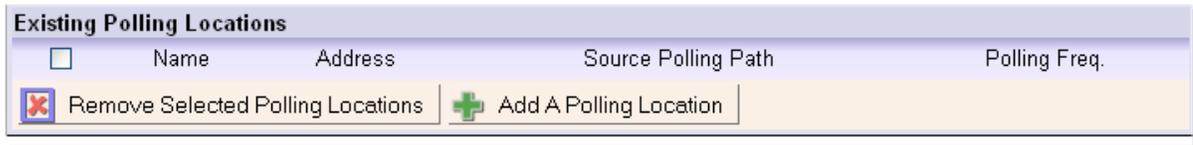
Name:	LPDAAC
FTP Mode:	PASSIVE
Address:	f3drg01.hitc.com
Max FTP Operations:	4
Timeout:	yes (300s)
Auto Retry:	yes (300s)

- d. If you are configuring a Polling Location with Transfer Type of “local”, no path or Read Info entry is required.
- e. Email and FTP, or Email and SCP: If you select this option, you *must* enter parameters for both the Read and the Write Info.

12. Now add this provider by clicking the “Add This Provider” button at the bottom of the screen. Note that polling locations can not be added until the provider has been added. You will be prompted to confirm the addition of a new provider.



13. You will be taken back to the Provider Configuration page. Select the new provider to view its details. At the bottom of the Provider Detail page, click “Add a Polling Location”:

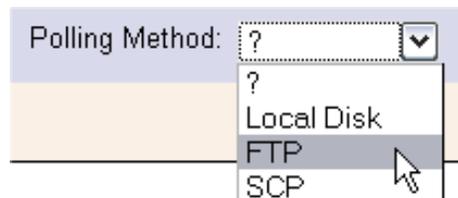


Note: This step is not necessary to complete the provider configuration; the operator may come back and edit this provider and add or remove polling locations at any time. The Data Provider, however, will not become active (i.e., polling will not begin) until at least one polling location is added.

14. A new screen will be displayed that will guide you through configuring the parameters of the polling location:

A screenshot of a configuration page for a "Parent Provider: ACRIM". It contains several input fields: "Polling Location Name" with a "[help]" link, "Source Polling Path" with a "[help]" link, "Polling Frequency" with "[seconds]" and "[help]" links, "DPL Ingest Enabled" with a checkbox, and "Polling Method" with a dropdown menu showing "?". At the bottom, there are two buttons: "Add Polling Location" (with a green plus icon) and "Reset" (with a red X icon).

15. Enter a unique name for the location; names that already exist will be rejected.
16. Enter the Source Polling Path- this is the pathname from which to transfer the PDR files.
17. Enter the polling frequency in seconds – the minimum value is 120 seconds.
18. Select whether or not this Polling Location is DPL Ingest Enabled.
19. Choose the type of host on which this polling location resides:
- Pick pre-configured SCP or FTP host as defined in the Host Configuration page; a drop-down list will appear with the available configured hosts:



When you select the desired host, an information box is displayed, showing the host’s login information, IP address, and other details. The following is an example of what is displayed for an FTP host:

Polling Method:

Host Name: [help]

Name:	f4spl01.hitc.com
FTP Mode:	ACTIVE
Address:	f0dps01
Max FTP Operations:	5
Timeout:	yes (300s)
Auto Retry:	yes (15s)

The following is an example of what is displayed for an SCP host:

Polling Method:

Host Name: [help]

Name:	f4dpl01
SSH Type:	OpenSSH
Cipher:	aes128
Address:	f4dpl01
Max SCP Operations:	26
Timeout:	yes (30s)
Auto Retry:	yes (16s)

- b. Or...configure as a local disk directory; No further information is required (the path is already provided at the top of the page).

Polling Method:

- ?
 - Local Disk
 - FTP
 - SCP

20. When you’re done, click the “Add Polling Location” button at the bottom of the screen. Now you’re done adding the polling location! Repeat the steps above to add more polling locations.

4.6.1.19 Data Type Configuration

Any ECS Collection is eligible for DPL Ingest. ECS collections are added via the DataPool Maintenance GUI. These configuration screens allow DAAC users to override some assumptions about these Data Types. The default assumptions are:

- By default, ECS collections are archived but not inserted into the public Data Pool upon ingest. The operator can change this so all granules associated with an ECS

- The operator can configure a default public and hidden retention time for all Versioned Data Types. Adding a public retention period will guarantee that they remain in the Data Pool for ordering purposes after ingest for the specified time. Otherwise, they will be removed immediately after archiving completes. The operator can override the default retention for individual collections.

This page displays the data types whose configuration has been altered to support non-default options. To change options for these data types, check the box next to each Data Type short name you wish to modify, and set the options in the Modify Selected Data Types panel at the bottom of the list. To set non-default options for other Data Pool data types, select 'View / Configure Additional Data Types' at the top of the list and select the additional data types from the resulting list.

See Figure 4.6.1-85 for a general overview of this page. Explanations of the fields on this page may be found in Table 4.6.1-24.

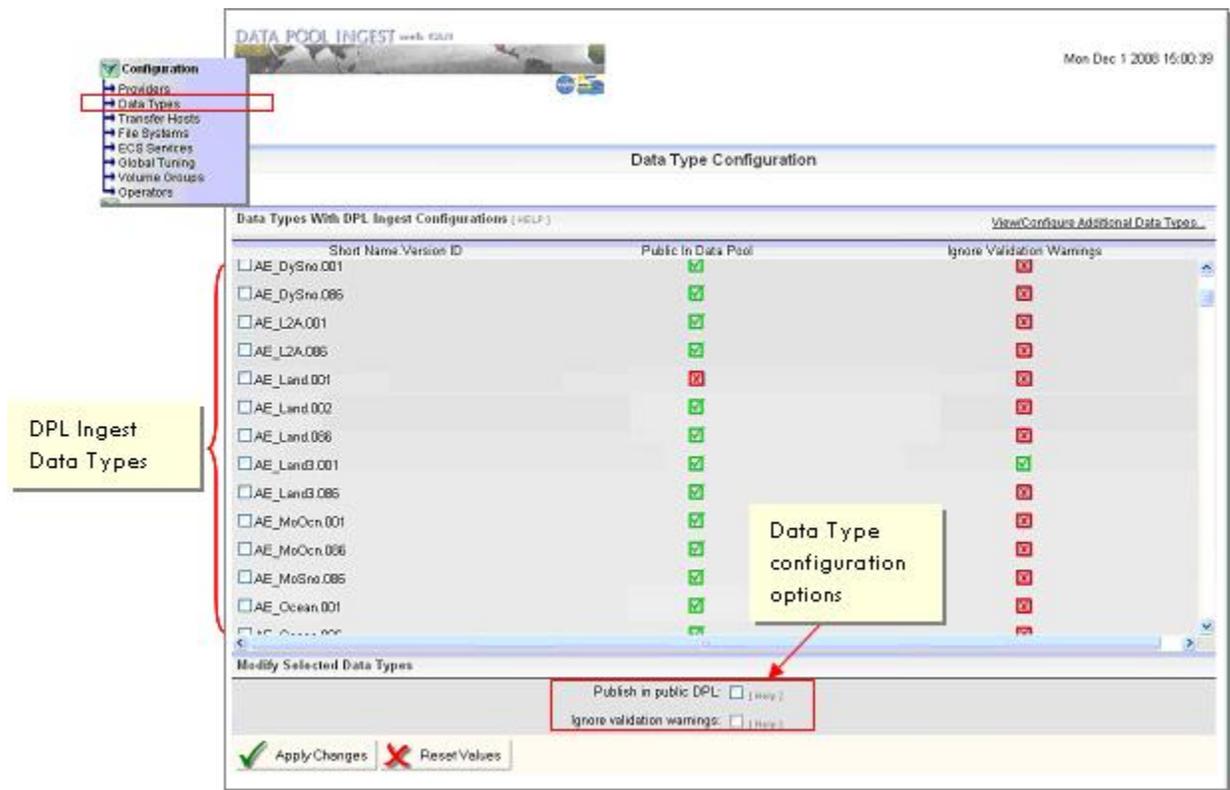


Figure 4.6.1-85. Data Type Configuration (General Overview)

Editing Data Types

To configure the attributes of any of the listed data types here, check the box next to the desired data types (multiple selections may be made) and enter the new parameters in the form below labeled **Modify Selected Data Types** and click on **Apply Changes**, as indicated by the red arrows in Figure 4.6.1-85.

Note: Trailing and leading white space will be removed from values entered into any text fields on this page, or any of the sub pages under it.

Table 4.6.1-24. Data Type Configuration Page Field Descriptions

Field Name	Entry	Description
Short Name.Version ID	Not Editable	The Short Name and Version Id for the collection.
Public in Data Pool	Editable	Indicates whether or not to publish data for this data type in the public Data Pool following successful Ingest.
Ignore Validation Warnings	Editable	Determines whether the operator will be notified via email if there are metadata validation warnings for a granule belonging to the given collection.

4.6.1.20 Transfer Host Configuration

This page allows the operator to manage SCP, FTP, and Llocal Hhosts for general use in the Data Pool Ingest system. These hosts can be referenced when defining polling locations or notification hosts.

In addition, if the host ip-addresses are referenced within PDRs as the source locations for granule files, DPL Ingest will automatically refer to their definition to obtain time out and retry parameters.

The DAAC will be able to define default time-out and retry parameters for SCP or FTP hosts, to be used if a host is referenced that has not been explicitly defined. If a request is sent through processing with a host referenced in the PDR that does not show up on the GUI as a configured host, a new host will automatically be added to the list of SCP/FTP Hosts with the name UNDEFHOST_[Provider]_[RequestID]. Default host configuration parameters will be applied to the new host until the operator chooses to modify them.

On the Transfer Host Configuration page, you can add named SCP or FTP hosts and configure them to suit their purpose. You can also edit and remove existing hosts, and change the default parameters for all SCP or FTP hosts and for the LOCAL host.

This page is shown in Figure 4.6.1-86. Explanations of the fields on this page may be found in Table 4.6.1-25 and throughout this section.

Host Configuration					
HELP					
Existing FTP Hosts					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Label	Address	Max. FTP Operations	Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time)	Auto Retry Interval
<input type="checkbox"/>	NSIDC	f4eil01	7	3.000MB/s + 30s	15s
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4dpl01	f4dpl01.hitc.com	10	3.000MB/s + 30s	120s
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4eil01	f4eil01.hitc.com	5	3.000MB/s + 30s	120s
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Remove Selected Hosts		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Add A FTP Host...			
HELP					
Existing SCP Hosts					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Label	Address	Max. SCP Operations	Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time)	Auto Retry Interval
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4dpl01	f4dpl01	10	3.000MB/s + 30s	15s
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4eil01	f4eil01	25	3.000MB/s + 30s	20s
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4t01	f4t01	25	3.000MB/s + 30s	15s
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Remove Selected Hosts		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Add A SCP Host...			
Default FTP Host Configurations					
			Max. FTP Operations: 5		
			Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time): 3.000MB/s + 30s		
			Auto Retry Interval: 120s		
Edit					
Default SCP Host Configurations					
			Max. SCP Operations: 5		
			Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time): 3.000MB/s + 30s		
			Auto Retry Interval: 120s		
Edit					
Local Host Configurations					
			Max. Local Operations: 5		
			Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time): 3.000MB/s + 30s		
			Auto Retry Interval: 120s		
Edit					

Figure 4.6.1-86. Host Configuration (General Overview)

Viewing and Configuring Host Details

To view or configure the details for a host, click on the name of the desired host. The SCP and FTP Host Detail pages are explained in Section 4.6.1.20.3.

4.6.1.20.1 Removing an SCP or FTP Transfer Host

To remove a reference to a host, check the box next to the host name; multiple selections may be made. Then click “Remove Selected Hosts” at the bottom of the list – you will be prompted for confirmation before the host is removed. See Figure 4.6.1-87.

Existing FTP Hosts					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Label	Address	Max. FTP Operations	Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time)	Auto Retry Interval
<input type="checkbox"/>	NSIDC	f4eil01	7	3.000MB/s + 30s	15s
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4dpl01	f4dpl01.hitc.com	10	3.000MB/s + 30s	120s
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4eil01	f4eil01.hitc.com	5	3.000MB/s + 30s	120s

Figure 4.6.1-87. Removing SCP/FTP Host

4.6.1.20.2 Adding an SCP or FTP Host

To add a named reference to a new host, take the following steps:

1. Click on “Add a [SCP, FTP] Host...” at the bottom of the host list:



2. A new screen will be displayed with blank fields to add the host label (a unique name YOU give this host), IP address/DNS Name, and configuration parameters, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-88 and Figure 4.6.1-89.

SCP Host Configuration - add a new host

Host Parameters

Label: [the label for this host]

Address: [the DNS name or IP address and port]

Max. Operations: [max. concurrent SCP Operations]

Timeout: [enable host timeout]

Expected Throughput: [Minimum expected throughput, in MB/s]

Pad Time: [seconds]

Auto Retry: [enable automatic retry when Host is suspended]

Retry Interval: [seconds]

Figure 4.6.1-88. Adding a New SCP Host

FTP Host Configuration - add a new host

Host Parameters

Label: [the label for this host]

Address: [the DNS name or IP address and port]

Max. Operations: [max. concurrent FTP Operations]

Timeout: [enable host timeout]

Expected Throughput: [Minimum expected throughput, in MB/s]

Pad Time: [seconds]

Auto Retry: [enable automatic retry when Host is suspended]

Retry Interval: [seconds]

Add This Host
 Cancel

Figure 4.6.1-89. Adding a New FTP Host

FTP and SCP Hosts have similar but slightly different fields. Table 4.6.1-25 explains these fields.

Table 4.6.1-25. Add a SCP/FTP Host Page Field Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Label	Required	A unique identifier for the host.
Address	Required	The IP address (e.g., 192.168.2.1:23) or DNS name (e.g., f4eil01.hitc.com:22) and port of the FTP or SCP host. The port is not required, but if none is supplied, the default ports of 21 for FTP and 22 for SCP will be used.
Max Operations	Required	Total number of operations that can occur simultaneously on the host. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.
Timeout	Optional	Whether or not to allow a host to timeout if operations of a particular size take too much time to complete.
Expected Throughput	Required if timeout is flagged	Expected amount of data in MBs of a granule to be processed during the configured pad time. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.

Table 4.6.1-25. Add a SCP/FTP Host Page Field Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Pad Time	Required if timeout is flagged	Time (in seconds) a configured chunk of data should be processed before raising a timeout alert. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.
Auto Retry	Optional	Whether or not to retry an action that failed or generated an error on the host.
Retry Interval	Required if Auto Retry is flagged	Time in between retries on the host. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.

3. Enter a unique label for the host – existing labels will be rejected.
4. Enter the I.P. (e.g., 192.168.2.1) address or the DNS name (e.g., f4eil01.hitc.com) and port number on the same line, separated by a colon. If no port is provided, the default ports of 21 for FTP and 22 for SCP will be used.
5. If you’re configuring an FTP host, select active or passive mode
6. Set “Max. Operations” - the maximum number of concurrent FTP or SCP operations this host may initiate.
7. Set the timeout flag. If this box is checked, text boxes will be displayed for the Expected Throughput (in MB/s) and Pad Time values:

Timeout: [enable host timeout]
 Expected Throughput: [Minimum expected throughput, in MB/s]
 Pad Time: [seconds]

8. Set the Auto Retry flag. If this box checked, a textbox will be displayed to set the Retry Interval value - the number of minutes to wait between retries of this host if it becomes suspended by the server:

Auto Retry: [enable automatic retry when Host is suspended]
 Retry Interval: [seconds]

9. Click “Add This Host” at the bottom of the screen to add this host. It will now appear as a new entry in the Transfer Host Configuration page.

4.6.1.20.3 SCP and FTP Host Configuration Detail

To view and edit an existing FTP or SCP Transfer Host, click on the name of the desired host on the Host Configuration page. A new page will be displayed, allowing the operator to view and edit (if authorized) the parameters of the host, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-90. Explanations of the fields on this page may be found in Table 4.6.1-26.

Note: Trailing and leading white space will be removed from values entered into any text fields on this page, or any of the sub pages under it.

Host Configuration for UNDEFHOST_EDOS_118977	
Host Parameters	
Label:	UNDEFHOST_EDOS_118977 [the label for this host]
Address:	f4ei01.hitc.com [the DNS name or IP address and port]
Max. Operations:	5 [max. concurrent FTP operations]
Timeout:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> [enable host timeout]
Expected Throughput:	3.000 [Minimum expected throughput, in MB/s]
Pad Time:	30 [seconds]
Auto Retry:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> [enable automatic retry when Host is suspended]
Retry Interval:	120 [seconds]
 Apply Changes	 Reset Form

Figure 4.6.1-90. FTP Host Configuration Detail

Table 4.6.1-26. SCP/FTP Host Configuration Detail Field Descriptions

Field Name	Entry	Description
Label	Required	A unique identifier for the host.
Address	Required	An IP address or the canonical name and port (if needed) of an FTP host.
Max Operations	Required	Total number of operations that can occur simultaneously on the host. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.
Timeout	Optional	Whether or not to allow a host to timeout if operations of a particular size take too much time to complete.
Expected Throughput	Required if timeout is flagged	Expected amount of MBs of a granule to be processed during the configured pad time. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.
Pad Time	Required if timeout is flagged	Time a configured chunk of data should be processed before raising a timeout alert. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.
Auto Retry	Optional	Whether or not to retry an action that failed or generated an error on the host.
Retry Interval	Required if Auto Retry is flagged	Time in between retries on the host. If this field is left empty a default value will be supplied.

4.6.1.20.4 Local and Default Host Configuration

Local Host configuration parameters are used during any local transfer operations. The *Max. Local Operations* limits how many local copies will occur concurrently. The timeout values apply to each individual local copy operation.

Default SCP and FTP Host configuration values are used to fill in default values whenever a new SCP or FTP host is added, or if a field is left empty when updating an existing SCP or FTP host. To edit local host or default SCP or FTP Host configuration, click “Edit” beneath the “Local Host Configuration” or “Default SCP and FTP Host Configuration” sections of the Transfer Host Configuration page. See Figure 4.6.1-91.

Default FTP Host Configurations	
	Max. FTP Operations: 10
	Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time): 2.500MB/s + 30s
	Auto Retry Interval: 15s
Edit	
Default SCP Host Configurations	
	Max. SCP Operations: 10
	Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time): 3.657MB/s + 30s
	Auto Retry Interval: 15s
Edit	
Local Host Configurations	
	Max. Local Operations: 10
	Timeout (Expected Throughput + Pad Time): 3.000MB/s + 31s
	Auto Retry Interval: 25s
Edit	

Figure 4.6.1-91. Default and Local Host Configuration

A configuration page will appear exactly like the SCP or FTP Host Configuration Detail page, except the Label will not be an editable field (as shown in Figure 4.6.1-92). Explanations of the fields on this page may be found in Table 4.6.1-26.

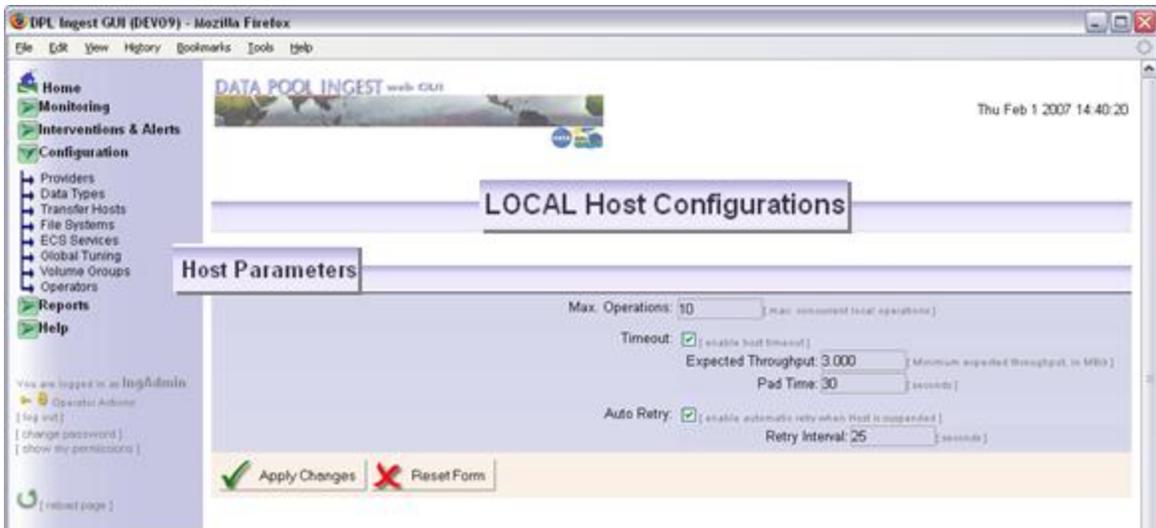


Figure 4.6.1-92. Local Host Configuration

Enter your configuration changes and then press “Apply Changes.”

4.6.1.21 File System Configuration

The File System Configuration page allows the operator to configure warning and suspension thresholds for any configured Archive or Data Pool File Systems, as shown in Figures 4.6.1-93 and 4.6.1-94. This page shows both types, starting with the Archive File Systems at the top and Data Pool File Systems at the bottom. Table 4.6.1-27 contains the archive file system configuration page field descriptions and Table 4.6.1-28 contains Data Pool file systems configuration page field descriptions.

DPL Ingest GUI (DEV09) - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

DATA POOL INGEST web GUI

Wed Feb 21 2007 17:38:19

File System Configuration

ARCHIVE12 /archive/DEV01drp			
Cache Warning Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert	<input type="text" value="95"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert and suspend the Archive File System	<input type="text" value="99"/>	[percent]
Cache Warning Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Warning Alert	<input type="text" value="80"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Full Alert	<input type="text" value="85"/>	[percent]
ARCHIVE13 /datapool/DEV01/asser/FS1/ARCHIVE			
Cache Warning Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert	<input type="text" value="95"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert and suspend the Archive File System	<input type="text" value="100"/>	[percent]
Cache Warning Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Warning Alert	<input type="text" value="80"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Full Alert	<input type="text" value="85"/>	[percent]
ARCHIVE14 /NDONTEXT/istormex/sns1/DEV01/MODIS			
Cache Warning Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert	<input type="text" value="95"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert and suspend the Archive File System	<input type="text" value="97"/>	[percent]
Cache Warning Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Warning Alert	<input type="text" value="80"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Full Alert	<input type="text" value="85"/>	[percent]
Amfs1 /stormex/amfs1/			
Cache Warning Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert	<input type="text" value="99"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert and suspend the Archive File System	<input type="text" value="100"/>	[percent]
Cache Warning Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Warning Alert	<input type="text" value="97"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Full Alert	<input type="text" value="98"/>	[percent]
Browfs /stormex/browfs/			
Cache Warning Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert	<input type="text" value="90"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert and suspend the Archive File System	<input type="text" value="99"/>	[percent]
Cache Warning Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Warning Alert	<input type="text" value="85"/>	[percent]
Cache Full Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Full Alert	<input type="text" value="80"/>	[percent]

http://localhost:6094/INGEST_GUI/faces/EcdItrGuiFileSystemConfig.jsp

Figure 4.6.1-93. File System Configuration (Archive File Systems Only)

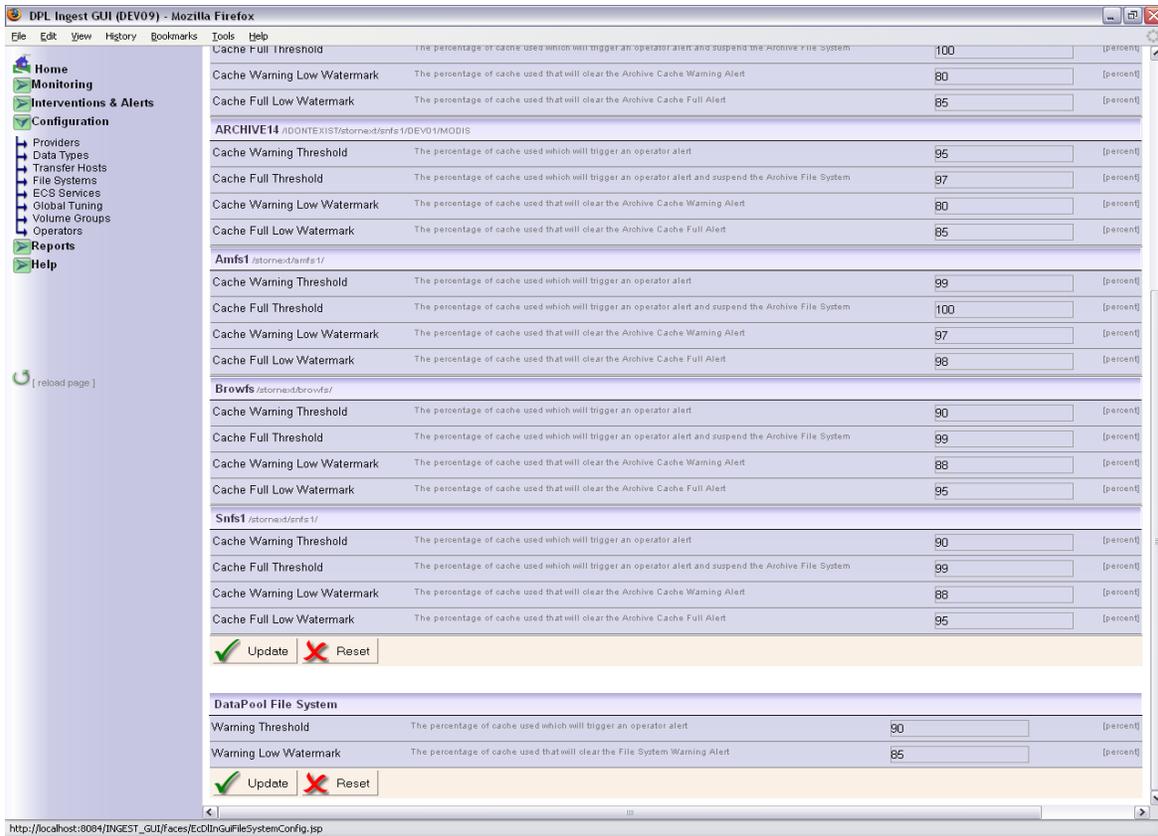


Figure 4.6.1-94. File System Configuration (DataPool File Systems at the Bottom)

Table 4.6.1-27. Archive File Systems Configuration Page Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Cache Warning Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert. This must be below the Cache Full Threshold and above the Cache Warning Low Watermark.
Cache Full Threshold	The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert and suspend the Archive File System. This must be above the other threshold and watermarks.
Cache Warning Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Warning Alert. This must be below the Cache Warning Threshold and the Cache Full Low Watermark.
Cache Full Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the Archive Cache Full Alert. This must be below the other watermark and thresholds.

Table 4.6.1-28. DataPool File Systems Configuration Page Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Warning Threshold	Warning Threshold The percentage of cache used which will trigger an operator alert.
Warning Low Watermark	The percentage of cache used that will clear the File System Warning Alert.

To modify File System parameters, enter the desired changes in the configurable fields and click “Update” – these buttons are located at the bottom of each of the DataPool and Archive File Systems sections.



4.6.1.22 ECS Service Configuration

This page (see Figure 4.6.1-95) allows the operator to configure the parameters of ECS services on a host-specific basis. A default checksum type and algorithm can also be set for use by the checksumming service hosts. Further, this page also allows the operator to select the host from which AIM will be run. This must be configured to ensure proper functionality of the DPL Ingest system.

An authorized operator can change any of the fields (they would otherwise be disabled for unauthorized or view-only operators).

Note that you cannot suspend or resume these services from this page – you must do this from the ECS Services Status Page (see Section 4.6.1.14). The initial page is a listing page only on which modifications cannot be made. The list shows which services are enabled for each host.

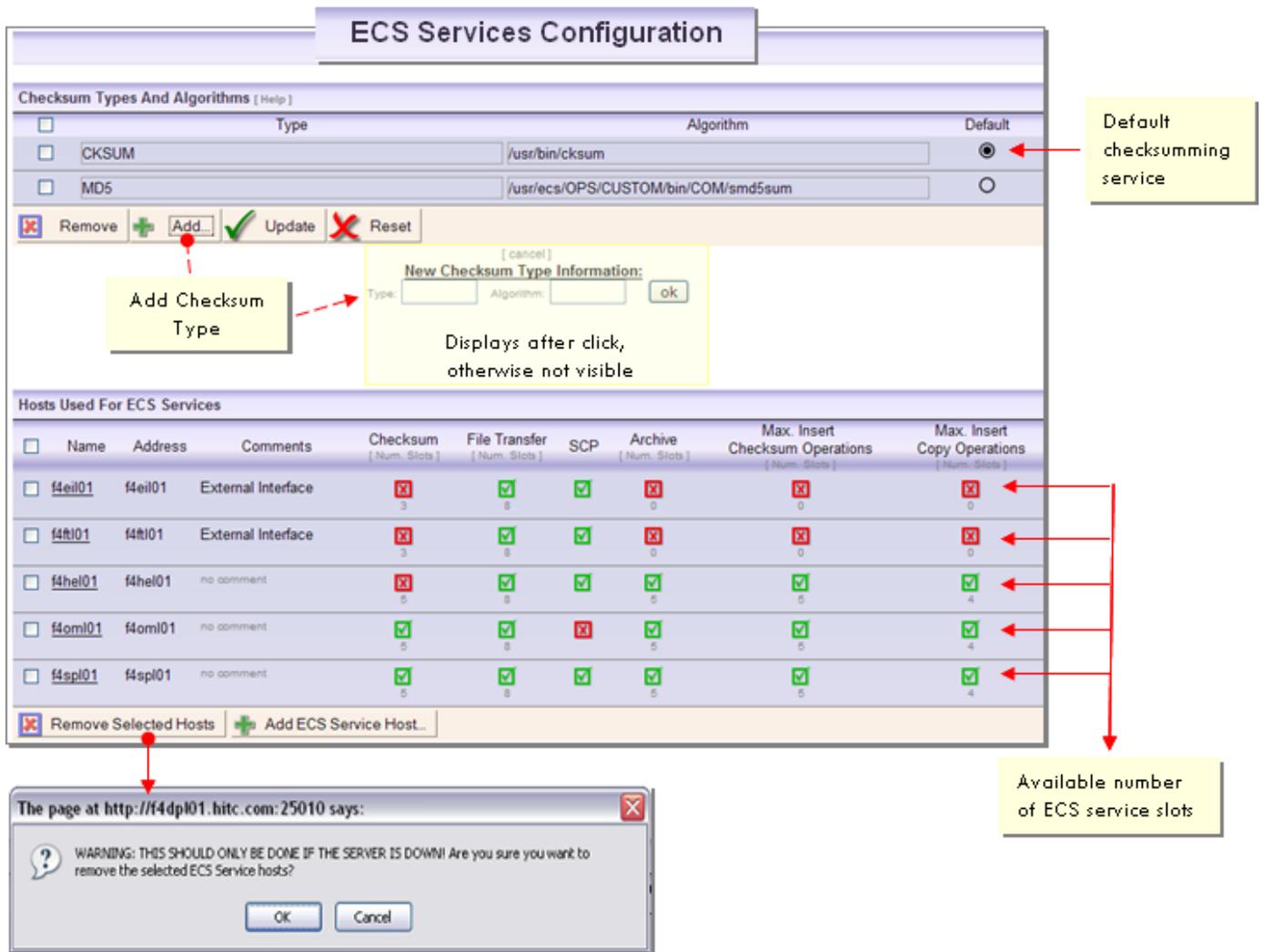


Figure 4.6.1-95. ECS Service Configuration (General Overview)

This page contains three sections:

- Checksum Type and Algorithm Configuration – *The operator can add, edit, and delete checksum types and their specific algorithms, and specify if the checksum type will be used as the default type.*
- Hosts used for ECS Services – *The operator can view, add, and edit the attributes of the ECS Service host and can configure each of the services that run on that host (see Table 4.6.1-29).*

Table 4.6.1-29. ECS Services Configuration Field Description

Field Name	Description
Name	The unique name given for this ECS Service Host.
Address	The IP address or DNS Name and port of the host.
Comments	Any descriptive comment text given for this host.
Max. Insert Checksum Operations	The maximum number of Insert Checksum Operations that will be performed by this host (checksum performed before archiving).
Max. Insert Copy Operations	The maximum Insert Copy operations that will be performed by this host.
Checksum	Each of these ECS Services are indicated by checkmark as enabled (green <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>) or disabled (red <input type="checkbox"/>) for each host. NOTE: The numbers under each of the indicators are the number of available slots for this service.
File Transfer	
Archive	
Band Extractions	
SCP	

4.6.1.22.1 Adding an ECS Service Host

Authorized operators can add new ECS Service Hosts and configure each of their associated services from this page. To add a Service Host, do the following:

- On the ECS Services page, click “Add an ECS Service Host” at the bottom of the list:



- A new page will load with a blank form, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-96.

Table 4.6.1-30 contains the ECS services configuration field.

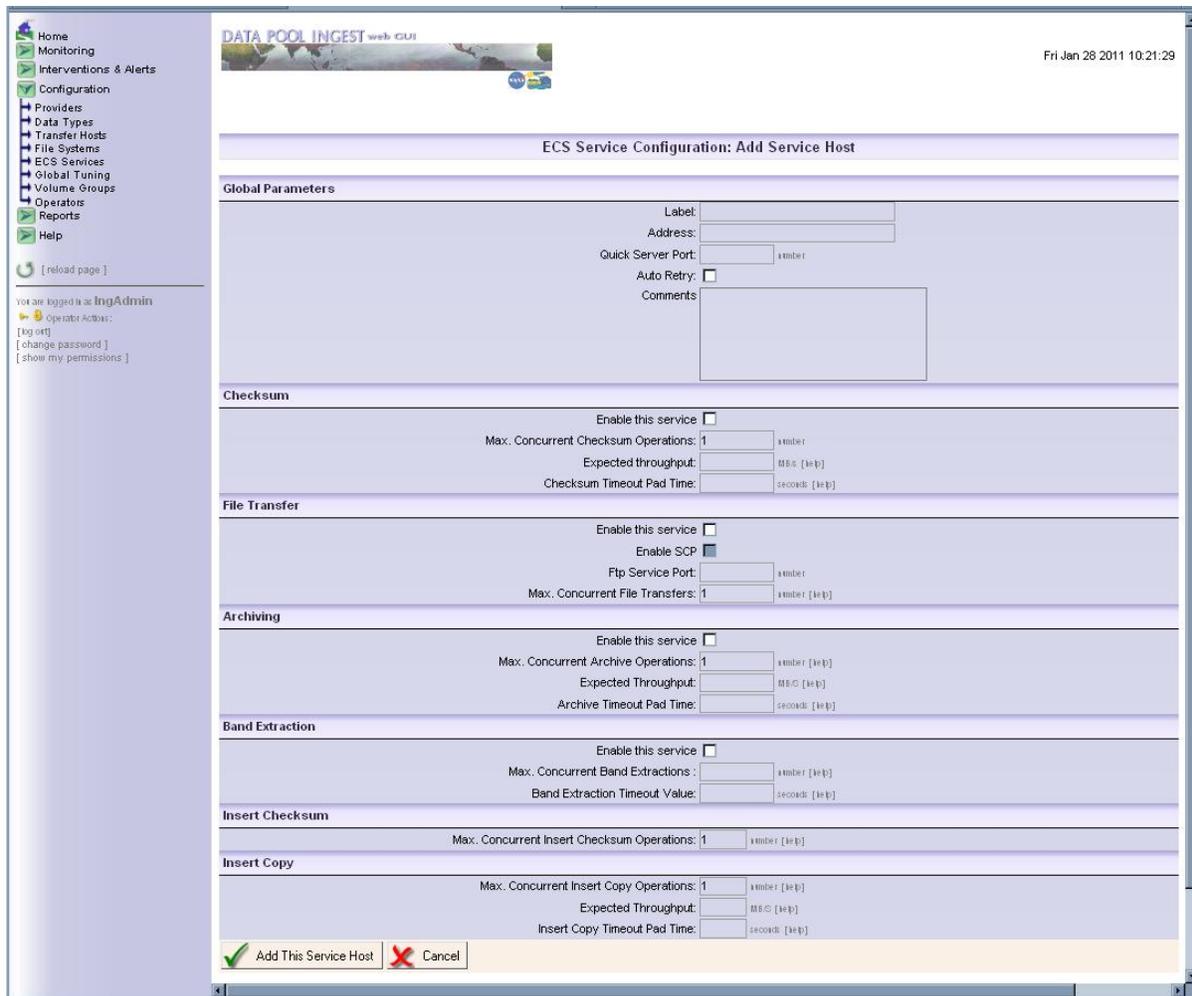


Figure 4.6.1-96. Adding a New ECS Service Host

Table 4.6.1-30. ECS Services Configuration Field Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Global parameters:		
Label	Required	A unique name for the ECS Service host, preferably based on the actual host name.
Address	Required	The IP address (e.g., 127.5.2.88) or canonical name (e.g., f4eil01.hitc.com) of the host.
Quick Server Port	Required	The Quick Server port number associated with this service. Hint: the Quick Server port can be determined by looking at the Quickserver's configuration file.
Auto Retry	Optional	Whether or not to automatically retry processing of actions for all services enabled on this host.
Comment	Optional	The description of the host and its services.

Table 4.6.1-30. ECS Services Configuration Field Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Checksum:		
Enable this service	Optional	Whether or not to use this service.
Max. Concurrent Checksum Operations	Required if enabled	The maximum number of concurrent checksum operations that may be performed on this host at any one time.
Expected Throughput	Required if enabled	The expected data throughput for checksum operations. This is to identify stuck operations.
Checksum Timeout Pad Time	Required if enabled	The additional delay for a checksum operation before it is considered timed-out.
File Transfer:		
Enable this service	Optional	Whether or not to use this service.
Enable SCP	Optional	Whether or not to use SCP as the file transfer method. This will only take effect if "Enable this service" is checked.
Ftp Service Port	Required if enable	The Ftp Service port number associated with this service. Hint: the Ftp Service port can be determined by looking at the FtpService's configuration file.
Max. Concurrent File Transfers	Required if enabled	The maximum number of concurrent file transfers that may be executed on this host.
Archiving:		
Enable this service	Optional	Whether or not to use this service.
Max. Concurrent Archive Operations	Required if enabled	The maximum number of concurrent archive operations that may be executed on this host.
Expected Throughput	Required if enabled	The expected data throughput for archive operations. This is to identify stuck operations.
Archive Timeout Pad Time	Required if enabled	The additional delay for an archive operation before it is considered timed-out.
Band Extraction:		
Enable this service	Optional	Whether or not to use this service.
Max. Concurrent Band Extractions	Required if enabled	The maximum number of concurrent band extraction operations that may be executed on this host.
Band Extraction Timeout Value	Required if enabled	The number of seconds for a band extraction operation before it is considered timed-out.
Insert Checksum:		
Max. Concurrent Insert Checksum Operations:	Optional	The maximum number of concurrent Insert Checksum operations that may be executed on this host.
Insert Copy:		
Max. Concurrent Insert Copy Operations	Required	The maximum number of concurrent Insert Copy operations that may be executed on this host.
Expected Throughput	Required	The expected data throughput for Insert Copy operations. This is to identify stuck operations.
Insert Copy Timeout Pad Time	Required	The additional delay for an Insert Copy operation before it is considered timed-out.

- Under the Global Parameters section, enter the parameter values for that server:

Global Parameters

Label: f4dpl01

Address: f4dpl01

Quick Server Port: 22311 number

Auto Retry:

Comments

You can also add comments here to describe the server’s purpose.

- Configure the parameters for each of the available services on this server. Some services can be enabled or disabled (e.g., Checksum and File Transfer). By default, services are *not* enabled unless you specifically enabled them by checking “Enable this service” above the parameter boxes:

Enable this service

Checksum Time Limit: 1 seconds

- Configure the settings for the Checksum service. Note that these are parameters for *all* types of checksum operations that run on this host. To add and configure checksum types, go to the main ECS Service Configuration page.

Here and for all other services, there are two time-out parameters that the Ingest Service uses to determine when an operation should be considered overdue (i.e., timed-out) and cancels it. The two parameters are: (1) the expected throughput; (2) the time out pad time.

The Ingest Service will calculate the expected time of the operation for a granule by dividing the granule size by the expected throughput, and then add the time out padding. These parameters are only used to determine when an operation should be considered hung, so both the expected throughput and the time-out padding should be chosen pessimistically to avoid canceling operations that are just slow because of concurrent heavy workload.

Checksum

Enable this service

Max. Concurrent Checksum Operations: 1 number

Expected throughput: MB/s [help]

Checksum Timeout Pad Time: seconds [help]

- Configure the settings for the File Transfer service. If this service is enabled, then specify the Ftp Service Port, and configure the maximum number of concurrent file transfers. The timeout parameters are configured separately for each of the FTP hosts. If you want to enable SCP as a transfer service in addition to FTP, check “Enable SCP”:

File Transfer	
Enable this service	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enable SCP	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ftp Service Port:	22600 number
Max. Concurrent File Transfers:	2 number [help]

- Configure the Archive Service:

Archiving	
Enable this service	<input type="checkbox"/>
Max. Concurrent Archive Operations:	number [help]
Expected Throughput:	MB/S [help]
Archive Timeout Pad Time:	seconds [help]

- Configure the Band Extraction Service:

Band Extraction	
Enable this service	<input type="checkbox"/>
Max. Concurrent Band Extractions :	number [help]
Band Extraction Timeout Value:	seconds [help]

- Configure the Insert Checksum Service:

Insert Checksum	
Max. Concurrent Insert Checksum Operations:	5 number [help]

- Configure the Insert Copy Service:

Insert Copy	
Max. Concurrent Insert Copy Operations:	1 number [help]
Expected Throughput:	MB/S [help]
Insert Copy Timeout Pad Time:	seconds [help]

- Click “Add This Service Host” at the bottom. The host will be added and the listing page will be displayed:



4.6.1.22.2 Editing an ECS Service Host

To edit an ECS Service Host and its associated services, click on the name of the host (as shown in Figure 4.6.1-97) and the detail page for that host will be displayed. This page is similar to the “Add ECS Service Host” page and contains all of the same fields. See Section 4.6.1.22 for details on how to configure an ECS Service Host.

Hosts Used For ECS Services							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Address	Comments	Checksum [Num. Slots]	File Transfer [Num. Slots]	SCP	Archive [Num. Slots]
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>f4ei01</u>	f4ei01	External Interface	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>f4ft01</u>	f4ft01	External Interface	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10

Figure 4.6.1-97. Selecting an ECS Service Host to Edit

4.6.1.22.3 Removing an ECS Service Host

To remove an ECS Service Host, check the box next to the host name (as shown in Figure 4.6.1-98) and click “Remove Selected Hosts” at the bottom of the list. A warning will pop up stating that the Server (the Processing Server) must be first shut down, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-99.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>f4ft01</u>	f4ft01	External Interface	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10
<input type="checkbox"/>	f4hel01	f4hel01	no comment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Figure 4.6.1-98. Selecting an ECS Service Host for Removal

The page at <http://f4dpl01.hitc.com:25010> says:

WARNING: THIS SHOULD ONLY BE DONE IF THE SERVER IS DOWN! Are you sure you want to remove the selected ECS Service hosts?

Hosts Used For ECS Services							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Address	Comments	Checksum [Num. Slots]	File Transfer [Num. Slots]	SCP	Archive [Num. Slots]
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>f4ei01</u>	f4ei01	E	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>f4ft01</u>	f4ft01	External Interface	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>f4hel01</u>	f4hel01	no comment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>f4spl01</u>	f4spl01	no comment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10

Figure 4.6.1-99. Warning for Removing ECS Service Host

4.6.1.23 Volume Group Configuration

The Volume Group configuration in the DPL Ingest GUI is meant to duplicate the functionality in the decommissioned STMGT GUI tab with some refinements and enhancements. This configuration page is shown in Figure 4.6.1-100. Table 4.6.1-31 contains the volume groups configuration page field descriptions.

4.6.1.23.1 Volume Group Configuration Page

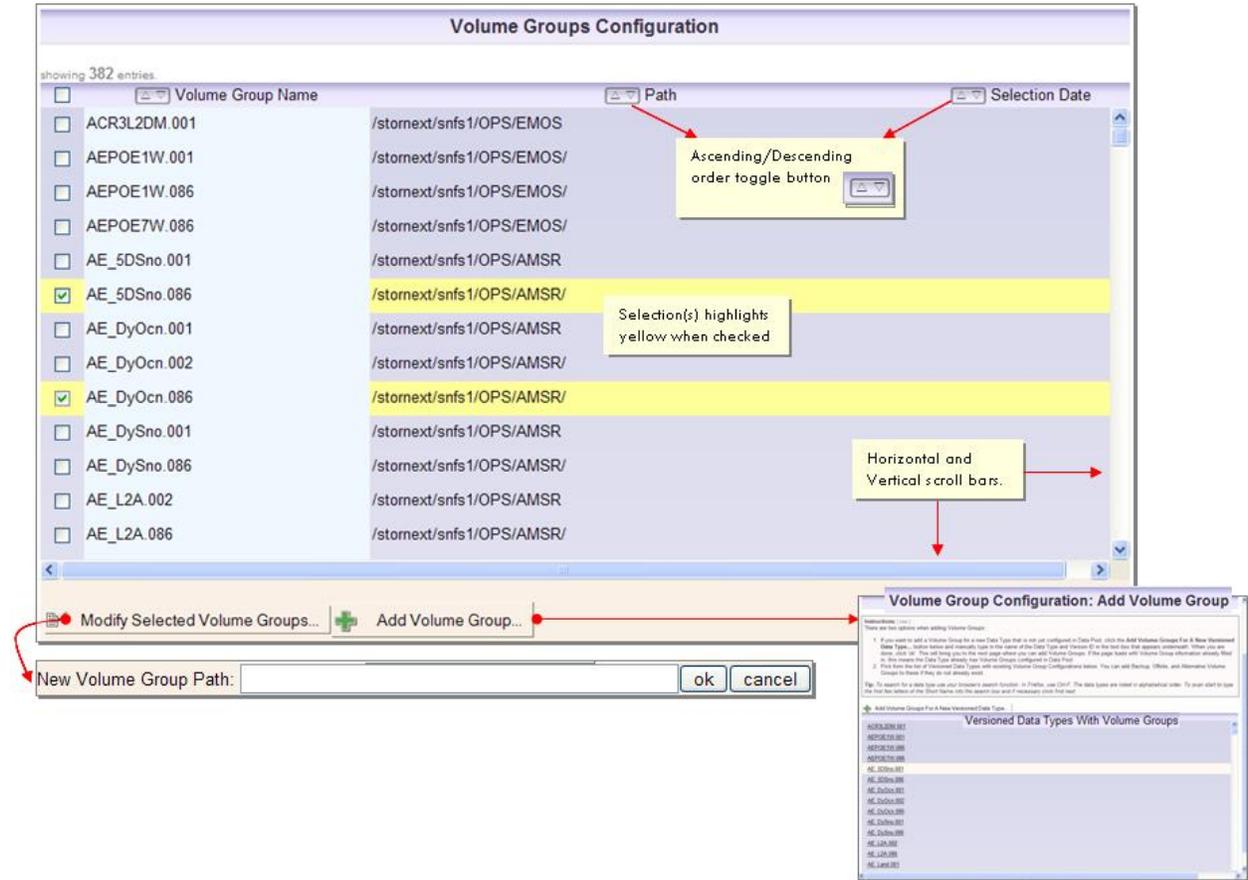


Figure 4.6.1-100. Volume Groups Configuration (Listing Page)

Table 4.6.1-31. Volume Groups Configuration Page Field Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Volume Group Name	Character	255	System Generated	The name of the Volume Group based on a Data Type shortname with version identifier.
Path	Character	255	System Generated	The fully qualified Unix path to where data is stored for the specified data type.

Table 4.6.1-31. Volume Groups Configuration Page Field Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Selection Date	Character	32	System Generated	A selection date (if applicable) defined for the Data Type version of which there are two volume group history sets: one defined for forward processing and the other for reprocessing data.
New Volume Group Path	Text	255	Operator	A hidden field that is displayed when the operator clicks "Modify Selected Volume Groups".

This page displays the list of currently configured volume groups. This list is displayed all on one page and not broken into chunks. By default, the entries are listed alphabetically by Data Type name. You can search for a desired data type by using the browser's built-in search function.

The bottom of the list has a buttons to add a new volume group configuration or edit multiple selections of existing volume groups. Below are more detailed screen shots that explain the features available on this page.

4.6.1.23.1.1 Column Sorting

All columns on the Volume Groups Configuration page can be sorted in ascending or descending order. To sort on a column, click on the up or down arrow at the top of the column, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-101. The sorted column will be highlighted.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Volume Group Name	Path
<input type="checkbox"/>	/MOD28FD2.001	/test/path/
<input type="checkbox"/>	/test/path/	/test/path/
<input type="checkbox"/>	ACR3L0.001	/stornext/snfs1/DEV09/airs1
<input type="checkbox"/>	ACR3L2DM.001	/stornext/snfs1/DEV09/airs1
<input type="checkbox"/>	ACR3L2SC.001	/stornext/snfs1/DEV09/airs1
<input type="checkbox"/>	AE_L2A.001	/test/path/
<input type="checkbox"/>	AE_Land.086	/test/path/

Figure 4.6.1-101. Sort-able Columns

4.6.1.23.1.2 Modifying Volume Groups

Several Volume Groups may be modified at once by checking the boxes next to each Volume Group name and then clicking "Modify Selected Volume Groups..." at the bottom of the list.

The checkbox at the very top of the list allows the operator to select all of the Volume Groups on the page, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-102. Operators will not be able to modify more than one volume group at a time when there are Volume Groups selected from a Data Type version that has an alternative Volume Group History Set defined.

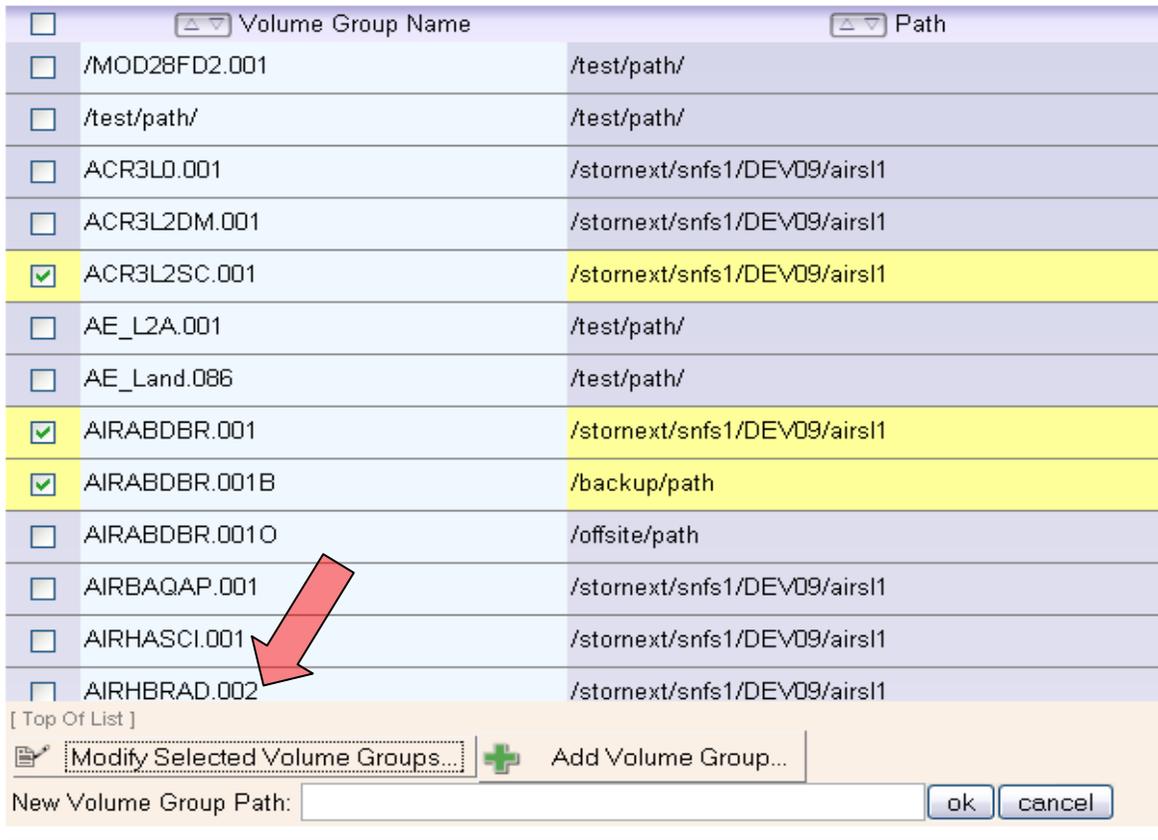


Figure 4.6.1-102. Modify Selected Volume Groups

When the desired Volume Groups are selected, they are highlighted to give a clear visual indication of which Volume Groups will be changed. When the “Modify Selected Volume Groups” button is clicked, a path input field appears below – here you can enter the new path to be applied to all selected Volume Groups. Click “ok” to apply the changes. Before any change takes place, you will be prompted for confirmation.

4.6.1.23.1.3 Adding New Volume Groups

To add a new Volume Group, click “Add Volume Group” at the bottom of the list, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-103.

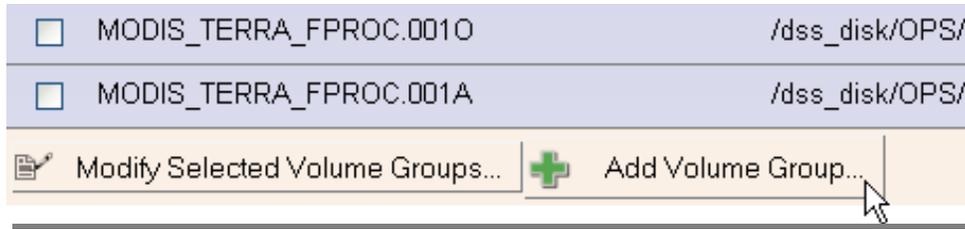


Figure 4.6.1-103. Add Volume Group Button

This will display the Add Volume Groups page.

The list of Volume Groups displayed on this page have already been entered and configured in the STMGDT Database. There are two paths one can take when adding a Volume Group:

1. The operator can add volume groups, to a new a Data Type version (a Data Type version that has not already been configured)
2. The operator can add Volume Groups to an existing Data Type version (a Data Type Version that has at least one Volume Group History Set). For example, if a primary volume group exists for AST_L1B.003, the operator may add a backup Volume Group, which would create a Volume Group named AST_L1B.003B (appending a “B” to the original name). If the backup already exists, the operator would not be able to add another backup Volume Group.

See Section 4.6.1.23.1.4 for more details on how Volume Groups get named.

4.6.1.23.1.4 Volume Group Naming Conventions

When a Volume Group is added, the name will be created based on the type of Volume Group that was added. There are six types, as explained in Table 4.6.1-32. Note that “R” indicates an alternative Volume Group for reprocessing. There is no explicit suffix for forward processing.

Table 4.6.1-32. Volume Group Naming

Volume Group Type	Extension	Example
Primary	<i>none</i>	AST_L1B.003
Primary Alternative	R	AST_L1B.003R
Backup	B	AST_L1B.003B
Backup Alternative	BR	AST_L1B.003BR
Offsite	O	AST_L1B.003O
Offsite Alternative	OR	AST_L1B.003OR

4.6.1.23.2 Add Volume Group Page

The Add Volume Group page allows an authorized operator to add a volume group for a new Data Type version or to add new volume group to an existing Data Type version. See

Figure 4.6.1-105. To add a Volume Group for a new Versioned Data Type, you must first type in the name of the Versioned Data Type. The sequence is as follows:

1. Click on the **Volume Groups** tab in the navigation menu
2. Click on **Add Volume Group...** at the bottom of the list
3. Follow the instructions on the next page. To add a Volume Group for a *new* Versioned Data Type, click **Add Volume Groups For A New Versioned Data Type...** at the top page, as show in Figure 4.6.1-105.
4. Manually type in the Versioned Data Type into the text box. Click ok. A new page will load (Figure 4.6.1-104), allowing you to configure the Versioned Data Type as explained below.

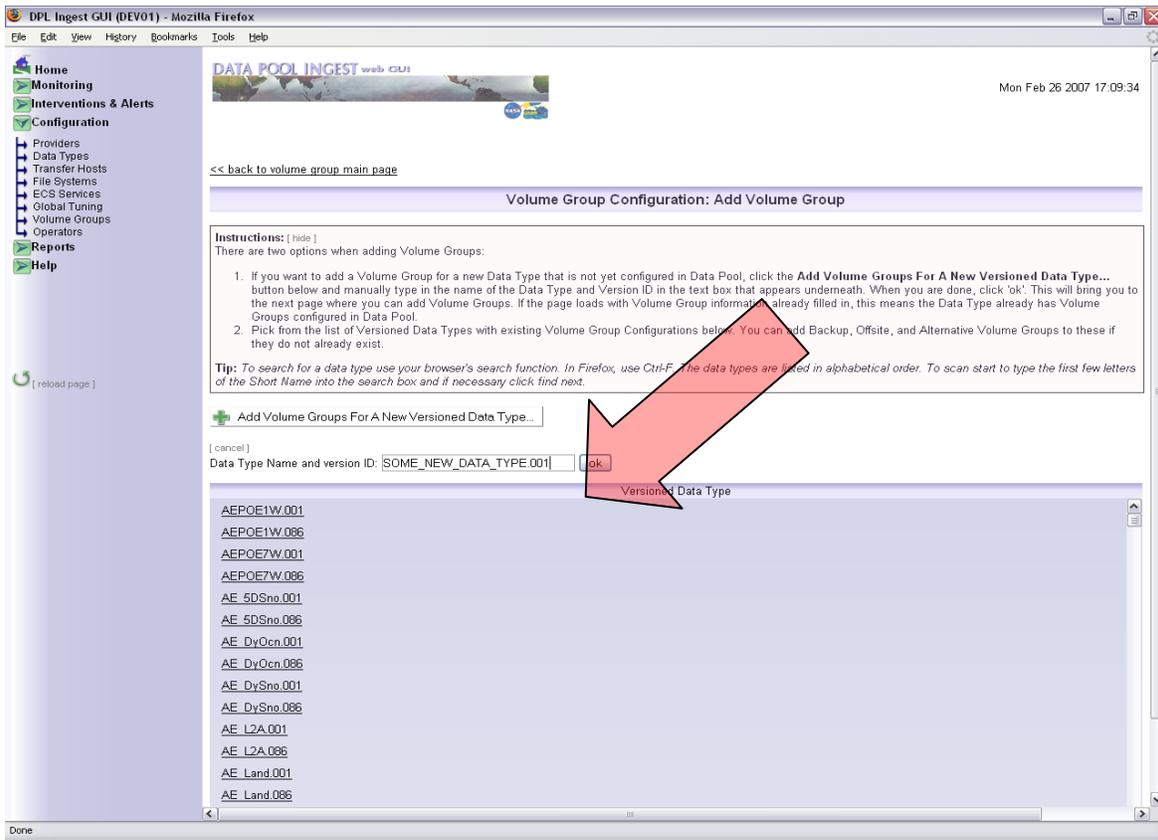


Figure 4.6.1-104. Entering a New Versioned Data Type



Figure 4.6.1-105. Volume Groups: Add a Volume Group Page

Adding a Volume Group for a New Data Type Version

The following rules apply when adding a volume group for a new Data Type Version:

1. The Primary path information *must* be entered.
2. The addition of Backup Volume Group, Offsite Volume Group, or Alternative Volume Group History Set, are optional and may be entered at a later time, however they can be entered all at once on this page as shown in Figure 4.6.1-106.

Add Volume Groups

Data Type and Version ID: AEPOE1W.001

Alternative VG Options:

Reprocessing Forward Processing

Selection Date for alternative Volume Groups:

month: 1 day: 1 year:

Primary Volume Group	Primary Alternative Volume Group
Path: /datapool/DEV01/user/FS1/ARCHIVE	Path: <input type="text"/>
Backup Volume Group	Backup Alternative Volume Group
Path: <input type="text"/>	Path: <input type="text"/>
Offsite Volume Group	Offsite Alternative Volume Group
Path: <input type="text"/>	Path: <input type="text"/>

Figure 4.6.1-106. Alternative Volume Groups

Table 4.6.1-33 contains the add volume group page field descriptions.

Table 4.6.1-33. Add Volume Group Page Field Description (1 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Data Type and Version ID	Required	A Data Type short name and version identifier.
Alternative VG Options	Not Required	Allows operator to enter options for alternative Volume Groups. This can only be checked if an Alternative Volume Group was specified, otherwise, the checkbox is disabled.
Selection Date for alternative Volume Groups	Required if adding Alternative Volume Group History Set	When the alternative check box is selected, the Selection Date section is enabled and is required to be filled out by the user. Selection Date is a separate date to guide Archive Server to select an appropriate Volume Group History set for storing / retrieving data. When acquisition date is not null and less than the Selection Date, Reprocessing Volume Group history set will be used, otherwise, forward processing Volume Group history set will be used.
Reprocessing, Forward Processing	Required if adding Alternative Volume Group History Set	Alternative volume groups can be configured either for reprocessing or even for forward processing. The default is for reprocessing. Although the flexibility to add a new alternative for forward processing is supported, it should be used with caution.

Table 4.6.1-33. Add Volume Group Page Field Description (2 of 2)

Field Name	Entry	Description
Volume Group Path (For Primary)	Required	The fully-qualified Unix path to where data is currently being stored for the specified data type to the Primary Archive.
Volume Group Path (For Backup)	Required if Backup enabled	The fully-qualified Unix path to where data is currently being stored for the specified data type to the Backup Archive.
Volume Group Path (For Offsite)	Required if Offsite enabled	The fully-qualified Unix path to where data is currently being stored for the specified data type to the Offsite Archive.
Volume Group Path (For Primary Alternative)	Required if Primary Alternative enabled	The fully-qualified Unix path to where reprocessing data is currently being stored for the specified data type to the Primary Alternative Archive.
Volume Group Path (For Backup Alternative)	Required if Backup Alternative enabled	The fully-qualified Unix path to where data is currently being stored for the specified data type to the Backup Alternative Archive.
Volume Group Path (For Offsite Alternative)	Required if Offsite Alternative enabled	The fully-qualified Unix path to where data is currently being stored for the specified data type to the Offsite Alternative Archive.

Figure 4.6.1-107 shows the List of Versioned Data Types w/ Existing Volume Group Page.

Adding a Volume Group to an existing Data Type Version

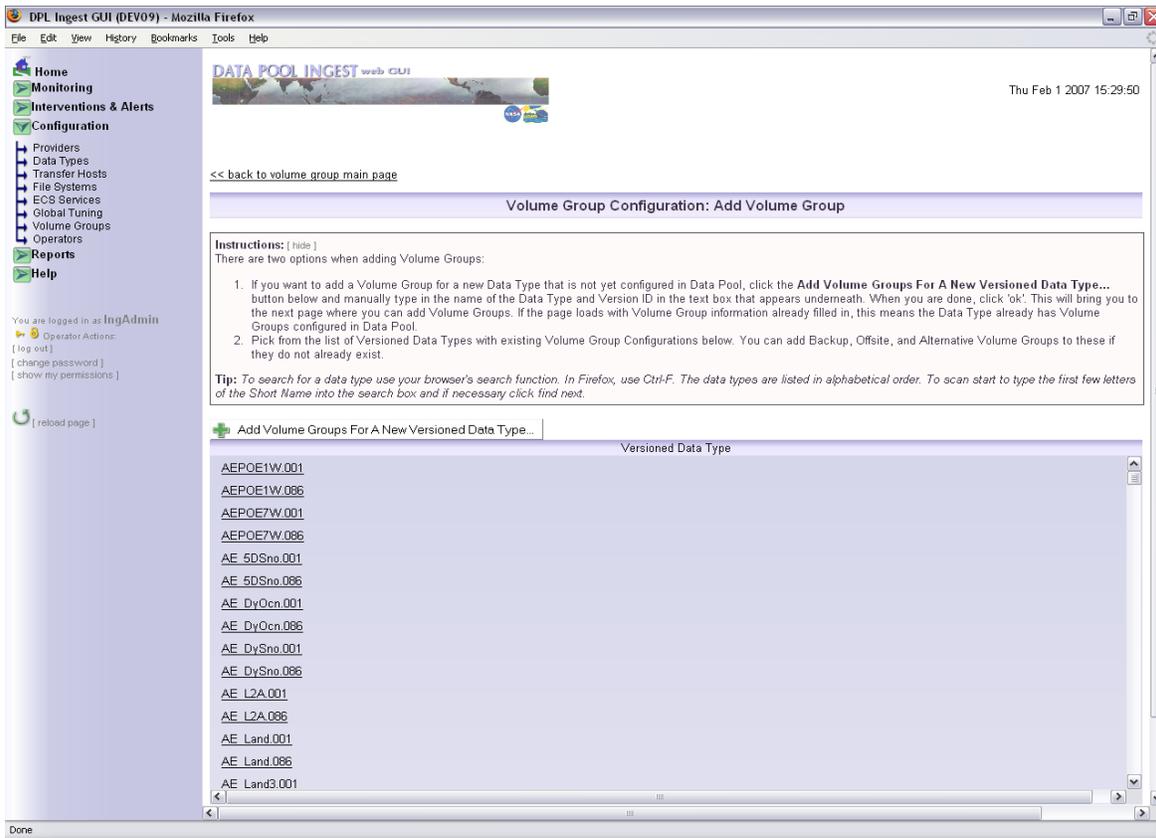


Figure 4.6.1-107. List of Versioned Data Types w/ Existing Volume Groups

The following rules apply when adding Volume Groups to an existing Data Type version (e.g., Backup, Offsite, etc.):

1. The Volume Group name will be selected from the Add Volume Group page (see Figure 4.6.1-107). When the link for the desired Versioned Data Type is clicked, the Data Type is displayed at the top of the next page.
2. Any previously added Volume Group will be displayed, but will not be editable. For example, if a Backup Volume Group has already been added, the Volume Group path will be shown, but the operator will not be able to edit this path.
3. Similarly, if any Alternative Volume Groups have been specified, the Alternative VG options and Volume Groups will be displayed, but not editable.
4. If the operator is adding the Alternative Volume Group History Set for the first time, the Alternative Options must be selected and the operator may choose the processing type (Forward Processing or Reprocessing) for the Alternative Volume Group History Set, as well as a selection date to be applied to the Reprocessing Volume Groups.

Adding Volume Groups

Multiple Volume Groups for a Data Type version may be added at once on the Add Volume Group page. For each volume group you wish to specify, enter a path for that Volume Group, as show in Figure 4.6.1-108.

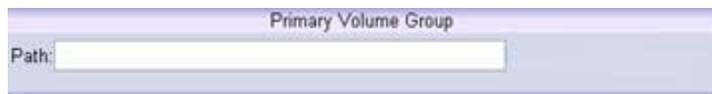
The image shows a screenshot of a web form titled "Primary Volume Group". Below the title is a label "Path:" followed by a rectangular text input field. The form has a light blue header and a white body.

Figure 4.6.1-108. Adding the Primary Volume Group

4.6.1.23.3 Authorization

For DAACs that have security enabled for the DPL Ingest GUI, an operator would have to have Ingest Admin permission to add or configure volume groups as described in this document. No special permissions are needed to view current configurations or generate the Volume Groups History report page.

4.6.1.24 Global Tuning Configuration

This page allows the operator to configure the global tuning parameters in the Data Pool Ingest database. The parameters are listed along with their descriptions and a text box to change the values, as show in Figure 4.6.1-109.

There are two sections of the Global Tuning page, each editable by different permission levels. The first section, “Global Admin Tuning Parameter Configuration,” is editable with Ingest Admin or Ingest Tuning privileges. The second section, “Global Tuning Parameter Configuration,” requires Ingest Tuning privileges. If the logged in operator does not have permission to edit a section, the fields and buttons for that section will be disabled.

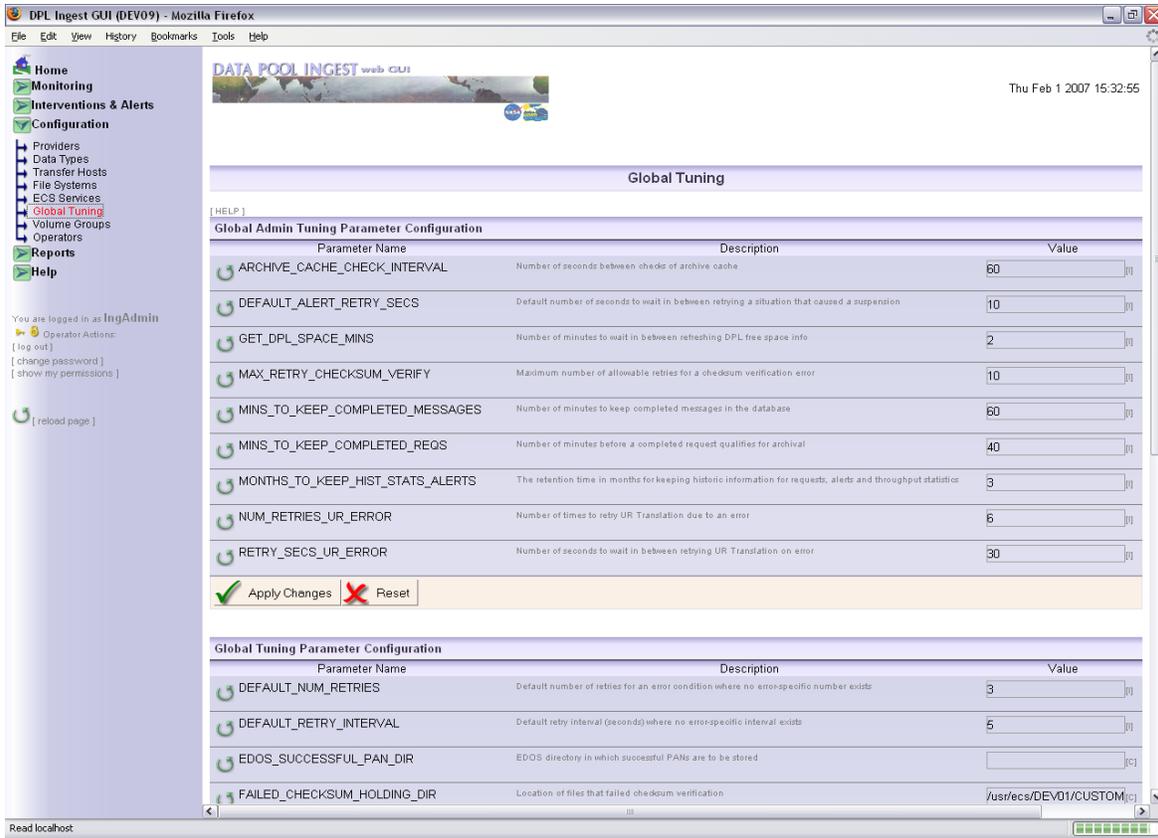


Figure 4.6.1-109. Global Tuning Configuration Page

Dynamic vs. Static Parameters

Dynamic parameters are those that are applied to the Ingest Service without having to restart it. The Ingest Service will automatically apply these parameters within 1 minute of having been set on the GUI. Static parameters are those that require the Ingest Service to be restarted before a change in the parameter value can take effect. Each parameter on this page is preceded by an icon indicating whether parameter is dynamic or static, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-110.

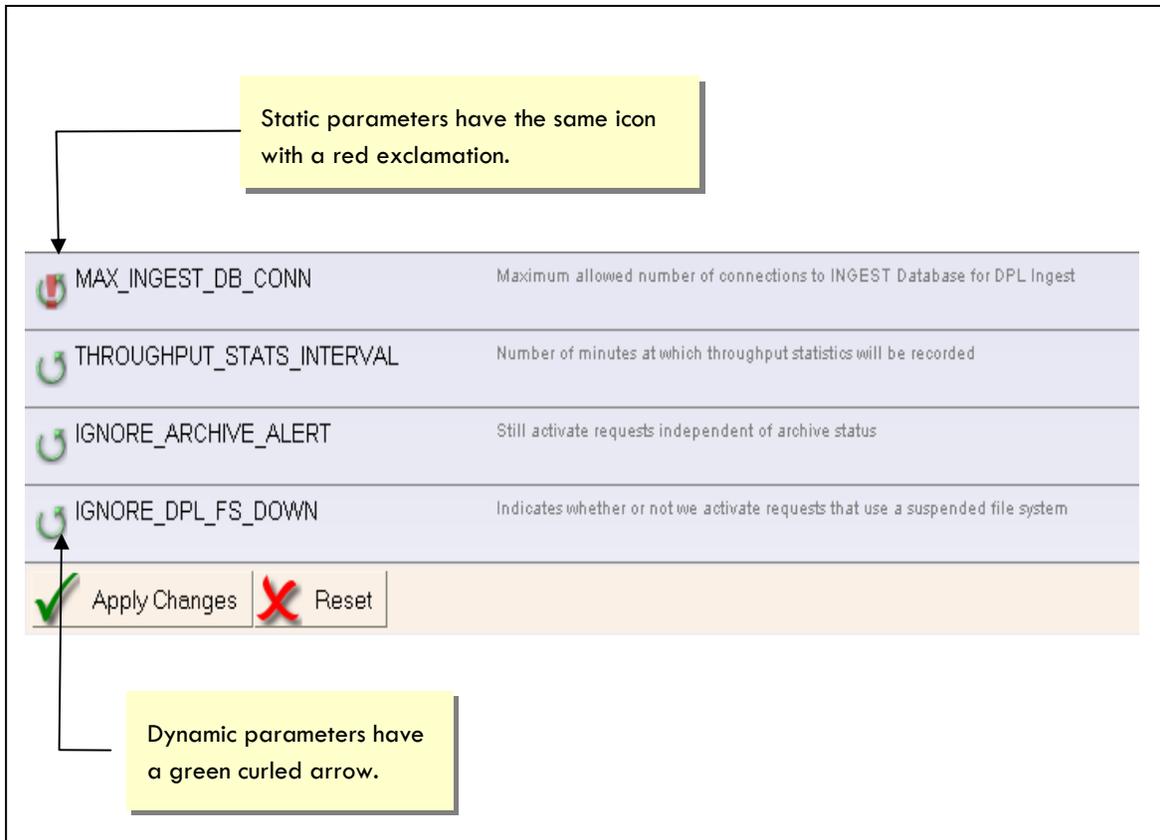


Figure 4.6.1-110. Dynamic and Static Configuration Icons

Descriptions of each parameter are displayed on the GUI and will not be included in this document.

To modify parameters, fill in the desired values in the appropriate fields and press the “Apply Changes” button.



Note: Parameters must be edited section by section. If parameters are changed in the “Global Admin Tuning Parameter Configuration” section and then the “Apply Changes” button is pressed in the “Global Tuning Parameter Configuration,” modifications in the first section will be ignored.

4.6.1.25 Operator Configuration

This page consists of a list of operator names and their current permission settings and allows an Ingest Security operator to configure the authorized users for the Data Pool Ingest GUI. Here operators can be added, edited, or removed. Figure 4.6.1-111 shows the general overview of this page.

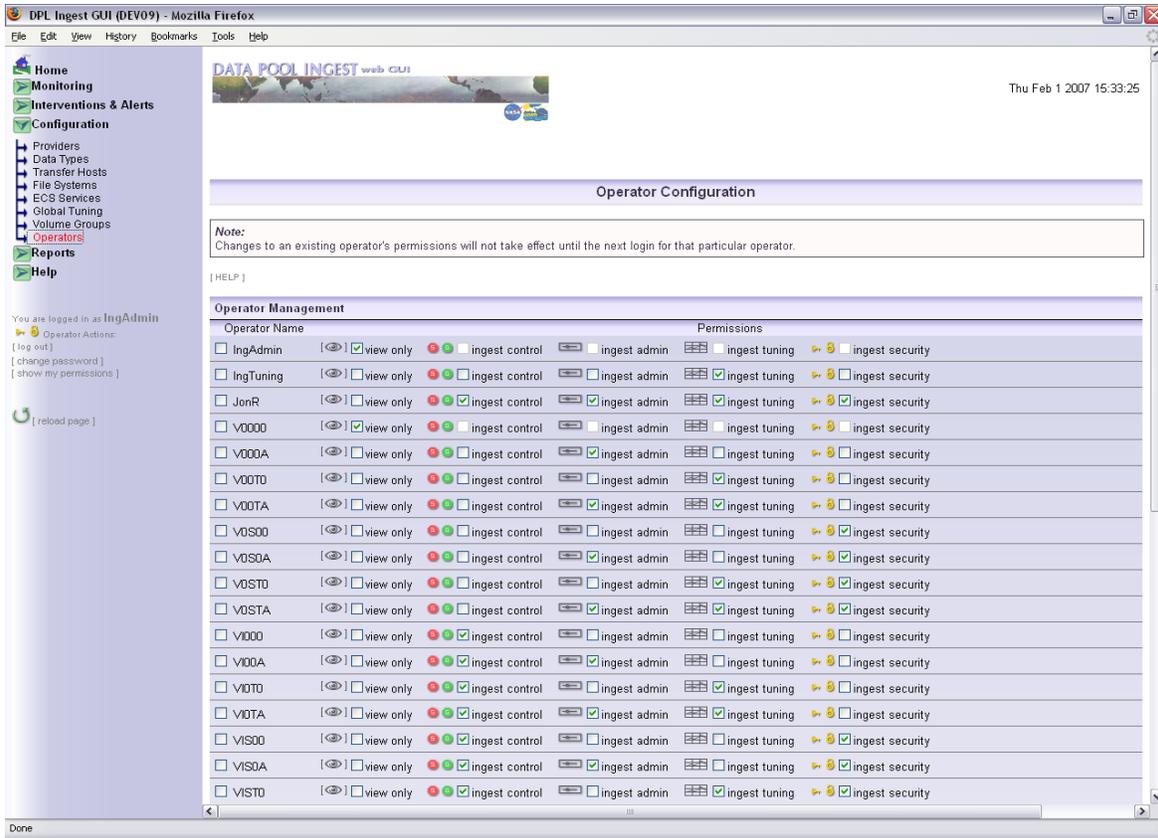


Figure 4.6.1-111. Operator Configuration Page

Permission Levels Explained:

There are 5 different permission levels. View Only is a special case: if an operator is assigned the View Only permission level, it may not have any other permissions. In any other case, the other 4 levels can be combined together as they represent the ability to manage an exclusive set of properties associated with data pool ingest. For example, an operator may be assigned Ingest Control and Ingest Admin permissions simultaneously, but not View Only and Ingest Admin. See Table 4.6.1-34 for the available permission levels and their descriptions.

Table 4.6.1-34. Operator Permissions

Icon	Permission Level	Description
	View Only	The operator cannot modify any field nor take any actions on the GUI. Most buttons, textboxes, checkboxes, drop-down lists, etc. are disabled, with the exception of filters and sorts. View Only operators can also generate reports.
	Ingest Control	For Ingest Requests or Interventions, the operator can: Suspend, resume, cancel, or change the priority of Ingest Requests Suspend, resume, cancel, or retry Granules associated with an Ingest Request Add annotations to an Ingest Request or Intervention The operator can also suspend or resume the General Ingest Status, the Email Service, Providers, Polling Locations, File Systems, Transfer Hosts, and ECS Services, and can also clear Alerts.
	Ingest Admin	The operator can add, edit, and delete the following configurable items: Providers and Polling Locations, Data Types, Transfer Hosts, File Systems, ECS Services, and Volume Groups.
	Ingest Tuning	The operator can modify Global and host-specific tuning configuration parameters.
	Security Admin	The operator can add, edit, or delete operators and change operator permissions.

4.6.1.25.1 Configuring an operator

To change an operator’s permission settings, do the following:

1. Next to the operator name, check the box next to the operators you would like to update.



2. Select any combination of permissions for each checked operator. Note how that when **View Only** is checked, the other permission checkboxes are automatically unchecked and disabled; this permission setting must be exclusive of the others.

<input type="checkbox"/> VIOOA	<input type="checkbox"/> view only	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ingest control	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ingest admin	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest tuning	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest security
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VIOTO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> view only	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest control	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest admin	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest tuning	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest security
<input type="checkbox"/> VIOTA	<input type="checkbox"/> view only	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ingest control	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ingest admin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ingest tuning	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest security
<input type="checkbox"/> VISOO	<input type="checkbox"/> view only	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ingest control	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest admin	<input type="checkbox"/> ingest tuning	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ingest security

3. Click the "Update Operators" button at the bottom:



4.6.1.25.2 Deleting Operators

To remove an operator from the list, do the following:

1. Select an operator by checking the box next to the operator name (more than one may be selected):



2. Click the "Remove Operators" button. You will be prompted for confirmation:



3. The page will reload, with the selected operator(s) no longer appearing on the list.

4.6.1.25.3 Adding Operators

To add an operator, do the following:

1. Under the "Add Operator" section of the page (located at the bottom of the operator list), enter in the operator name and password, and then select the desired permissions. At least one permission level must be selected.
2. Click the "Add Operator" button at the bottom of the page.

3. You will be prompted for confirmation. The page will reload with the new operator added to the list.

4.6.1.26 Reports

The reporting capability of the Ingest GUI offers the ability to view detailed reports on data providers and data types, as well as Request summary, Granule summary, and Volume Group history reports. The report pages are located under the Reports menu in the navigation pane.

4.6.1.26.1 Report Formats and Layouts

This report pages display the information across several data providers or data types. An example of the Detailed Report page is shown in Figure 4.6.1-112. As with all types of reports, the operator must select a date range (presets are provided for the last 24 and 48 hours), as well as criteria for the search. These include one or more data providers, one or more data types, and one or more final request statuses. All Data Criteria fields are optional, but at least one selection of one field must be made to generate the report.

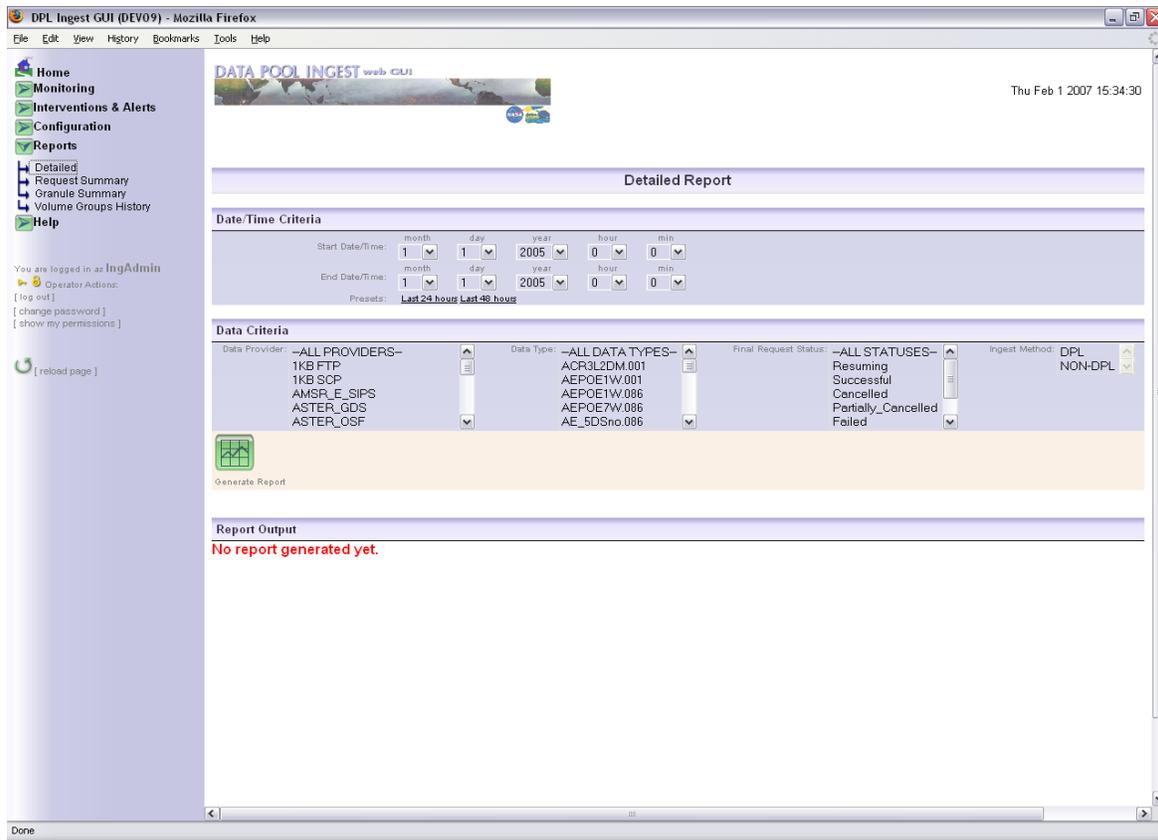


Figure 4.6.1-112. Detailed Report Page

4.6.1.26.2 Generating the report

Due to the large volume of data that may be in the database, reports can sometime take a while to process and be displayed. Immediately upon pressing the “Generate Report” button, a transitional screen is loaded with the message “Processing Your Request...”, as show in Figure 4.6.1-113.

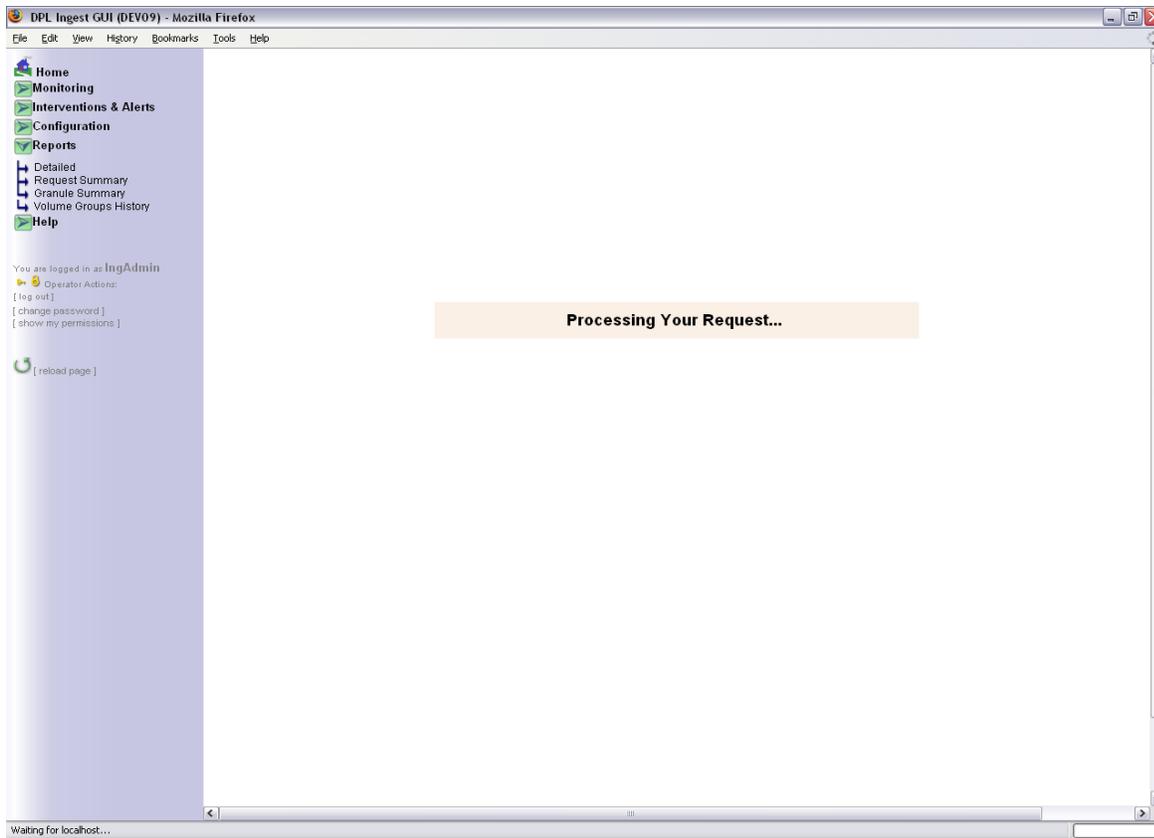


Figure 4.6.1-113. Report Page Processing a Report Request

4.6.1.26.3 Fields Generated Reports

The various report pages look similar at first glance, but they all produce different fields. The following figures (Figure 4.6.1-114, Figure 4.6.1-115, and Figure 4.6.1-116) display the headers generated for each particular report type. Some example data is also shown along with the headers.

Reports containing averages (e.g., “size avg.” on the Request Summary Report) actually contain weighted averages, which is in effect an average of averages. For example, “size avg.” is an average of all of the granules, weighed against the average of all the other averages for each Data Provider.

Note that the current search criteria (data and date/time) are always shown at the top of the report output.

Current Report Criteria:														
Data Provider(s): [ALL]							Data Type(s): [ALL]							
Final Request Status: [ALL]							Start Date/Time: 1/11/2006 15:18							
End Date/Time: 31/10/2006 15:18														
Report Output														
Req.ID	Data Provider	Ingest Type	Ingest Method	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time	Tot.# grans.	# Succ. grans.	Vol (MB)	File Count	Time to xfer (mins)	Time to preproc (min)	Time to Archive (min)	Priority	Restart Flag
21807	S4P00	Polling_wDR	DPL	2006-11-01 08:21:07	2006-11-01 08:21:19	1	1	6.311	2	0	8	0	VHIGH	
21808	S4P00	Polling_wDR	DPL		2006-11-01 08:29:06	1		6.245	2	0	0	0	VHIGH	
21809	ASTER_OSF	Polling_wDR	DPL	2006-11-01 10:03:09	2006-11-01 10:03:10	1		0.473	2	0	0	0	NORMAL	
21810	ASTER_OSF	Polling_wDR	DPL	2006-11-01 10:03:09	2006-11-01 10:03:10	1		0.473	2	0	0	0	NORMAL	
21811	ASTER_OSF	Polling_wDR	DPL	2006-11-01 10:03:09	2006-11-01 10:03:10	1		0.473	2	0	0	0	NORMAL	

Figure 4.6.1-114. Detailed Report Layout

Current Report Criteria:															
Data Type(s): [ALL]										Final Request Status: [ALL]					
Start Date/Time: 1/11/2006 15:21										End Date/Time: 31/10/2006 15:21					
Report Output															
Data Provider	Ingest Type	Ttl. Reqs	Ttl. Errors	Gran Avg	Gran Max	File Avg	File Max	Size Avg (MB)	Size Max (MB)	Xfer time Avg (mins)	Xfer time Max (mins)	Preproc time Avg (mins)	Preproc time Max (mins)	Archive Time Avg (mins)	Archive Time Max (mins)
ASTER_OSF		12	0	1	1	2	2	0.473	0.473	10	126	3	14	0	1
CRIT_4150_2		10	0	1	1	2	2	0.473	0.473	0	1	1	2	0	0
MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC		1	0	1	1	2	2	0.473	0.473	0	0	2	2	0	0
S4P00		57	0	1	1	2	3	16.157	71.236	0	2	2	8	0	1

Figure 4.6.1-115. Request Summary Report Layout

Current Report Criteria														
Data Provider(s): [ALL]							Data Type(s): [ALL]							
Final Request Status: [ALL]							Start Date/Time: 1/11/2006 15:21							
End Date/Time: 30/10/2006 15:21														
Report Output														
Data Provider	Ingest Type	Data Type	Ttl. Grans	Ttl. Errors	File Avg	File Max	Size Avg (MB)	Size Max (MB)	Xfer time Avg (mins)	Xfer time Max (mins)	Preproc time Avg (mins)	Preproc time Max (mins)	Archive Time Avg (mins)	Archive Time Max (mins)
ALL_ESDTS		AEPOE1W	2	0	2	2	0.048	0.048	0	1	19	27	1	3
ALL_ESDTS		AEPOE7W	2	0	2	2	0.100	0.100	0	1	11	15	1	1
ALL_ESDTS		AE_SDSno	2	0	2	2	0.100	0.100	1	2	18	21	0	0
ALL_ESDTS		AE_DyOcn	4	0	2	2	0.100	0.100	1	3	16	28	0	1
ALL_ESDTS		AE_DySno	4	0	2	2	0.100	0.100	0	1	18	29	1	4
ALL_ESDTS		AE_L2A	29	0	2	2	0.103	0.103	2	5	16	30	1	4
ALL_ESDTS		AE_Land3	4	0	2	2	0.100	0.100	2	3	11	17	0	3
ALL_ESDTS		AE_MoOcn	3	0	2	2	0.100	0.100	2	3	12	24	0	0

Figure 4.6.1-116. Granule Summary Report Layout

4.6.1.26.4 Generating the report

To generate a report, take the following steps:

1. Select the type of report you wish to see from the navigation panel. For this example, select Detailed, Request Summary, or Granule Summary. Volume Group History is covered in a separate section.



2. The report page will be loaded. Select the date/time range. If you leave the time fields at 0:00, it will be assumed that this will cover the entire 24-hour period:

Date/Time Criteria					
	month	day	year	hour	min
Start Date/Time:	10	30	2006	8	52
End Date/Time:	10	31	2006	8	52
Presets:	Last 24 hours Last 48 hours				

3. Select the data criteria for the search. Several values of each criterion may be selected to narrow the search, but at least one field must be selected (hold down the Ctrl key to select multiple items):

Data Criteria			
Data Provider: JPL	Data Type: --ALL DATA TYPES--	Final Request Status: --ALL STATUSES--	Ingest Type: DPL
MODAPS_AQUA_FPROC	ACR3L0	Resuming	Non-DPL
MODAPS_COMBINE_FPROC	ACR3L2DM	Successful	
MODAPS_TERRA_FPROC	ACR3L2SC	Cancelled	
NSIDC_DAAC	AEPOE1W	Partially_Cancelled	
S4P00	AEPOE1W	Failed	

4. Click the green button to submit the query and generate the report.



5. A message will appear, alerting the operator that the system is processing the request. This may take a few seconds.
6. The report will be displayed on the bottom of the page (see Figure 4.6.1-114, Figure 4.6.1-115, and Figure 4.6.1-116 for report output examples).
7. If you want to save the report, use your browser's "Save Page As..." function to save the page in HTML format.

4.6.1.26.5 Volume Groups History Page

The Volume Groups History page displays the history of the configuration changes that have occurred to volume groups, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-117. To view the report for a particular Volume Group, select the Volume Group from the box at the top of the page and click the "retrieve" button. Once this button is clicked, the page will automatically refresh with the report specific to that Volume Group (the page is initially blank when first loaded). Table 4.6.1-35 contains the volume groups history page field descriptions.

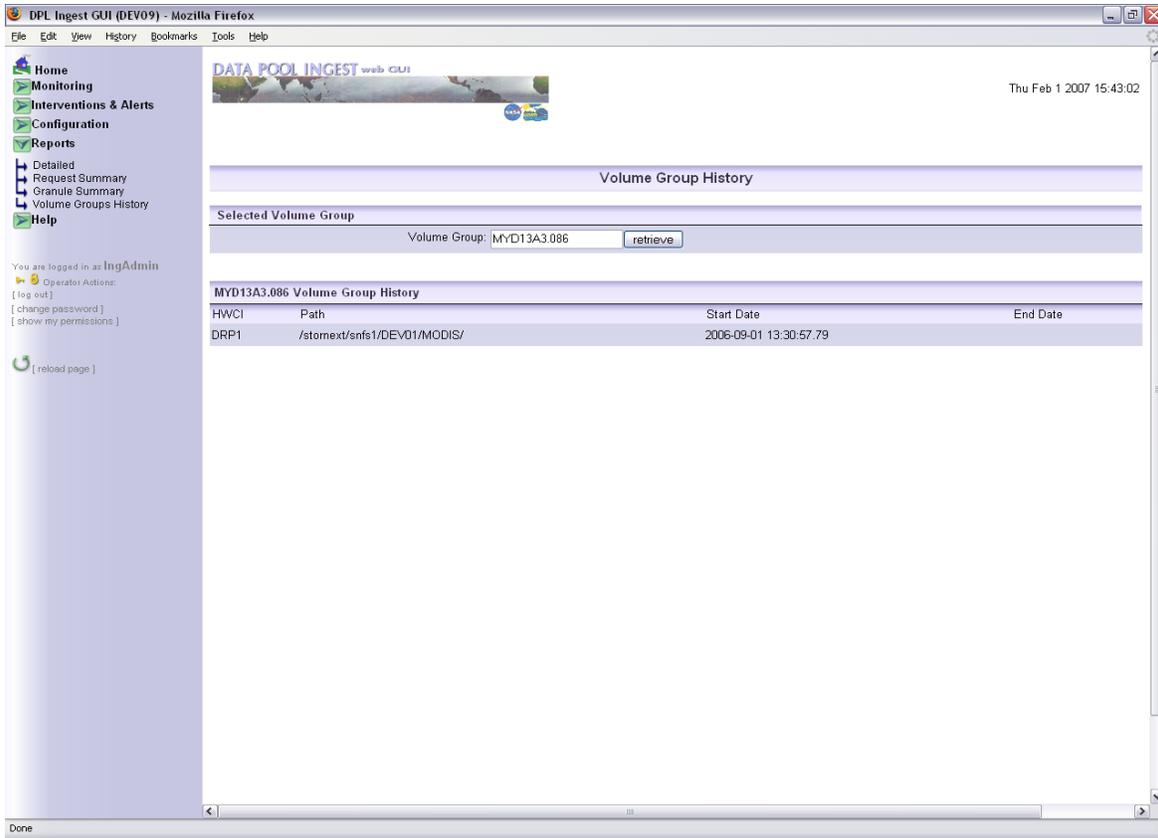


Figure 4.6.1-117. Volume Groups History

This page features a search-as-you-type input. Simply type in any characters of the Volume Group for which you want to see the history. A list of suggestions automatically pops up, and from there you may select a suitable Volume Group. Figure 4.6.1-118 shows how you can type the first three characters of a desired Volume Group and get suggestions for your search.

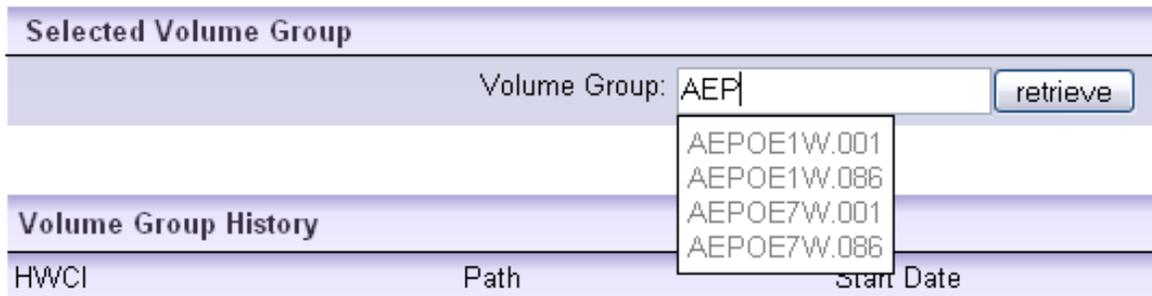


Figure 4.6.1-118. Volume Group History Page: Search-As-You-Type Input

The following figure shows how you can type any sequential characters of the Volume Group and get suggestions for your search (Figure 4.6.1-119).

Selected Volume Group

Volume Group: EP

Volume Group History

HWCI	Path	Date

Figure 4.6.1-119. Search-As-You-Type (Example 2)

Table 4.6.1-35. Volume Groups History Page Field Description

Field Name	Entry	Description
Volume Group (Data Type, Version ID + Volume Group Type Suffix)	Required	The name of the Volume Group for which the history report will be generated.
Path	System Generated	In reverse chronological order, the fully qualified Unix paths to where data has been stored for the specified data type. The current path is listed first.
HWCI	System Generated	The label of the Archive silo group instance that was responsible for storing data of the specified data type.
Start Date	System Generated	The date on which this configuration became active for the listed data type.
End Date	System Generated	The date on which this configuration was superseded by new configuration information. If blank, this row reflects the current configuration for the volume group. If any row has a blank end date, the volume group is closed, and no further data is accepted for that volume group.

4.6.1.27 Help Pages and Context Help

4.6.1.27.1 Help Pages

The last section found in the navigation bar, the “Help” section, contains information to which the operator can have ready access while operating the Data Pool Ingest GUI. Included in this section are three pages: General Topics, Context Help, and About, as shown in Figure 4.6.1-120.



Figure 4.6.1-120. Help Navigation Section

4.6.1.27.2 General Topics

This page includes an index of topics that should be useful to the operator in understanding how the GUI and Data Pool Ingest system work, and is shown in Figure 4.6.1-121. The operator can press on the name of a section from the index in order to jump to the section text.

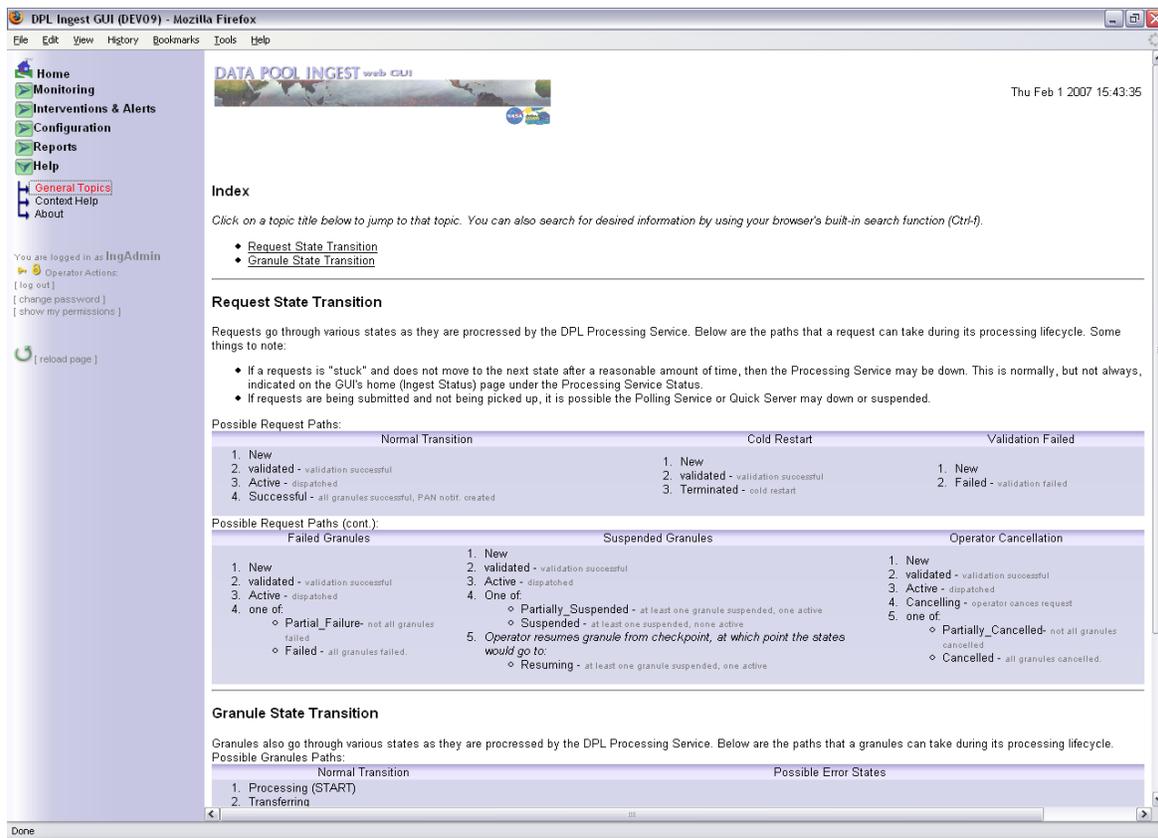


Figure 4.6.1-121. Help – General Topics

4.6.1.27.3 Context Help

This page explains another tool provided by the operators to assist them in effectively using the Data Pool Ingest GUI. For more information about the details of this help page, see Section 4.6.1.27.5.

4.6.1.27.4 About

This page provides recommendations for software to use the GUI and a brief description of the development of the GUI.

4.6.1.27.5 Context Help

Throughout most pages on this GUI, you can get relevant, context-sensitive help by hovering your mouse (no need to click) over the **[help]** text. In many cases this is to explain the significance of a parameter or to provide instructions on what to do on the page. A blue pop-over window will appear and disappears as soon as the mouse is moved away, as shown in Figure 4.61-122, Figure 4.6.1-123, and Figure 4.6.1-124.

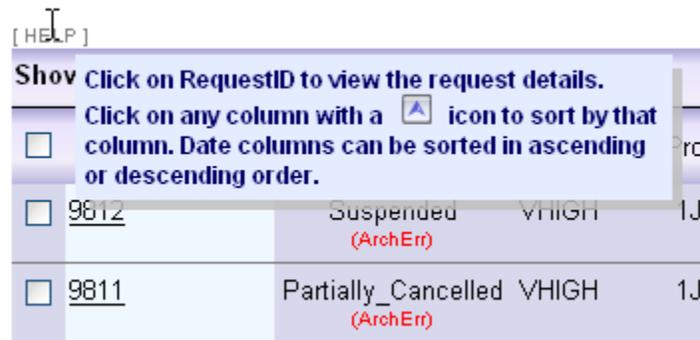


Figure 4.6.1-122. Request Detail Page – Instructions on How to View Request Details

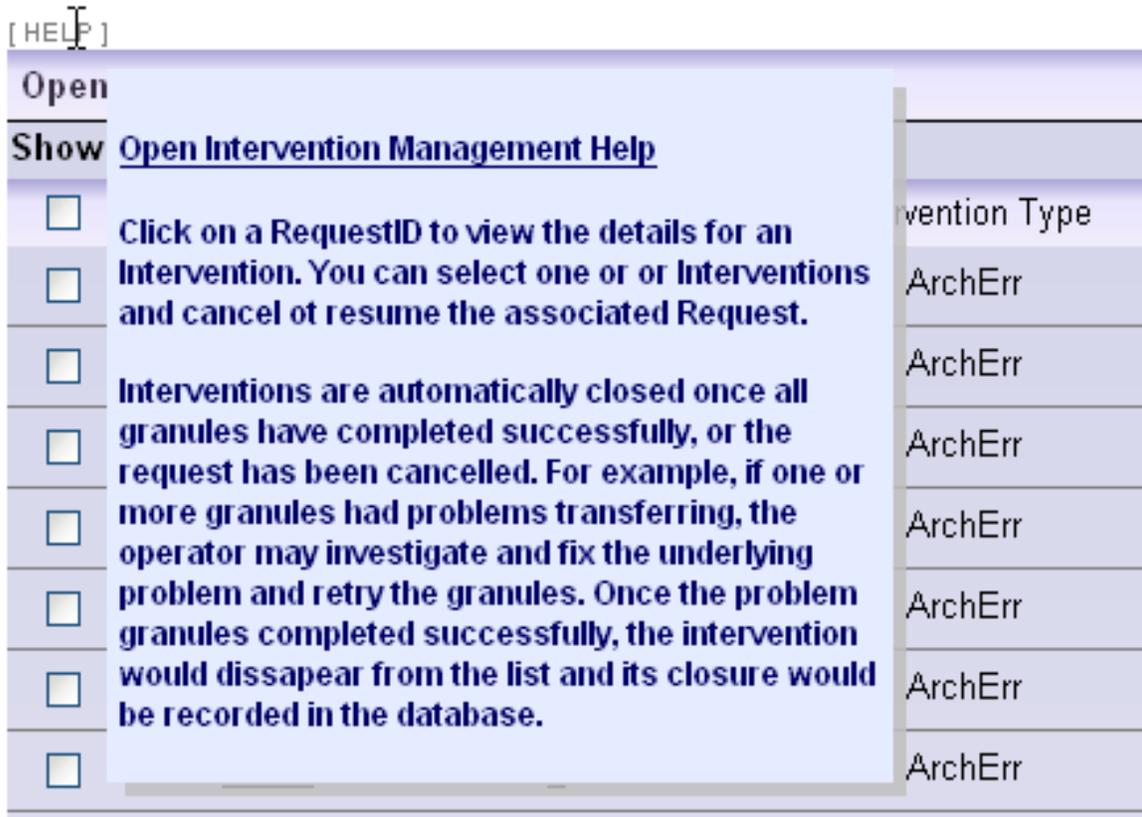


Figure 4.6.1-123. Intervention Monitoring Page – Assistance for Managing Interventions

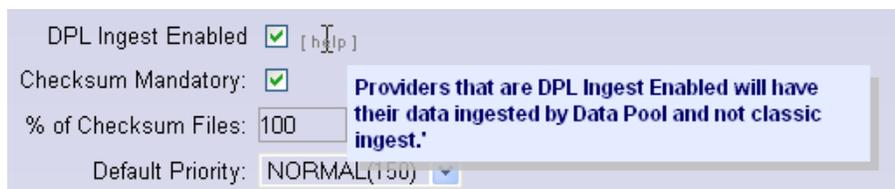


Figure 4.6.1-124. Provider Detail Configuration Page – Parameter Explanation

4.6.1.28 Browser Requirements

The specific browser requirements are stated elsewhere in this document. The recommended browsers are the only ones that should be used, as other browsers may not handle rendering and JavaScript correctly (for example, IE handles some JavaScript differently than Firefox).

JavaScript must also be enabled to run the application. In most cases, the cache size is automatically set and should be sufficient. Java is not required and need not be enabled in the browser to run the DPL Ingest GUI.

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4.7 User Services Tools

This section describes the User Services Tools used by DAAC operators:

- 4.7.1 Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts
- 4.7.2 Using the Spatial Subscription Server (NBSRV) GUI
- 4.7.3 Spatial Subscription Server Command Line Interface
- 4.7.4 Bulk Metadata Generation Tool (BMGT)
- 4.7.5 Bulk Metadata Generation Tool GUI
- 4.7.6 Data Pool Maintenance GUI
- 4.7.7 Using the Order Manager GUI
- 4.7.8 OMS Configuration Command Line Interface
- 4.7.9 Science Command Line Interface (SCLI) in OMS
- 4.7.10 Overview of the ESDT Maintenance GUI
- 4.7.11 AIM Granule Deletion Utilities
- 4.7.12 DataPool Checksum Verification Utility
- 4.7.13 Inventory Validation Tool
- 4.7.14 Publish Utility
- 4.7.15 Unpublish Utility
- 4.7.16 Archive Checksum Validation Utility
- 4.7.17 XML Check Utility
- 4.7.18 RestoreOlaFromTape Utility
- 4.7.19 RestoreTapeFromOla Utility
- 4.7.20 EMS Dataset Extract Utility

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4.7.1 Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts

A set of eleven standard database scripts have been created to facilitate database installation and database administration activities for the ECS databases (DPL, INGEST, OMS, MSS, SSS and AIM). These scripts are designed to be accessible from both the command line and the Stage Install function of ECS Assist. The scripts follow a standard naming convention across each subsystem consisting of a prefix, of the format *EcXXXX*, identifying the subsystem component and a root identifying the primary database command or purpose performed by the script. For example a script to define login IDs used by the Ingest subsystem would be called EcInDbLogin.

A description of each of the suggested standard scripts is given Table 4.7.1-1. The DbLogin, DbUser, DbBuild, and DbPatch scripts are available for each ECS database. Other scripts are available for some or all of the ECS databases. Details on the applicable scripts for each subsystem can be found in the corresponding subsystem-specific 311-database documentation.

Table 4.7.1-1. Common ECS Operator Functions Performed with Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts (1 of 2)

Operating Function	Command	Description	When and Why to Use
Add Login	DbLogin	Add existing system login to the SQL server.	Use when installing an ECS custom application to add the pre-defined set of database user ids into the master tempdb table used by the application to the appropriate SQL server.
Add User	DbUser	Add user ID to a database.	Use when installing an ECS custom application to add the pre-defined set of User IDs used by the application to the appropriate database.
Create Database	DbBuild	Build a new empty database and load with initial start-up data.	Use when installing an upgraded Release/drop or an ECS custom application into a mode where there is no existing data that needs to be retained.
Upgrade Database	DbPatch	Upgrade tables to new schema while retaining existing data.	Use when installing an upgraded Release/Drop of an ECS custom application into a mode containing existing data that needs to be retained.

Table 4.7.1-1. Common ECS Operator Functions Performed with Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts (2 of 2)

Operating Function	Command	Description	When and Why to Use
Drop objects	DbDrop	Remove all database objects (tables, triggers, stored procedures, domains, rules, user-defined data types) from a database.	Should not be used independently by the Operator. Used by DbBuild script during installation to remove obsolete objects from the database.
Backup database	DbDump	Create a backup file for the database.	Use to create a backup of the database that can be used in the event of database corruption or disk failure.
Restore database	DbLoad	Restore a database from a backup file.	Use to recover from database corruption or disk failure.
Update database statistics	DbStat	Updates the database statistics used by the Sybase query optimizer.	Use on a regular frequency to update database statistics to optimize query response times.

4.7.1.1 Quick Start Using Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts

The database installation and maintenance scripts are a custom developed utility and should be used only by database administration personnel.

To execute Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts from the command line prompt use:

Scriptname *<mode>* *<dbo_id>* *<sqlserver>* *<dbname>* where:

Scriptname specifies the name of the database script to be executed.

The *<mode>* parameter specifies the mode (e.g., OPS, TS1, or TS2) in which the database to be used is found.

The *<dbo_id>* parameter specifies the user ID of the database owner for the database to be used.

The *<sqlserver>* parameter specifies the name of the SQL server under which the database to be used is found.

The *<dbname>* parameter specifies the name of the database to be used.

NOTE: Password entry will be prompted during script execution.

4.7.1.1.1 Invoking Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts using ECS Assist

Database Build, Patch, Migrate, Dump, Load, Drop and Valid scripts, can be invoked using the ECS Assist installation tool using the DATABASE command button. All other database utility scripts must be invoked from the command line. Further information on using ECS Assist can be found elsewhere in this document (see sub-section 4.1.5).

4.7.1.2 Required Operating Environment

The Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts can run on Linux 2.x platforms.

Table 4.7.1-2 identifies the supporting products this tool depends upon to function properly.

Table 4.7.1-2. Support Products for Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts

Interface (facility)
Sybase SQL Server

4.7.1.2.1 Interfaces and Data Types

None

4.7.1.3 Databases

The Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts use the DPL, INGEST, OMS, MSS, SSS and/or AIM database as applicable. Descriptions of each of these databases are found in the following documents:

311-EED-001, *Release 8.0 INGEST (INS) Database Design and Schema Specifications for the EED Project*

311-EED-002, *Release 8.0 Order Manager Database Design and Schema Specifications for the EED Project*

311-EED-003, *Release 8.0 Spatial Subscription Server Database Design and Schema Specifications for the EED Project*

311-EED-004, *Release 8.0 Data Pool Database Design and Schema Specifications for the EED Project*

311-EED-005, *Release 8.0 Archive Inventory Management (AIM) Database Design and Schema Specifications for the EED Project*

4.7.1.4 Special Constraints

None

4.7.1.5 Outputs

Script outputs can be found in the “/usr/ecs/<MODE>/CUSTOM/logs” directory on the sybase database server.

4.7.1.6 Event and Error Messages

The Sybase Database Installation and Maintenance Scripts issue error messages, which are reported on the Sybase error log. All custom code database utilities provide output reports to the “/usr/ecs/<MODE>/CUSTOM/logs” directory on the sybase database server where the report name is (script/utility name).log.

4.7.1.7 Reports

None

4.7.2 Using the Spatial Subscription Server (NBSRV) GUI

The NBSRV GUI provides an operator interface to place a standing order (hereinafter called “subscription”) on an ECS event. Capabilities provided to an operator depend on the operator access level. A full capability operator has access to all NBSRV GUI features while a read only operator has access to all non-management features. Specifically, the capabilities of NBSRV GUI are as follows:

- List the types of subscribable events.
- Add a subscription with an action for distribution of standard ECS products from the ECS archive holding or email notification. The subscription can be qualified with spatial, temporal, integer, string and floating point qualifiers [⊖]
- Associate a Data Pool insert action with a subscription. [⊖]
- Associate a Data Pool theme with a Data Pool insert action (Available to only full capability Operator).
- List the subscriptions which have been previously entered.
- View an existing subscription.
- Update and Delete an existing subscription. [⊖]
- Suspend and Resume an existing subscription. [⊖]
- Suspend, resume, or delete the subscriptions associated with a Data Pool theme. ^{**}
- Add, update, or cancel a bundling order. [⊖]
- Associate a bundling order with a subscription. [⊖]
- List the bundling orders associated with a user.
- List the subscriptions associated with a bundling order.
- Determine the number of subscribed events left to dequeue.
- Determine the number of actions left to dequeue.
- List the status of email notification and distribution actions in the action queue. [⊖]
- List statistics relating to Spatial Subscription Server performance.

4.7.2.1 Starting the NBSRV GUI

Pre-conditions:

- Javascript must be enabled for the Web Browser.
- The designated size of the Web Browser cache should be at least 5000 kbytes for Disk and Memory cache.

Consult with your Web Administrator, if you have any problems verifying or setting these parameters.

Bring up a Web Browser and then access the URL for the NBSRV GUI web page.

For example: <http://yourserver.domain/NBSRV.html>

[⊖] Only available to full capability operators.

4.7.2.2 NBSRV Home Page

The NBSRV Home Page screen, shown in Figure 4.7.2.2-1 allows the operator to navigate to the List Events, Manage Subscriptions, Manage Bundling Orders, Monitor Queues and Help pages. See Table 4.7.2.2-1 for a brief description of the functions.

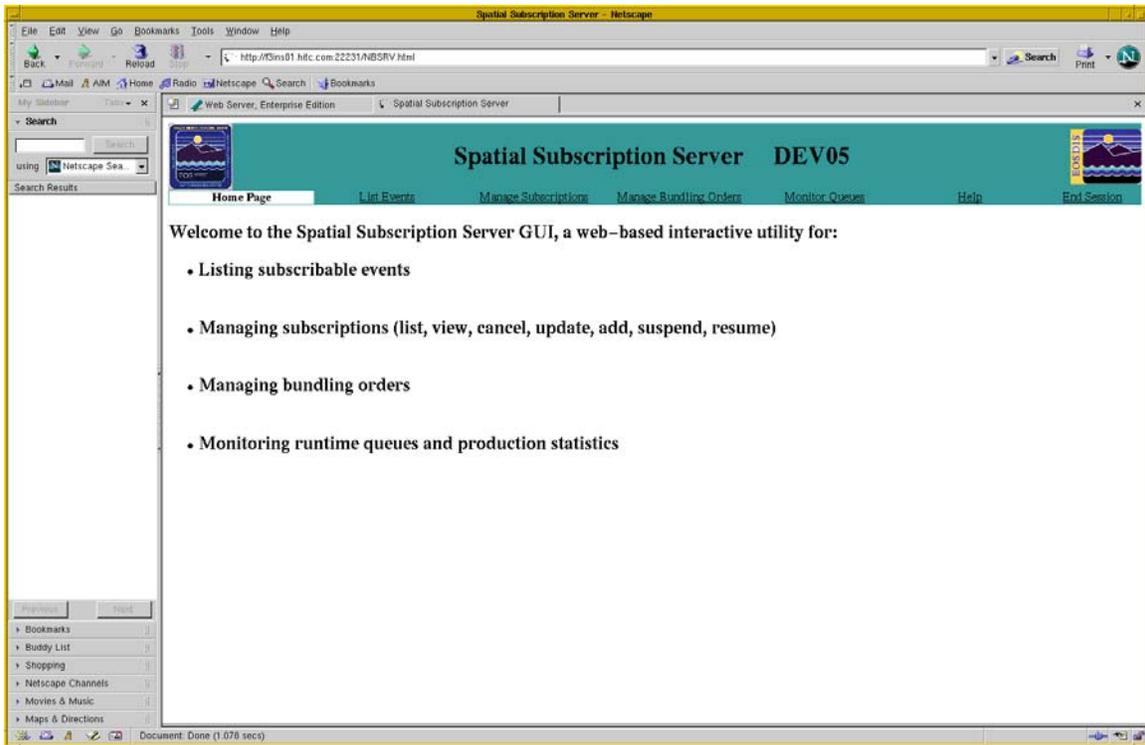


Figure 4.7.2.2-1. NBSRV Home Page

Table 4.7.2.2-1. Spatial Subscription Server (NBSRV) GUI Operator Functions (1 of 2)

GUI/Command	Description	When and Why to Use
List Events tab	View the types of subscribable events.	If operator needs to view ECS events before entering a subscription.
Manage Subscriptions tab	List, view, add, cancel, update subscriptions.	If operator needs to view, add, change, suspend, resume or delete subscriptions.
Manage Bundling Orders tab	List, view, add, cancel, update bundling orders.	If operator needs to view, add, change, cancel bundling orders or list the subscriptions for a bundling order.

Table 4.7.2.2-1. Spatial Subscription Server (NBSRV) GUI Operator Functions (2 of 2)

GUI/Command	Description	When and Why to Use
Monitor Queues tab	View action queue or statistics relating to Spatial Subscription Server performance.	If operator needs to view statistics or look at the action queue.
Help tab	Describes the NBSRV GUI functions.	If operator needs help in navigating through the NBSRV GUI.
End Session	Allows Operator to End a session.	Whenever an Operator wishes to end the current session.

4.7.2.3 List Events Tab

The List Events screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.3-1 allows the operator to view the subscribable events in the ECS system. The operator can sort the list by Collection, EventType or Version by clicking on the **Collection**, **Version** or **Event Type** link. The operator can also filter the list by any combination of Collection, Version and EventType. After selecting the filtering criteria from the pull-down list(s), click on the **Filter** button.



Figure 4.7.2.3-1. SSS – List Events

4.7.2.4 Manage Subscriptions Tab

The Manage Subscriptions screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.4-1 allows the operator to list the subscriptions in the NBSRV database. The list can be sorted by clicking on the **Subscription Id**, **User**, **Collection**, **Status**, **TimeLastUpdated** or **Expiration Date** link. The operator can also

filter the list by any combination of User, Collection and Status. After selecting the filtering criteria from the pull-down list(s), click on the **Filter** button.

The operator can view the contents of a subscription by clicking on the **View** button associated with that subscription and pressing the **Apply** button. This will take the operator to the screens shown in Figures 4.7.2.4-2a and 4.7.2.4-2b.

The operator can cancel a subscription by clicking on the **Cancel** button associated with that subscription and pressing the **Apply** button. This will take the operator to the deletion confirmation screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.4-3. If the operator clicks on the Yes button, the screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.4-4 will be displayed. If the operator clicks on the No button, the screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.4-1 will be displayed.

The operator can update a subscription by clicking on the **Update** button associated with the subscription and pressing the **Apply** button. This will take the operator to the screens in Figures 4.7.2.4-5a through 4.7.2.4-5d, followed by the screen in Figure 4.7.2.4-6a or 4.7.2.4-6b.

The operator can add a new subscription by clicking on the **Add Subscriptions** tab. This will take the operator to the screens in Figures 4.7.2.4-7 through 4.7.2.4-13. Tables 4.7.2.4-1 through 4.7.2.4-5 lists the field descriptions for the identified screens used in this activity.

Please note that **Cancel, Update and Add Subscriptions** functionality is accessible to only full capability Operators.

Subscription Id	User	Collection	Version	Event Type	Status	DataPool	Start Date	Expiration Date	Time Last Updated	Choose Subscription Action
62	kencindc	AST_EXP	001	INSERT	Active	No	Jul 2 2003 12:00PM	Jul 2 2004 12:00PM	Jul 7 2003 10:30AM	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>
69	kencindc	MISLODF	001	INSERT	Active	Yes	Jul 16 2003 12:00PM	Jul 16 2004 12:00PM	Nov 15 2003 12:20PM	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>
78	labuser	AST_04	001	INSERT	Active	Yes	Jul 24 2003 12:00AM	Jul 24 2004 12:00AM	Not Updated	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>
81	kencindc	AST_04	002	INSERT	Active	Yes	Sep 5 2003 12:00AM	Sep 5 2004 12:00AM	Not Updated	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>
82	kencindc	ECSMETU	001	INSERT	Active	No	Sep 15 2003 12:00PM	Sep 15 2004 12:00PM	Oct 3 2003 4:10PM	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>
85	kencindc	ECSMETC	001	INSERT	Active	No	Sep 15 2003 12:00PM	Sep 15 2004 12:00PM	Oct 1 2003 10:32AM	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>
86	kencindc	ECSMETV	001	INSERT	Active	No	Sep 15 2003 12:00PM	Sep 15 2004 12:00PM	Oct 1 2003 10:31AM	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>

Figure 4.7.2.4-1. Manage Subscriptions: List of All the Subscriptions in the NBSRV Database. Note that Cancel, Update and Add Functionality are Accessible Only to Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use **Cancel**, **Update** and **Add** functionality.

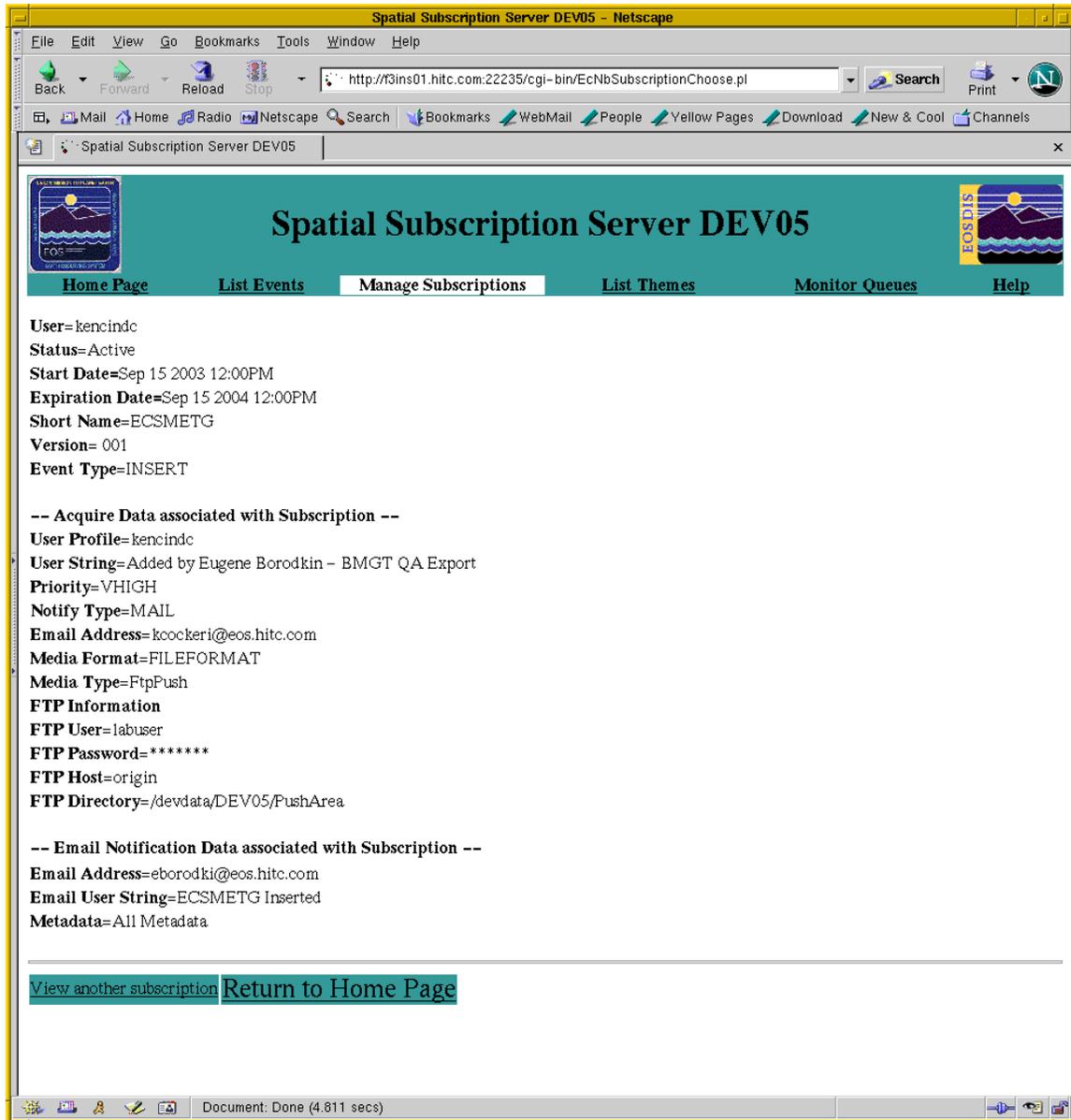


Figure 4.7.2.4-2a. View Contents of a Subscription in the NBSRV Database

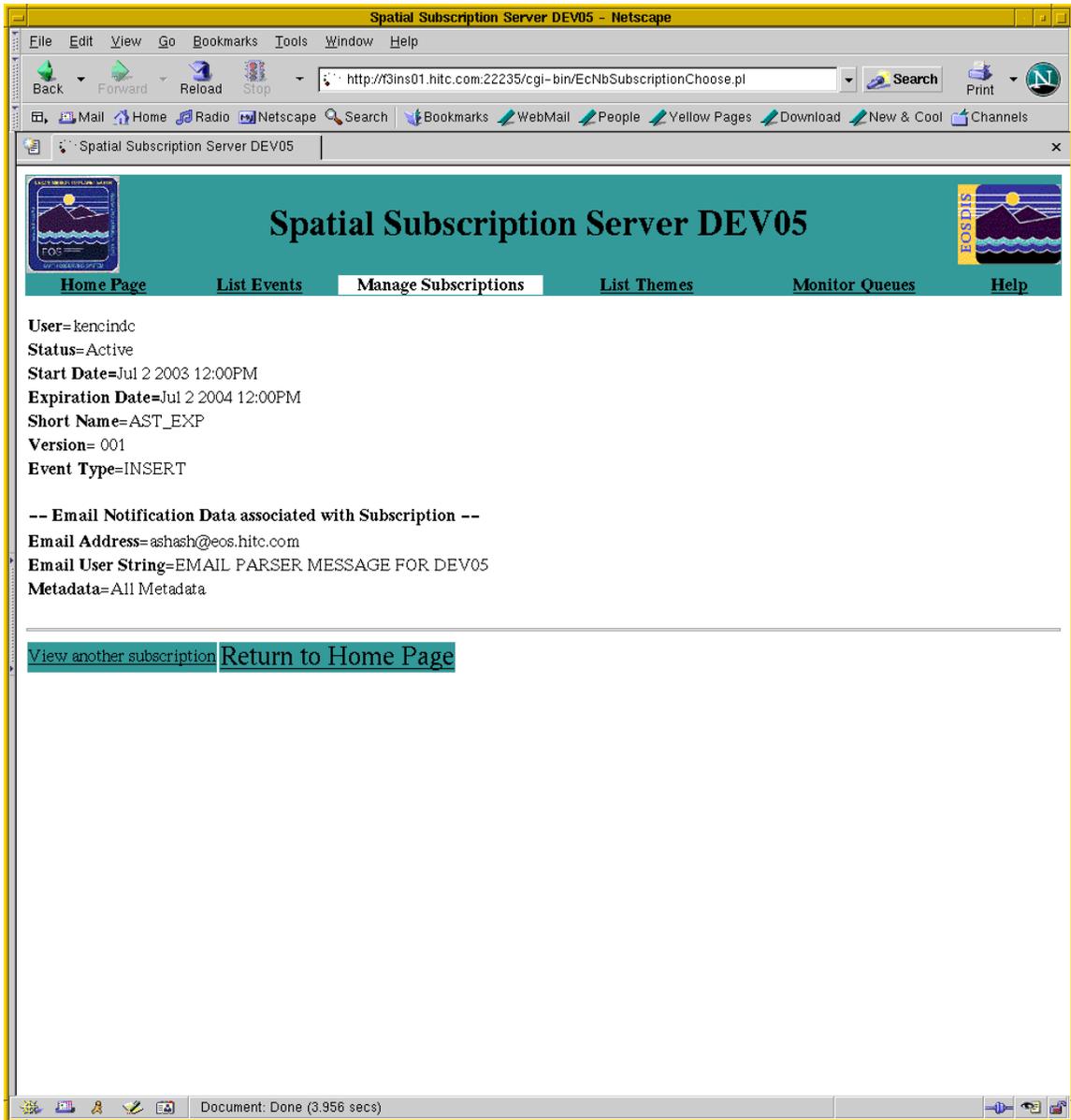


Figure 4.7.2.4-2b. View Contents of a Subscription with Associated Email Notification Action (Continuation)

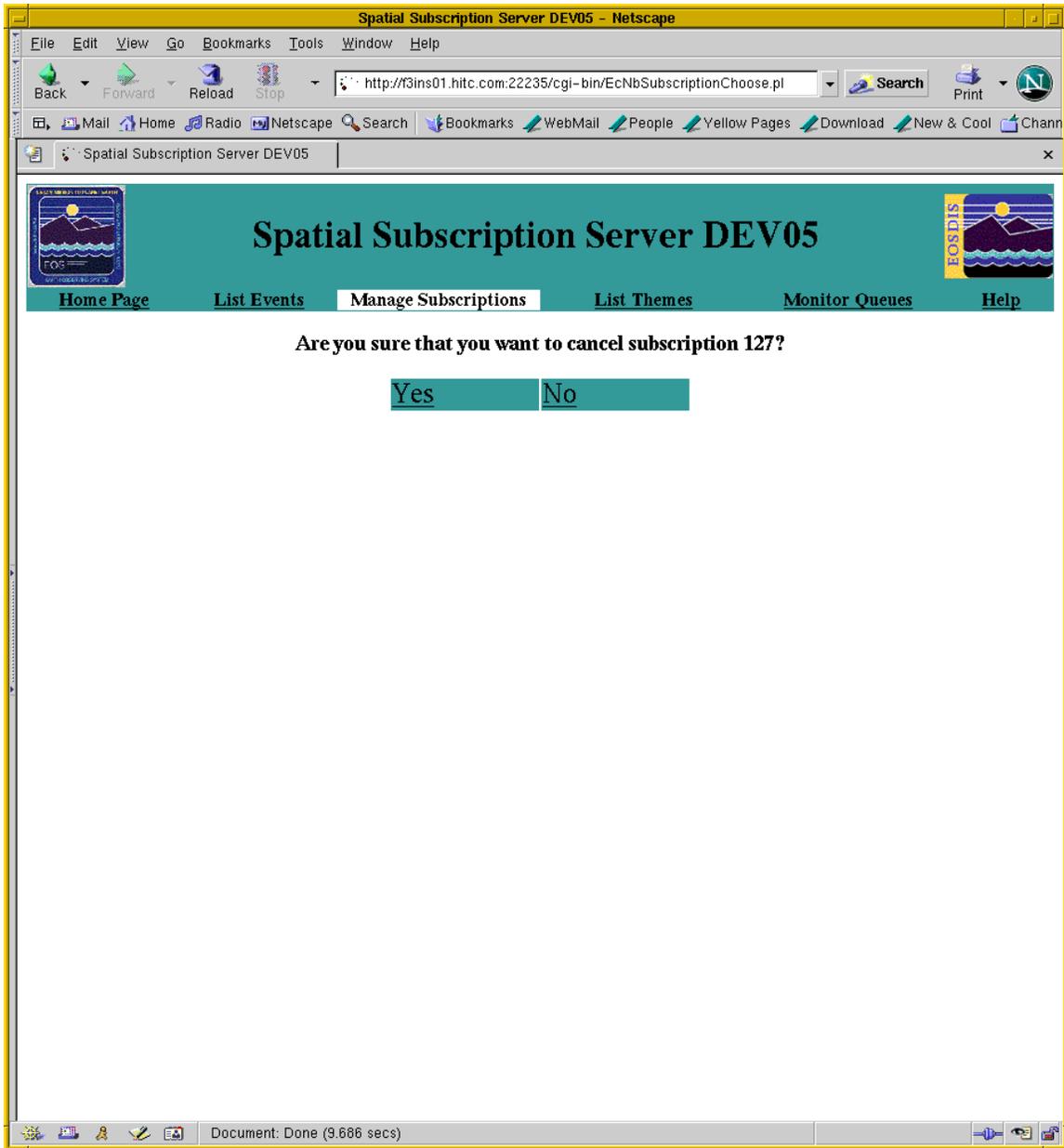


Figure 4.7.2.4-3. Cancel Subscription Confirmation Request. Note that Cancel Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Operators

Limited Capability operators cannot use/access this functionality.

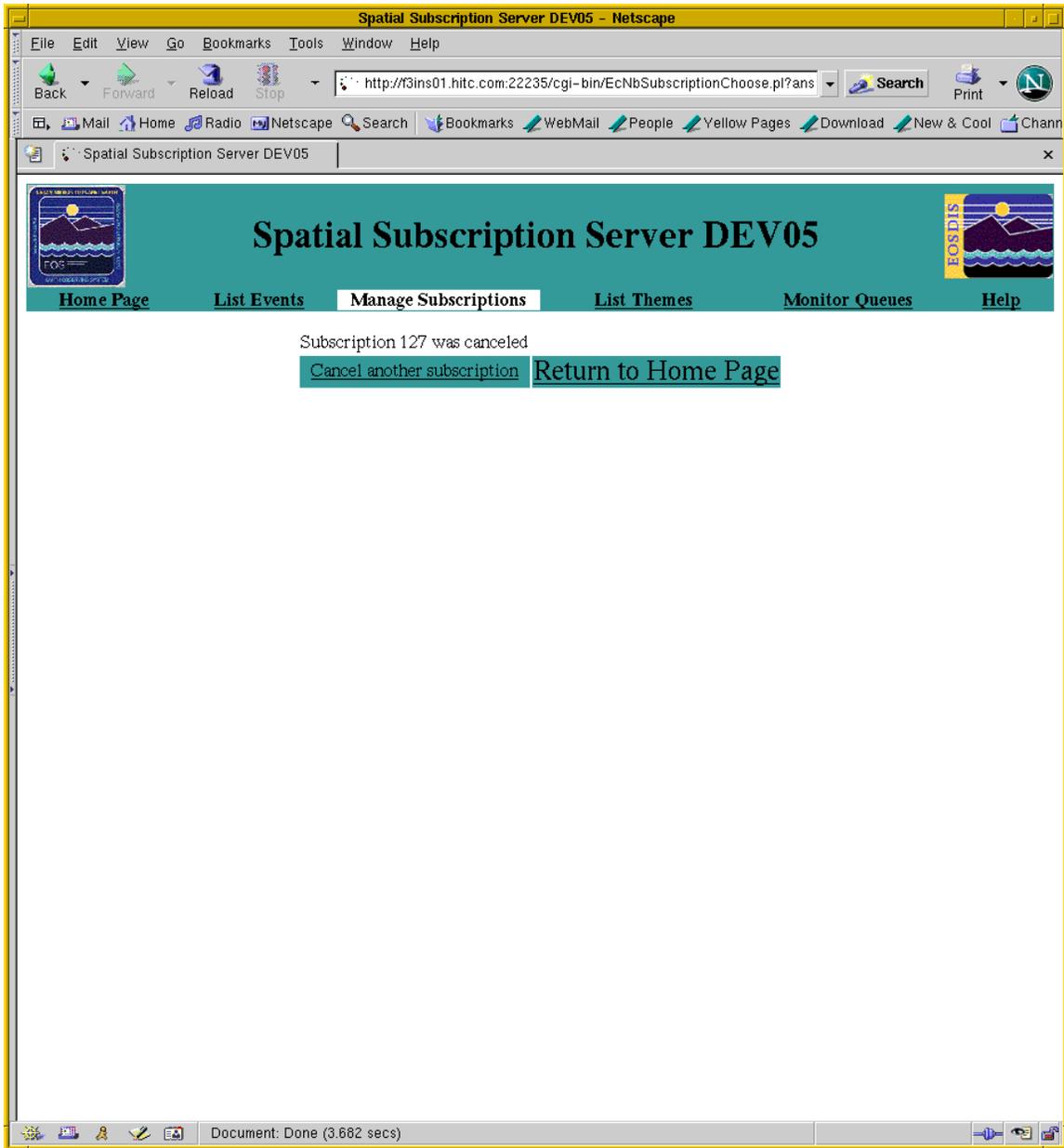


Figure 4.7.2.4-4. Cancel Subscription Confirmation Acknowledgement. Note that This Functionality is Accessible Only to Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

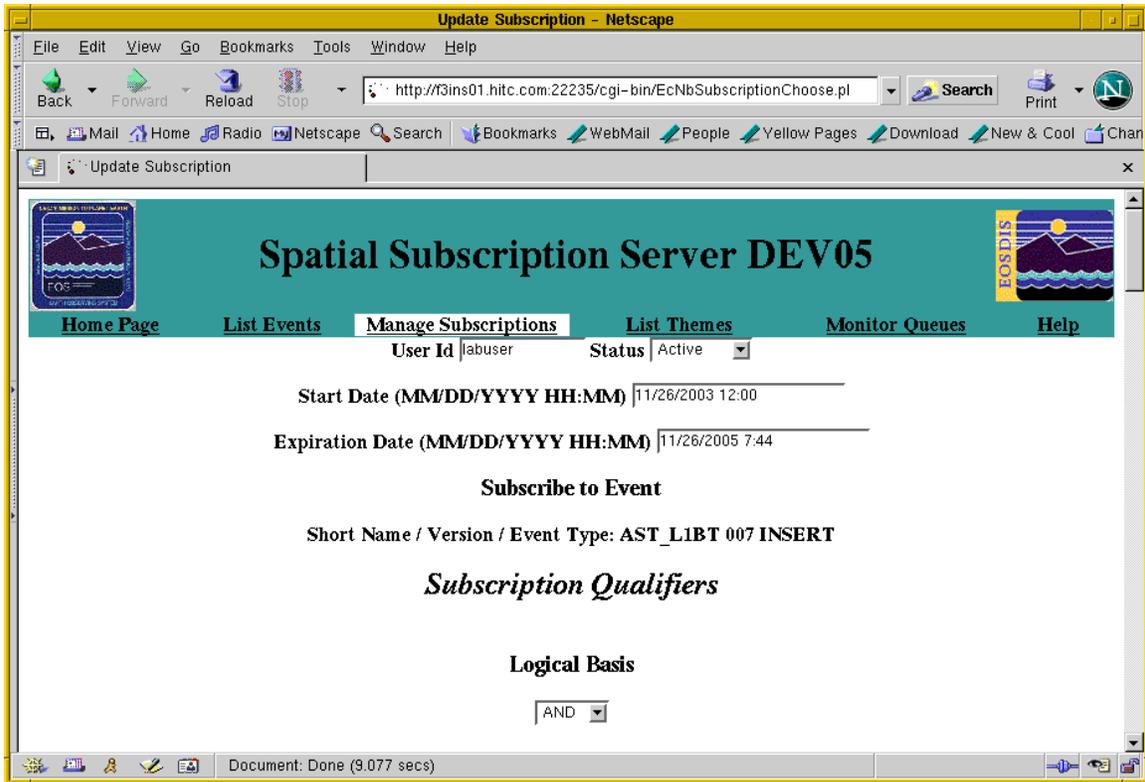


Figure 4.7.2.4-5a. Update a Subscription in the NBSRV Database. Note that This Functionality is Available Only to Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

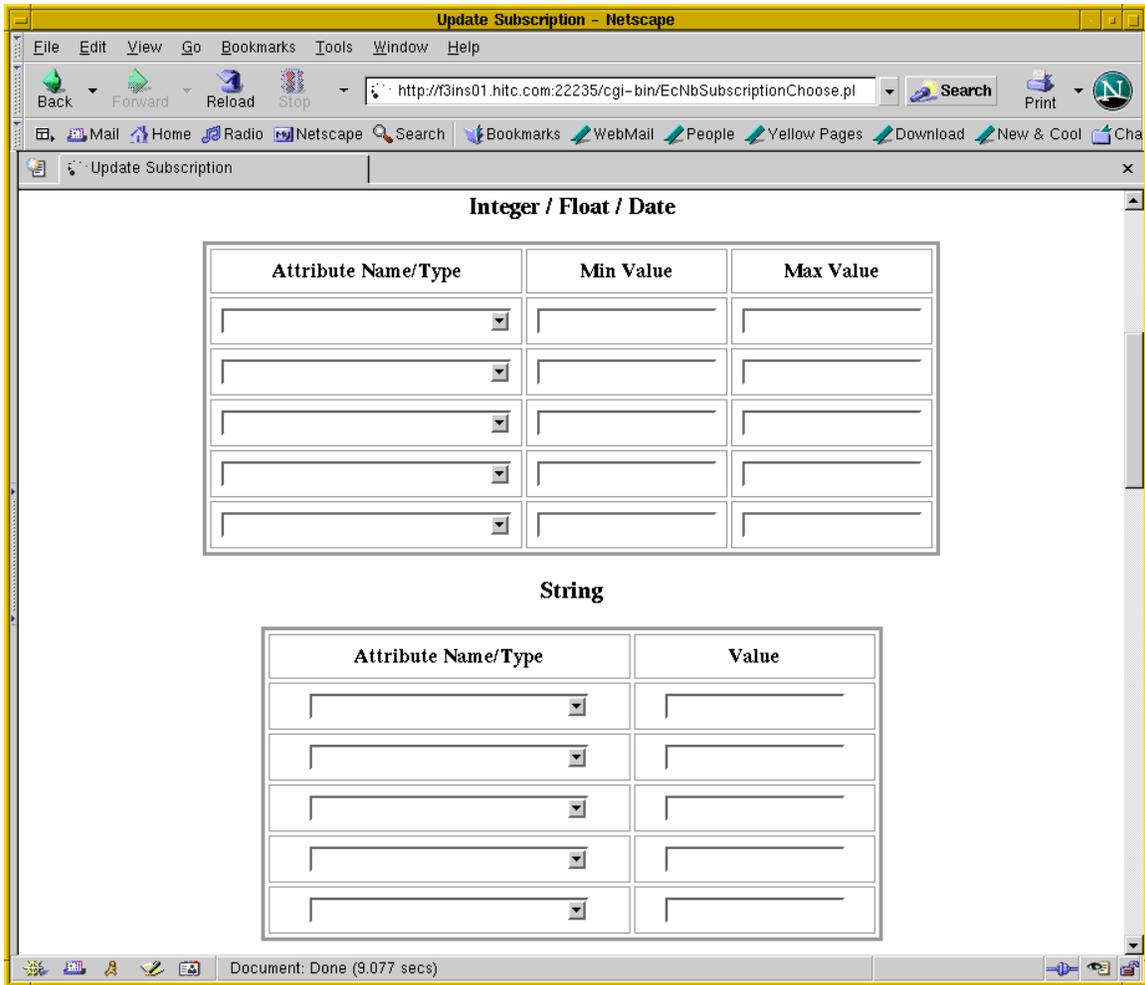


Figure 4.7.2.4-5b. Update a Subscription in the NBSRV Database. Note that This Functionality is Available Only to Full Capability Operator. (Continuation to Add or Modify String or Spatial Qualifiers Associated with an Existing Subscription)

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

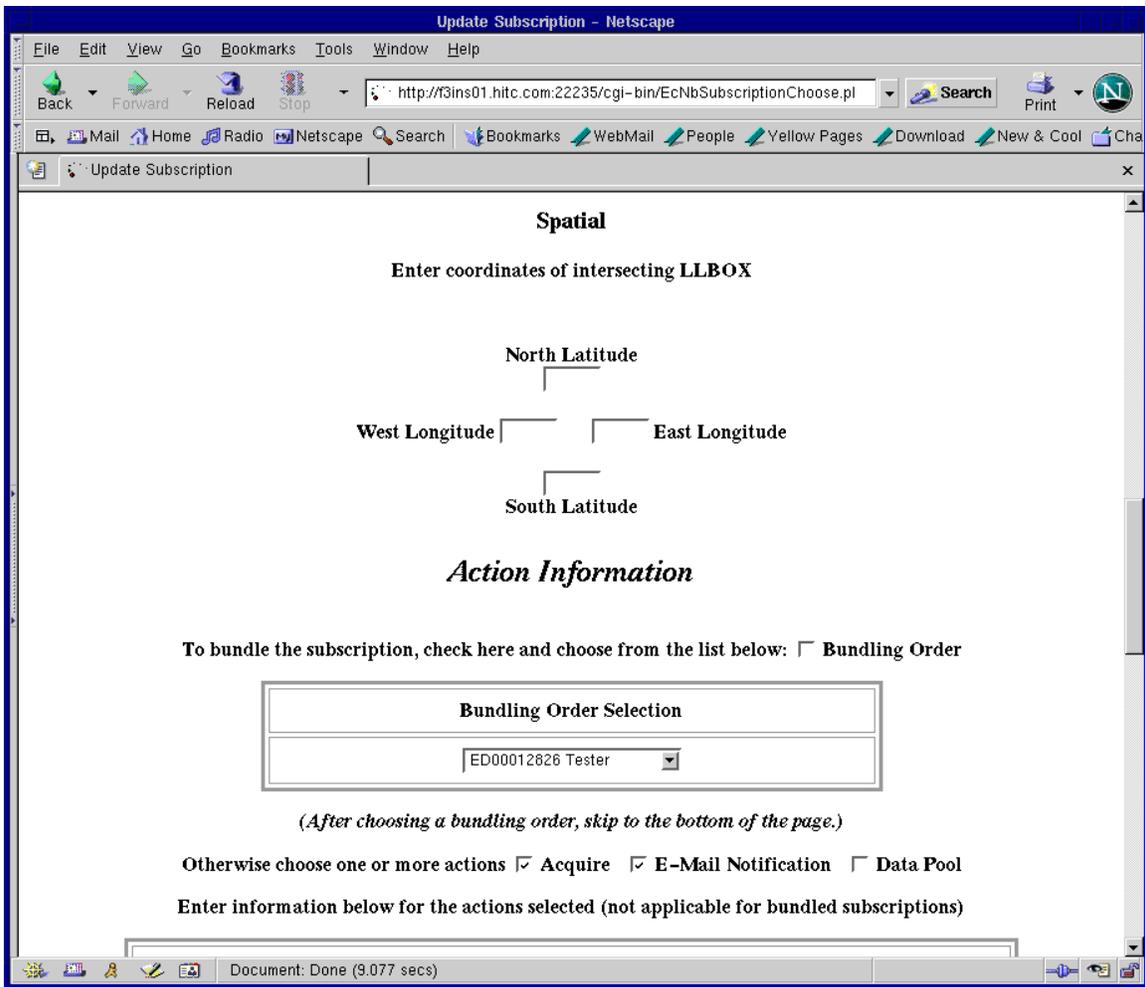


Figure 4.7.2.4-5c. Update a Subscription in the NBSRV Database. Note that This Functionality is Only Available to Full Capability Operators. (Continuation to Add or Update Action Information for an Existing Subscription)

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Applications Actions | bender1 | Spatial Subscription Server DEV05 | bender1 | Thu Feb 14, 2:39 PM

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

file://home/labuser/Desktop/EcNbAddSubscription1B.pl.html

Getting Started Latest Headlines

Functionality Lab Status | Spatial Subscription Server... | Spatial Subscription Server...

Otherwise choose one or more actions Acquire E-Mail Notification Data Pool

Enter information below for the actions selected (not applicable for bundled subscriptions)

Acquire Information

User Profile | labuser

User String |

First Name | Lab M.I. | Last Name | User

Phone Number | 301-851-8300

Email Address | labuser@raytheon.com

Media Format FILEFORMAT

Media Type | FtpPull

Priority | VHIGH

Notify Type MAIL

Information for FtpPush or Secure Copy Distribution (scp) Only

User |

Password |

Enter password again for verification |

Host |

Directory |

E-Mail Notification Information

Action Address |

Done

Figure 4.7.2.4-5d. Update a Subscription in the NBSRV Database. Note that This Functionality is Available to Only Full Capability Operators. (Continuation to Update Ftp Action Information for an Existing Subscription.)

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window titled "Update Subscription - Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays "http://Hom101.htc.com:22241/cgi-bin/EcNBSubscriptionChoose.pl". The browser's tab bar shows "Update Subscription". The main content area contains a form with the following sections:

- Phone Number**: [Text input field]
- Email Address**: [Text input field]
- Media Format**: FILEFORMAT
- Media Type**: FtpPush [Dropdown menu]
- Priority**: VHIGH [Dropdown menu]
- Notify Type**: MAIL
- Information for FtpPush and Secure Copy Distribution (scp) Only**:
 - User**: [Text input field]
 - Password**: [Text input field]
 - Enter password again for verification**: [Text input field]
 - Host**: [Text input field]
 - Directory**: [Text input field]
- E-Mail Notification Information**:
 - Action Address**: [Text input field]
 - User String**: [Text input field]
 - Metadata**: [Dropdown menu]
- Data Pool Information**:
 - Science Granules and/or Metadata**: metadata only [Dropdown menu]
 - Check here for theme:** **Enter first few chars of name:** [Text input field]

At the bottom of the form is an "Update Subscription" button. The browser's status bar at the bottom left shows "Done".

Figure 4.7.2.4-5e. Update a Subscription in the NBSRV Database (Continuation to Update E-Mail Action Information, Data Pool Information, or the Bundling Order Selection for an Existing Subscription)

Note: The operator must click on the Update Subscription button to initiate the updating of a subscription.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

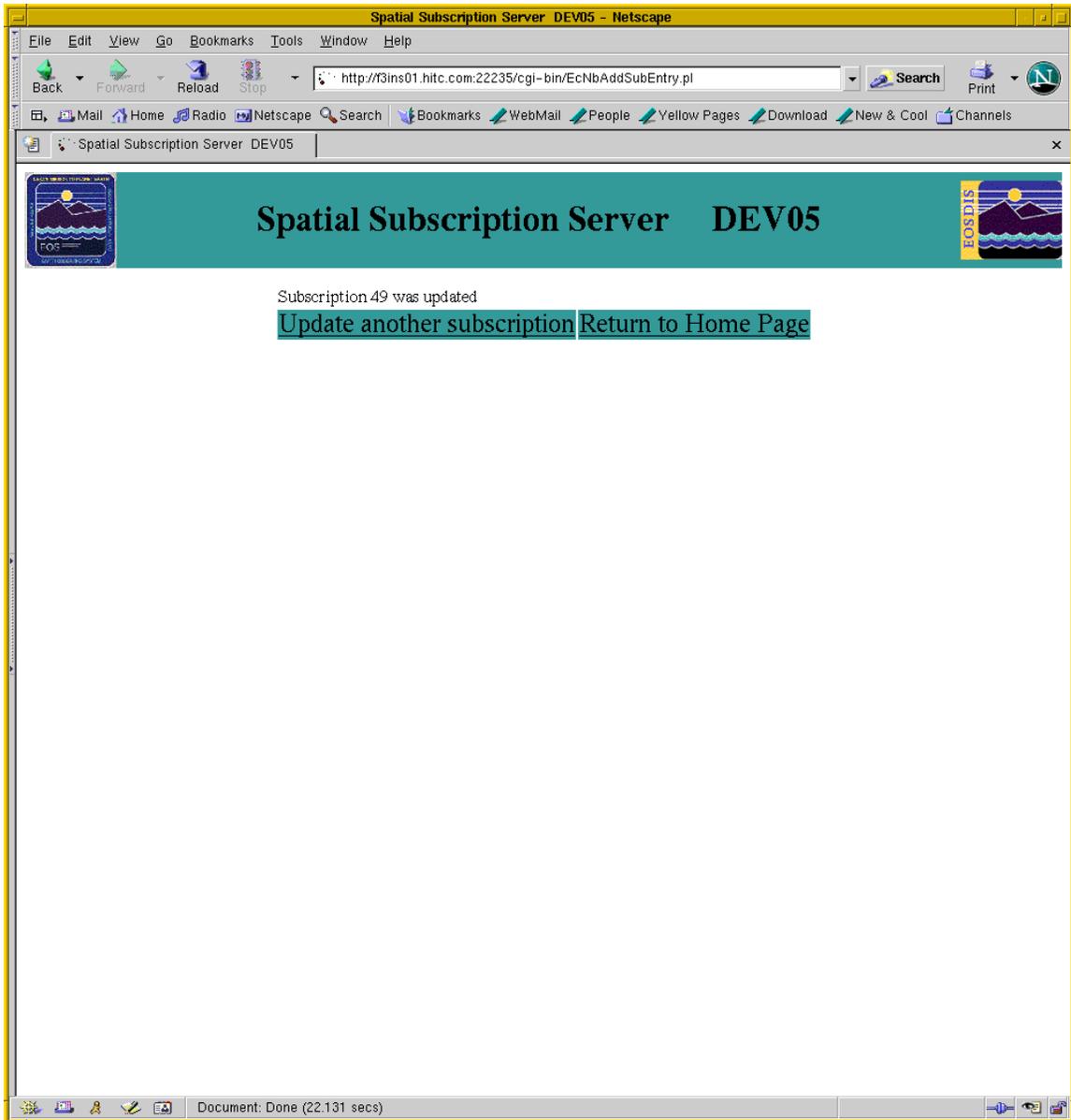


Figure 4.7.2.4-6a. Update Confirmation Screen. Note that This Screen is Seen by Only Full Capability Operator (Confirms Successful or Unsuccessful Updating of the Subscription)

Note: If invalid or missing data is detected for the subscription the errors will be displayed to the operator for correction. If a theme was to be associated with a data pool action, the screen will appear as in Figure 4.7.2.4-6b.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

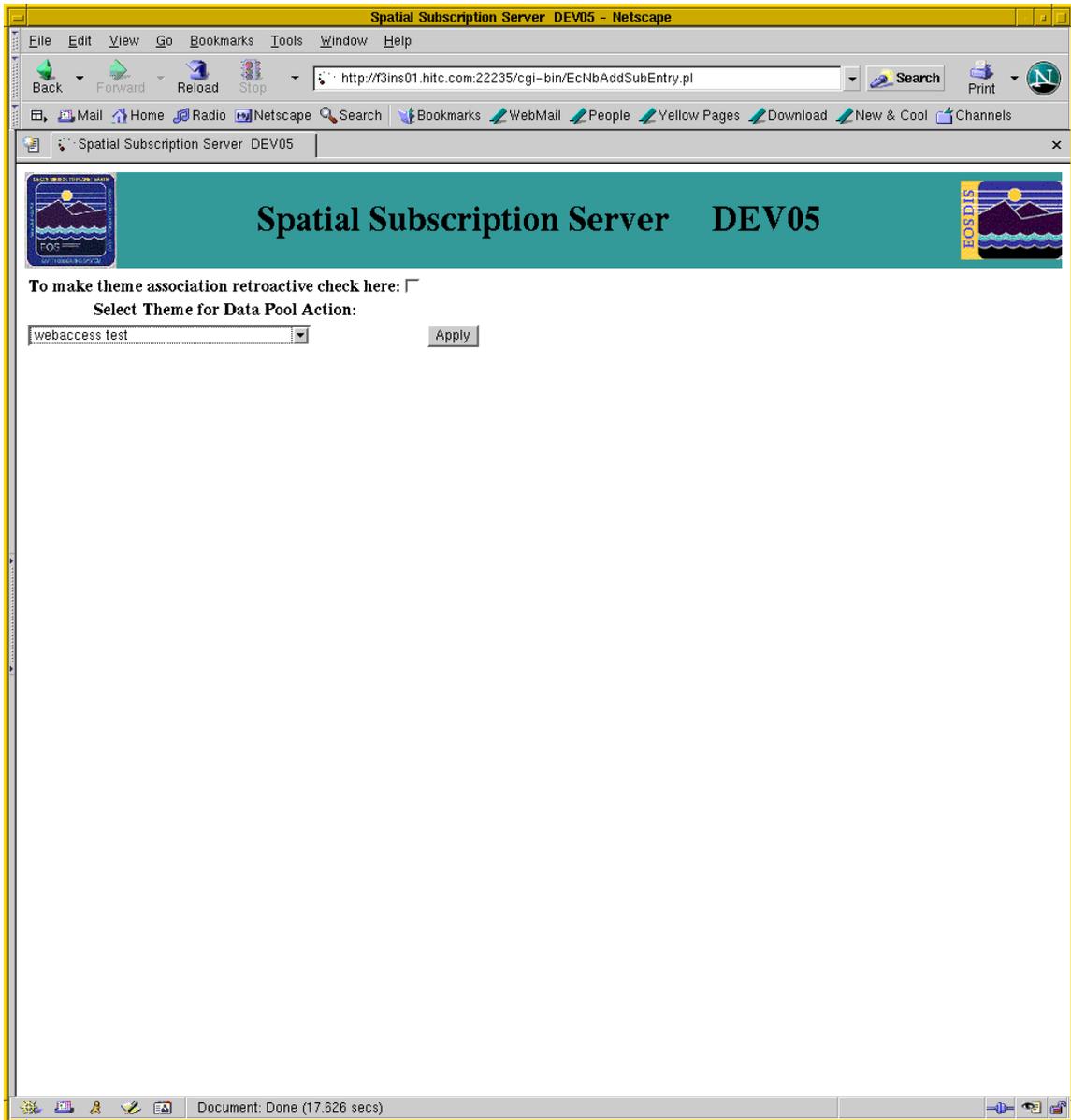


Figure 4.7.2.4-6b. Data Pool Action Associated with a Theme. Note that This Screen is Seen by Only Full Capability Operator. (Alternative to Update Confirmation Screen Figure 4.7.2.4-6a)

Note: The user first indicates whether the association is to be retroactive. Retroactive means that any granules already in the Data Pool due to the subscription being updated will be associated with the theme. The user then selects a theme from the pulldown list and clicks on Apply. The screen in Figure 4.7.2.4-6a will be displayed, signaling a successful update.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

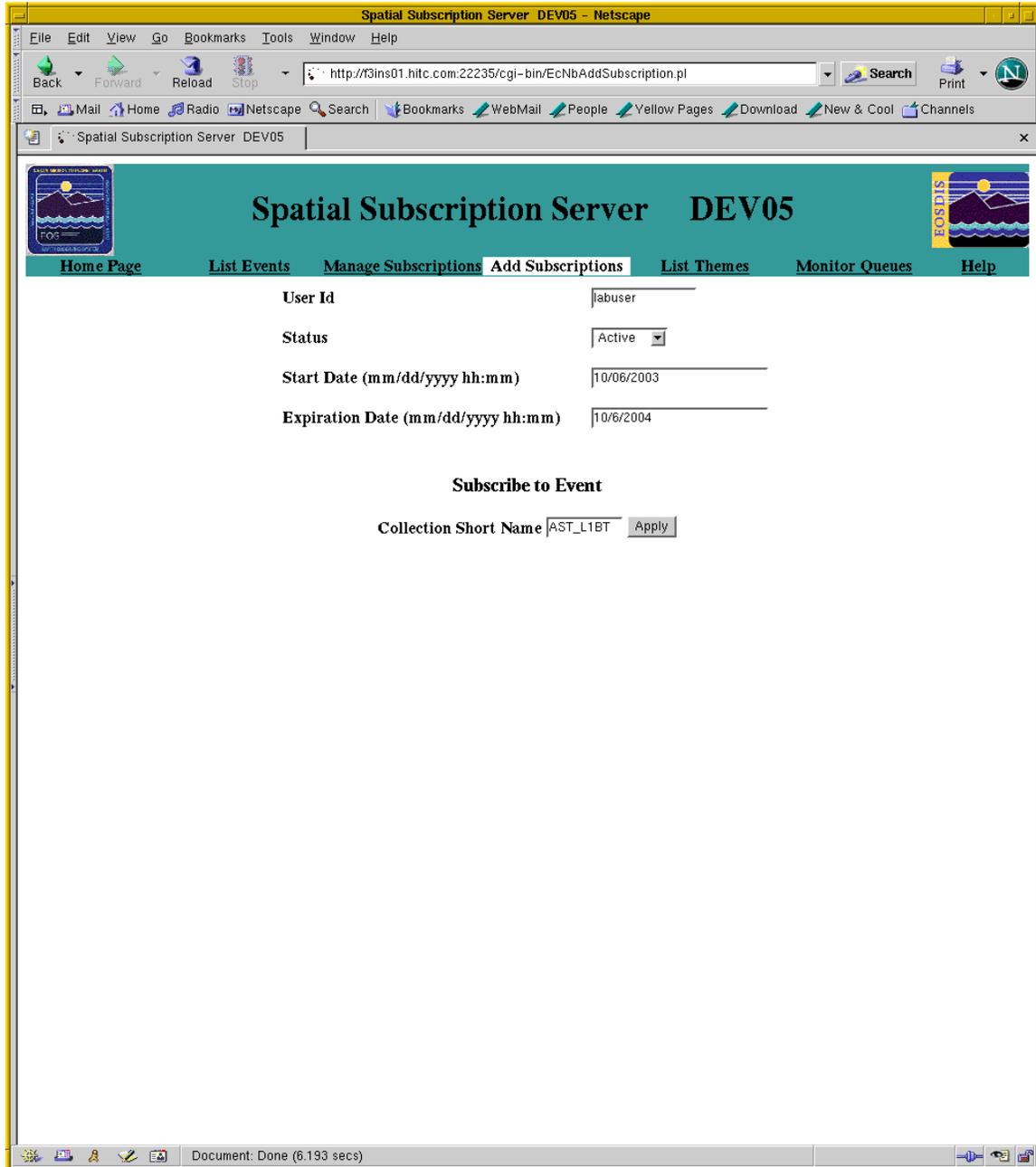


Figure 4.7.2.4-7. Add a New Subscription for a Valid ECS User. Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Users.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.2.4-1. Add Subscriptions Screen Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
User Id	character	14	required	Allows the operator to enter a valid ECS user.
Status	n/a	n/a	required, selection from dropdown list	Allows the operator to select 'Active', 'Inactive' or "Canceled". Normally, the operator will choose 'Active'. 'Inactive' means that the subscription exists but has been temporarily suspended. 'Canceled' means that the subscription has been planned for deletion and will be deleted by the Deletion Driver once a configurable amount of time has passed. The default value for the status field is 'Active'.
Expiration Date	dateTime	12	required	Allows the operator to enter the date on which the subscription will expire. The default is one year from the current date (although this is configurable).
Collection Short Name	character	10	optional	Allows the operator to enter the first few characters of the Collection for the event that will be subscribed to. If left blank all Collections will be retrieved. The operator must click on the APPLY button to obtain a pull-down list of collection, version, event type combinations.

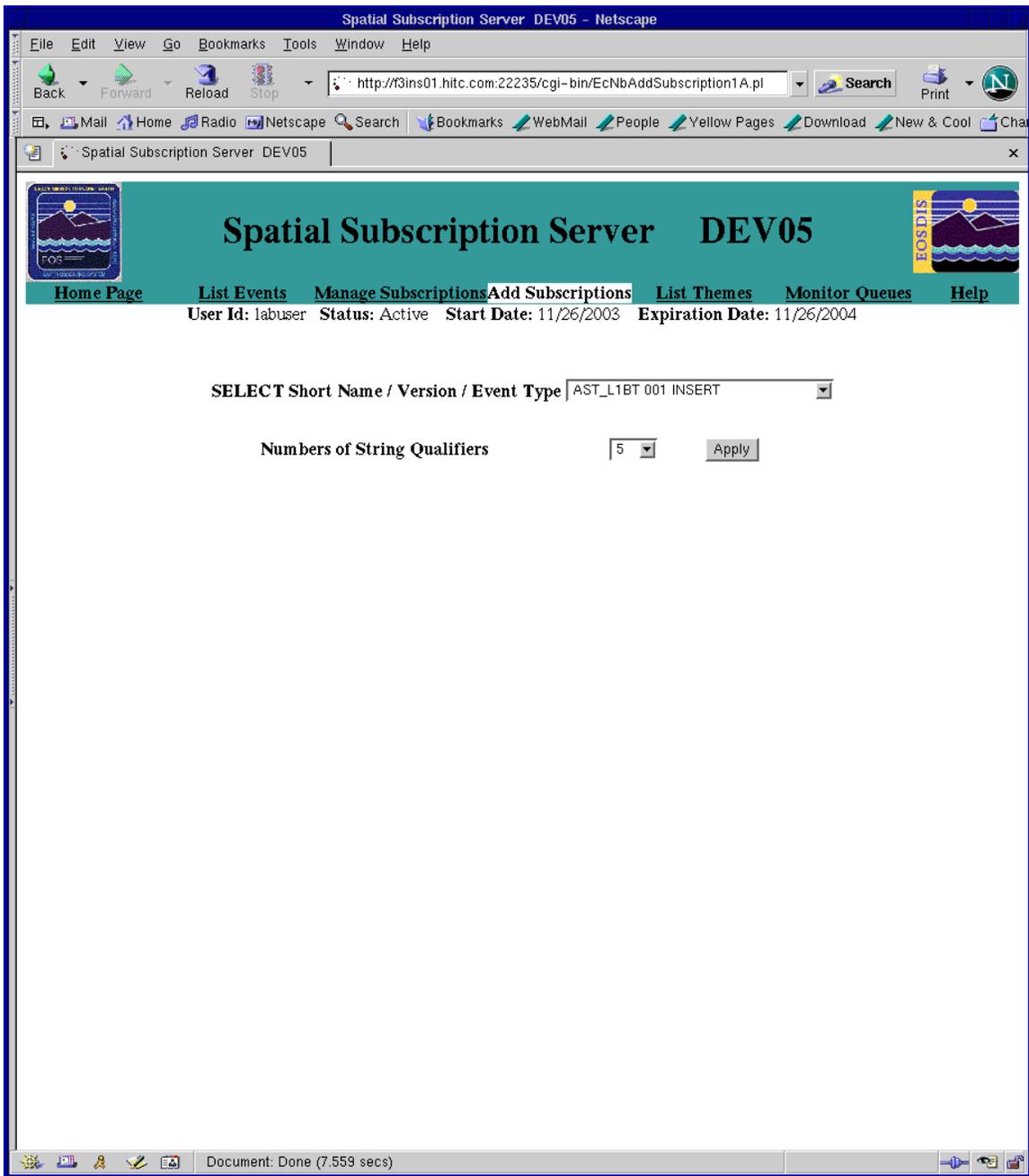


Figure 4.7.2.4-8. Event Selection (Continuation of Figure 4.7.2.4-7). Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Full Capability Operators.

Note: This screen depicts the operator selecting the ‘AST_L1BT 001 INSERT’ event from the pull-down list.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

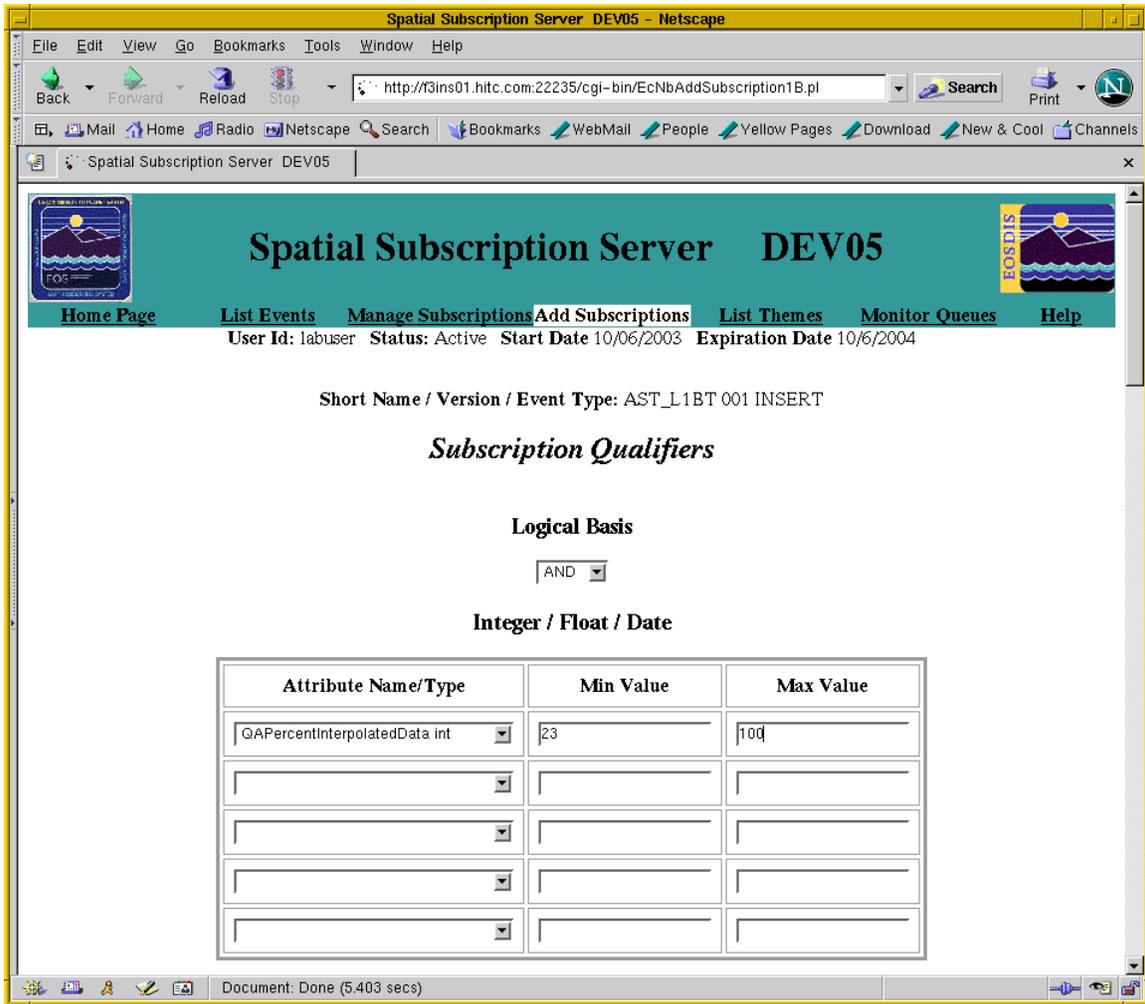


Figure 4.7.2.4-9. Add Subscription Continuation Information. Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operators.

Note: This screen is displayed after the operator clicks on the Apply button in Figure 4.7.2.4-8. It depicts the operator adding an integer qualifier to the new subscription.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.2.4-2. Add Subscriptions Screen Continuation Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Attribute Name/ Type	n/a	n/a	optional, selection from dropdown list	Allows the operator to select Integer, Float or date qualifier. Note that only attributes associated with the current collection will be displayed. If the measured Parameter QAPercentCloudCover is valid for the Collection and the operator elects to qualify on it as part of the subscription, a pop-up window will be displayed requesting that the operator enter a valid parameter name for the attribute.
Min Value	character	20	optional	Allows the operator to enter valid minimum value for the qualifier selected.
Max Value	character	20	optional	Allows the operator to enter valid maximum value for the qualifier selected. For exact matching, enter the same value for the minimum and maximum.

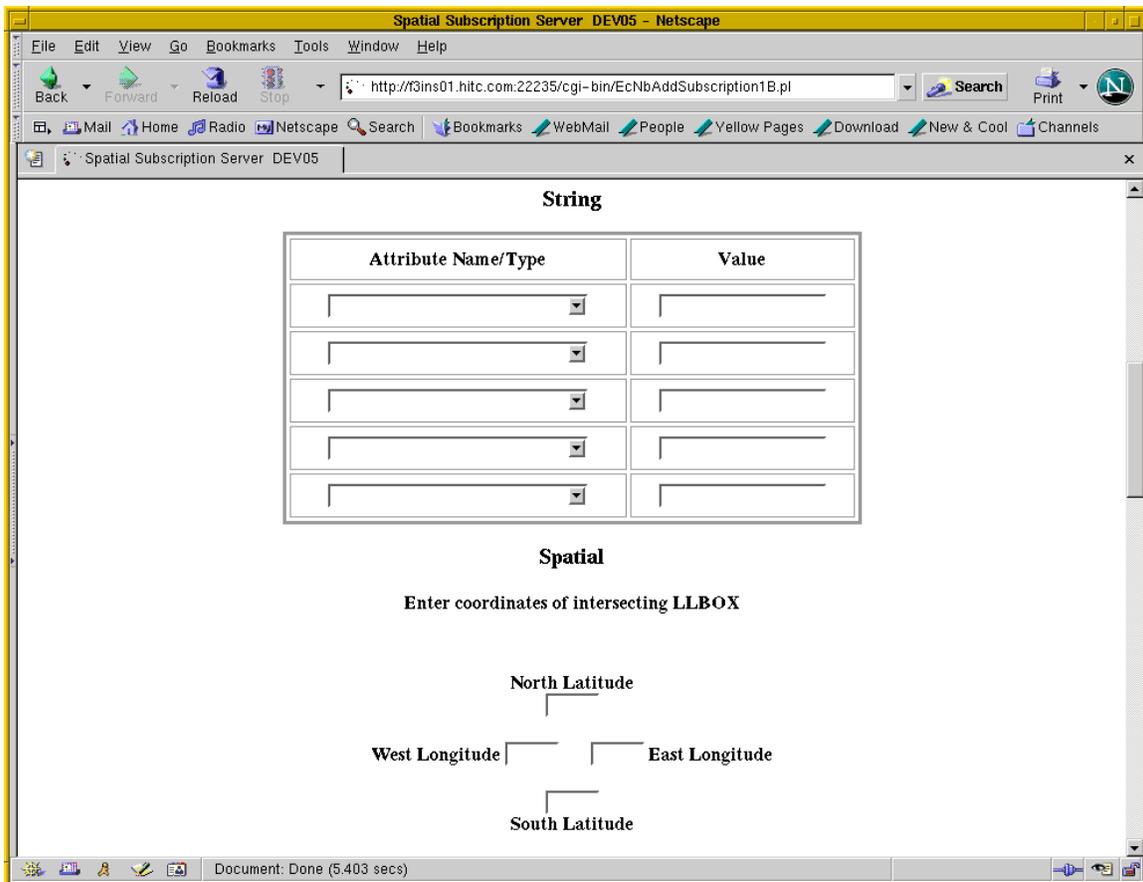


Figure 4.7.2.4-10. Add Subscription Screen Continuation (Adding String and Spatial Qualifiers)

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.2.4-3. Add Subscriptions Continuation Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Attribute Name / Type	n/a	n/a	optional, selection from dropdown list	Allows the operator to select String qualifier.
Value	character	20	optional	Allows the operator to enter valid string value for qualifier selected.
Lat/Long Coordinates	character	6	optional	Allows the operator to define the latitude and longitude coordinates for an intersecting LLBOX. The coordinates are entered in degrees.

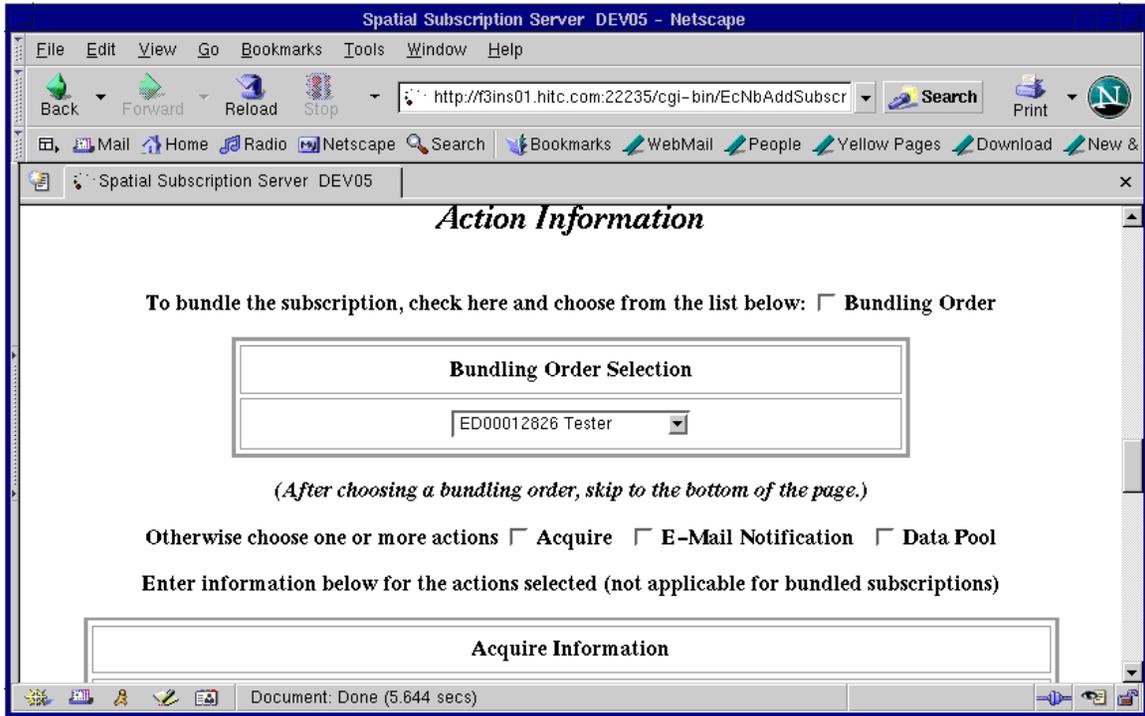


Figure 4.7.2.4-11. Add Subscription Screen Continuation (Bundling Order). Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.2.4-4. Add Subscriptions Continuation Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
User Profile	character	30	required, for Acquire	This will default to the User Id from the Add Subscriptions form.
User String	character	30	optional, for Acquire	A secondary qualifier used to distinguish this request from others with the same user profile. The user string will appear in the distribution notice.
First Name	character	20	optional	First name of the user receiving the data.
Middle Initial	character	1	optional	Middle initial of user receiving the data.
Last Name	character	20	optional	Last name of the user receiving the data.
Phone Number	character	22	optional	Phone number of the user receiving the data.
Email Address	character	50	required, for Acquire	The e-mail address that is used by the Data Distribution to e-mail notification of the acquire. NOTE: a granule will be distributed at most once to a given email address, regardless of the number of matching subscriptions.
Media Format	n/a	n/a	required, for Acquire	The format of the Media. The only default value is FILEFORMAT.
Media Type	n/a	n/a	required, for Acquire	The type of the Media. The valid values are FtpPull, FtpPush and Secure Copy. The default value is FtpPush.
Priority	n/a	n/a	required, for Acquire	The distribution priority of the acquire. The valid values are VHIGH, HIGH, NORMAL, LOW, XPRESS. The default priority value is the distribution priority in the user profile of the userID associated with the subscription.
Notify Type	n/a	n/a	required, for Acquire	The method of notification for the acquire. The only default value is MAIL. (When the Media Type is scp, notifications are also sent via scp).
FTP User	character	30	optional, for Acquire	The Unix login ID of the FTP recipient. Required for FtpPush and SecureCopy.
FTP Password	character	16	optional, for Acquire	The Unix password for the FTP recipient. Required for FtpPush and SecureCopy.
FTP Password Verification	character	16	optional, for Acquire	The Unix password verification for the FTP recipient. Required for FtpPush and SecureCopy.
FTP Host	character	80	optional, for Acquire	The Unix hostname of the FTP recipient. Required for FtpPush and SecureCopy.
FTP Directory	character	80	optional, for Acquire	The pathname of the Unix directory where the acquired files are to be stored. Required for FtpPush and SecureCopy.

Figure 4.7.2.4-12a and 4.7.2.4-12b show the Add Subscription Screen Continuation.

Otherwise choose one or more actions Acquire E-Mail Notification Data Pool

Enter information below for the actions selected (not applicable for bundled subscriptions)

Acquire Information	
User Profile	labuser
User String	fest one
First Name	Lab
M.I.	Q
Last Name	User
Phone Number	301-851-8300
Email Address	labuser@raytheon.com
Media Format	FILEFORMAT
Media Type	FtpPull
Priority	VHIGH
Notify Type	MAIL
Information for FtpPush or Secure Copy Distribution (scp) Only	
User	
Password	
Enter password again for verification	
Host	
Directory	

Figure 4.7.2.4.-12a. Add Subscription Screen Continuation. Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operators. (Information for the E-Mail Notification or Data Pool Actions)

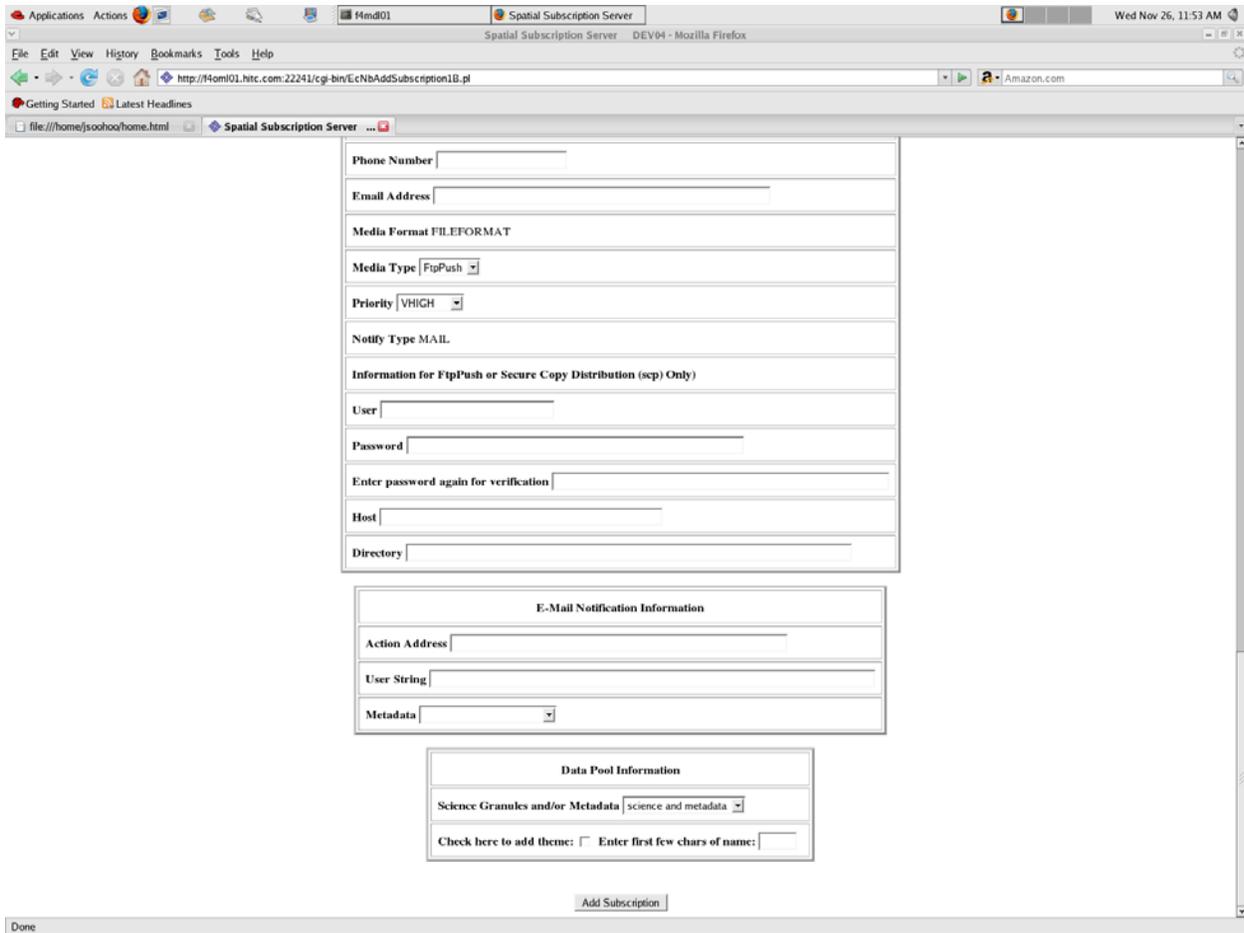


Figure 4.7.2.4-12b. Add Subscription Screen Continuation. Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operators. (Information for the E-Mail Notification or Data Pool Actions)

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Note: A data pool action may be associated with a theme by clicking the theme box. The theme will be chosen in the next screen. The operator can optionally enter the first few characters of the theme name in order to shorten the list of possibilities. The operator must click on the Add Another Subscription button to initiate the addition of the subscription to the NBSRV database.

Table 4.7.2.4-5. Add Subscriptions Continuation Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Action Address	character		required for Notify	The email address of the registered ECS user associated with the subscription.
User String	n/a	n/a	optional, for Notify	The user string to be included in the message text for each email notification.
Metadata	n/a	n/a	required, for Notify	Allows the operator to include names and values for all metadata attributes or only include names and values for the metadata attributes associated with the subscription qualifiers in the email notification text. The valid values are Qualifying Metadata Only and All Metadata.
Science Granules and/or Metadata	enumeration		required	Indicates whether both the granule and its metadata are to be inserted into the Data Pool or just the metadata.
Associated Theme	character	40	optional	Theme associated with the subscription.
Bundling Order	character	10	optional	Associates the subscription with a previously defined bundling order. The pulldown list displays the bundling order ID followed by its user string, if defined.
Check Here To Add Theme	checkbox	n/a	optional	Add theme associated with the subscription.
Enter First Few Chars of Name	character	5	optional	The first few characters of the associated theme's name.

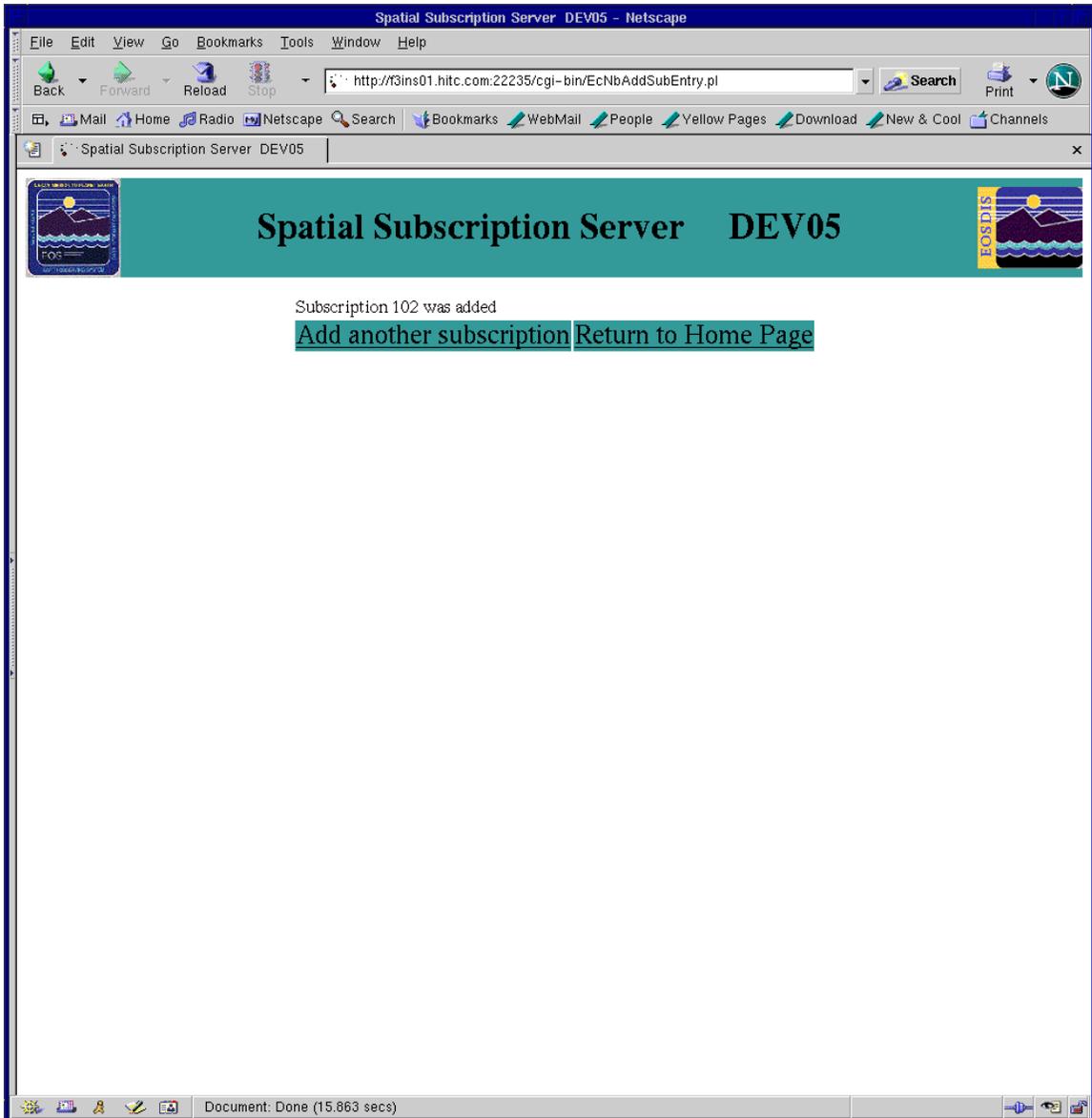


Figure 4.7.2.4-13a. Add Confirmation Screen. Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operators. (Confirms Successful or Unsuccessful Adding of the Subscription)

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Note: If invalid or missing data is detected for the subscription, the errors will be displayed to the operator for correction.

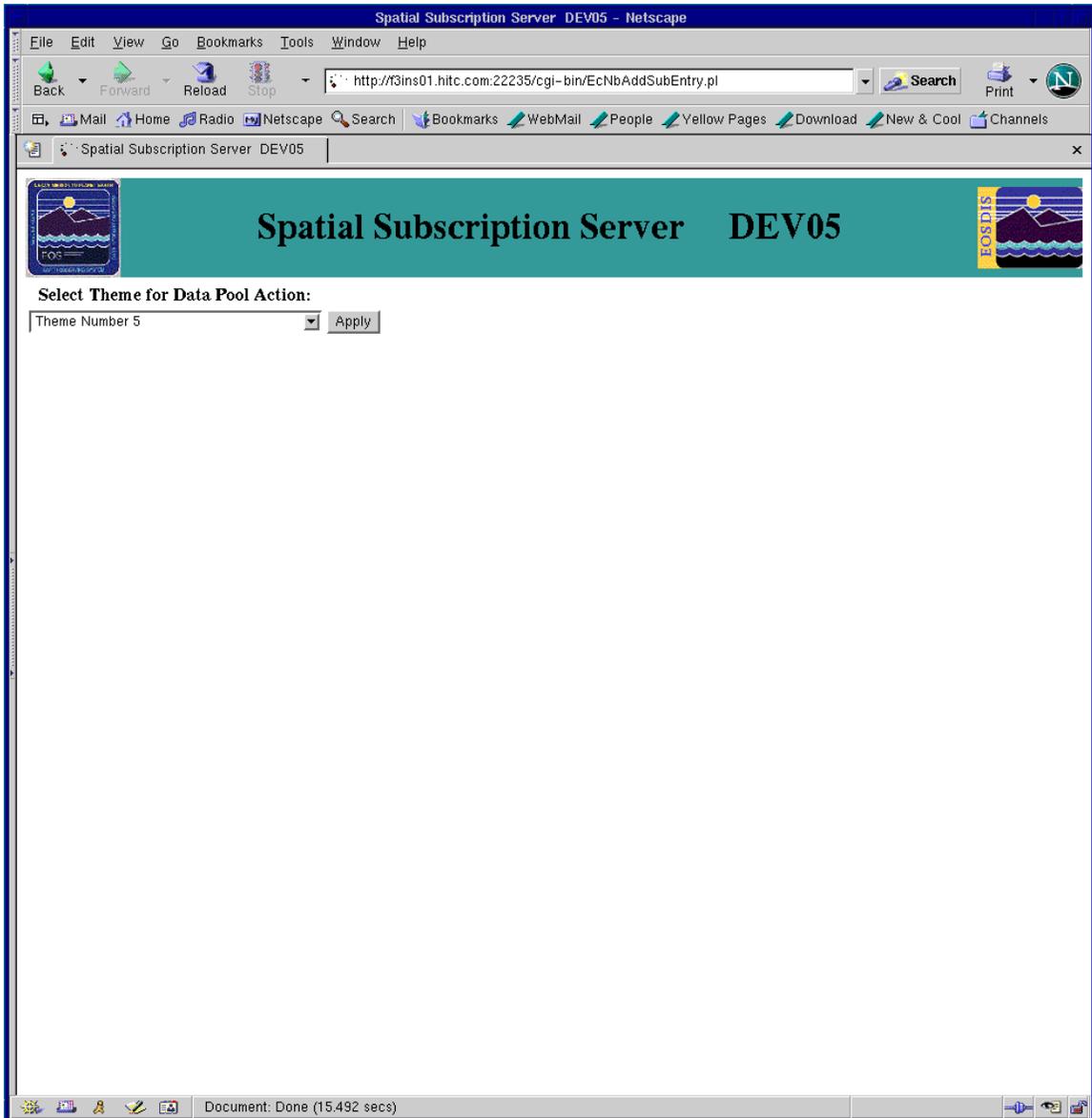


Figure 4.7.2.4-13b. Data Pool Action Associated with a Theme (Alternative to Add Confirmation Screen Figure 4.7.2.4-13a). Note that This Functionality is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Note: The operator selects a theme name from the pulldown list and clicks on the Apply button. Confirmation that the subscription was successfully added appears as in Figure 4.7.2.4-13a.

NOTE: The subscription is actually created prior to displaying this screen, and the association of the theme with the subscription is implemented as an update operation.

4.7.2.5 List Themes Tab

The List Themes screen, called from Monitor Subscriptions and shown in Figure 4.7.2.5-1 allows the operator to see a list of known themes which are enabled for insert. Table 4.7.2.5-1 lists the field descriptions for the List Themes Request screen.

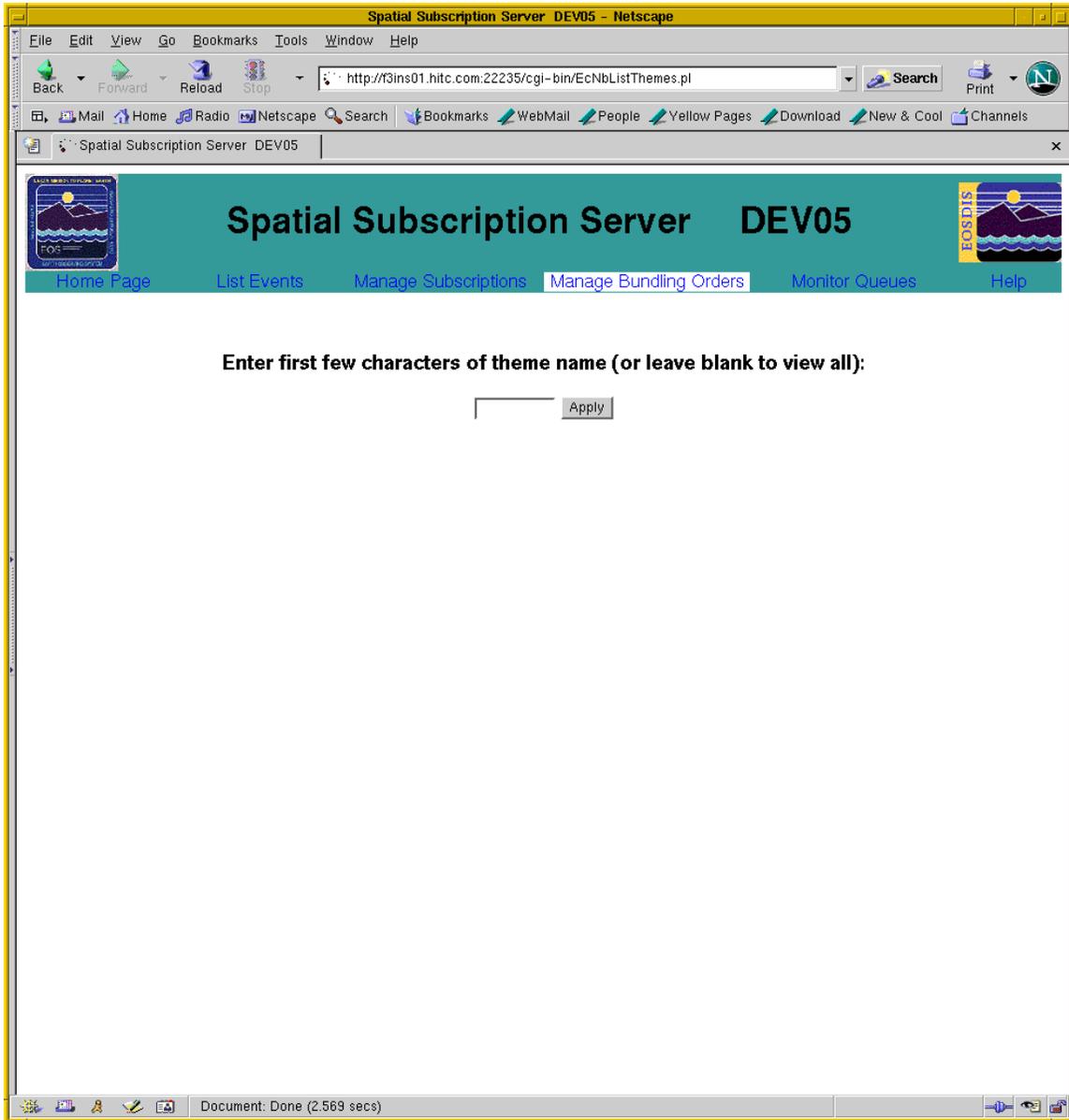


Figure 4.7.2.5-1. List Themes Screen Request

Note: The list may be filtered by entering the first few characters of the theme name.

Figure 4.7.2.5-2 below is the screen that is displayed after the operator enters information in the list themes screen (Figure 4.7.2.5-1).

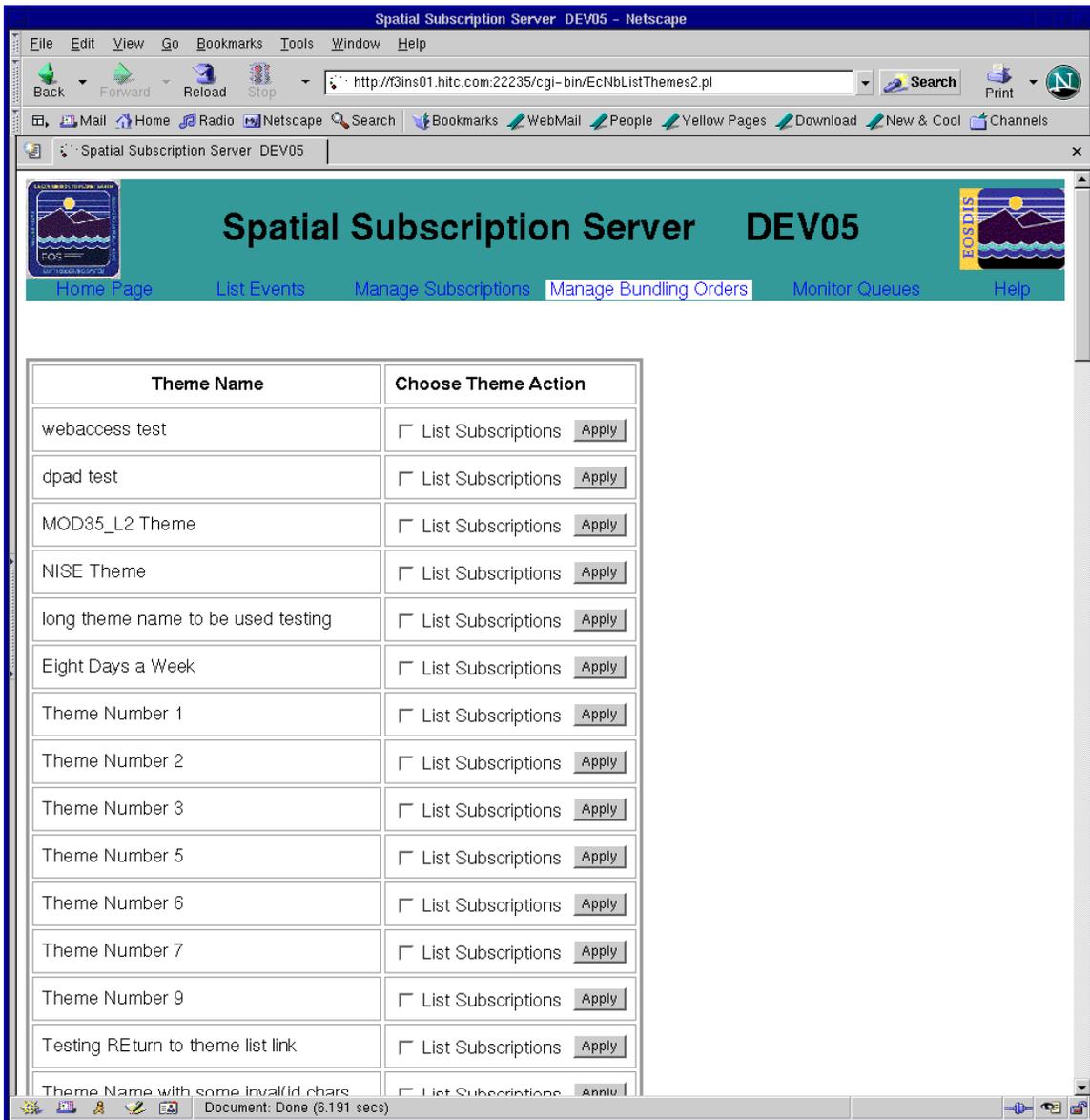


Figure 4.7.2.5-2. Theme List and Associated Action

Note: This screen allows the operator to see the list of themes enabled for insert and to view the list of subscriptions associated with a particular theme.

Table 4.7.2.5-1. Theme List Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Choose Theme Action	checkbox	1	optional	To view the subscriptions associated with a particular theme, check the box and click on Apply.
Continue	link	n/a	optional	To continue viewing the list of theme names, click on the continue link.

4.7.2.6 List Subscriptions box

The List Subscriptions for Theme screen, called from List Themes and shown in Figure 4.7.2.6-1 allows the operator to see a list of subscriptions associated with a particular theme.

Please note that **Update**, **Cancel**, **Suspend All**, **ResumeAll** and **Cancel All** functionality is accessible only to full capability Operators.

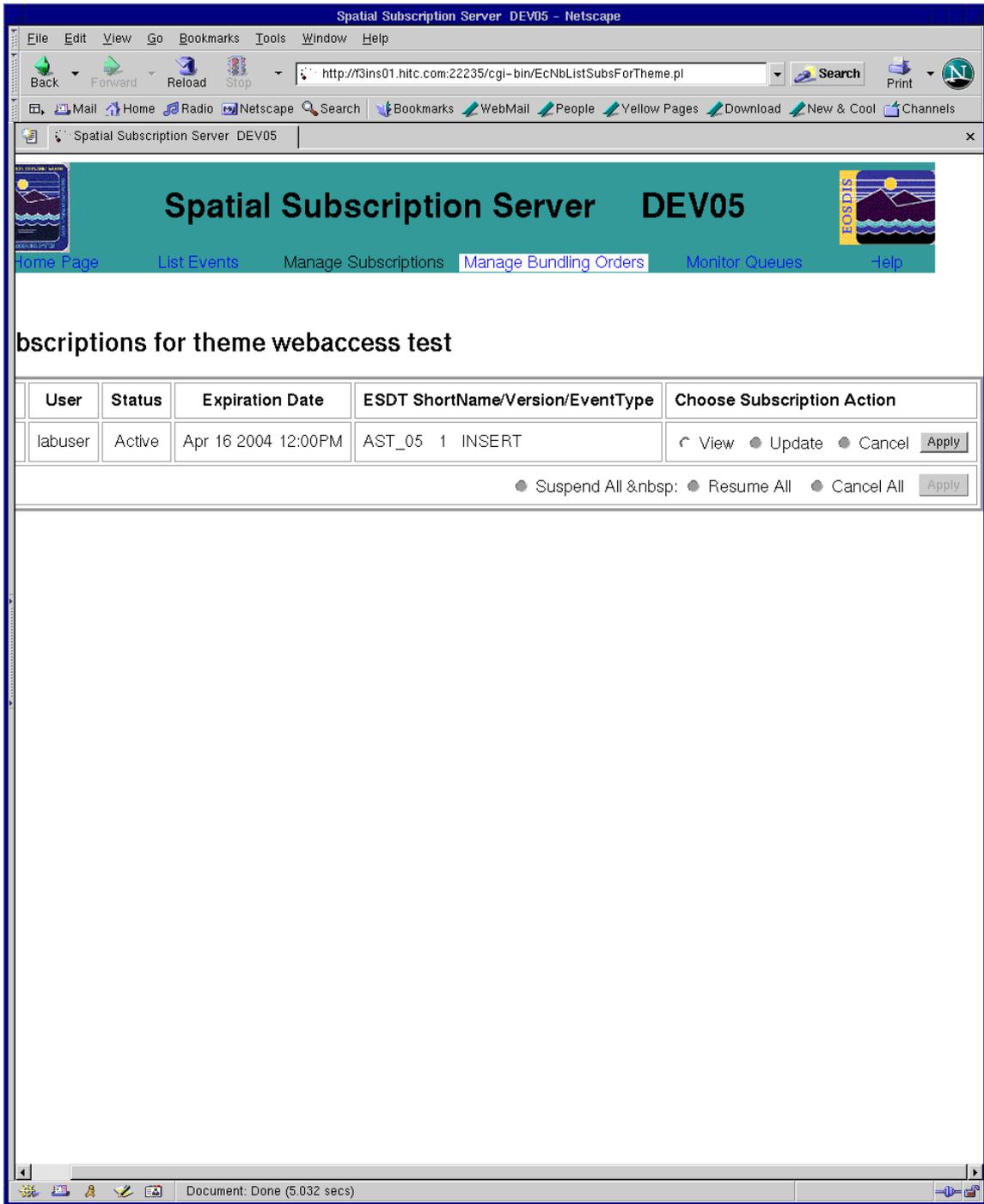


Figure 4.7.2.6-1. Theme and Associated Subscriptions

Note: This screen allows the operator to see the list of subscriptions associated with a particular theme and to select one of them for View, Update, or Cancel. The operator also has the option to suspend, resume, or cancel all subscriptions by clicking on the appropriate link.

4.7.2.7 Manage Bundling Orders tab

The Manage Bundling Orders screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.7-1 allows the operator to View, Update, or Cancel bundling orders or to create new bundling orders. The operator can also list the subscriptions associated with a particular bundling order.

Please note that **Update** and **Cancel** functionality can only be performed by an Operator with full capability access.

The screenshot shows the 'Spatial Subscription Server DEV05' web application. The main content area is titled 'Bundling Order List|Add Bundling Order|Configure Defaults'. Below the title are filter options: 'User' (labuser3), 'MediaType' (ALL), and 'Status' (ALL). The main data is presented in a table with the following columns: Bundling Order, User, Creation Date, Expiration Date, Media Type, Status, and Choose Bundling Order Action. The table contains 11 rows of bundling orders, each with a unique ID, user, creation and expiration dates, media type, status, and a set of actions (View, Update, Cancel, List Subs, Apply).

Bundling Order	User	Creation Date	Expiration Date	Media Type	Status	Choose Bundling Order Action
0400007756	labuser	Jul 7 2003 3:38PM	Jul 6 2004 12:00AM	DVD	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400007757	labuser	Jul 7 2003 3:46PM	Jul 8 2003 12:00AM	DLT	EXPIRED	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400011767	labuser	Aug 4 2003 5:07PM	Aug 3 2004 12:00AM	FtpPush	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400012034	labuser3	Sep 5 2003 10:15AM	Mar 3 2004 12:00AM	FtpPull	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400012041	labuser	Sep 16 2003 5:36PM	Sep 17 2003 12:00AM	CDROM	EXPIRED	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400012042	labuser	Sep 16 2003 5:40PM	Mar 14 2004 12:00PM	DVD	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400012043	labuser	Sep 16 2003 5:43PM	Mar 14 2004 12:00AM	DLT	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400012045	labuser	Sep 25 2003 10:10AM	Mar 23 2004 12:00AM	DLT	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400012056	labuser	Sep 25 2003 1:50PM	Mar 23 2004 12:00AM	8MM	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply
0400012084	labuser	Sep 30 2003 9:40AM	Mar 28 2004 12:00AM	DLT	ACTIVE	View Update Cancel List Subs Apply

Figure 4.7.2.7-1. Bundling Orders List

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users use **Update** and **Cancel** functionality.

Note: This screen allows the operator to view previously defined bundling orders; to view, update, or cancel a particular bundling order; or to list the subscriptions associated with a particular bundling order.

Figure 4.7.2.7-2 displays the configured defaults for a bundling order, which is accessible to full capability operators.

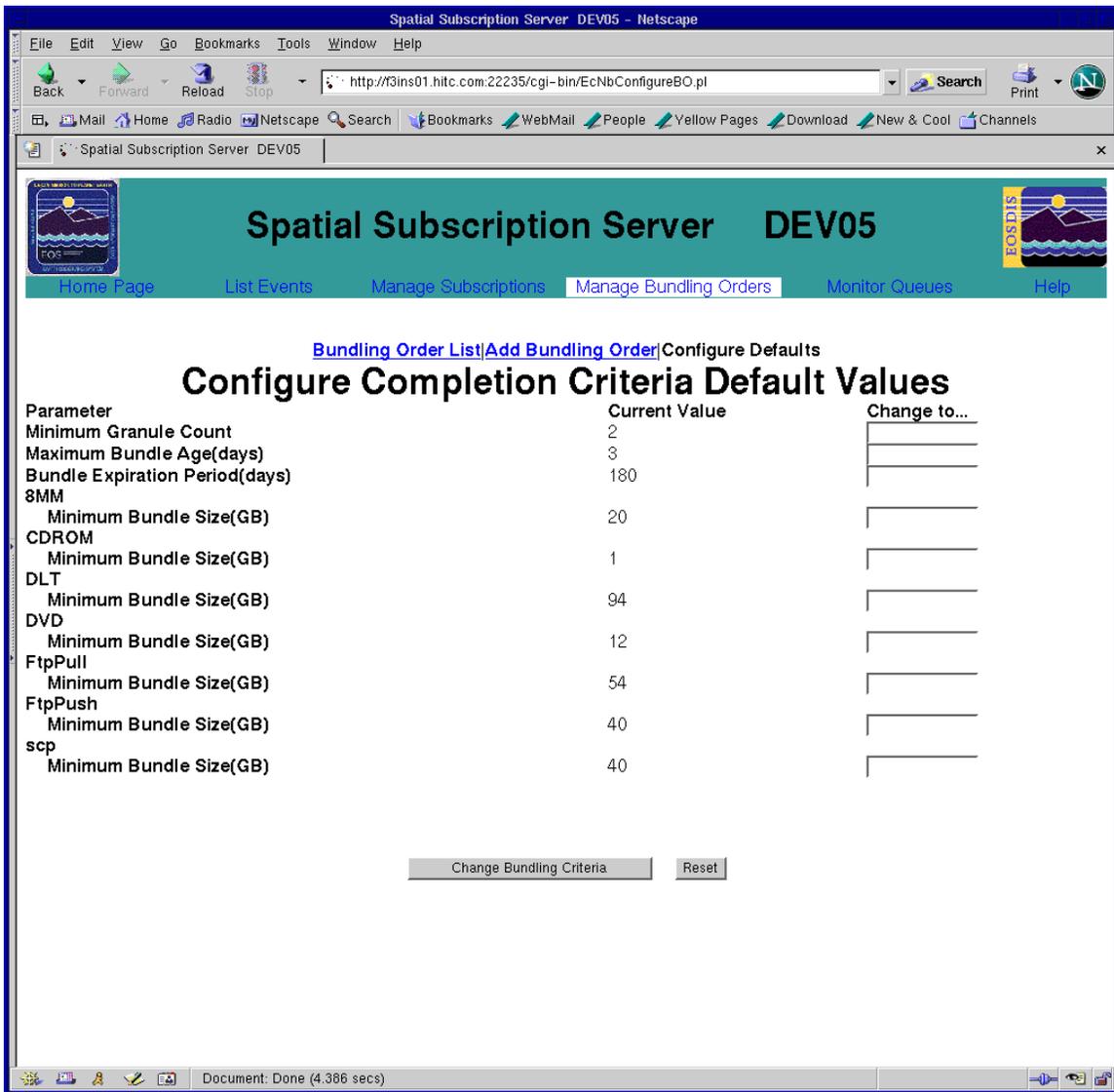


Figure 4.7.2.7-2. Configure Defaults for Bundling Order. This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Note: This screen is called from Figure 4.7.2.7-1 when the operator selects the Configure Defaults tab. It allows the operator to configure default values for bundling orders. The completion criteria values may vary among media types. To change a value the operator enters the new value in the Change to... column. When all changes have been made the operator clicks the Change Bundling Criteria button.

Figure 4.7.2.7-3 displays the bundling criteria change confirmation screen, which is accessible to full capability operators.

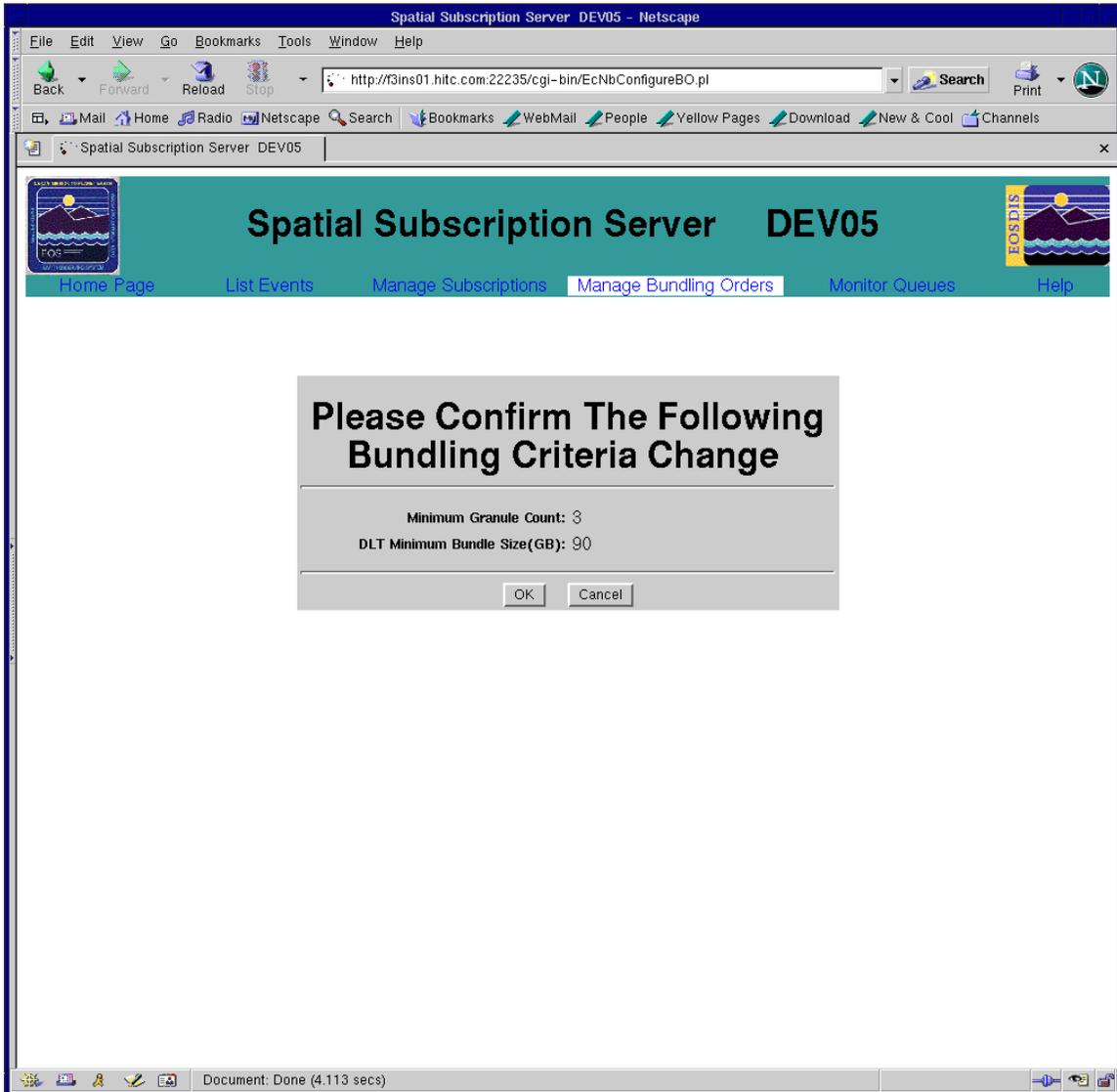


Figure 4.7.2.7-3. Bundling Criteria Change Confirmation Screen. This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Note: This screen asks for confirmation for the new configuration value(s). The operator would click OK to confirm. The configuration page will appear again after the parameter has been updated.

4.7.2.8 Add Bundling Order

The Add Bundling Order screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.8-1 allows the operator to create a new bundling order. There are two screens involved. In the first screen (Figure 4.7.2.8-1), the user enters name, an expiration date (a default is provided), and the physical media type. Based on this information, further information is requested in the second screen (Figure 4.7.2.8-2). Figures 4.7.2.8-3 and 4.7.2.8-4 show the screen provided when media types FTPPULL and FTPPUSH, respectively, are selected. Table 4.7.2.8-1 lists the description of the fields associated with the bundling order screens.

When the applicable bundling order information has been entered, the operator clicks the Add Bundling Order button. The screen in Figure 4.7.2.8-5 is displayed when the result is successful.

Please note that **Add Bundling Order** functionality is only accessible to full capability Operators.

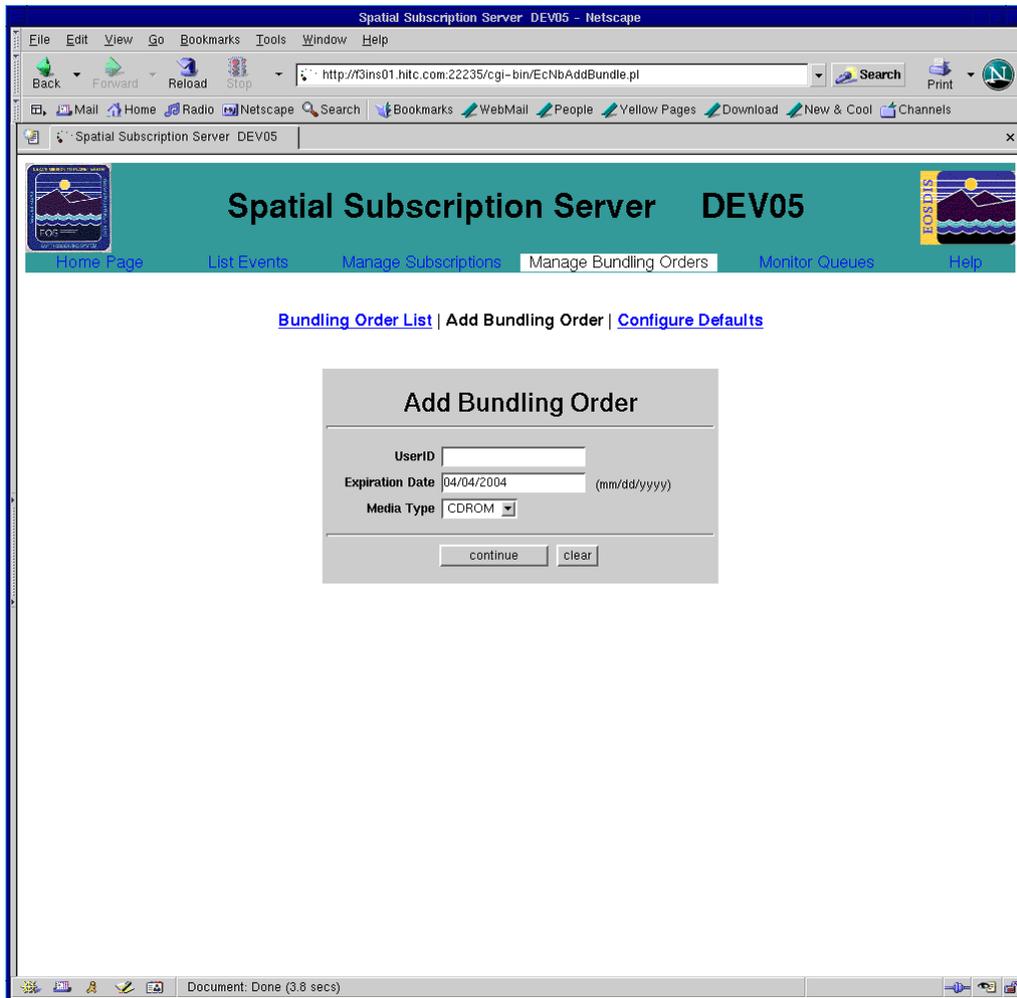


Figure 4.7.2.8-1. Add New Bundling Order Screen (Part 1). This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

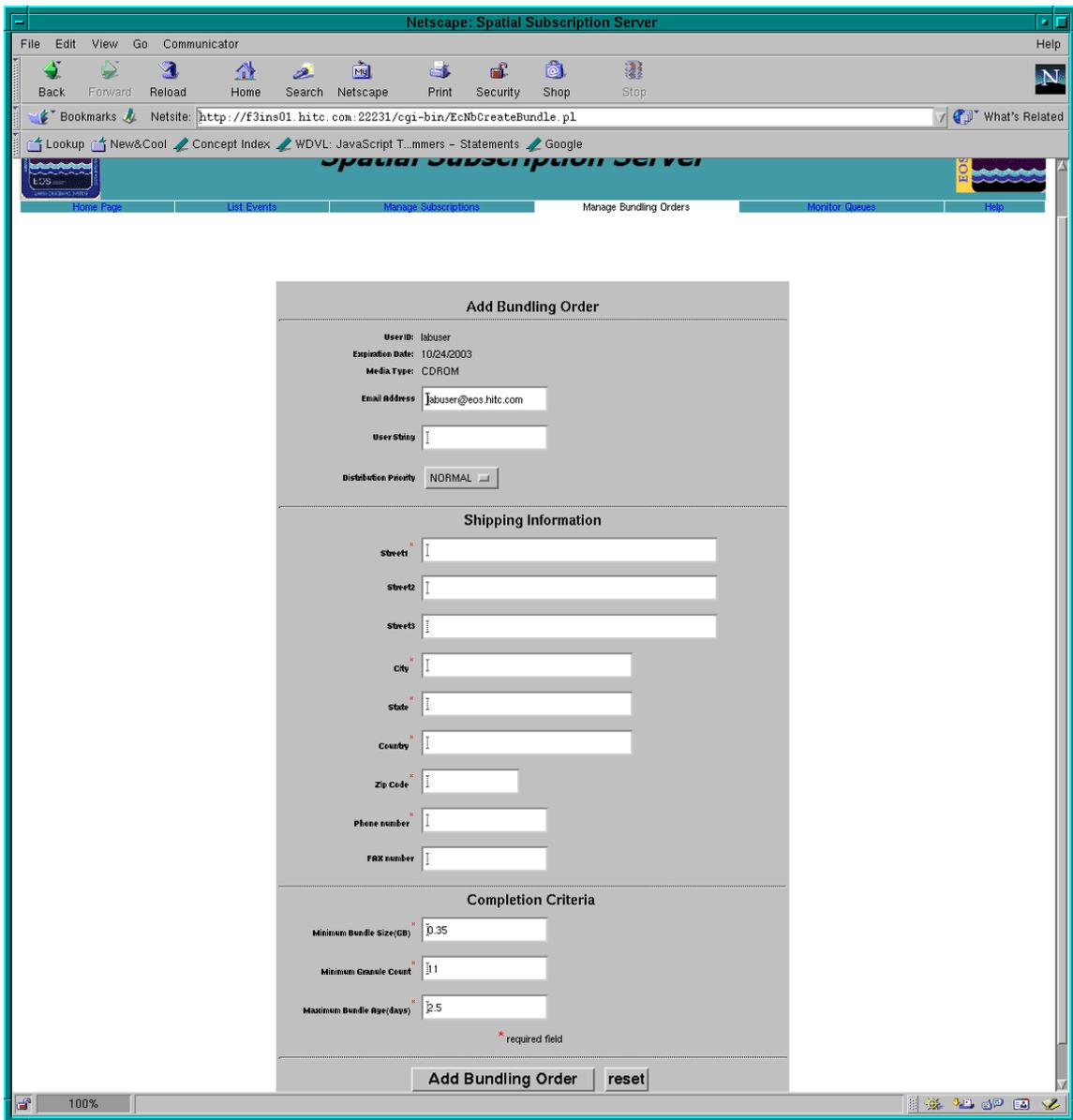


Figure 4.7.2.8-2. Add New Bundling Order Screen (Part 2). This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Note: Information entered in the previous screen is used to provide options in the current screen. For example, for a physical media type, shipping information will be displayed.

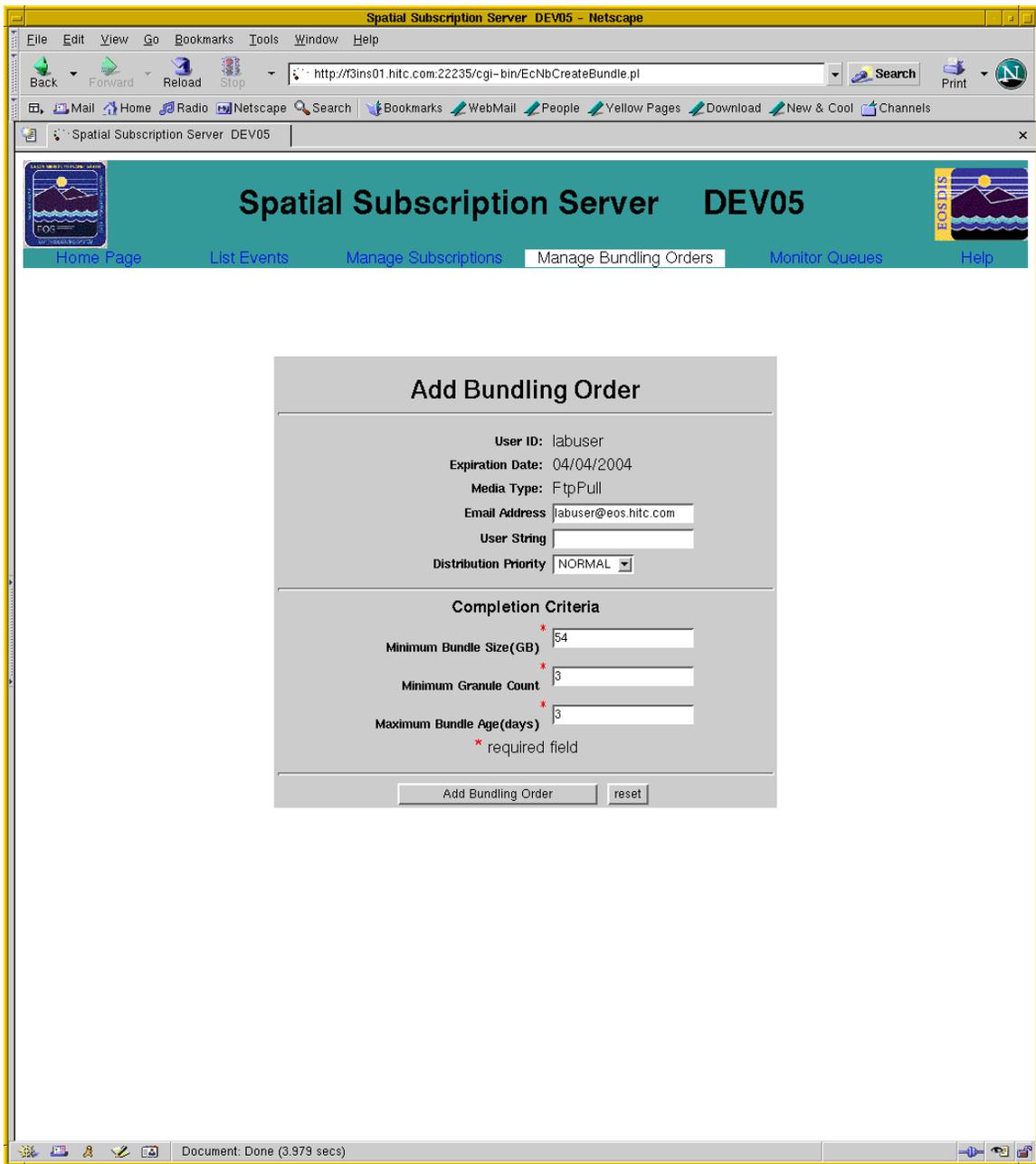


Figure 4.7.2.8-3. Add Bundling Order - Media Type Selected is FTPPULL. This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

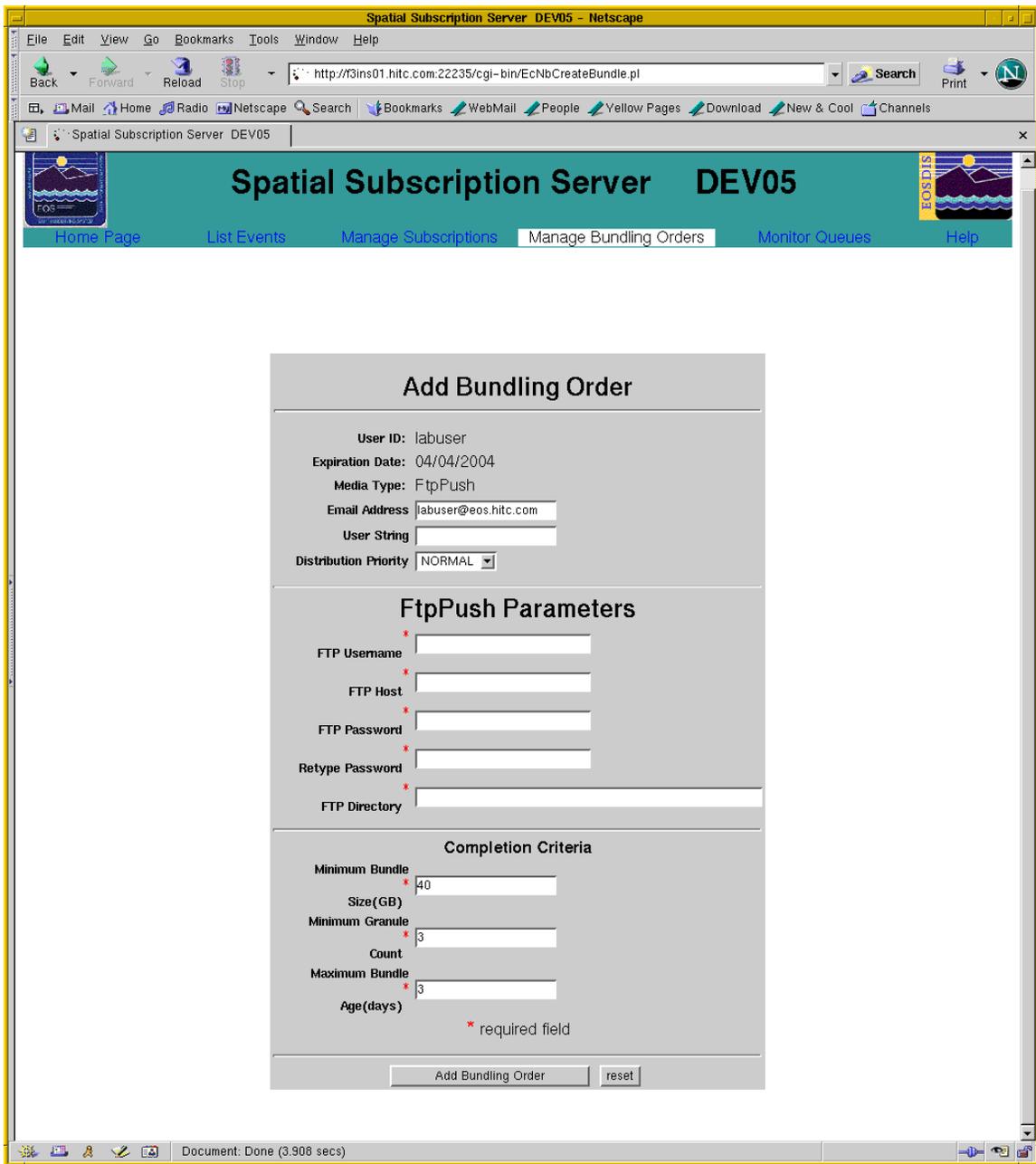


Figure 4.7.2.8-4. Add Bundling Order - Media Type Selected is FTPPUSH. This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operators.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.2.8-1. Field Descriptions for the Bundling Order Screens (1 of 2)

Field Name	Description	When and Why to Use
User Id	Name of the owner of the bundling order	Required for creating a bundling order.
Expiration Date	Date of expiration for the bundling order.	The bundling order and any associated subscriptions will be canceled after this date.
Media Type	The type of media on which the granules will be stored.	The bundle of granules will be delivered in this format.
Email Address	User's email notification.	Notification will be sent to this address when the bundle is complete.
User String	An optional string associated with the bundling order.	This string will be included in the email notification. It is also used as a secondary identifier when listing bundling orders to associate with a subscription.
Distribution Priority	The priority level associated with the distribution of the order.	Defaults to the priority found in the user profile.
Street1	Street address where media is to be shipped.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
Street2	A continuation of the Street1 field.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
Street3	A continuation of the Street2 field.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
City	City where media is to be shipped.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
State	State where media is to be shipped.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
Country	Country where media is to be shipped.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
Zip Code	The zip code for the shipping address.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
Phone Number	Phone number of recipient.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
FAX Number	FAX number of recipient.	Shipping information is required for physical media distributions.
FTP Username	For an FTP Push, the user login name to be used.	Required for FTP Push distributions.
FTP Host	For an FTP Push, the hostname to be used.	Required for FTP Push distributions
FTP Password	For an FTP Push, the password for the user/host.	Required for FTP Push distributions
Retype Password	Same as FTP password.	The password is typed twice for validation purposes.

Table 4.7.2.8-1. Field Descriptions for the Bundling Order Screens (2 of 2)

Field Name	Description	When and Why to Use
FTP Directory	For an FTP Push, the directory on the host where the data is to be pushed.	Required for FTP Push distributions
Minimum Bundle Size (GB)	The minimum total size of all granules before the bundle can be considered complete.	See the Order Manager design documentation for further details.
Minimum Granule Count	The minimum number of individual granules before the bundle can be considered complete.	See the Order Manager design documentation for further details
Maximum Bundle Age (days)	The maximum length of time that any granule can remain in the bundle before the bundle is considered complete.	See the Order Manager design documentation for further details

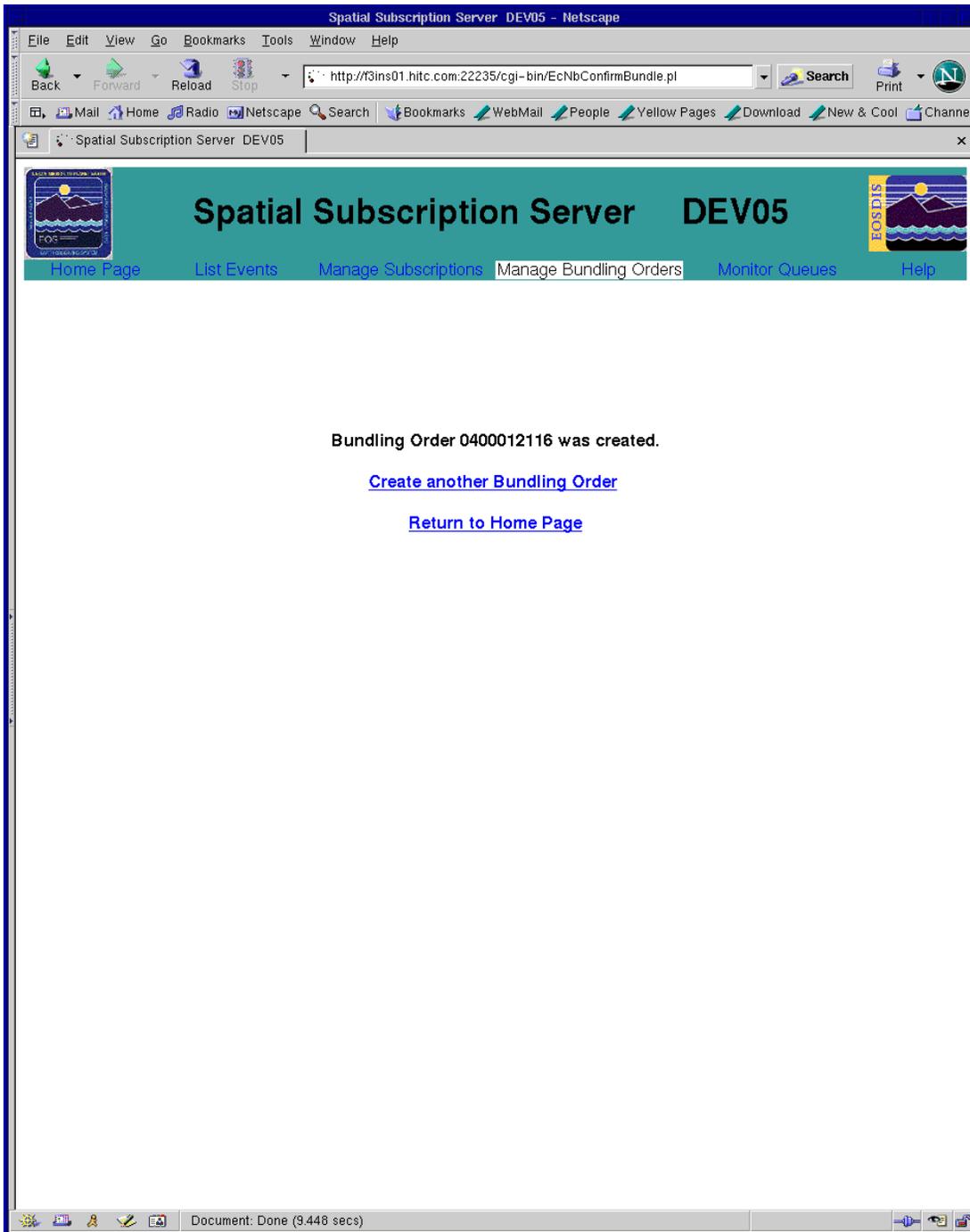


Figure 4.7.2.8-5. Successful Results for Bundling Order. This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

4.7.2.9 View Bundling Order

The View Bundling Order screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.9-1 allows the operator to view the details of a particular bundling order.

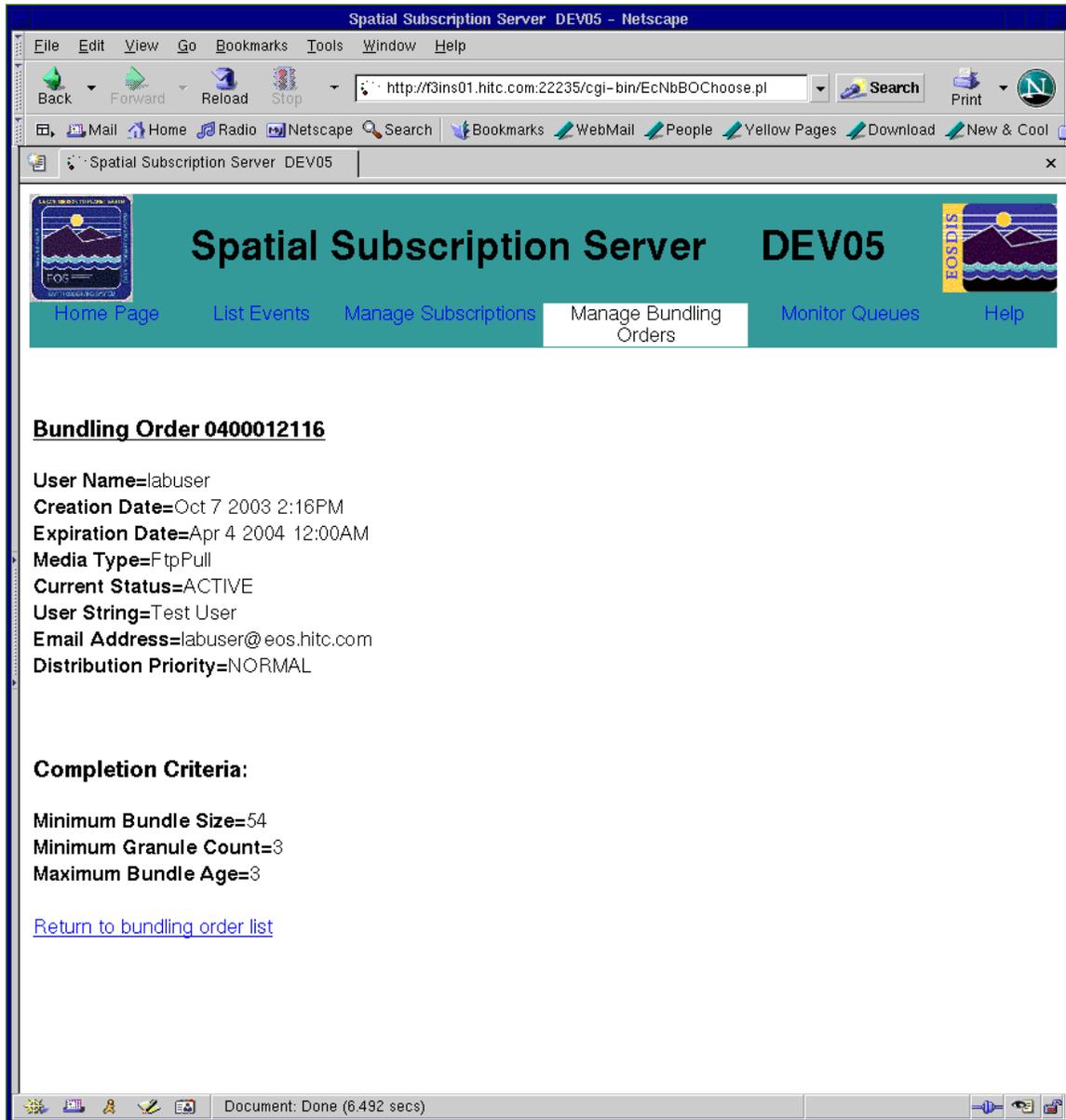


Figure 4.7.2.9-1. Bundling Order Detailed Information

Note: From this screen, the operator may choose to return to the list of bundling orders.

4.7.2.10 Update Bundling Order

The Update Bundling Order screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.10-1 allows the operator to update an existing bundling order. There are two screens involved. In the first screen (Figure 4.7.2.10-1), the user selects the physical media type for the order selected. Based on the media type, a second screen is displayed (Figure 4.7.2.10-2). Figures 4.7.2.10-3 and 4.7.2.10-4 show the specific screen provided when media types FТПPULL and FТПPUSH, respectively, are identified

When the applicable update bundling order information has been entered, the operator clicks the Update Bundling Order button. The screen in Figure 4.7.2.10-5 is displayed when the result is successful.

Please note that **Update Bundling Order** functionality is only available to full Capability Operators.

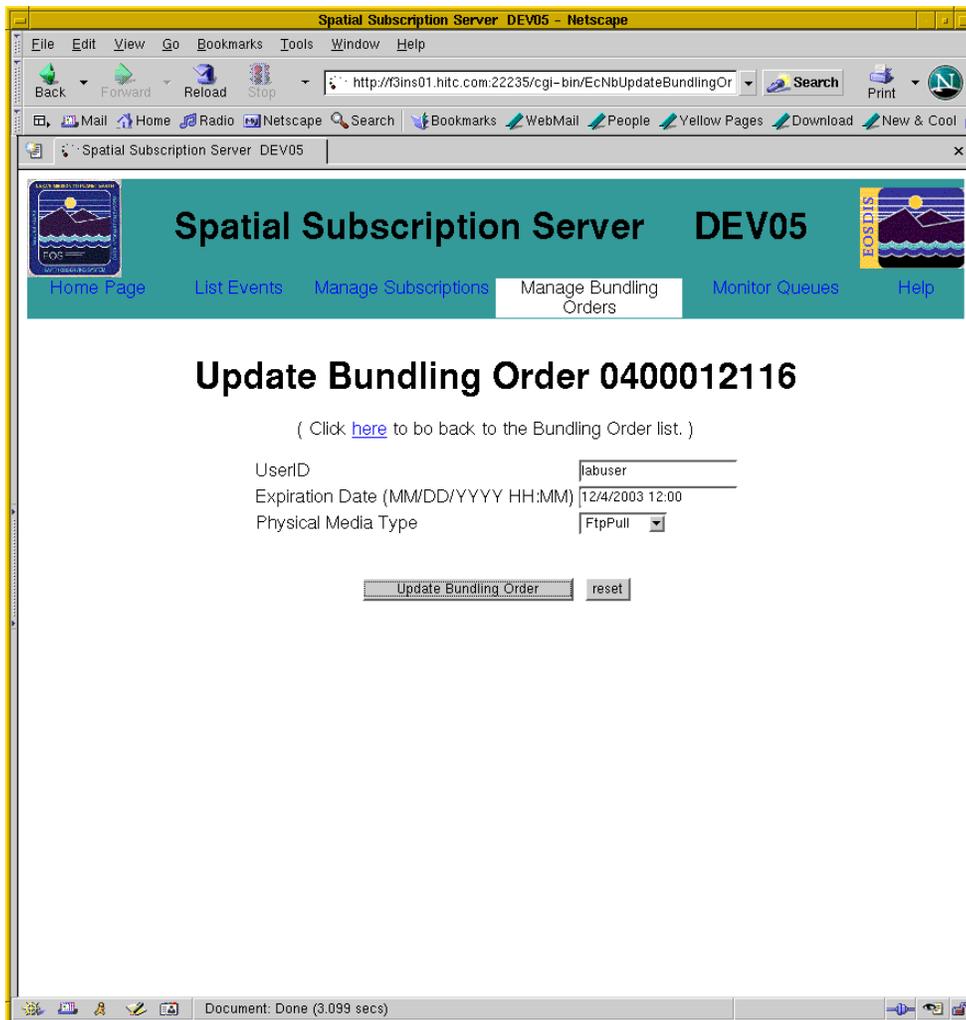


Figure 4.7.2.10-1. Update Existing Bundling Order (Part 1). This Screen is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Spatial Subscription Server DEV05 - Netscape

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Window Help

Back Forward Reload Stop http://f3ins01.hitc.com:22235/cgi-bin/EcNbModBundlingOrder Search Print

Spatial Subscription Server DEV05

Spatial Subscription Server DEV05

Home Page List Events Manage Subscriptions **Manage Bundling Orders** Monitor Queues Help

Update Bundling Order 0400012116

UserID labuser
Expiration Date 12/4/2003 12:00
Media Type FtpPull
Email Address labuser@eos.hitc.com
User String Test User
Distribution Priority NORMAL

Completion Criteria:

Minimum Bundle Size(GB) * 54
Minimum Granule Count * 3
Maximum Bundle Age(days) * 3
* required field

Update Bundling Order reset

Document: Done (3.684 secs)

Figure 4.7.2.10-2. Update Existing Bundling Order (Part 2). This Screen Is Only Accessible to Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

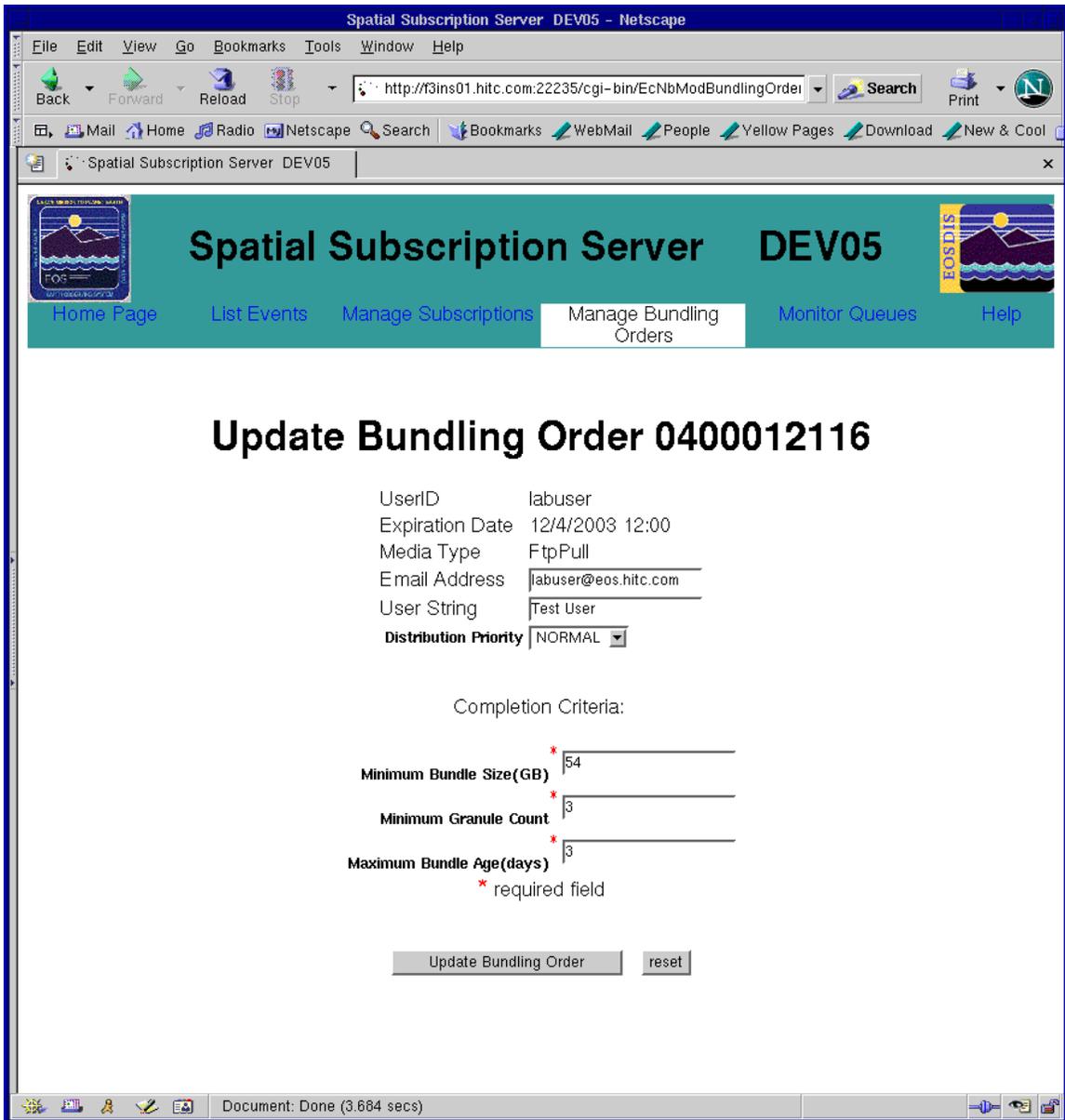


Figure 4.7.2.10-3. Update Existing Bundling Order (Media Type is FTP PULL). This Screen is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

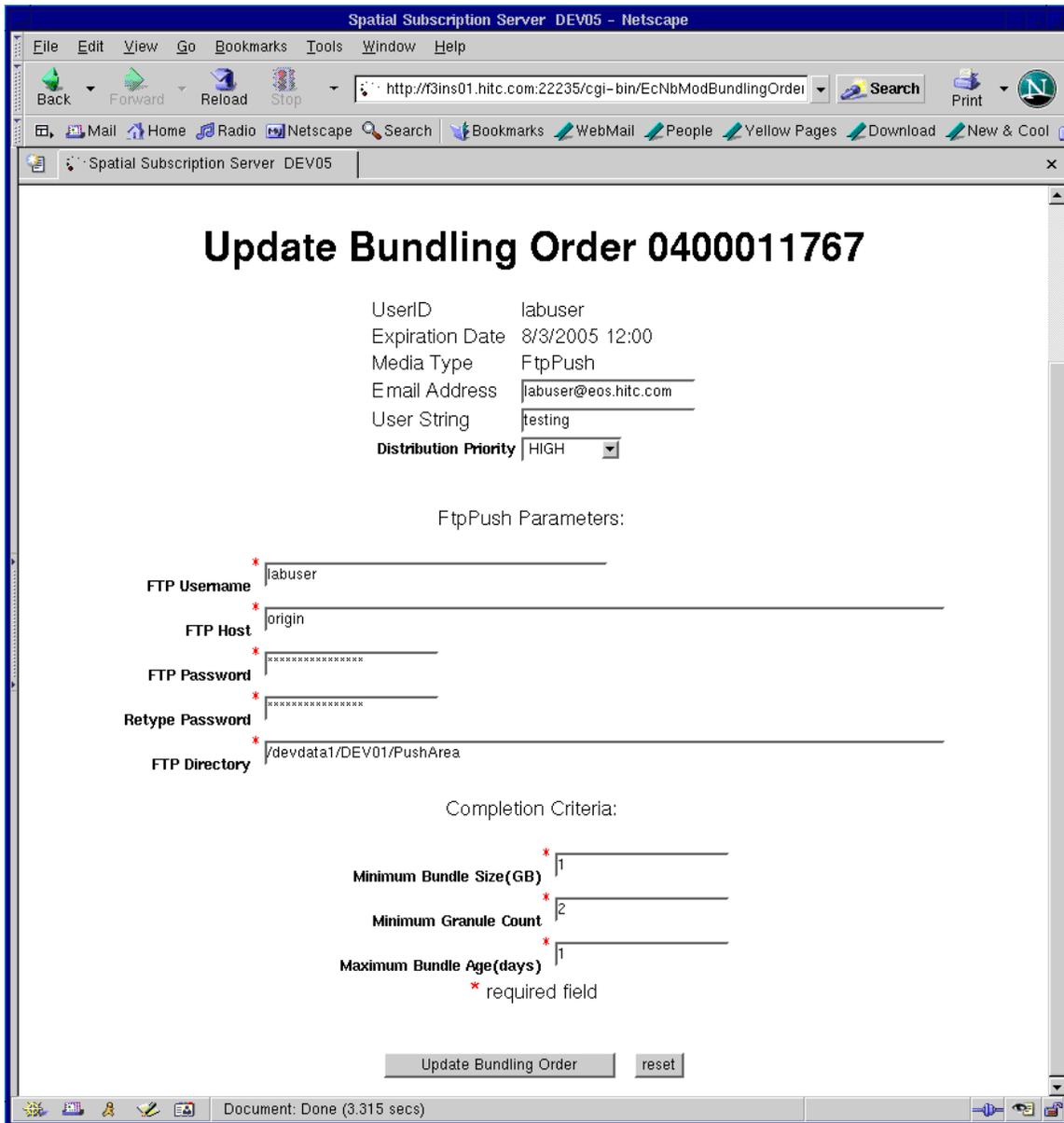


Figure 4.7.2.10-4. Update Existing Bundling Order (Media Type is FTP PUSH). This Screen is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

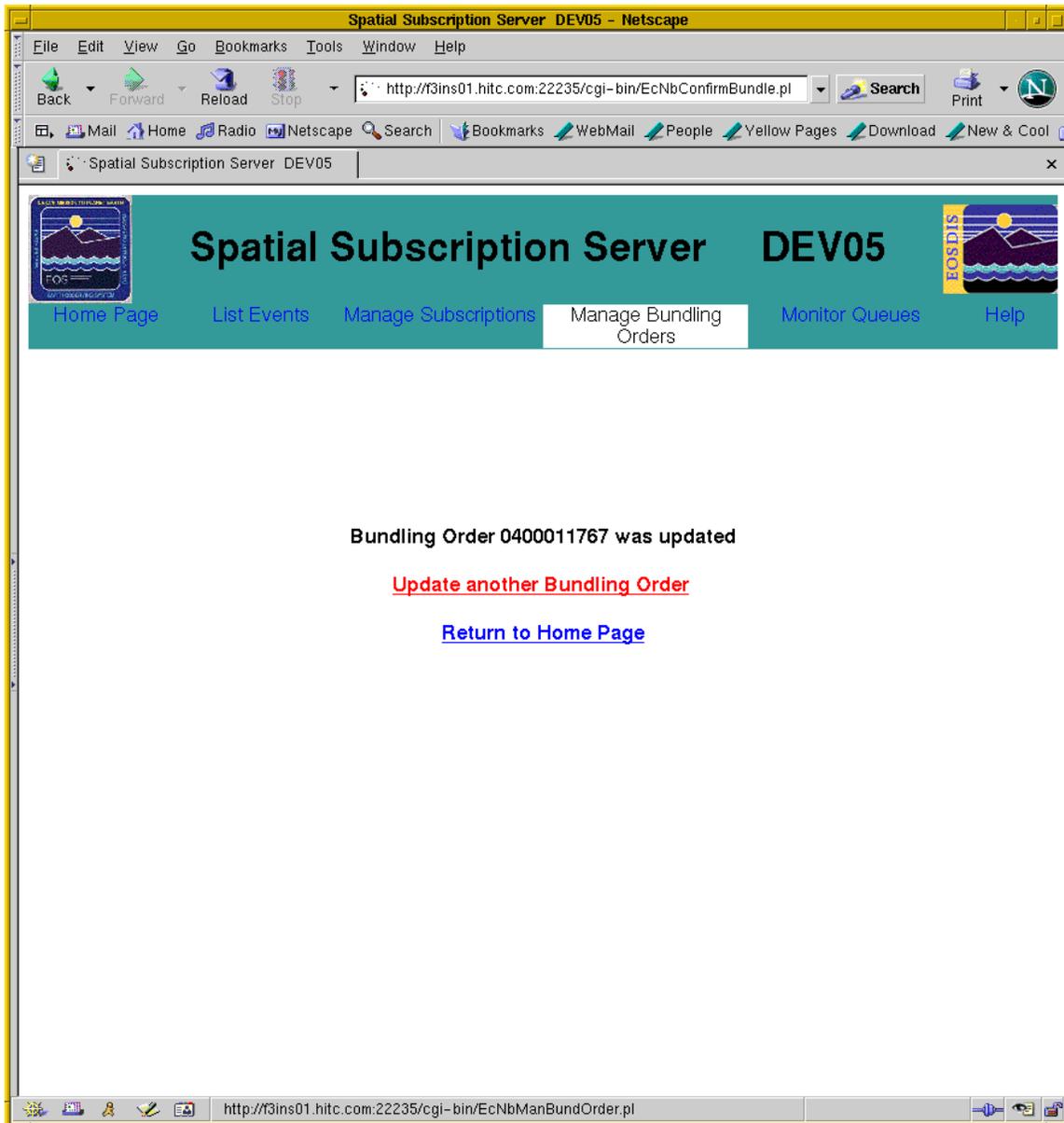


Figure 4.7.2.10-5. Update Existing Bundling Order (Successful Update). This Screen is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

4.7.2.11 Cancel Bundling Order

The Cancel Bundling Order screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.11-1 requests confirmation from the operator when the cancel option has been selected. If the operator selects **Yes**, the screen in Figure 4.7.2.11-2 is displayed if the cancellation was successful.

Please note Cancel Bundling Order functionality is only available to full capability Operators.

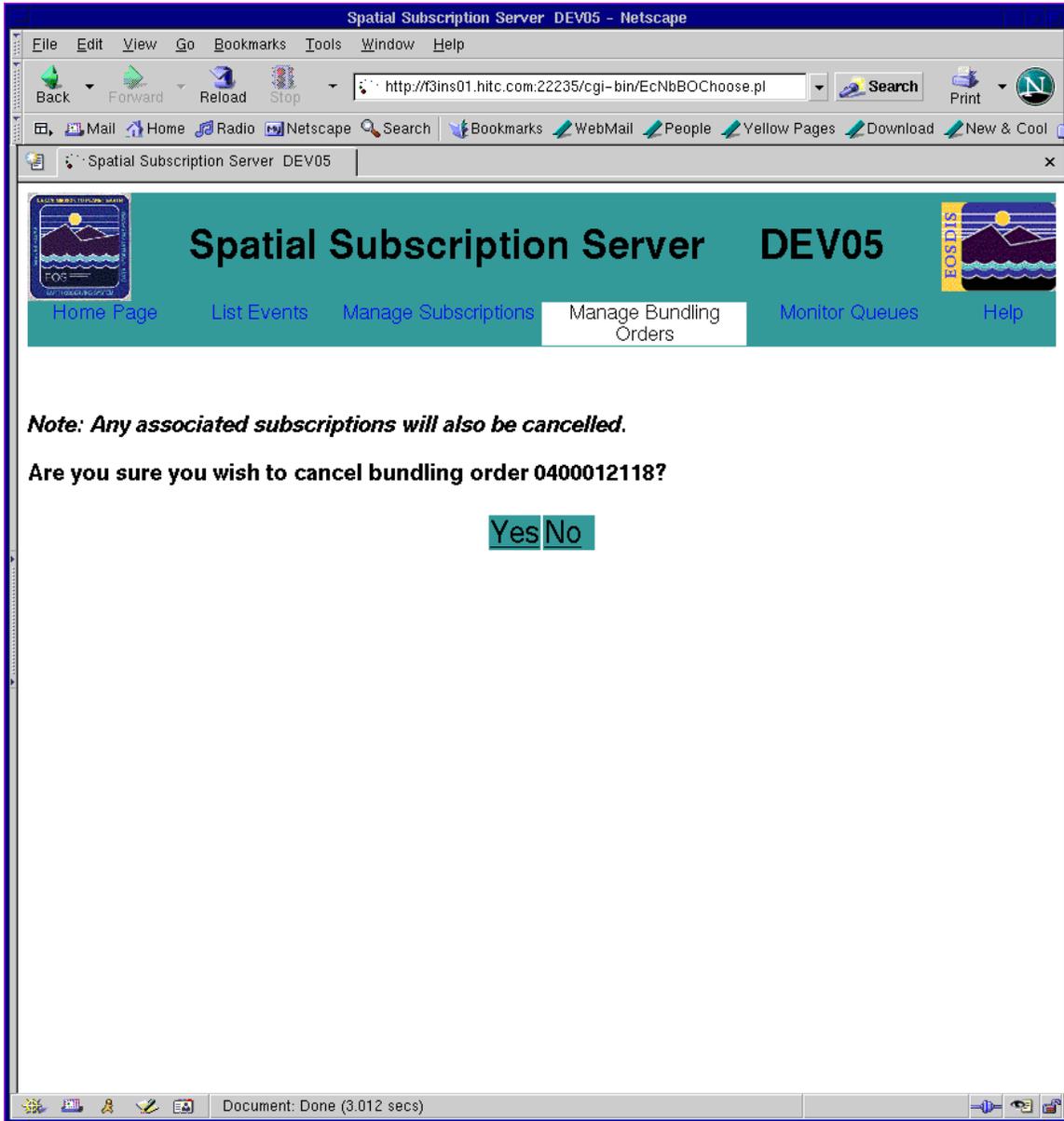


Figure 4.7.2.11-1. Cancel Bundling Order Request. This Screen is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operator.

Limited Capability Users

Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

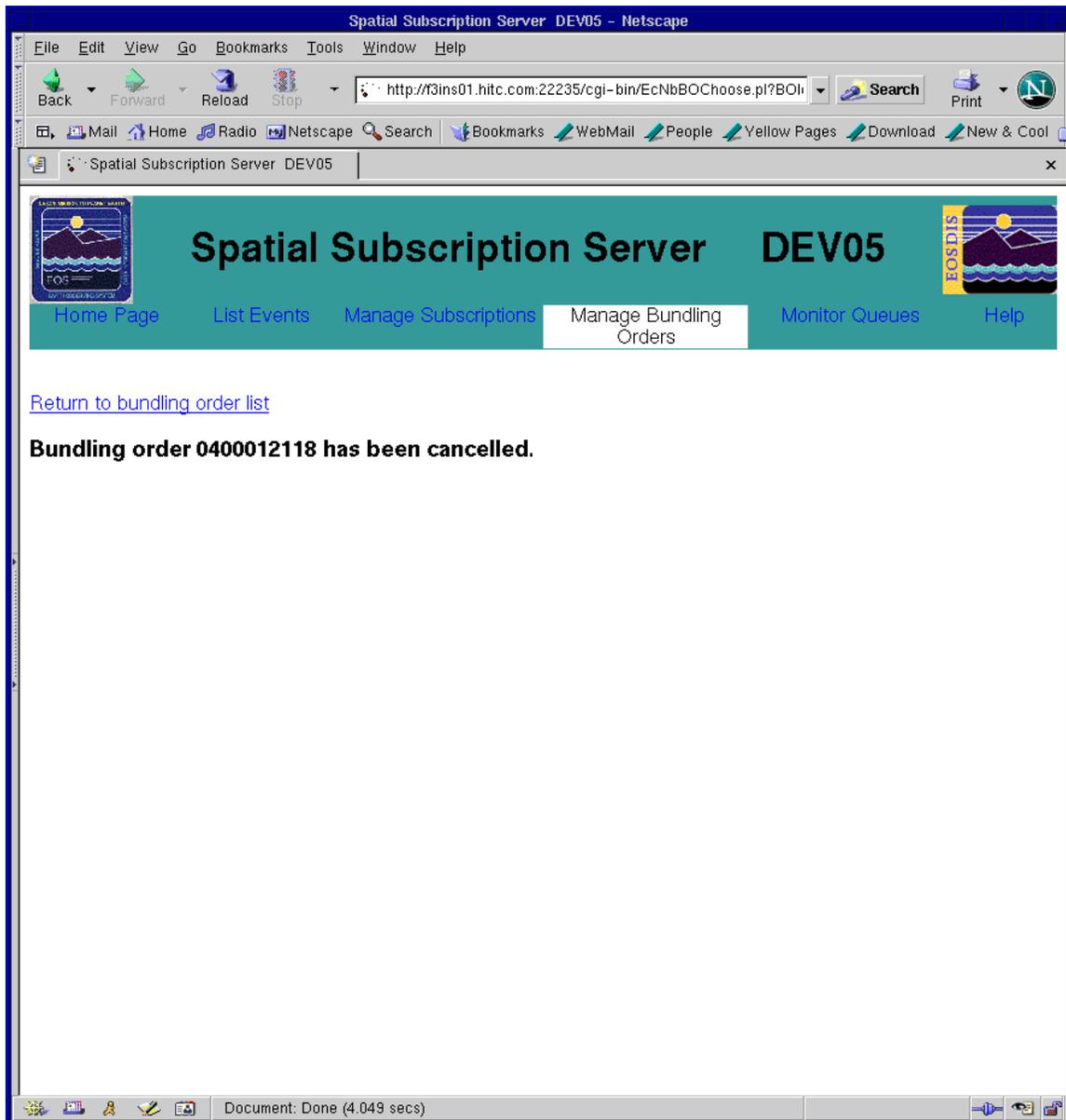


Figure 4.7.2.11-2. Cancel Bundling Order (Successful Cancellation). This Screen Is Accessible to Only Full Capability Operator.

4.7.2.12 List Subscriptions Associated with Bundling Order

The list subscriptions screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.12-1 Lists the subscriptions associated with a bundling Order. Note that selecting “View” or “Update” or “Cancel” button and clicking on “Apply” would provide similar functionality as in Section 4.7.2.4.

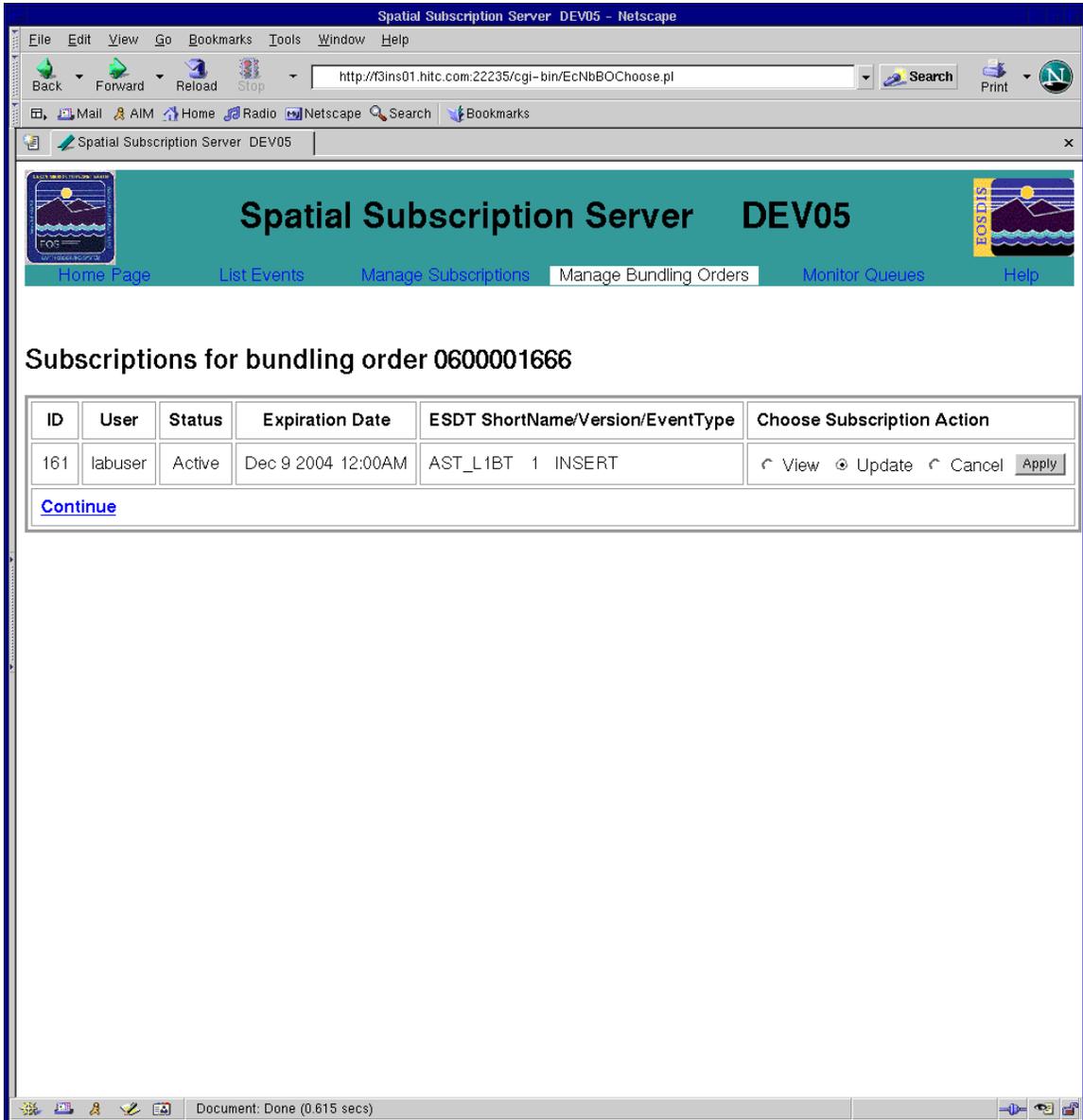


Figure 4.7.2.12-1. List Subscriptions Associated with a Bundling Order

4.7.2.13 Monitor Queues Tab

When the operator selects the Monitor Queues tab, the List Action Queue page (see Section 4.7.2.14) will be displayed by default. From this page, the operator can view production statistics by selecting the List Statistics tab.

4.7.2.14 List Action Queue tab

The List Action Queue screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.14-1 allows the operator to view the Acquire and E-Mail Notification actions that are being processed. The operator can sort the list by Action Type and Subscription Id by clicking on the **Action Type** or **Subscription Id** link. The operator can also filter the list by any combination of **Action Type**, **Subscription** and **Status**. After selecting the filtering criteria from the pull-down list(s), click on the **Filter** button.

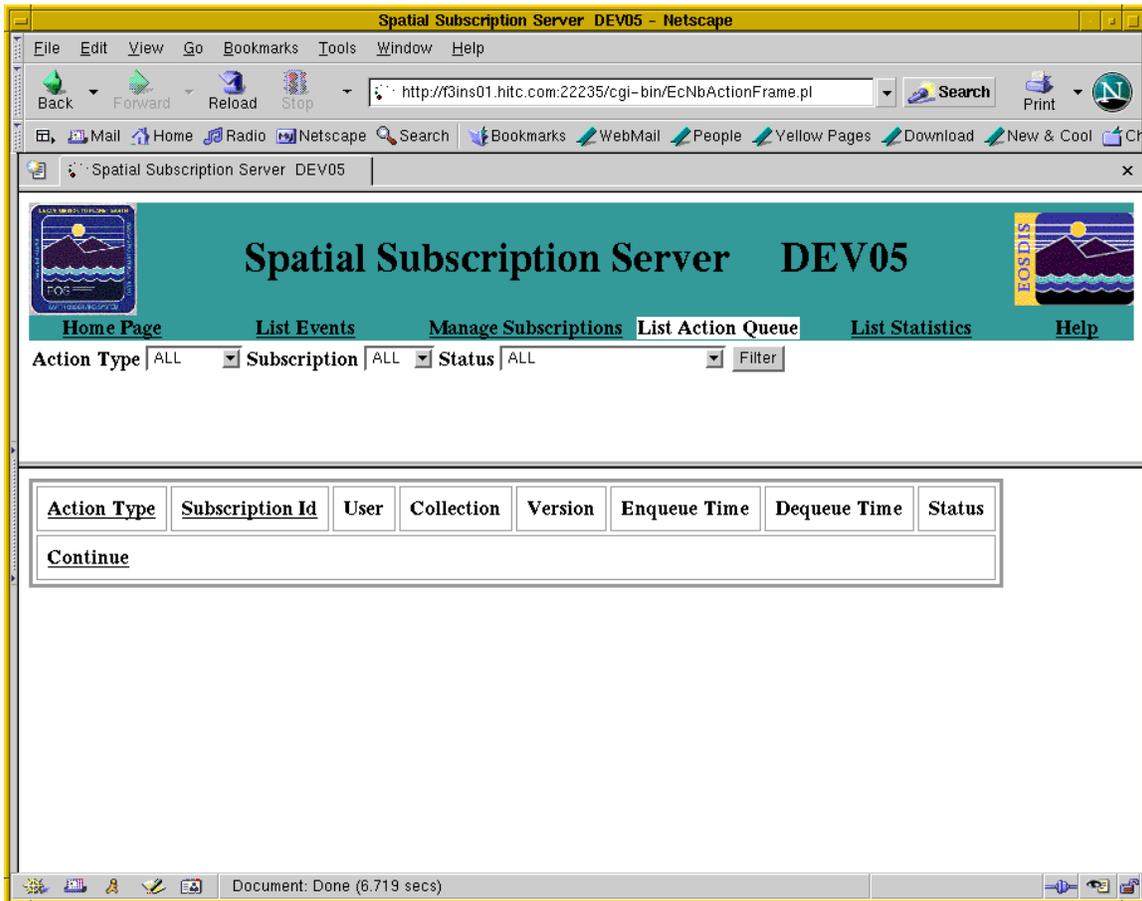


Figure 4.7.2.14-1. List Action Queue (Acquire and E-mail Notifications)

4.7.2.15 List Statistics tab

The List Statistics screen shown in Figure 4.7.2.15-1 allows the operator to view the statistics relating to subscribed events and matched subscriptions. Note that the statistics are based only on data in the NBSRV database at the time the GUI page is displayed. The subscription statistics

are retained in the NBSRV database only until they are cleaned up by the Deletion Driver. The Deletion Driver runs periodically at an interval specified in its configuration parameters.

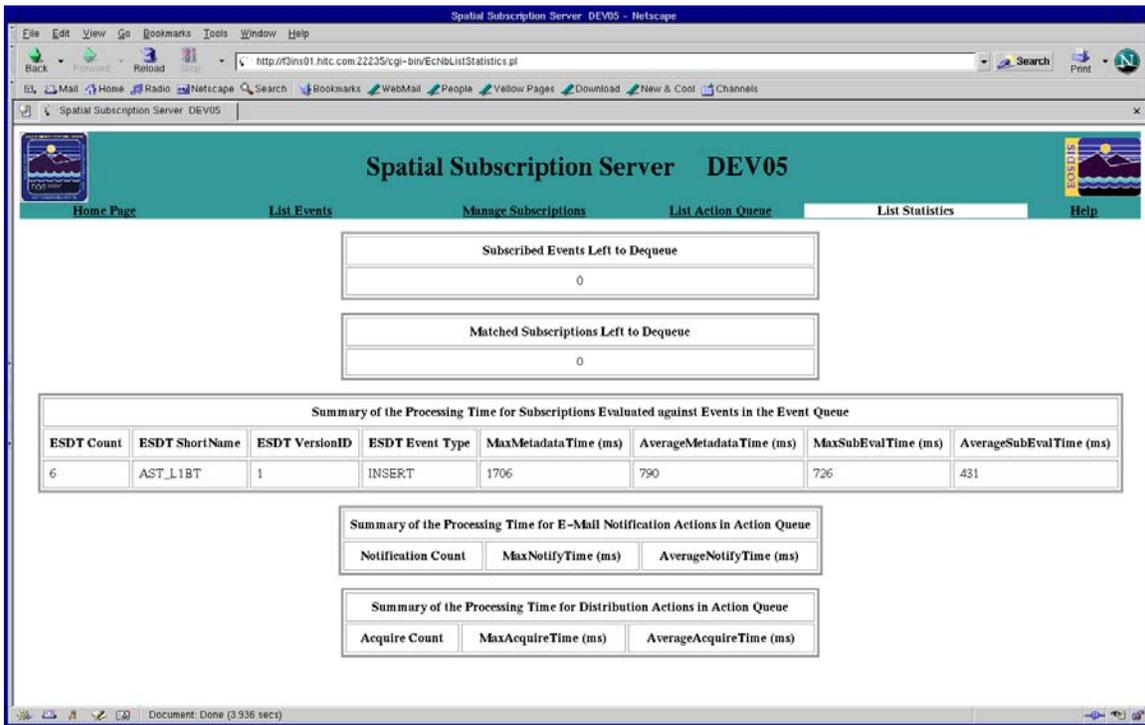


Figure 4.7.2.15-1. List Statistics Screen

Note: This screen will allow the operator to view statistics relating to subscribed events and matched subscriptions. The statistics will also reflect the processing time for e-mail notification and distribution actions.

4.7.2.16 List Failed Actions

Figure 4.7.2.16-1 displays failed actions present within the system. Figure 4.7.2.16-2 shows the screen displayed on clicking on “**Remove Action**”.

Spatial Subscription Server ??? DEV09 - Netscape

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Window Help

Back Forward Reload Stop <http://f0dps01.hitc.com:22239/cgi-bin/EcNbListFailedAction.pl> Search Print

Spatial Subscription Server DE...

Spatial Subscription Server DEV09

Home Page List Events Manage Subscriptions List Action Queue List Statistics List Failed Action Help

UserID	Priority	ActionID	ActionQueued	EventID	SubscriptionID	granUR	EnqueueTime	Remove Action
labuser	1	33	35	17	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4153	Jun 14 2004 4:10PM	Remove Action
labuser	1	37	40	22	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4151	Jun 20 2004 12:40PM	Remove Action
labuser	1	39	42	23	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4152	Jun 20 2004 1:05PM	Remove Action
labuser	1	43	47	24	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4154	Jun 20 2004 2:40PM	Remove Action
labuser	1	45	50	25	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4157	Jun 20 2004 2:05PM	Remove Action
labuser	1	46	51	26	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4158	Jun 21 2004 10:24AM	Remove Action
labuser	1	52	60	27	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4170	Jun 21 2004 5:26PM	Remove Action
labuser	1	53	61	28	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4173	Jun 21 2004 5:41PM	Remove Action
labuser	1	54	62	29	14	UR:40.DISHESDTR.NR.15.DISHS:(Server)UR:41.[PNR.DSSDSL.V]20.SOC.AST_L1BT.001.4174	Jun 21 2004 5:41PM	Remove Action

Document: Done (1.802 secs)

Figure 4.7.2.16-1. List of Failed Actions

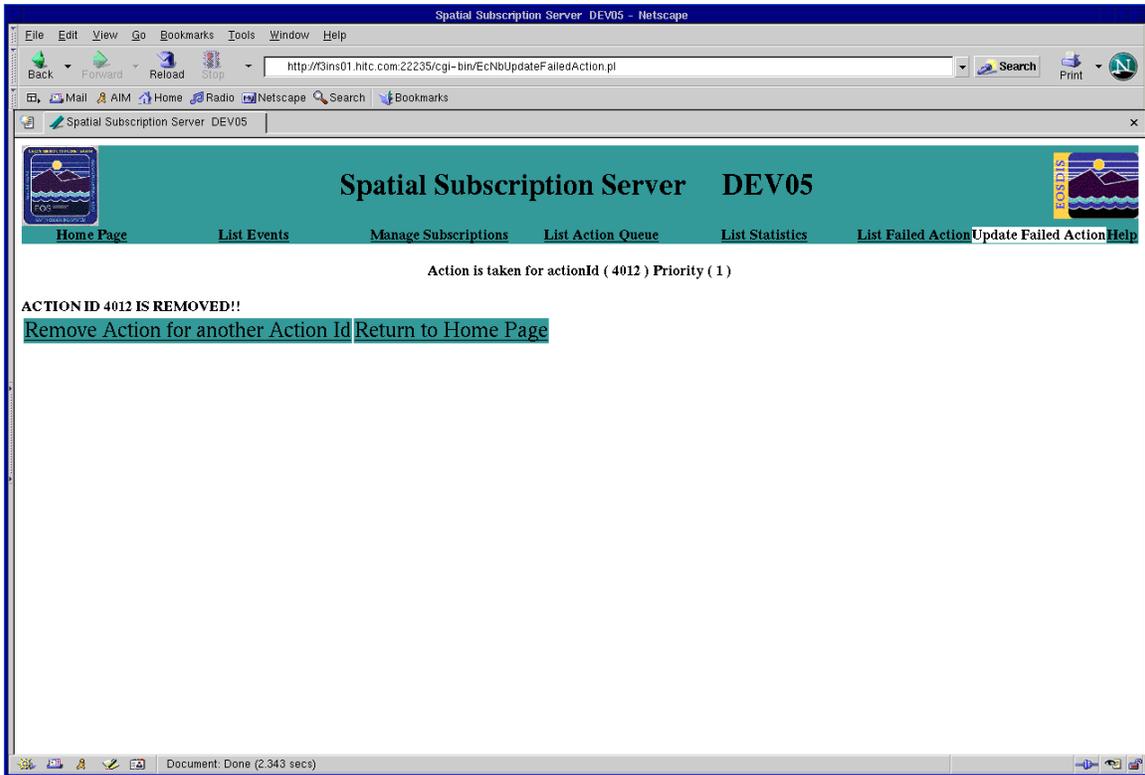


Figure 4.7.2.16-2. Removing a Failed Action

4.7.2.17 Security Considerations.

With Security Enabled, Figure 4.7.2.17-1 is displayed anytime a user logs in for the first time. On selecting the End Session tab on NBSRV.html page, Figure 4.7.2.17-2 is displayed. Clicking on the ShutDown button in Figure 4.7.2.17-2 closes the Browser.

The session time out page shown in Figure 4.7.2.17-3 is displayed anytime a user session times out. Note that session time out is part of the security feature.

After a session times out and an invalid password is entered by the Operator, page shown in Figure 4.7.2.17-4 is displayed.

For a user attempting to access SSS GUI using a non certified browser, the page shown in Figure 4.7.2.17-5 is displayed.

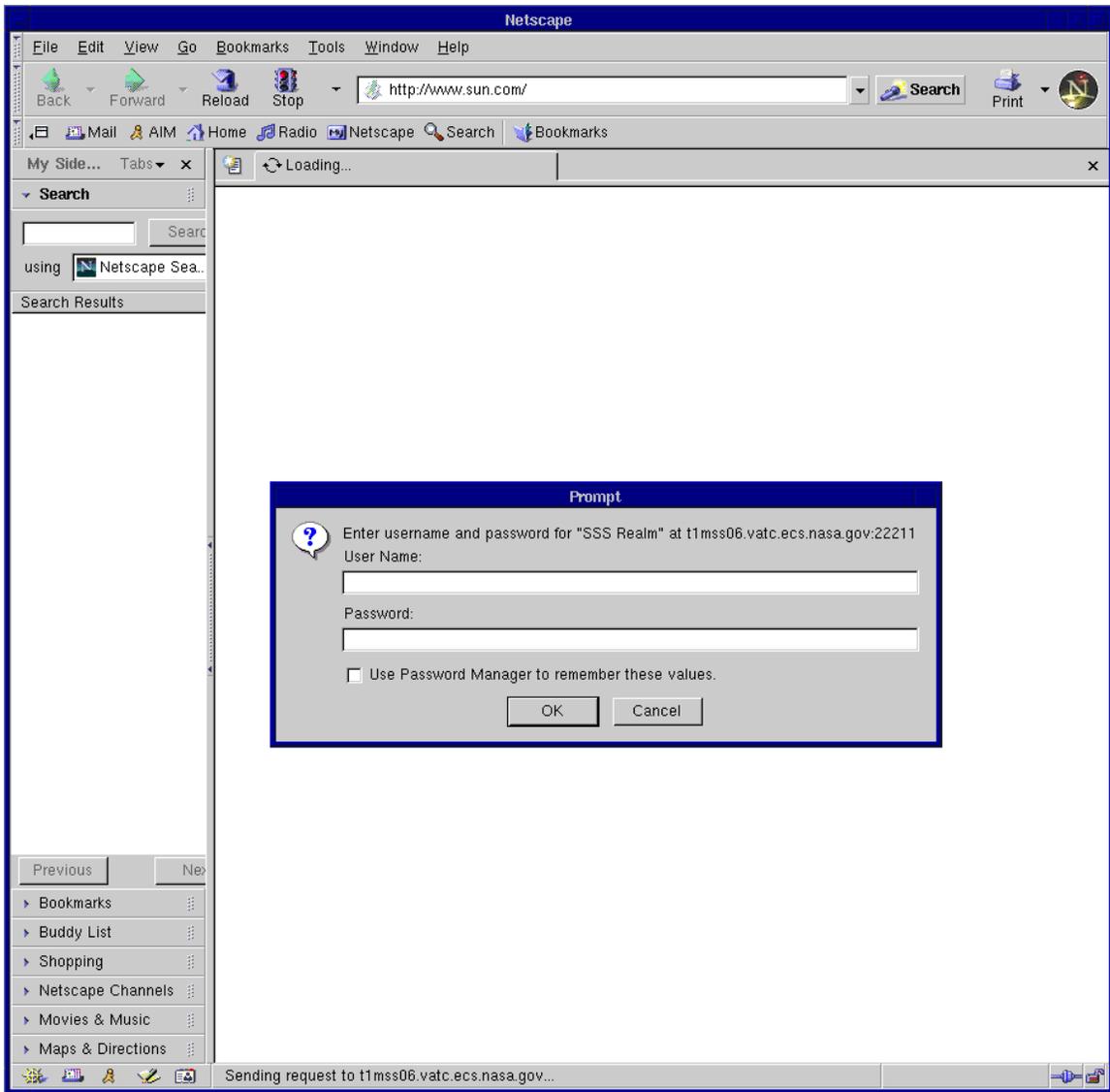


Figure 4.7.2.17-1. Login Dialog Box

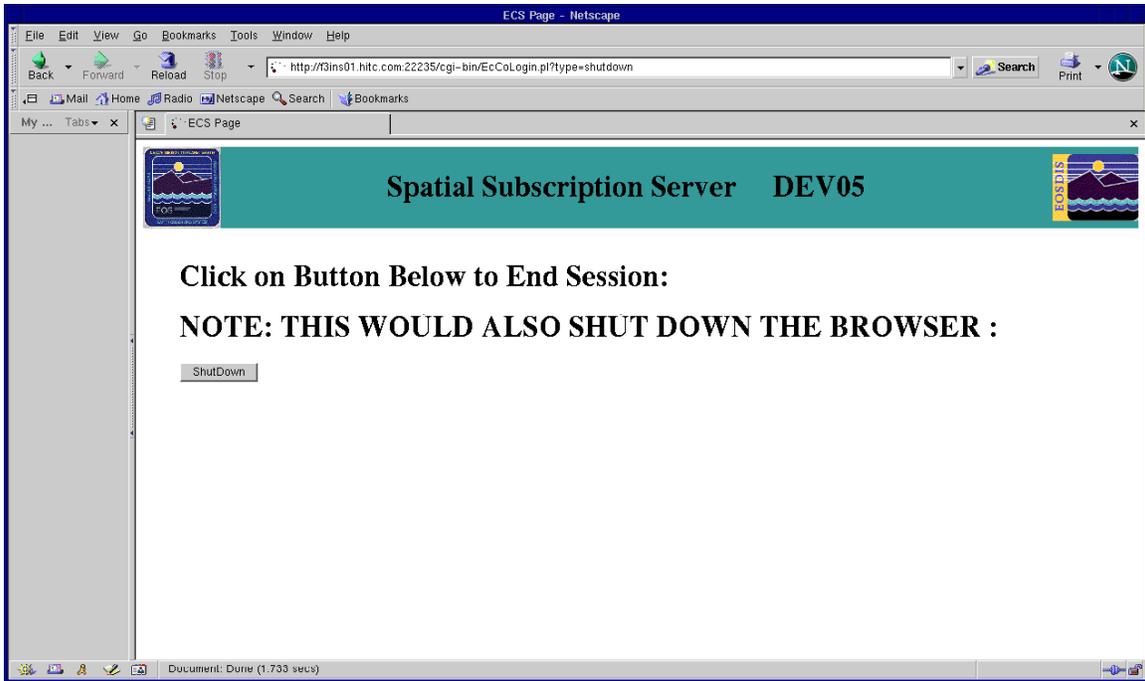


Figure 4.7.2.17-2. Shut Down Page

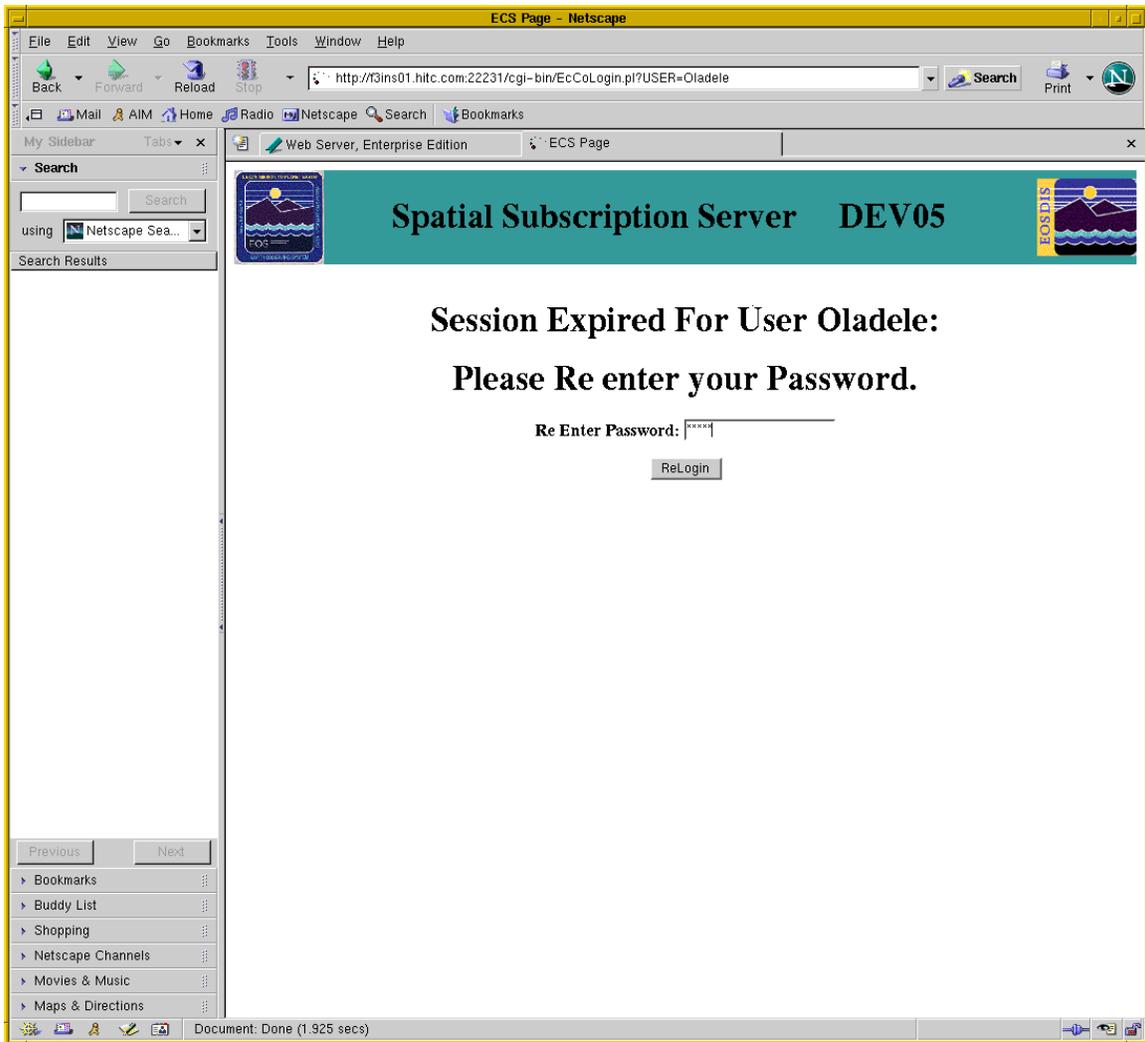


Figure 4.7.2.17-3. Session Timed-Out Page

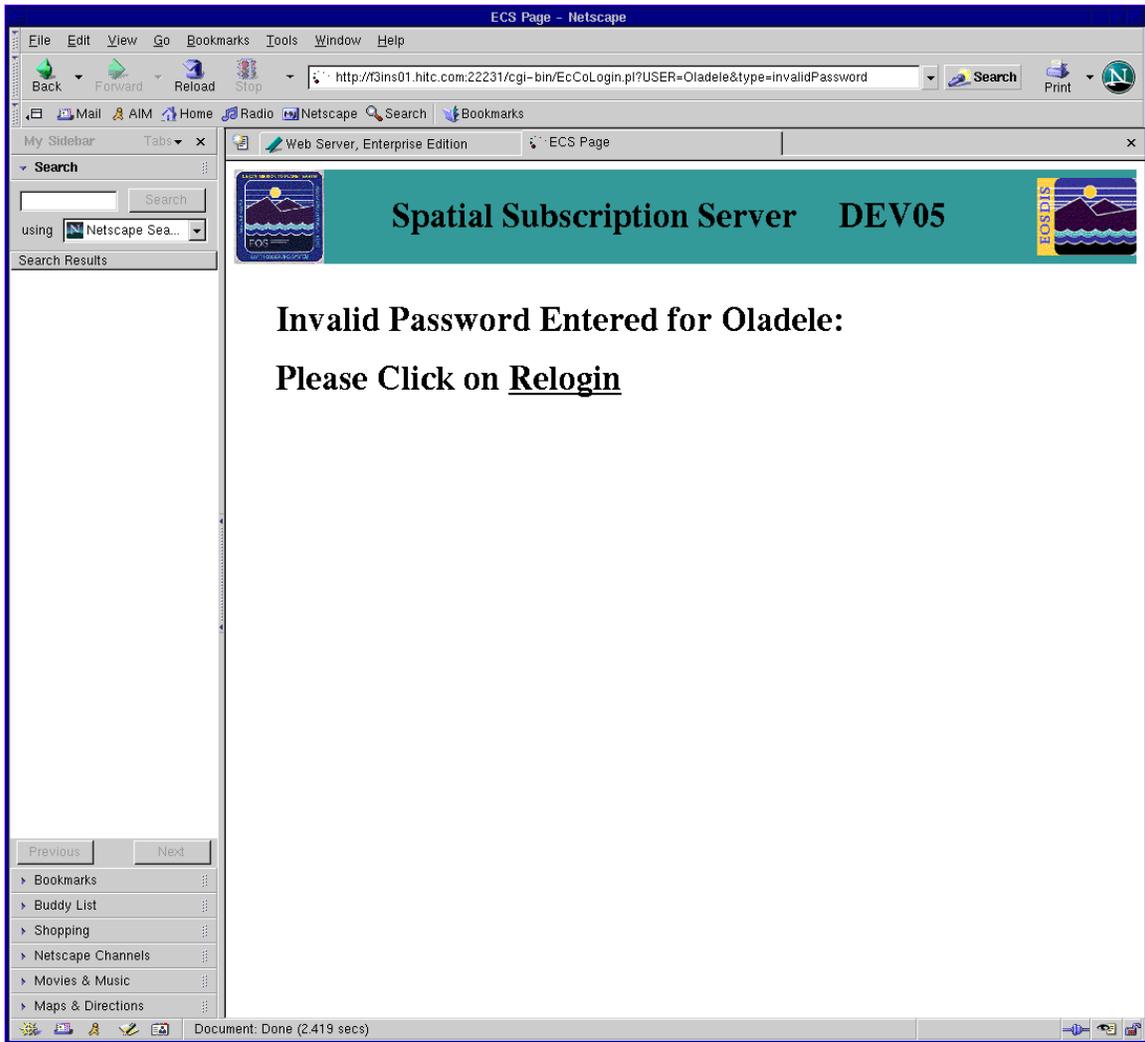


Figure 4.7.2.17-4. Invalid Password Entered by Operator

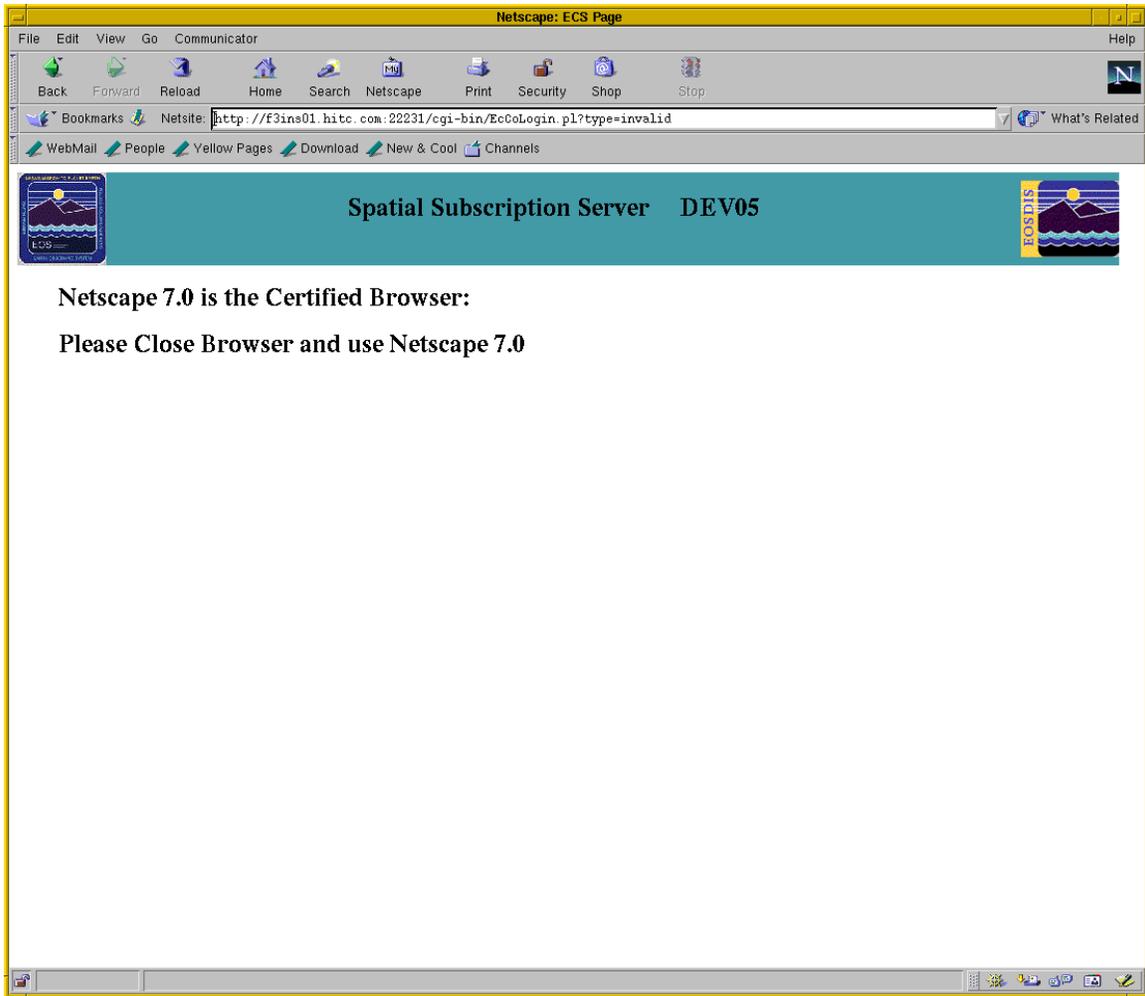


Figure 4.7.2.17-5. Invalid Client Browser

4.7.2.18 Required Operating Environment

This following environment is required for the NBSRV GUI to work properly.

- O/S requirements are Linux 2.x.

4.7.2.19 Interfaces and Data types

The NBSRV GUI exchanges data between the Web Browser and Sybase using Perl CGI and DBI Modules for the interface.

4.7.2.20 Databases

The NBSRV GUI accesses the NBSRV, Inventory, DataPool, OMS, and MSS databases.

4.7.2.21 Special Constraints

There are no special constraints to running the NBSRV GUI.

4.7.2.22 Outputs

There are no outputs from the NBSRV GUI except for status and error messages.

4.7.2.23 Events and Messages

The NBSRV GUI issues client side validation errors when adding or modifying a subscription. If the operator does not correct the validation errors the subscription will be rejected when the operator attempts to add or update the subscription. The NBSRV GUI writes status and error messages to the EcNbGUI.log file in the directory /usr/ecs/<MODE>/CUSTOM/logs.

4.7.2.24 Reports

The NBSRV GUI does not generate reports.

4.7.3 Spatial Subscription Server Command Line Interface

The Spatial Subscription Server (SSS) Command Line Interface (CLI) allows the user to add a new subscription, delete a subscription, update a subscription, view a subscription, or batch update subscriptions without using a GUI. The details of the subscription are contained in a text file.

The CLI is installed in the utilities directory for each mode. You must go to the appropriate mode directory to access the correct database for a particular mode.

4.7.3.1 Quick Start Using Spatial Subscription Server Command Line Interface

To execute the CLI, run the script EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart.

For Add, Delete, Update and View, this script takes three parameters: (1) the mode, (2) the function (Add, Delete, Update and View), and (3) a third parameter, which depends on the function in (2).

If the function selected was Delete or View, the third parameter must be the subscription number to be deleted or viewed. If the function selected was Add or Update, the third parameter must be the name of the text file containing the subscription information. This file is assumed to reside in the current directory unless expressed as a qualified pathname.

For BatchUpdate, this script takes four parameters: (1) the mode, (2) the function (BatchUpdate), (3) the match file, which contains "NAME=value" pair(s) that define the search criteria for subscriptions to be updated (this is an "AND" relationship), and (4) the update file, which contains "NAME=value" pair(s) that will replace the existing values associated with matching subscriptions.

4.7.3.1.1 Invoking Spatial Subscription Server from the Command Line Interface

The Spatial Subscription Server Command Line Interface (CLI) allows the user to add a new subscription, delete a subscription, update a subscription, view a subscription, or batch update a set of subscriptions without using a GUI.

To execute the Spatial Subscription Server from the command line interface (Add, Delete, Update, View):

```
EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart <mode> <function> <function dependent parameter>
```

Examples:

```
EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart OPS Add MyNewSubscription.txt
EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart TS1 Delete 5199
EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart TS2 Update/home/daacUser/MyOldSubscription.txt
EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart OPS View 2355
```

To execute the Spatial Subscription Server from the command line interface (BatchUpdate):

```
EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart <mode> <function> <matchfile> <updatefile>
```

Example:

```
EcNbSubscriptionCLIStart OPS BatchUpdate matchFile updateFile
```

Notes:

- (1) When adding a subscription, a new subscription number is assigned and returned as output to stdout.
- (2) When deleting a subscription, the user is prompted to confirm the delete.
- (3) When updating a subscription, the number of the subscription to be updated must appear within the text file containing the subscription data.
- (4) When viewing a subscription, the output appears in a new file called *sub.nnn.txt*, where *nnn* refers to the subscription number. This file is created in the current directory.
- (5) To save on typing when adding a subscription, it is helpful to start by viewing a subscription similar to the one being added, edit the resulting text file, and then submit that file as input to the Add command.
- (6) Prior to updating a subscription, always view the subscription first and then make your changes in the resulting text file, submitting it as input to the Update command.
- (7) Physical media distributions for subscriptions are now supported through the use of bundling orders. The simplest way to do this is to create a bundling order via the GUI and then “bundle” the subscription by specifying the bundling order ID (see table below). Alternatively, if a bundling order ID is not specified for a physical media distribution, a bundling order is automatically created for the subscription; however, in this case, all of the required information for the bundling order (such as shipping information) must be specified in the input file for the subscription.
- (8) If the user updates a bundled subscription without altering the bundling order ID, the bundling order is updated along with the subscription.
- (9) When batch updating a set of subscriptions, all matching subscription IDs will be displayed on the screen. After viewing all the subscription ids, the user is prompted to confirm whether or not to save the details of the matched subscriptions into a file. The user can choose his own output file name. If the user does not enter anything, then the default file name “matchSub.txt” will be used. Using the saved output file (matchSub.txt) as a reference, the user can always change the values back if any subscriptions are mistakenly updated.
- (10) When batch updating subscriptions, the user is prompted to confirm or abort the batch update after reviewing the set of matched subscriptions retrieved.
- (11) The user can batch update granule collections by batch updating the granule version ID.
- (12) The user can batch delete granules by batch updating the status to “Canceled”. The Spatial Subscription Server deletion driver will remove all the canceled subscriptions from the database after a configured amount of time.

- (13) For batch updating subscriptions, the name and value pairs of the form “NAME=value” (one per line both in matchfile and updatefile) must be chosen from the list in Table 4.7.3-2 TextFile Contents (BatchUpdate List). Otherwise, an error will be raised and the match/update parameter function will not work for the unsupported “NAME”s.
- (14) For batch update, the granule start date and granule end date, if used, must always appear together in the match file or update file. If either is used without the other, the SSS CLI will raise an error and will not process the batch update.

There is a log file called EcNbSubscriptionCLI.log in the logs directory for each mode. If your command did not appear to succeed, be sure to check the log file to see what went wrong.

The text file generated by the View command, or used as input to the Add or Update commands, consists of several lines of name and values pairs of the form “NAME=value”, one per line. If you wish to introduce comments into your text file, you may do so by starting the line for the comment with the “#” character.

Table 4.7.3-1 shows all possibilities for rows in the text file. This table is intended for reference only. If you have never entered a subscription before, it is recommended that you start by entering a few subscriptions using the GUI. Then use the View command of the CLI to generate text files for these subscriptions. Modify these text files to serve as input for adding or updating subscriptions.

Table 4.7.3-2 shows all possibilities for rows in the match file or update file when batch updating a set of subscriptions.

Table 4.7.3-1. Text File Contents (1 of 5)

Name	Type	Mandatory	Description
SUBSCRIPTION	Integer	Yes for Update or View; ignored by Add	The subscription number.
USERNAME	Variable Character	Yes	The name of the owner of the subscription.
STATUS	Variable Character	Yes	The subscription status: Active, Inactive or Canceled.
EXPIRATION	Date/Time	No (defaults to one year from the current date if not specified)	The expiration date for the subscription.

Table 4.7.3-1. Text File Contents (2 of 5)

Name	Type	Mandatory	Description
ESDT_SHORT_NAME	Variable Character	Yes	The short name for the ESDT being subscribed to.
ESDT_VERSION	Integer	Yes	The version for the ESDT being subscribed to (e.g., 1, if version ID is 001).
EVENT_TYPE	Variable Character	Yes	The type of event being subscribed to: INSERT, DELETE, or UPDATEMETADATA.
NOTE: The next four lines should appear as a block in the text file. Up to five such blocks may be used.			
ATTRIBUTE_NAME	Variable Character	No	The name of a qualifying numeric attribute. Use this only for attributes of type Integer, Float, or Date/Time.
ATTRIBUTE_TYPE	Variable Character	No	The type of a qualifying attribute: Integer, Float, or Date/Time.
ATTRIBUTE_MIN_VALUE	Integer, Float, or Date/Time	No	The smallest acceptable value for this attribute.
ATTRIBUTE_MAX_VALUE	Integer, Float, or Date/Time	No	The largest acceptable value for this attribute.
NOTE: The next three lines should appear as a block in the text file. Up to five such blocks may be used.			
STRING_ATTRIBUTE_NAME	Variable Character	No	The name of a qualifying string attribute.
STRING_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE	Variable Character	No	This is always 'varchar'.
STRING_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE	Variable Character	No	The value that this attribute must have in order to qualify.
NOTE: The next six lines should appear as a block in the text file. Only one such block may be used.			
SPATIAL_ATTRIBUTE_NAME	Variable Character	No	The name of a qualifying spatial attribute: GPolygonContainer, BoundingRectangle, or Nose.
SPATIAL_ATTRIBUTE_TYPE	Variable Character	No	The type of a qualifying spatial attribute: gpolygon, lbox, or PathBlock, respectively.
SPATIAL_VALUE_SOUTH	Float	No	The lower latitude value for the qualifying rectangle.
SPATIAL_VALUE_WEST	Float	No	The lower longitude value for the qualifying rectangle.
SPATIAL_VALUE_NORTH	Float	No	The upper latitude value for the qualifying rectangle.

Table 4.7.3-1. Text File Contents (3 of 5)

Name	Type	Mandatory	Description
SPATIAL_VALUE_EAST	Float	No	The upper longitude value for the qualifying rectangle.
NOTIFY_EMAIL_ADDRESS	Variable Character	No	The email address of the recipient if email notification is desired.
NOTIFY_USER_STRING	Variable Character	No	An optional user string to be included in the email.
NOTIFY_METADATA	Character	No	Indicates whether the email should include all metadata (Y) or just metadata associated with the subscription qualifiers (N).
ACQUIRE_USERNAME	Variable Character	No	The name of the user requesting an acquire.
ACQUIRE_USERSTRING	Variable Character	No	An optional string to be included in the distribution notice.
ACQUIRE_USER_FIRST_NAME	Variable Character	No	First name of user receiving the data.
ACQUIRE_USER_MIDDLE_INIT	Fixed Character	No	Middle initial of user receiving the data.
ACQUIRE_USER_LAST_NAME	Variable Character	No	Last name of user receiving the data.
ACQUIRE_USER_MAIL_ADDRESS_PHONE	Variable Character	No	Phone number of user receiving the data.
ACQUIRE_EMAIL_ADDRESS	Variable Character	No	The email address for "acquire" notification.
ACQUIRE_MEDIA_FORMAT	Variable Character	No	At present, this value should always be FILEFORMAT,
ACQUIRE_MEDIA_TYPE	Variable Character	No	The type of acquire: FtpPush or FtpPull.
ACQUIRE_PRIORITY	Variable Character	No	The distribution priority: VHIGH, HIGH, NORMAL, LOW, or XPRESS.
ACQUIRE_NOTIFY_TYPE	Variable Character	No	At present, this should always be MAIL.
ACQUIRE_FTP_USER	Variable Character	No	The FTP login name for an FTP push operation.
ACQUIRE_FTP_PASSWORD	Variable Character	No	The password for an FTP push operation.
ACQUIRE_FTP_HOST	Variable Character	No	The destination hostname for an FTP push operation.
ACQUIRE_FTP_DIR	Variable Character	No	The destination directory for an FTP push operation.
BUND_USER_NAME	Variable Character	Yes, if adding a new bundling order	If present, it must be the same as USERNAME.

Table 4.7.3-1. Text File Contents (4 of 5)

Name	Type	Mandatory	Description
BUND_ORDER_ID	Variable Character	No	The ID of the bundling order to be associated with this subscription. If present, a new subscription is associated with the existing bundling order. If absent, a new order in EcAcOrder is created using the information in BUND_MEDIA_TYPE, BUND_SHIP_PHONE, BUND_SHIP_CTRY, BUND_SHIP_STATE, BUND_SHIP_CITY, BUND_SHIP_FAX, BUND_SHIP_STREET_1, BUND_SHIP_STREET_2, BUND_SHIP_STREET_3, BUND_SHIP_ZIP, BUND_DIST_PRIOR. A new request in EcAcRequest is created using the above and some or all of BUND_FTP_HOST, BUND_FTP_PASSWORD, BUND_FTP_DIR, and BUND_FTP_USER.
BUND_MAX_BUND_AGE	Float	No	The number of hours which a bundle can have requests incorporated before it is expired.
BUND_MEDIA_TYPE	Variable Character	Yes, if adding a new bundling order	The media type for bundled requests.
BUND_MIN_GRAN_COUNT	Integer	No	The minimum number of granules a bundle can contain before it is distributed.
BUND_MIN_BUND_SIZE	Float	No	The minimum size in MB a bundle must attain before it is distributed.
BUND_EMAIL_NOTIFICATION_ADD_R	Variable Character	No	Free text field to record the optional distribution parameter NOTIFY.
BUND_USER_STRING	Variable Character	No	Optional distribution option, which identifies a request.
BUND_DIST_PRIOR	Variable Character	No	Distribution priority of the bundling order.
BUND_FTP_HOST	Variable Character	No	The destination hostname for an FTP push operation.
BUND_FTP_PASSWORD	Variable Character	No	The FTP password for an FTP push operation.
BUND_FTP_DIR	Variable Character	No	The destination directory for an FTP push operation.
BUND_FTP_USER	Variable Character	No	The FTP login name for an FTP push operation.
BUND_SHIP_PHONE	Variable Character	No	The phone number for the user requesting the order.

Table 4.7.3-1. Text File Contents (5 of 5)

Name	Type	Mandatory	Description
BUND_SHIP_CTRY	Variable Character	No	The country the order should be shipped to.
BUND_SHIP_STATE	Variable Character	No	The state the order should be shipped to.
BUND_SHIP_CITY	Variable Character	No	The city the order should be shipped to.
BUND_SHIP_FAX	Variable Character	No	The fax number for the user requesting the order.
BUND_SHIP_STREET_1	Variable Character	No	The street address to which the order should shipped.
BUND_SHIP_STREET_2	Variable Character	No	The street address to which the order should shipped.
BUND_SHIP_STREET_3	Variable Character	No	The street address to which the order should shipped.
BUND_SHIP_ZIP	Variable Character	No	The zip code of address to which the order should be shipped.

Table 4.7.3-2. Text File Contents (BatchUpdate List) (1 of 2)

Name	Type	Description
USERNAME	Variable Character	The name of the subscription owner.
STATUS	Variable Character	The subscription status: Active, Inactive or Canceled.
START_DATE	Date/Time	The start date for the subscription
EXPIRATION	Date/Time	The expiration date for the subscription.
ESDT_SHORT_NAME	Variable Character	The short name for the ESDT being subscribed to. A wildcard can be used in the matchfile by including a subset of the ShortName for the value instead of full ShortName. Any ESDT ShortNames that include this subset as a string are considered a match.
ESDT_VERSION	Integer	The version for the ESDT being subscribed to (e.g., 1, if version ID is 001).
EVENT_TYPE	Variable Character	The type of event being subscribed to: INSERT, DELETE, or UPDATEMETADATA.
ACQUIRE_USERNAME	Variable Character	The name of the user requesting an acquire.
ACQUIRE_EMAIL_ADDRESSES	Variable Character	The email address for "acquire" notification.
ACQUIRE_MEDIA_TYPE	Variable Character	The type of acquire: FtpPush, FtpPull or scp.

Table 4.7.3-2. Text File Contents (BatchUpdate List) (2 of 2)

Name	Type	Description
ACQUIRE_PRIORITY	Variable Character	The distribution priority: VHIGH, HIGH, NORMAL, LOW, or XPRESS.
ACQUIRE_FTP_USER	Variable Character	The FTP login name for an FTP push operation.
ACQUIRE_FTP_HOST	Variable Character	The destination hostname for an FTP push operation.
ACQUIRE_FTP_DIR	Variable Character	The destination directory for an FTP push operation.
NOTIFY_EMAIL_ADDRESS	Variable Character	The email address of the recipient if email notification is desired.
GRANULE_START_DATE	Date/Time	The start date of the granule.
GRANULE_END_DATE	Date/Time	The end date of the granule.

4.7.3.2 Spatial Subscription Server Command Line Interface Main Screen

The Spatial Subscription Server (NBSRV) Command Line Interface does not have a main screen. It is a command line interface only.

4.7.3.3 Required Operating Environment

O/S requirements are Linux 2.x platforms.

4.7.3.4 Databases

The Spatial Subscription Server CLI accesses the Spatial Subscription Server, Inventory, and OMS databases.

4.7.3.5 Special Constraints

There are no special constraints to running the Spatial Subscription CLI.

4.7.3.6 Outputs

In addition to status and error messages, there will be an output file called sub.*nnn*.txt (where *nnn* refers to the subscription number) when viewing a subscription.

There also will be an output file for matched subscriptions when using “BatchUpdate” function if the user chooses to save the information.

4.7.3.7 Event and Error Messages

The Spatial Subscription Server CLI issues validation errors when adding or updating a subscription. If the operator does not correct the validation errors, the subscription is rejected when the operator attempts to add or update the subscription. The SSS CLI writes status and error messages to the EcNbSubscriptionCLI.log file in the directory /usr/ecs/<MODE>/CUSTOM/logs.

4.7.3.8 Reports

The SSS CLI does not generate reports.

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4.7.4 Bulk Metadata Generation Tool

The Bulk Metadata Generation Tool (BMGT) is a utility which exports metadata for granules and collections in the ECS archive to the EOS ClearingHouse (ECHO). This metadata is utilized by ECHO to allow users to search for and order data from the ECS archive. BMGT is used to keep ECHO in sync with ECS archive holdings. BMGT can be run in five different ways. Four of those ways, “AUTOMATIC”, “MANUAL”, “CORRECTIVE”, and “VERIFICATION” are covered in this section. “CLEANUP” BMGT is covered in the DataPool Cleanup utility section of the 609 (Section 4.8.6). “VERIFICATION” actually covers three export types itself, “VER_LONG”, “VER_SHORT”, and “VER_INC”.

In any of its five modes of use, BMGT exports metadata in “packages”. A package is simply a zip file containing multiple XML metadata files, along with zero or more BROWSE data files, that is exported and ingested into ECHO as a whole. The zip file contains at the least a “manifest” file which contains a list of the files, if any, which are contained within the package. Each package has a unique file name, and optionally a unique and sequential packageId.

4.7.4.1 BMGT Automatic Preprocessor

The BMGT Automatic Preprocessor (BAPP) is used by DAAC Operations Staff to export changes to the holdings of the ECS inventory at a regular interval. The DAAC will choose and configure a cycle length, which defines the time period for which metadata changes are aggregated into a single package for export to ECHO. The time period can be any whole number of hours between 1 and 24 which splits a day into a whole number of parts (e.g. 6 hours would be valid, as 4 such intervals would add up to an entire day. 5 hours would not). The BAPP should be run at least once per export interval, and will cause the metadata changes for any preceding un-exported interval(s) to be generated and exported to ECHO. If the BAPP is run more than once per interval, it will simply return without doing any work if there is not an unexported elapsed time period to export. Each day, when the BAPP is run for the first time, it populates the cycles for the entire day (and any preceding days where it was not run). Once the cycles are populated, and in subsequent runs throughout the day, the BAPP checks these pre-populated cycles to determine if any of them are eligible to be generated (i.e. the time span of the cycle has passed and it has not been generated yet). For any such cycle that the BAPP finds, it will select and mark changes to the inventory which have occurred during the cycle. It will then mark the cycle for generation by the BMGT Generator server. The BAPP will ensure consistency between the packages that it creates, in other words, it will not export the same metadata change more than once, and will not export metadata that conflicts with metadata that it exported previously. For this reason, the BAPP can be run as a Linux cron job, and allowed to proceed without user interaction. If an error condition arises, and operator intervention is required, an email will be sent to a configured address. The operator can monitor the state of metadata export, and set configuration parameters (as explained in the BMGT configuration section), using the BMGT GUI (See Section 4.7.5).

4.7.4.1.1 BMGT Automatic Preprocessor Usage

EcBmBMGTAutoStart <MODE>

BMGT Automatic Preprocessor usage

4.7.4.2 BMGT Manual Preprocessor

The BMGT Manual Preprocessor (BMPP) provides another interface through which the operator can initiate an export of ECS metadata through BMGT. Unlike an 'AUTOMATIC' instantiation of BMGT, which exports metadata in response to changes, or 'events', a 'MANUAL' BMGT run will export the current metadata for an operator provided set of granules and/or collections. An operator is able to specify which metadata products are desired, or can request the generation of them all. An operator is also able to use the Manual Preprocessor to re-run a previous AUTOMATIC export cycle which has failed or export the contents of the reExport Queue. The operator is also able to use the manual Preprocessor to initiate one of three types of "Verification" exports which will re export metadata which has already been exported to verify that there are no discrepancies between ECS and ECHO holdings. Once the Manual Preprocessor is run (in any of its modes of operation), the desired products will be created by the BMGT Generator server. These products can be exported to ECHO or simply written to the file system, depending on what that operator specifies. The Manual Preprocessor is meant primarily for use when errors occur in the normal automatic processing flow, or when DAAC Operations would like to verify the consistency of ECS and ECHO holdings either routinely or due to some known issue. It can also be used for any other situations in which the normal, automatic export of BMGT metadata is not sufficient, such as exporting historical metadata. The Manual Preprocessor does not prevent multiple exports of the same metadata as Automatic BMGT does. For this reason, DAAC Operations Staff should inform ECHO Staff before using the Manual Preprocessor for export to ECHO, and exercise discretion as to what is exported in a manual cycle.

4.7.4.2.1 Using the BMGT Manual Preprocessor

The BMGT Manual Preprocessor is executed via a start script (EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl, located in the /usr/ecs/<mode>/CUSTOM/utilities directory), which takes one or more parameters. Tables 4.7.4-1 through 4.7.4-11 provide a description of these parameters.

BMPP Guidelines:

- All parameters are optional except **--mode**, but at least one additional parameter must be specified.
- If another BMGT cycle is currently running, the operator will be prompted as to whether they would like to continue, or try again later. If **-x** is specified, and there is an AUTOMATIC cycle currently executing, the Preprocessor will exit. This behavior can be modified using the **--noprompt**, **--force**, and **--retry** options.
- Except when **--help**, **--corrective**, **--incremental** or **--regenerate** is used, at least one option from SELECTION CRITERIA must be specified.

- If no PRODUCT OPTIONS are specified, the preprocessor will by default generate all products.

Table 4.7.4-1. General Options

Option	Notes	Description
--help -h	Overrides all other options	Display a detailed help page.
--mode <MODE>	Required	Run in ECS mode <MODE>.

Table 4.7.4-2. Generated Product Options

Option	Notes	Description
--metg	Requires one or more SELECTION CRITERIA options, and/or one of the verification run type options (--short , --long , --incremental)	Generate an ECSMETG (granule metadata) product.
--metc	requires --collections or --collectionfile , and/or one of the verification run type options (--short , --long , --incremental)	Generate an ECSMETC (collection metadata) product.
--bbr	requires one or more SELECTION CRITERIA options or --short	Generate an ECSBBR (browse) product. The BBR product generated will contain any browse granules explicitly specified by the SELECTION CRITERIA options, as well as browse files associated with any granules specified by those options. Browse linkages to science files will also be generated. If a METG is being generated for an associated science granule, it will include the linkage, otherwise the linkage will be recorded in a METU file. If --short is specified, then the generated product will instead be a list of browse IDs organized by which collections' granules they are linked to, for purposes of verifying these linkages with ECHO.
--url	requires one or more SELECTION CRITERIA options	Generate a BULKURL (DataPool public URL) product.

Table 4.7.4-3. Run Type Options

Option	Notes	Description
--delete	requires one or more SELECTION CRITERIA options	Generate deletion metadata. If this option is omitted, insertion metadata will be generated. Granules and collections being processed in a deletion cycle must be either physically or logically deleted. Similarly, granules and collections specified for a normal insert cycle must currently exist in ECS. If a granule is logically or physically deleted from the archive, it must be explicitly specified (with the --granules or --granulefile option) by geoid rather than dbid. There is a special case, for collections, where a collection that has not been removed or disabled in ECS can be exported as a delete. In this case the user will be asked to confirm that this is their intention, and the collection will be automatically disabled in BMGT configuration.
--short --ver_short --vs		Generate a short form ("VER_SHORT") verification package. A short form package contains only the identifiers for selected collections/granules, and is used for performing existence checks with ECHO. Any of --metg , --metc , --bbr may be specified, but only one of them at a time. If --metg or --bbr is specified, then -g or -gf is not allowed. If --metc is specified, then -c and -cf , as well as -p and -pf are not allowed. -c and -cf are allowed with -metg and -bbr . -p and -pf are also allowed, but not recommended as they would likely result in packages that are very large and this is not desirable.
--long --ver_long --vl		Generate a long form ("VER_LONG") verification package. A long form package contains the full metadata for selected collections/granules, and is used for performing full metadata comparison with ECHO. --metg and/or --metc may be specified with --long , but if --metg is specified, then granules and/or collections must be specified with the -g,b-gf,-c , or -cf options. Note that there is no BBR long form product, so --bbr will be ignored if it accompanies --long .
--incremental --ver_inc --inc --i		Initiate an incremental ("VER_INC") verification export, in which the granules to be exported as long form metadata are selected automatically based on an algorithm that exports granule verification in batches for eventual total coverage. An optional list of collections to verify may be specified.

The following options can be used to specify the collections and/or granules for which metadata export is desired. At least one of these options must be specified, except when the **--regenerate** or **--corrective** option is being used. No metadata will be generated unless the associated collection is defined in the groups config file, and has CollExport set to 'Y'. No granule level metadata will be generated unless the collection also has GranExport set to Y.

The options below allow specifying granules by dbid or geoid, and also specifying collections by shortname/versionid or group name. Each of these options can take a comma separated (with no spaces) list on the command line, or a file containing one or more values (separated by newlines or whitespace). Using an input file is strongly recommended if the list contains more than 2 or 3 items. If one or more collections are specified (by shortname/versionid or group), a start and/or end date may be specified to limit granules in those collections for which granule metadata (if any) is generated by insert or lastupdate time (depending on whether *--lastupdate* is specified).

If no granules or collections match the specified criteria, and are eligible for export, then an empty package will be generated, and marked as an error. If *--nosequence* or *--noexport* is not specified, then a SYNC package will be generated and exported to ECHO in response to such an error (the SYNC package is necessary in order to keep ECHO and ECS packageIds synchronized).

Table 4.7.4-4. Item Selection Options (1 of 2)

Option	Notes	Description
--collections -c <i><shortname.version ID>[,<shortname.version ID>,...]</i>		Generate metadata for collection <i><shortname.versionID></i> . Multiple collections can be specified, separated by a comma and no space.
--collectionfile --cf <i><filename></i>		Same as --collections , but specifies a file which contains one or more collections. The collections can be on one or multiple lines and must be separated either by newlines or whitespace.
--granules -g <i><ID>[,<ID>,...]</i>		Where <i><ID></i> is either a dbid or a geoid in the form: <i><SC/BR>:<SHORTNAME>.<VERSIONID>:<DBID></i> Generate metadata for the listed granules. Multiple granules can be specified, separated by a comma and no space.
--granulefile --gf <i><filename></i>		Same as --granules , but specifies a file which contains one or more dbids and/or geoids. The ids can be on one or more lines and must be separated either by newlines or whitespace.
--group -p <i><groupName>[,<groupName>,...]</i>		Generate metadata for the collections and/or granules in the specified group(s).
--groupfile --pf <i><filename></i>		Generate metadata for the collections and/or granules in the group(s) listed in the specified file.
--starttime --st <i><datetime></i>	requires --collectionfile or -collections	Defines the starting time (inclusive) of a datetime range for which to generate granule metadata. This parameter is used only if --collection , or --collectionfile is specified. It will be used to select a subset of granules from the specified collection(s) for which metadata will be generated. <i><datetime></i> should be in the format "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" [quotes are required].

Table 4.7.4-4. Item Selection Options (2 of 2)

Option	Notes	Description
--endtime --et <datetime>	requires -- collectionfile or - -collections	Defines the end time (non-inclusive) of a datetime range for which to generate granule metadata. This parameter is used only if --collection , or --collectionfile is specified. It will be used to select a subset of granules from the specified collection(s) for which metadata will be generated. <datetime> should be in the format "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" [quotes are required].
--lastupdate	requires -- endtime and/or -- starttime	Causes the --starttime and --endtime values to be used to select granules based on lastupdate rather than insert time.

Table 4.7.4-5. Output Options

Option	Notes	Description
--noexport --ne	implies --nosequence	Do not export the generated package to ECHO, and do not assign it a sequence number.
--nosequence --ns		Generated package should not be assigned a sequence number. This is automatically implied when --noexport is specified.
--daacstring -d		A string up to 40 characters long and consisting only of valid Unix file name characters (excluding period) to be included as part of the file names in the metadata export package created by a manual export operation. For example, using " --daacstring AnnMiltEchoSmallMetgEchoTest " will produce a package named: EDFManualExport.AnnMiltEchoSmallMetgEchoTest.200800710.200800710.2008007110752.000717.zip

Table 4.7.4-6. Concurrency Options

Option	Notes	Description
--excludeAuto -x		Prevent the execution of any Automatic export cycles concurrently with this manual cycle.
--noprompt -np		If there are other export cycles currently executing, instead of asking user what to do, just exit with an error.
--retry -y		If there are other export cycles currently executing, instead of asking user what to do, wait 10 seconds, and check again. Repeat until no currently executing cycles are found. Implies noprompt. Useful when calling manual processor from a script
--force -f		Ignore currently executing export cycles and run regardless. Implies noprompt. Useful when calling manual processor from a script

Table 4.7.4-7. Error Recovery Options

Option	Notes	Description
--regenerate -r <package ID >	incompatible with --excludeAuto and --delete . Overrides all other options besides OUTPUT OPTIONS	Attempt to regenerate the AUTOMATIC package specified by the packageId <package ID>. Must specify --noexport if package to be regenerated is in COMPLETE state. NOTE: packageId must be given, NOT cycleId .
--report -t		Generate a report of the contents of the reExport queue which are being reexported.
--corrective -v		Initiate a corrective export containing any granules which are in the reExport Queue. Incompatible with all options except --mode, --ns, --na, --delete .
--outdir -o <directory>	requires --report	Write the re-export queue report to a file in the given directory. The file will be clearly labeled as a BMGT re-export queue report with the current time as part of its name.

Examples

Request a manual BMGT package containing all relevant granules and collection metadata for all granules in all collections in the file ./collections. The package will have no sequence number and will be ingested into ECS, but not exported to ECHO.

```
EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl --mode <MODE> --metg --metc --noexport --nosequence --collectionfile ./collections
```

Request the regeneration of a previous AUTOMATIC cycle with packageId 122, but only for local usage, and not export to ECHO. A new package will be generated with the same package Id, but a new cycleId. All events during the specified cycle will be exported in the new cycle.

```
EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl --mode <MODE> --regenerate 122 --noexport
```

Request the generation of a BMGT package containing the METG, METC, and URL metadata for the granules and collections specified in the command options. In addition, METG and URL metadata will be generated for the granules that belong to the specified collections and were inserted into the inventory between the specified start and end dates.

```
EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl --mode <MODE> --metg --metc --url --collections  
AST_L1A.001,MOD29P1N.001,MOD29P1D.002 --granules  
213388,213400,213402,212100,213395 --starttime "2006-02-21 14:07:00" --endtime "2008-  
01-18 09:54:22"
```

Request the export of the contents of the reExport Queue to correct errors that were returned from ECHO for previous packages. Output a report of the contents of the corrective export to a file in the specified directory.

```
EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl --mode <MODE> --corrective --report --outdir  
./BmgtReports
```

Request the export of a listing of all granule in the specified collections to be compared against the ECHO holdings for the collections.

```
EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl --mode <MODE> --short --metg -c MOD29P1D.001,  
MYD29P1N.001
```

Request the export of full granule and collection metadata for all collections in the group 'MOLT' and all of the granules in those collections which have a lastUpdate value within the provided boundaries. This metadata will be compared against that which ECHO already has to find any discrepancies.

```
EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl --mode <MODE> --long --metg --metc --p MOLT --starttime  
"2006-02-21 14:07:00" --endtime "2008-01-18 09:54:22" --lastupdate
```

Request the export of full granule metadata for a set of granules determined by the BMGT based on a configured time interval, max number of granules per package, and the lastUpdate of the granules. This 'incremental' package will constitute a set of the least recently updated granules which have not yet been verified with ECHO since they were updated.

```
EcBmBMGTManualStart.pl --mode <MODE> --incremental
```

NOTE: it is recommended that incremental mode be set up as a cron job to run on a regular interval. If this is done, use the **--force** option to override any prompts which would require user response.

4.7.4.3 BMGT ReExport Queue Utility

When processing Ingest Summary Reports from ECHO, the BMGT system will handle some reported errors by enqueuing corrective actions on the BMGT ReExport Queue. DAAC Staff can then remedy the reported error by running the BMGT Manual Start Script with the **--corrective** option. The **--corrective** option processes any corrective actions on the ReExport Queue, and exports corresponding metadata to ECHO. This functionality is covered in Section 4.7.4.2.1.

In addition to processing the ReExport Queue for corrective export to ECHO, DAAC staff may also view and manage the ReExport Queue with the BMGT ReExport Queue Utility. The ReExport Queue Utility offers two options for viewing the queued actions; report, which prints the queue contents as a list of actions, and summary, which prints a statistical summary of the queued actions grouped by collection/group/itemtype(science or browse). The queue report or summary is printed to a file specified by the user (or to the terminal if none is specified). The utility also offers the ability to delete one or more actions from the queue, by providing dbIDs, cycleIds, or geoids on the command line or in a file. Report output can be filtered by collection, original cycleId, and/or group, which can be specified on the command line, or in a file.

4.7.4.3.1 Using the BMGT ReExport Queue Utility

The ReExportQueue utility will be called as shown below:

```
EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.pl <MODE> [COMMAND] [OPTIONS]
```

[COMMAND] is one of the commands listed in Table 4.7.4-8 below, and [OPTIONS] is zero or more of the options listed in Table 4.7.4-9.

Table 4.7.4-8. ReExport Queue Utility Commands

Command Name	Comments
--report -r	Print the current contents of the re-export queue, sorted by original cycle ID, newest first, then by collection, then by item type.
--stat -s	Print a statistical summary of the re-export queue contents. Items are grouped by collection plus group plus item type plus ECHO error response. Each group is accompanied by the count of the items within it.
--delete -d	Delete items from the re-export queue. -delete requires at least one of --cycleids, --cycleidfile, --ids or --idfile, but will accept more than one.

Table 4.7.4-9. ReExport Queue Utility Options (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Comments
--mode -m <MODE>	Run in ECS mode <MODE>. Mode must be provided, either by this option, or by itself as the first argument to the utility.
--help -h	Display a detailed help page.
--outdir -o <dirname>	The directory in which to write the report or summary file. Each file will be automatically given a name that identifies it and the time the report or summary was created. Only one output directory may be specified at a time. If no directory is specified, output will be to the terminal.
--collection -c <ShortName.Version D>	The collection for which a report should be generated. More than one collection option may be given, resulting in all items from the re-export queue in any of the named collections being included in the report. Collection may be combined with group. Only valid for "report".

Table 4.7.4-9. ReExport Queue Utility Options (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Comments
--group -c <groupName>	The group for which a report may be generated. More than one group option may be given, resulting in all items from the re-export queue in any of the named groups being included in the report. Group may be combined with collection. Only valid for "report".
--ids -i <ID>[,<ID>,...]	A list of IDs of granules to be deleted from the re-export queue. IDs must be separated by commas with no space between them, or they will be seen as separate, unrecognized arguments. IDs may be granule IDs (only digits) or geoids (e.g., SC:MOD14.005:12345). More than one ids switch may be given. ids may be combined with idfile.
--idfile -f <filename>	A file containing a list of granule IDs or geoids, separated by whitespace or commas. More than one idfile may be given. idfile may be combined with ids.
--cycleids -y <cycleid1,...>	A list of --cycleids . Combined with report, this option will cause the produced report to contain only those queued items which were added due to one of the listed cycles. Combined with delete, this option will result in the items which were enqueued due to the listed cycles being removed from the queue. IDs must be separated by commas with no space between them, or they will be seen as separate, unrecognized arguments. --cycleids may be combined with --cycleidfile .
--cycleidfile -l <cycleidfile>	A file containing a list of --cycleids , separated by whitespace or commas. More than one --cycleidfile may be given. --cycleidfile may be combined with --cycleids .

Examples

Print a report of all contents of the ReExport Queue to standard output.

```

EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.pl DEV03 --report

Granule ID      Collection  Type Group      Cycle ID      ECHO Error Response
-----
-
      21155 MB2LME.002  SC  MISR          1335 BROWSE_NOT_EXISTS
      22743 MISBR.005   SC  MISR          1335 BROWSE_NOT_EXISTS
      22718 MISBR.005   SC  MISR          1325 BROWSE_NOT_EXISTS
    
```

Print a report of all contents of the ReExport Queue which belong to collection MB2LME.002 to standard output.

```

EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.pl DEV03 --report --collection MB2LME.002

Granule ID      Collection  Type Group      Cycle ID      ECHO Error Response
-----
-
      21155 MB2LME.002  SC  MISR          1335 BROWSE_NOT_EXISTS
    
```

Print a report of all contents of the ReExport Queue which belong to the MOLT group to standard output.

```
EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.pl DEV03 --report --group MOLT
```

```
The re-export queue is empty.
```

Print a statistical summary of all contents of the ReExport Queue to standard output.

```
EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.pl DEV03 --stat
```

```
Count          Collection  Type Group      ECHO Error Response
```

```
-----  
          1 MB2LME.002  SC  MISR      BROWSE_NOT_EXISTS  
          2 MISBR.005  SC  MISR      BROWSE_NOT_EXISTS
```

```
Associated Browse
```

```
Parent Count    Parent Coll.  Browse Coll.  ECHO Error Response
```

```
-----
```

Delete granule with dbID 21155 from the ReExport Queue.

```
EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.pl DEV03 --delete --ids 21155
```

```
Attempting to delete 1 granule from the re-export queue.
```

Write to a file in /home/cmshared a report of all contents of the ReExport Queue.

```
EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.pl DEV03 --report --outdir /home/cmshared/
```

```
Report written to /home/cmshared/bmgt-reexport-queue-report-20081203111502.txt
```

4.7.4.4 BMGT Configuration

Configuration of the BMGT is stored in a text file and a database table that are shared by all of the BMGT components.

4.7.4.4.1 EcBmBMGT.properties

This file is located in /usr/ecs/<MODE>/cfg. It contains low level configuration parameters, such as database connection information and configuration of a proxy (if needed) which is used as a gateway to the external internet for use during FTP.

Table 4.7.4-10. BMGT Configuration File Parameters

Parameter Name	Description
PGM_ID	Not used by manual Preprocessor
LOG_LEVEL	Verbosity level of logs.
DATABASE_DRIVER	Database driver for Java BMGT servers. Not used by manual preprocessor.
DATABASE_HOST	The host where the SQL server is located.
DATABASE_PORT	The database port, used by the Java BMGT servers.
DATABASE_USER	The BMGT database user
DATABASE_PWSEED	The seed for decoding the database password.
DATABASE_DPLNAME	The name of the Data Pool database.
DATABASE_DPLPOOLSIZE	The size to use for the Data Pool database connection pool. (not used by manual pre processor)
DATABASE_INVNAME	The name of the Inventory database.
DATABASE_INVPOOLSIZE	The size to use for the Inventory database connection pool. (not used by manual pre processor)
FTP_TIMEOUT_USECS	The FTP timeout interval used by the Export server. This value (in milliseconds) determined how long BMGT will try to push or pull a file before giving up.
DPL_URL_ROOT	The root of all DataPool URLs. This must include both the protocol (most likely 'ftp://') and the fully qualified host name. This host should be accessible from outside the firewall. The default port for the given protocol is assumed unless a different port is specified after the hostname as ':<portnum>'. Entering the URL specified for this value into a browser should bring up the root of the anonymous FTP server. An example value is : "ftp://e4ft101u.ecs.nasa.gov"
SITE_ID	The three letter site identifier
FTP_PROXY_HOST_NAME	The hostname of the ftp proxy server that should be used to FTP to the ECHO site. If this value is not provided, or is an empty string, no proxy server will be used.
FTP_PROXY_USERNAME	The login user name to the ftp proxy server. This value is only needed if the FTP_PROXY_SERVER configuration parameter is set.
FTP_PROXY_PASSWORD	The login password for the ftp proxy server. This value may only be needed if the FTP_PROXY_SERVER configuration parameter is set. If no password is required, this value may be omitted, or left empty.
FTP_CLIENT_IMPL	The option to change between using the current Apache FTP for exporting or the newly implemented Web Services Pooling. For the default Apache, value set to Apache. For Web Services, DIFtpClient.
BCP_FILE_DIR	The location to put a temporary file holding granule IDs to be BCPed in to the database for manual export initiation.

4.7.4.4.2 DsMdBmgtConfig Table

The majority of the configuration parameters for the BMGT system are set in the DsMdBmgtConfig table of the Inventory database. Below is a subset of the parameters in that table. There are additional parameters which are not included below, but which are not directly relevant to the BAPP and BMPP (they are used by the down stream BMGT servers). The parameters below are configured using the BMGT GUI (Section 4.7.5).

Table 4.7.4-11. DsMdBmgtConfig Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Used By	Description
AUTOMATIC_CYCLE_LENGTH_HRS	AUTO	The length of the currently configured automatic export cycle, measured in hours. The BMGT does not need to be restarted if this value is changed, but note that the new value will not apply until the next day. Valid values are 1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24
AUTOMATIC_CYCLE_RETRY_INTERVAL_MINS	AUTO	The time interval, measured in minutes, between retries of a failed automatic export cycle. Recommend values in the range 30 to 60 minutes.
GROUPS_CONFIG_FILE	BOTH	The absolute path of the ESDT group configuration file.
MAX_DATA_SKIPPED	AUTO	The maximum number of data-related errors that the BMGT may encounter when generating an export package before the package will fail.
MAX_SIZE_ECSBRR	BOTH	The maximum number of browse inserts/deletes allowed for ECSBRR files. Export products larger than this will have their output split into multiple files.
MAX_SIZE_ECSMETG_KB	BOTH	The maximum size for ECSMETG files, measure in Kb. Export products larger than this will have their output split into multiple files.
MAX_SIZE_ECSMETU	BOTH	The maximum number of updated granules that may be allowed in a single ECSMETU file. Export products larger than this will have their output split into multiple files. This value also limits the size of URL files.
NOTIFICATION_EMAIL_ADDR	BOTH	Email address(es) that will be used to send alerts or error notifications to. Multiple addresses may be provided by separating them with whitespace.
PRODUCT_ROOT_DIRECTORY	BOTH	The root directory under which the temporary package directories will be created. These are used to store the product/package files for ingest or export.
INCREMENTAL_INTERVAL	MANUAL	The lastUpdate interval in days for a BMGT incremental verification package. This is the maximum range of lastUpdate times in a single incremental verification package.

Table 4.7.4-11. DsMdBmgtConfig Parameters (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Used By	Description
MAX_VERIFICATION_GRANULES	MANUAL	The maximum number of granules that can be exported in a BMGT long form verification package. The user will be prompted if this maximum will be exceeded and given the choice of overriding it.
REEXPORT_THRESHOLD	MANUAL	The number of reexport actions which will cause an alert email to be sent to the operator.
VER_REPAIRED_ITEM_LIST_DIR	MANUAL	The directory to put a list granules which received verification errors, but have been repaired. If this value is left blank, then no such lists will be created. If it is not blank, then for each long for verification export for which there are errors which have been repaired by ECHO, a file will be written.

4.7.4.4.5 Group Configuration File

The BMGT group config file is an XML file containing the definition of BMGT groups, and specifying which ECS collections belong to each group. Any collection for which BMGT output is desired must be included in this file. In fact it is recommended to have all collections which are in use at a DAAC included in this file. It is also recommended, but not necessary, to use the same groupings that are used in the DataPool.

The format of this file is similar to that used in previous versions of BMGT, except that for each collection, the file contains ‘GranExport’ and ‘CollExport’ parameters, in addition to ShortName and VersionID. These values determine whether the specified collection will have collection, and/or granule metadata (if it exists) exported by a BMGT cycle. These parameters apply to all types of export cycles. The location of the group config file is determined by the value of ‘GROUPS_CONFIG_FILE’ in the database, as described in the table above. Below is an example of a simple groups config file:

The Group config file contains a root element called “groupConfigFile”. This element can contain multiple “group” elements which are each defined like this:

- **group**
 - **name:** The name of the group.
 - **ESDT:** A collection to be included in the group.
 - **ShortName:** The shortname of the collection.
 - **VersionID:** The version ID of the collection.
 - **CollExport:** If Y, BMGT will export collection metadata for this collection.
 - **GranExport:** If Y, BMGT will export granule metadata for granules in this collection.

The group config file is read whenever the BAPP or BMPP is run. During an automatic cycle, its contents are loaded into a database table, and are compared to the configuration which is already saved there. If a change is detected, the following actions are performed:

- a) CollExport goes from N to Y: Collection metadata will be exported in this cycle, regardless of collection insert time.

- b) GranExport goes from N to Y: Metadata will be exported in this cycle for all granules in this collection, regardless of insert time.
- c) CollExport and GranExport go from N to Y: Same as (a) for the current cycle, same as (b) for next cycle.
- d) GranExport or CollExport goes from Y to N: THIS SHOULD NOT BE DONE UNTIL AFTER THE COLLECTION IS DELETED.

A Manual or Corrective cycle does not check for changes, but uses the current values in the group config file.

Figure 4.7.4-1 shows the sample groups configuration file.

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<groupConfigFile>
  <group>
    <name>ASTT1</name>
    <ESDT>
      <ShortName>AST_L1B</ShortName>
      <VersionID>1</VersionID>
      <CollExport>Y</CollExport>
      <GranExport>Y</GranExport>
    </ESDT>
    ...
  </group>
  ...
</groupConfigFile>

```

Figure 4.7.4-1. Sample Groups Config File

4.7.4.5 Required Operating Environment

BMGT runs on a Linux platform.

4.7.4.6 Interfaces and Data Types

Table 4.7.4-12 lists the supporting products that this tool depends upon in order to function properly.

Table 4.7.4-12. Interface Protocols

Product Dependency	Protocols Used	Comments
Data Pool database	SQL	Via SQL server machines
Inventory database	SQL	Via SQL server machines
Java JRE version 1.6.0_02	Linux system call	
Java jConnect	Java Library	
Perl Interpreter	Linux system call	

4.7.4.7 Outputs

The Manual and Automatic Preprocessors do not generate output files themselves. They produce output into the ECS Inventory and DataPool databases which causes output files to be created through the BMGT Generator. This output is a set of XML files which follow the ECHO 10 ingest Schema. These XML files are collected into a single zip file. Output may also include Browse files which are not packaged in the zip file.

4.7.4.8 Event and Error Messages

Error messages will be displayed to either the log file or standard output, depending on at what point during execution they occur (see Section 4.7.4.9).

4.7.4.9 Logs

The Manual preprocessor writes to a log file named EcBmBMGTManual.log in the /usr/ecs/<mode>/CUSTOM/logs directory. This log file contains the original call to the preprocessor, including all arguments, as well as all database stored procedure calls, any errors that occur, and other pertinent information. Fatal errors are printed both to the log and to standard output. Errors that occur before the log is opened will be printed to standard output only. The ReExport Queue utility writes to a similar log at EcBmBMGTReExportQueue.log in the same log directory.

The Automatic Preprocessor and the remaining BMGT components use a common logging library. The verbosity of this logging can be tuned by the LOG_LEVEL configuration parameter (via the BMGT GUI (Section 4.7.5)). At the highest verbosity, the log will contain all stored procedure calls, the entrance and exit to/from many methods, and any errors or exceptions which occur. Any errors in the initial start up of a BMGT component (e.g. the component is already running) will be displayed in a separate standard output log.

4.7.4.10 Recovery

4.7.4.10.1 Manual Preprocessor

There is no manual recovery required for the BMPP. If the BMPP is killed by a user interrupt, or encounters a fatal error, it will move the state of the cycle (if any) it has created to CANCELED, and mark it for cleanup by the BMGT Monitor server. The operator is free to try the same command again once the cause of the failure is corrected, creating a new cycle, but there is no need, or ability to recover the failed cycle.

4.7.4.10.2 Automatic Preprocessor

If the BAPP fails to complete while in the middle of preprocessing a cycle, recovery is as simple as rerunning the BAPP. Like the BMGT servers, it will not change the state of the cycle until it has completed. A subsequent run will retrieve the same cycle and do all of the necessary preprocessing as if it had not been done before.

4.7.4.10.3 BMGT Servers

The BMGT servers (Generator, Packager, Exporter, and Monitor) poll the Inventory database for packages in a particular state, perform work on them, and then change the state of the package

for the next server to pick up. If a server dies while doing work on a package, the package will remain in its current state, and be picked up again when the server is restarted. No operator interaction is required, other than fixing whatever problem may have caused the server to die.

If an error causes a package to fail, but does not cause the server to crash, the response will depend on the type of package. All automatic packages are required to complete, so they will be retried ad infinitum until successfully generated and exported. Retries are performed automatically at an interval defined by the configuration parameter “AUTOMATIC_CYCLE_RETRY_INTERVAL_MINS”, and do not require re-running the BAPP. If desired, an automatic package can be re-run prior to the retry interval passing, by using the “--regenerate” (See Section 4.7.4.2.1) option of the BMPP. If a manual package fails, it will not be retried, and will be put in a failed state where it will be cleaned up. If the manual package, however, has a packageId associated with it (i.e. **--nosequence** was not specified), an empty “SYNC” package will be exported to ECHO to replace the failed manual package in the package sequence. If a cleanup package fails, it will be treated the same as an automatic package, except that it cannot be regenerated prematurely by the BMPP.

All packages that are exported to ECHO should result in an Ingest Summary Report being generated by ECHO. This report will list any errors that occurred on ingest of the metadata, and BMGT will handle these errors appropriately. Some types of errors may result in a regeneration and/or reexport of the package. If an AUTOMATIC or VER_INC package is retried in such a way more than a threshold number of times defined by

NUM_RETRIES_FOR_ALERT, in the BMGT configuration, then an alert will be raised. The operator will be alerted via email and a notification will be displayed on the BMGT GUI. A raised alert will restrict what can be exported by BMGT before the issue has been addressed and the alert cleared. If the errant package was of type VER_INC, then the alert will limit exports to AUTOMATIC and unsequenced MANUAL packages. If the errant package was of type AUTOMATIC, then the alert will limit exports to only unsequenced MANUAL packages. clearing the alert will return BMGT export to normal.

4.7.4.11 Sybase Error Handling

All BMGT components will attempt to deal with Sybase errors gracefully, usually by retrying the query. If a query cannot be completed after several retries, BMGT will try to put the current package into an appropriate state to reflect the error. If this fails, then the component will either exit, or continue to output error text to the log files. All Sybase errors will be reported to the log of the BMGT component in which the error occurred.

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4.7.5 Bulk Metadata Generation Tool GUI

The Bulk Metadata Generation Tool (BMGT) GUI is a web-based interface that allows the operator to monitor the export of BMGT packages (in Automatic, Manual, Corrective, Verification, or Cleanup mode). The primary purpose of the GUI is to provide the operator with a list of recent packages and their detailed information. In addition, the operator can also use it to configure various BMGT tuning parameters, such as the length of an Automatic cycle. Since it is possible for errors to occur during the FTP process, the GUI is also able to display the status of BMGT FTP service and the global FTP alerts.

In the BMGT GUI, each user session is controlled by a session timeout value (in minutes) defined in the `"/usr/ecs/OPS/COTS/tomcat_<version>/webapps/BmgtGui_<MODE>/WEB-INF/web.xml"` file. If the GUI page's idle time reaches the timeout value (by default set to 30 minutes), the session will be expired and the GUI will be automatically redirected to the login page.

The BMGT GUI follows the look and feel of the DPL Ingest GUI, however, with only a subset of that GUI's functionality implemented. Specifically,

- context-sensitive help is not supported
- user access privilege is defined simply as “Administrator” (allowed to configure global tuning parameters) or “Operator” (only allowed to view the parameters).

4.7.5.1 Login Page

The Login Page (shown in Figure 4.7.5-1) allows the operator to log in either as the Administrator (with the ability to configure the global tuning parameters) or as an Operator (view only, no editing privileges). The Administrator login requires a password, while the Operator one does not.

To login as Administrator, the user needs to perform the following steps:

1. enter the administrator login password in the box designated as “Administrator Password:”;
2. upon entering the correct password, click on the button labeled as “Admin Login”.

To login as Operator, simply click on the button labeled as “Operator Login” without entering the password.

In either case, the user is required to click on either of the login buttons to log into the BMGT GUI. If the user inputs an incorrect password, an error message in red font “Administrator incorrect password” is displayed below the login buttons.

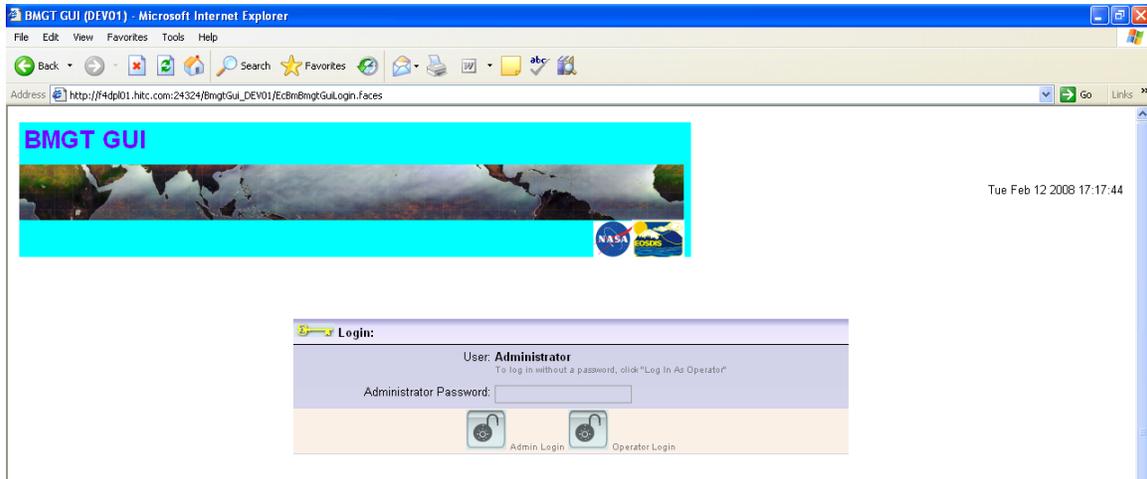


Figure 4.7.5-1. BMGT GUI Login Page

4.7.5.2 Navigation Panel

After a successful login, the user is presented with a navigation panel on the left side of the screen (Figure 4.7.5-2), which consists of the following menu items, texts, and links:

- Home Page
- Monitoring
 - Recent Packages
 - Failed Packages
 - ReExportQueue
- Configuration
 - Global Tuning
 - Group Configurations
 - Error Tuning
- [reload page]
- You are logged in as Administrator (*or Operator*)
- You are under mode DEV01 (*or other modes*)
- [log out]

This navigation panel is displayed on each of the GUI pages to provide the user a menu-based utility to switch between the GUI pages. Under the “Monitoring” heading are three options for monitoring the state of BMGT packages. The Recent Packages item allows the user to view recent export packages, including those currently in progress. The Failed Packages item shows export packages that encountered errors, and the ReExportQueue item shows ECS objects which are queued to have their metadata reExported to ECHO due to a previous error returned from ECHO. Under the “Configuration” heading are three options for modifying and/or viewing BMGT configuration settings. The Global Tuning item allows the user to view and update the BMGT global configuration parameters, the Group Configurations item allows the user to view and modify some attributes of the current collection group configuration (and view the current status of incremental verification), and the Error Tuning item allows the user to view the error

handling policies for error codes returned from ECHO. A user must be logged in as Admin in order to modify the values in Global Tuning or Group Configuration. The values in Error Tuning are static and can not be modified through the BMGT GUI.

The navigation panel also displays your login type, i.e. either Admin or Operator, and the mode the GUI is in. It also provides a “reload page” button to allow the user to manually refresh the GUI page on the right, and a “log out” button to log the user out of the GUI.

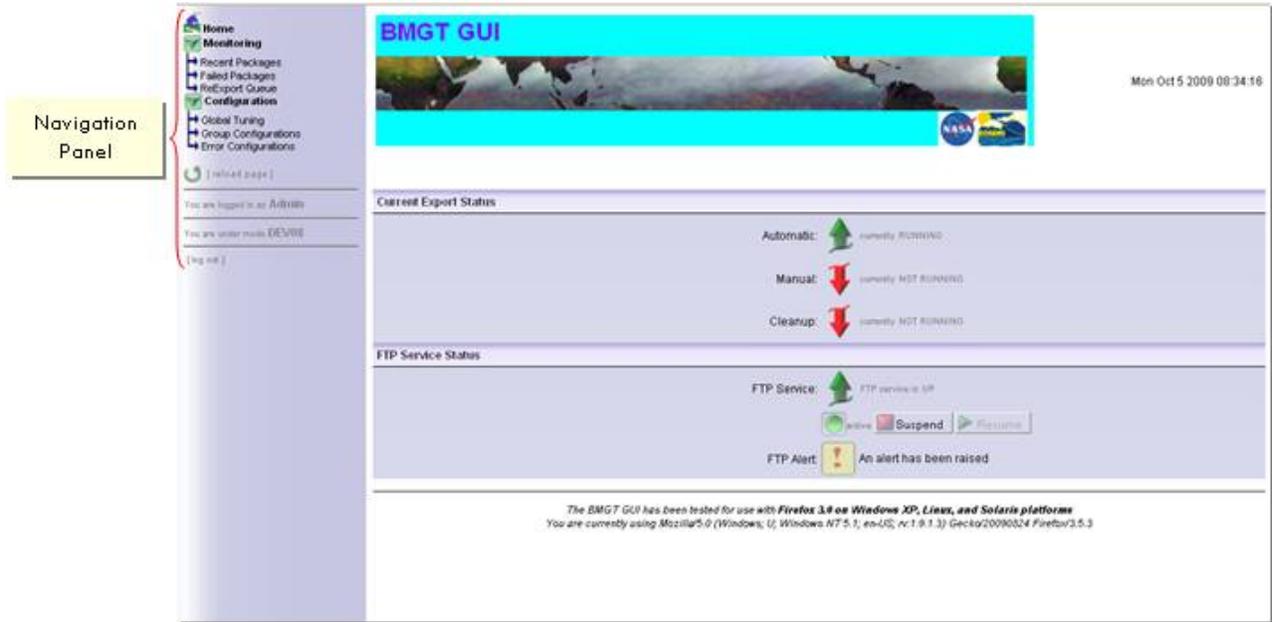


Figure 4.7.5-2. Home Page and Navigation Panel

4.7.5.3 Home Page

After logging in, the user will see the BMGT GUI Home Page (the right part of Figure 4.7.5-2), which provides an overview of the current system status, including the current export status (whether any packages are currently being generated for each export type), and the BMGT FTP Service status.

The Current Export Status section of the page shows whether the instances of the Automatic, Manual, or Cleanup Export are currently running. An upward green arrow indicates the corresponding export is running while a downward red arrow indicates it is not running. Note that ‘running’ in this context means that a cycle is being generated. Regardless of the status on this page, BMGT will be able to generated cycles of any export type as long as the Generator server is running.

The FTP Service Status section displays the current state of the BMGT FTP Service and allows the user to suspend/resume the service. The BMGT FTP Service can be in one of the following three states:

- (1) a red downward arrow indicates the BMGT FTP Service is down. Under such a state, both “Suspend” and “Resume” buttons are disabled;

- (2) an upward green arrow and an enabled “Suspend” button indicate the BMGT FTP Service is up and active. Clicking on the “Suspend” button will suspend the service and turn on the “Resume” button;
- (3) an upward green arrow and an enabled “Resume” button indicate the BMGT FTP Service is suspended. Clicking on the “Resume” button will resume the service and turn on the “Suspend” button.

In addition to the BMGT FTP status, the GUI also shows the existence or absence of a global FTP Alert in this section. A single alert may be pending due to the FTP errors, in which the FTP Alert line shows the alert description (shown in Figure 4.7.5-2). If there is no FTP Alert existing, this line simply shows “None”.

The home page will also show BMGT Alerts caused by cycles which have repeatedly resulted in errors from ECHO. These alerts will be displayed in the same way as described in the Recent Packages Page section.

4.7.5.4 Recent Packages Page

Figure 4.7.5-3 shows the Recent Packages Page.

The screenshot displays the BMGT GUI interface in a Mozilla Firefox browser window. The page title is "BMGT GUI (DEV01)". The left sidebar contains navigation links: Home, Monitoring, Recent Packages, Failed Packages, ReExport Queue, and Configuration. The main content area shows an "Alerts" section with one alert: Cycle ID 26103, Export Type AUTOMATIC, Item List Path /workingdata/shared/DEV01/BMGT/repair. Below this is the "Recent Packages" section, which includes a table of package data.

Cycle ID	Package ID	Export Type	Status	Last Status Update	Coverage From	Coverage To
26120		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.223	2011-02-08 23:00:00.0	2011-02-09 00:00:00.0
26119		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.223	2011-02-08 22:00:00.0	2011-02-08 23:00:00.0
26118		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.223	2011-02-08 21:00:00.0	2011-02-08 22:00:00.0
26117		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.223	2011-02-08 20:00:00.0	2011-02-08 21:00:00.0
26116		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.223	2011-02-08 19:00:00.0	2011-02-08 20:00:00.0
26115		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.223	2011-02-08 18:00:00.0	2011-02-08 19:00:00.0
26114		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.223	2011-02-08 17:00:00.0	2011-02-08 18:00:00.0
26113		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.22	2011-02-08 16:00:00.0	2011-02-08 17:00:00.0
26112		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.22	2011-02-08 15:00:00.0	2011-02-08 16:00:00.0
26111		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.22	2011-02-08 14:00:00.0	2011-02-08 15:00:00.0
26110		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.22	2011-02-08 13:00:00.0	2011-02-08 14:00:00.0
26109		AUTOMATIC	NEW	2011-02-08 00:01:06.22	2011-02-08 12:00:00.0	2011-02-08 13:00:00.0
26108	22628	AUTOMATIC	PACKAGE_GENERATED	2011-02-08 12:01:26.623	2011-02-08 11:00:00.0	2011-02-08 12:00:00.0
26107	22627	AUTOMATIC	PACKAGE_GENERATED	2011-02-08 11:01:26.07	2011-02-08 10:00:00.0	2011-02-08 11:00:00.0
26106	22626	AUTOMATIC	PACKAGE_GENERATED	2011-02-08 10:01:25.546	2011-02-08 09:00:00.0	2011-02-08 10:00:00.0

Figure 4.7.5-3. Recent Packages Page

The Recent Packages page provides a listing of the most recent packages and their status information. The number of packages displayed can be modified by entering a number in the box marked “Page Size”. The operator can move through the list using the four directional buttons at the top of the list (these buttons move to the first, previous, next, and last pages respectively).

The listing consists of the following columns:

- **Cycle ID:** The export cycle ID (Clicking on the underlined link will bring up the Package Details Page, discussed below). This ID is used to uniquely identify an export package.
- **Package ID:** The assigned package ID. The package ID is used primarily by ECHO to confirm the processing order of export packages. All AUTOMATIC, CORRECTIVE, VER_INC, and CLEANUP export packages are assigned package IDs. The package ID is optional for MANUAL, VER_LONG and VER_SHORT packages. The Package ID is generally unique, with the exception of SYNC packages that will have the same Package ID as the MANUAL export package that failed. AUTOMATIC cycles which have been manually regenerated will have the same package ID (and a different cycle ID) when they are regenerated.
- **Export Type:** The type of the export package, which can be one of AUTOMATIC, MANUAL, CLEANUP, CORRECTIVE, VER_INC, VER_SHORT, VER_LONG, or SYNC. AUTOMATIC Export packages are those generated by the BMGT system automatically at configured intervals. CLEANUP Export packages are those generated as the result of running the Data Pool Cleanup tool. MANUAL packages are generated by using the BMGT Manual Preprocess (documented elsewhere). SYNC Export packages result from MANUAL Export packages that failed (only in the case where the MANUAL Export package was assigned a Package ID). CORRECTIVE packages are basically like MANUAL packages, except they export metadata that was queued for re export due to a previous error. VER_INC, VER_LONG, and VER_SHORT, are also similar to MANUAL packages, but are used to verify that the current ECHO holdings are in sync with ECS.
- **Status:** The current status of the package, with the values defined in S_BGT_01250.
- **Last Status Update:** The time and date at which the package status was last updated.
- **Coverage From:** The start of the temporal coverage of the export package.
- **Coverage To:** The end of the temporal coverage of the export package.

The user can filter the listing of packages by clicking the “Show/Hide Filter” button and entering search criteria then pressing the “Apply” button (see Figure 4.7.5-4.).

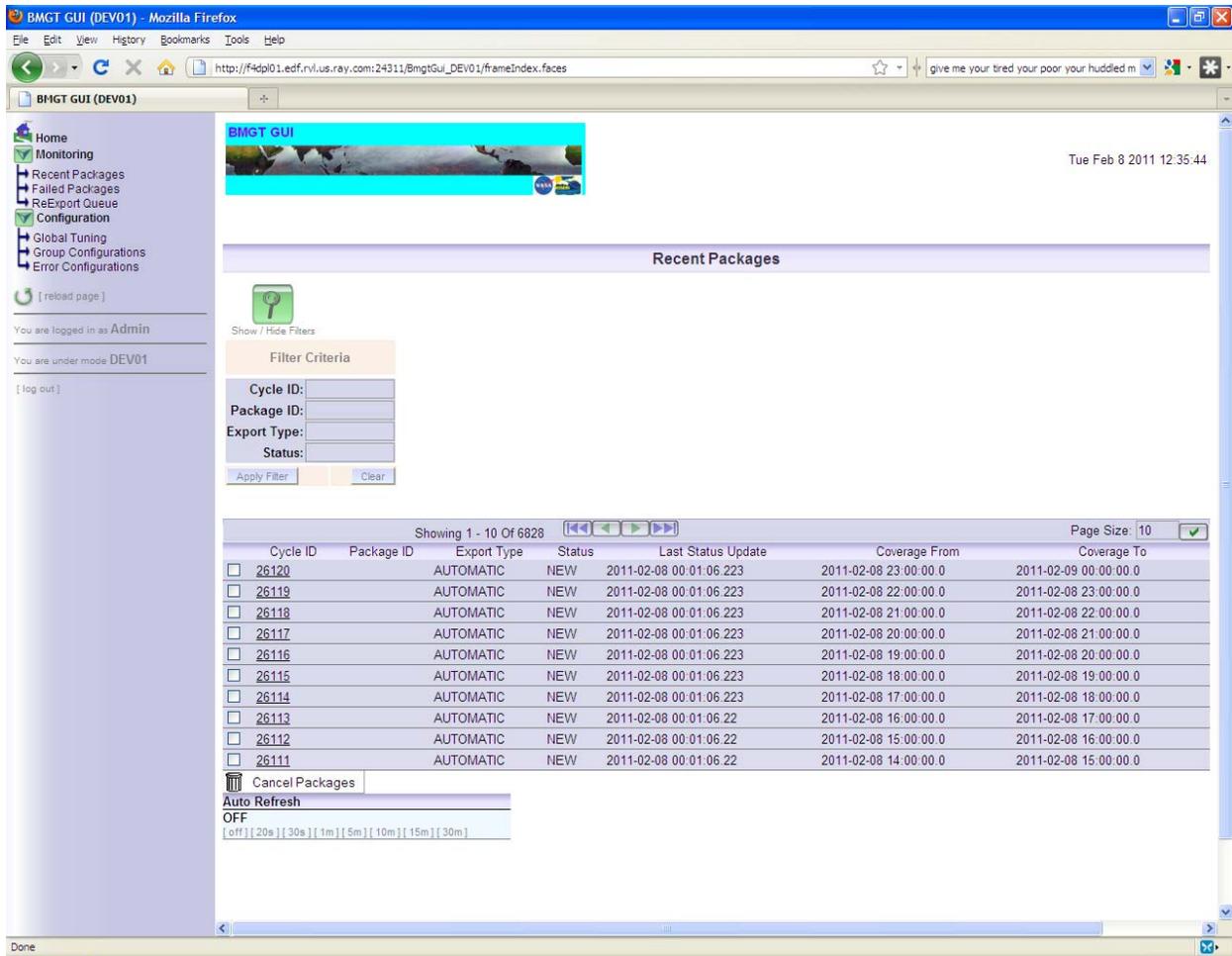


Figure 4.7.5-4. Recent Packages Page Filter

When a package is in a state other than TRANSFERRING, it is considered as cancelable, and a checkbox is displayed at the left of the cycle ID corresponding to the package. To cancel a package, select the checkbox next to the package, and then select the ‘Cancel Packages’ button (located at the bottom left of the page). This will cancel all packages whose checkboxes are currently selected. After cancellation, the package status will be updated to CANCELLING. When successfully cancelled, the package states will be updated to CANCELED. Note that cancellation of a package is a serious and potentially disruptive action, and should only be considered as a last resort. If the cancelled package was assigned a Package ID, that package will need to be regenerated by using the manual preprocessor in order to avoid stalling ECHO processing.

If an AUTOMATIC or VER_INC cycle has been exported to ECHO, and has resulted in an error requiring regeneration or retransmission of the package, and the package has resulted in this type of error the threshold number of times defined by the configuration parameter NUM_RETRIES_FOR_ALERT, then an alert will be raised in the database and displayed on the

top of all GUI pages, as shown in figure 4.7.5-3. Once the error has been addressed, the operator can select the checkbox next to the alert and then press the “Clear Alerts” button to remove the alert. While an alert is raised, BMGT will be limited in what types of packages can be exported. When an AUTOMATIC alert is raised, only unsequenced MANUAL packages can be exported. When a VER_INC alert is raised, only AUTOMATIC and unsequenced MANUAL packages can be exported.

4.7.5.5 Failed Packages Page

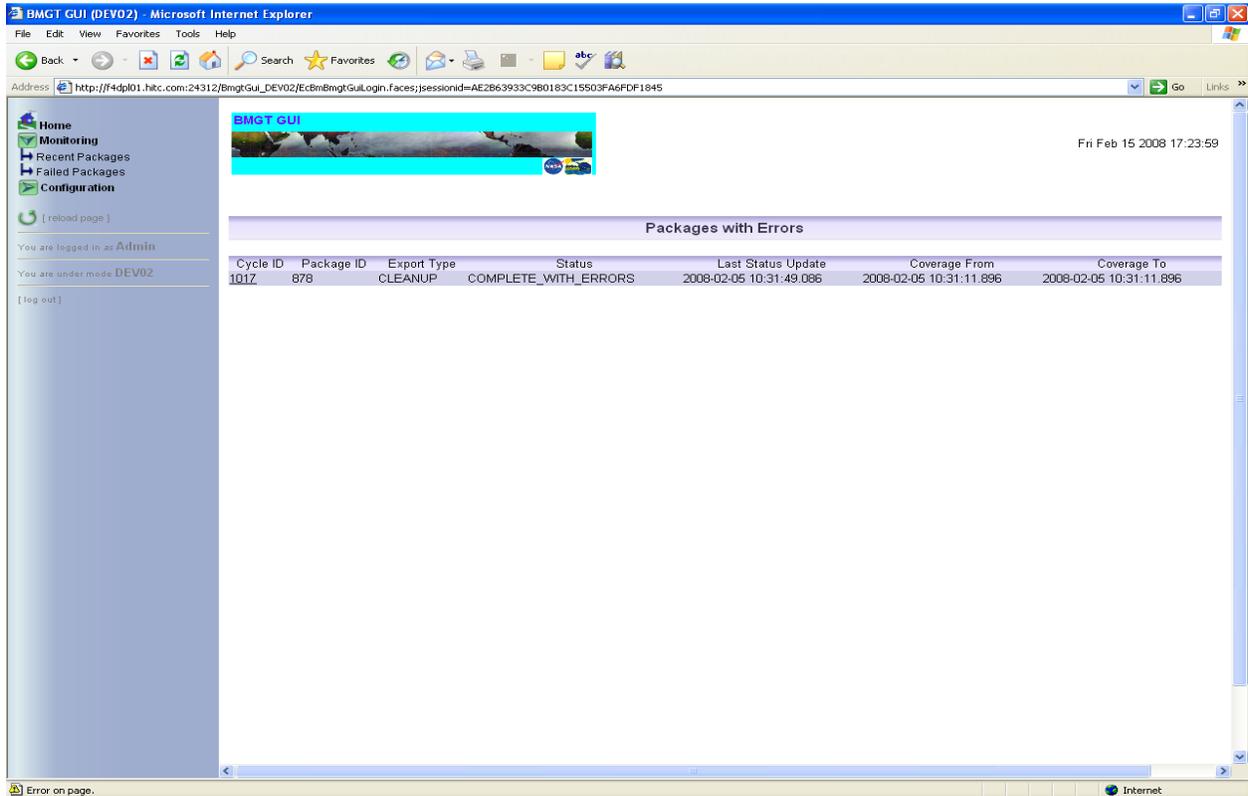


Figure 4.7.5-5. Failed Packages Page

The Failed Packages Page (Figure 4.7.5-5) shows a listing of the most recent packages that resulted in an error. The list columns are identical to those on the Recent Packages Page (Figure 4.7.5-3) and the cycle ID column is a link to the package details page for the cycle.

4.7.5.6 ReExport Queue Listing Page

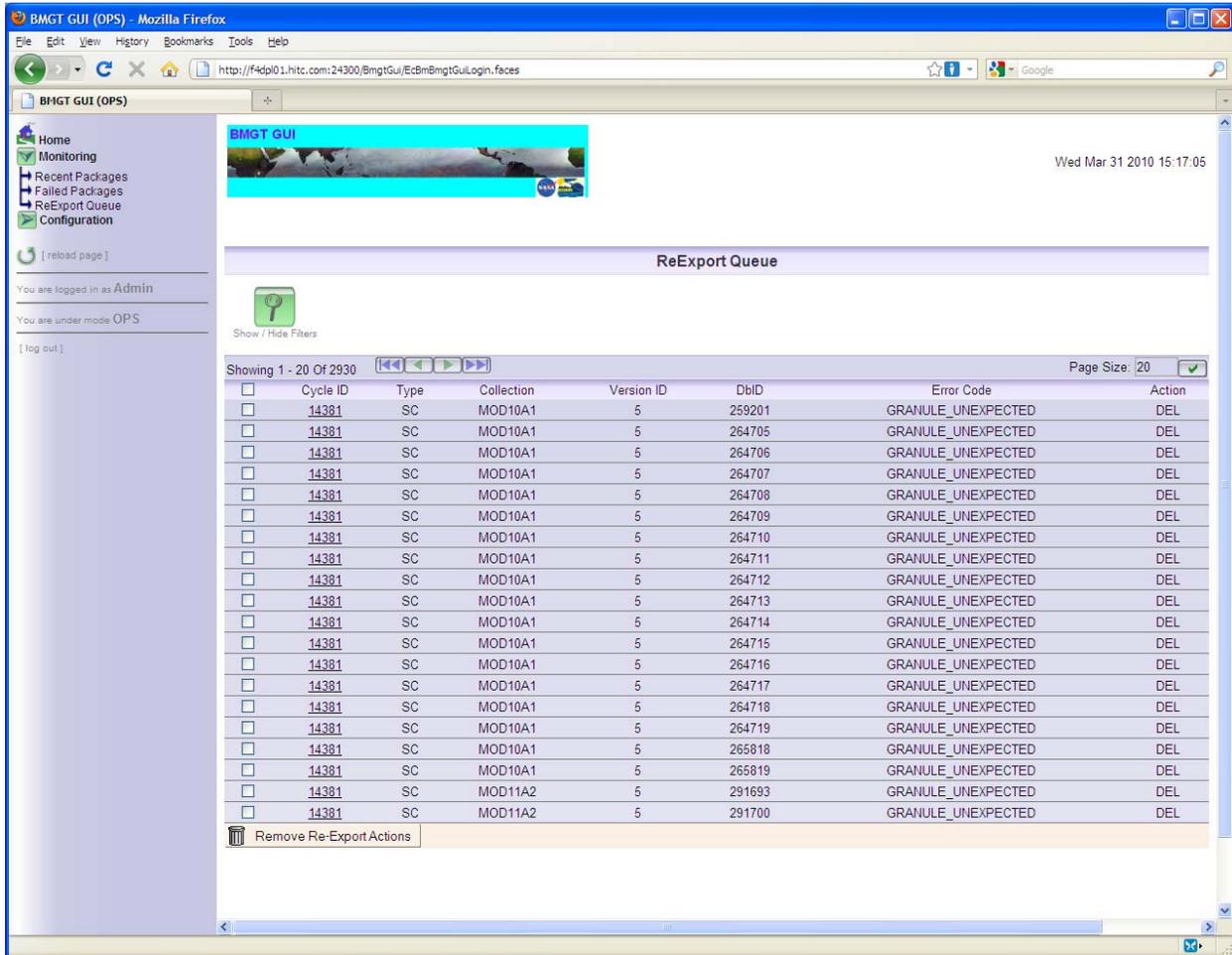


Figure 4.7.5-6. ReExport Queue Page

The ReExport Queue Page (Figure 4.7.5-6) provides a list of all items queued for reExport by BMGT. It provides the item type and identification, the error code responsible for the re-export, and the cycle Id of the initial export attempt.

The Operator can filter which items in the queue will be displayed by clicking on the “Show/Hide Filters” icon (a green magnifying glass) at the top left of the page and then specifying a filter value for one of the columns and pressing the ‘Apply Filter’ button (Figure 4.7.5-7). The number of items to display on a page can be selected, and the Operator can use the arrow buttons at the top of the list to move between pages of items.

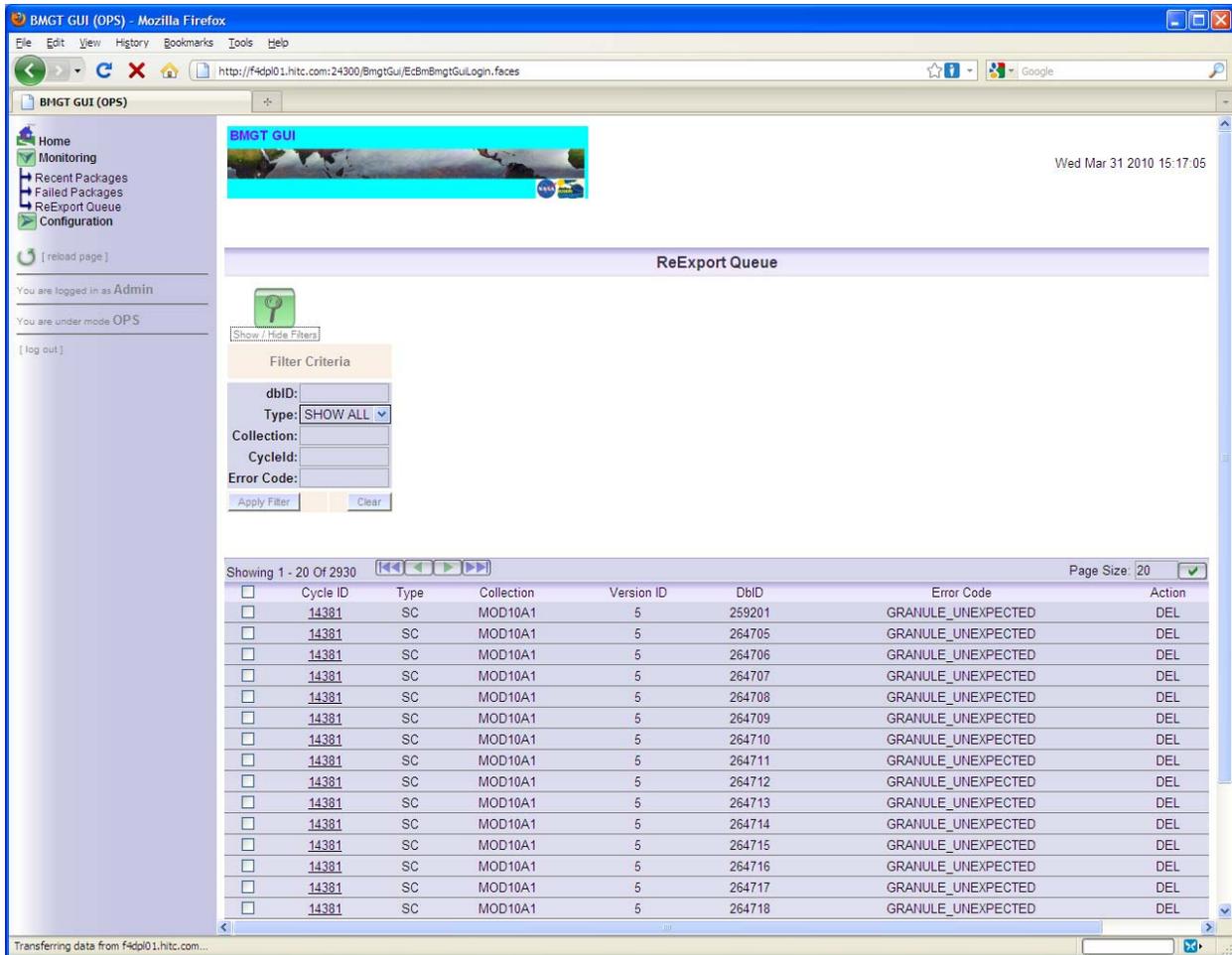


Figure 4.7.5-7. ReExport Queue Page Showing Filter

4.7.5.7 Package Details Page

The Package Details Page shows additional information for each package, and can be viewed by clicking the underlined link of the corresponding cycle ID on the Recent Packages, Failed Packages, and ReExport Queue pages.

This package detailed information is displayed in three (or four, for VERIFICATION packages) sections, titled as Audit Trail Information, Ingest Summary Statistics, Product Information, and Verification Package Status (where applicable) respectively.

- **Audit Trail Information**

A summary of general package information that has been presented on the Monitoring screens and the information about the package's Ingest Summary Report, including two links which provide access to the report, if it is available. The first link is to a formatted version of the report. The second link is to the original, unprocessed report file in XML format. The formatted report is much more readable and therefore is the recommended viewing method. The filesystem path to the report is also displayed, and can be used to

obtain the unformatted “ugly” version of the report(not really useful other than for parsing by software).

- **Ingest Summary Statistics**
The ingest summary statistic data, including the statistic type (Browse, Collection, or Granule), and the number of Inserts, Deletions, Updates, and Rejections for each statistic type. Also included here is the number of ECHO errors which were Ignored, ReExported, and Not Handled.
- **Product Information**
The content of a package, broken down by Product Type and Group. The Product Type can be one of {METC, METG, METU, VIS, URL, BBR} and the Product Status can be one of {NEW, COMPLETE, COMPLETE_WITH_ERRORS, COMPLETE_WITH_WARNINSG, FAILED}.
- **Verification Package Status**
The breakdown of Verified, Repaired, and Failed items in a verification export. Verified items have been verified to have identical metadata in ECS and ECHO, Repaired items had a discrepancy, but it was repaired by either ECHO or BMGT, and failed items have discrepancies which will require operator intervention to repair. This information is only displayed in a verification export package.

The Ingest Summary Statistics and Product Information sections may have empty fields, depending on the package’s status. Figures 4.7.5-8 and 4.7.5-9 show the Package Details page.

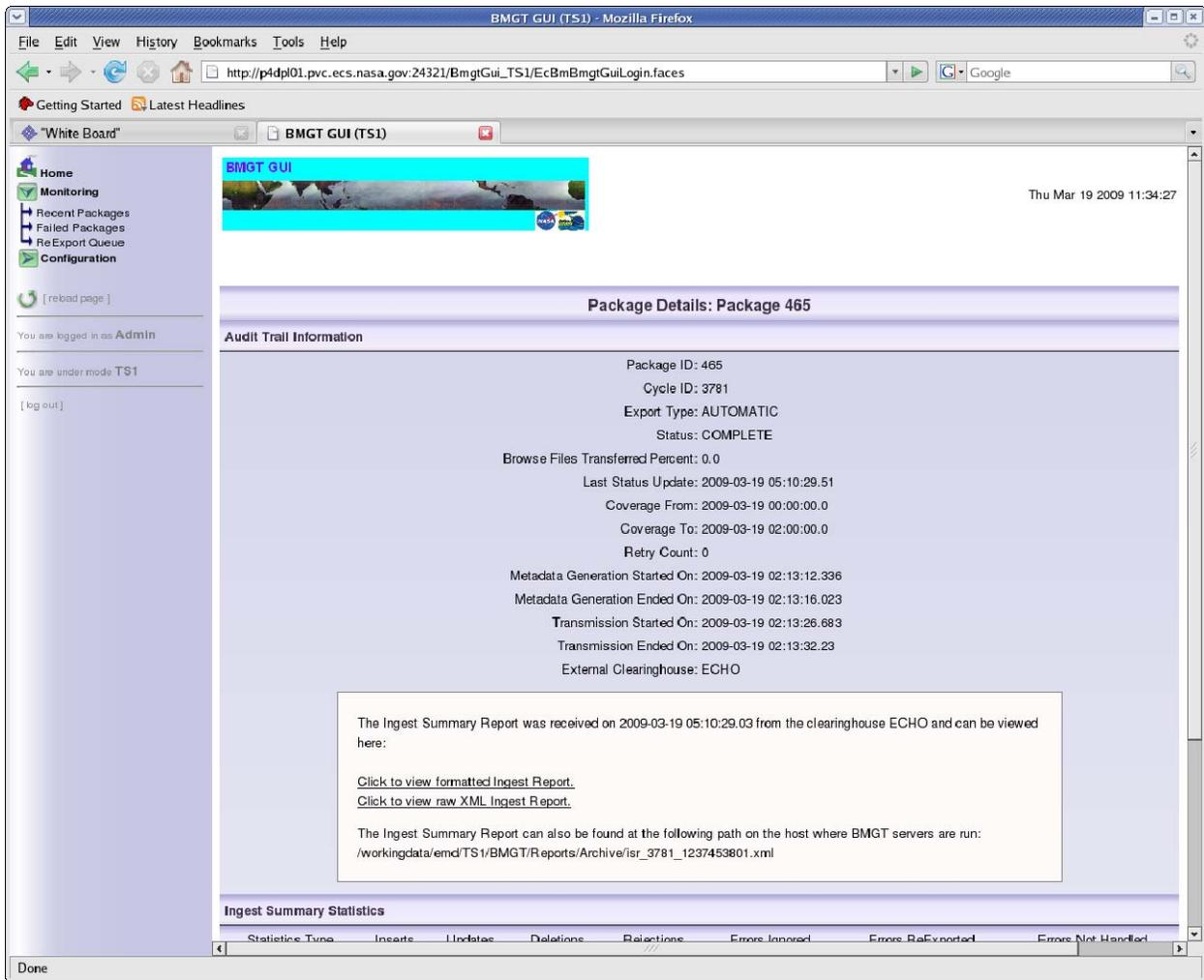


Figure 4.7.5-8. Package Details Page

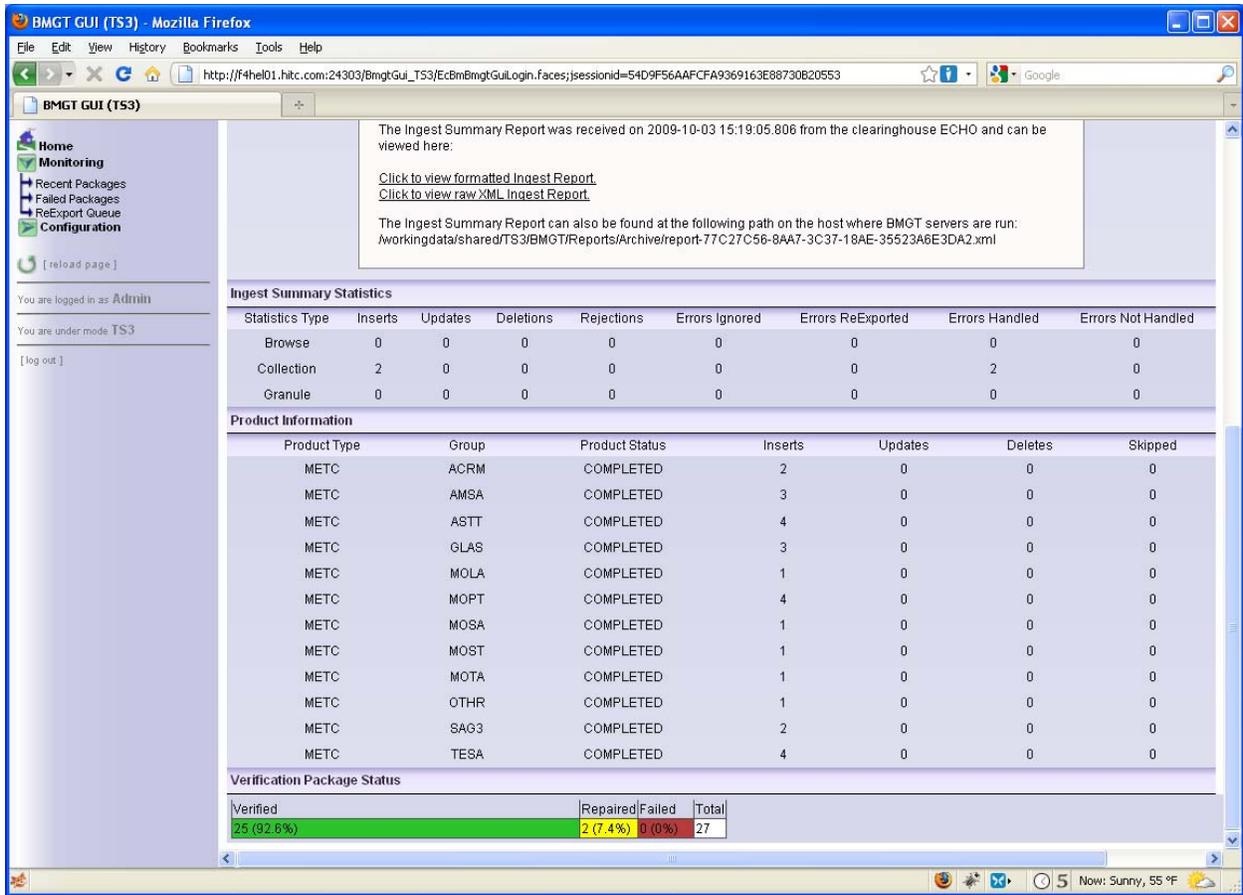


Figure 4.7.5-9. Package Details Page with Verification Package Status

4.7.5.8 Formatted Ingest Summary Report

Figure 4.7.5-10 shows the Formatted Ingest Summary Report Page

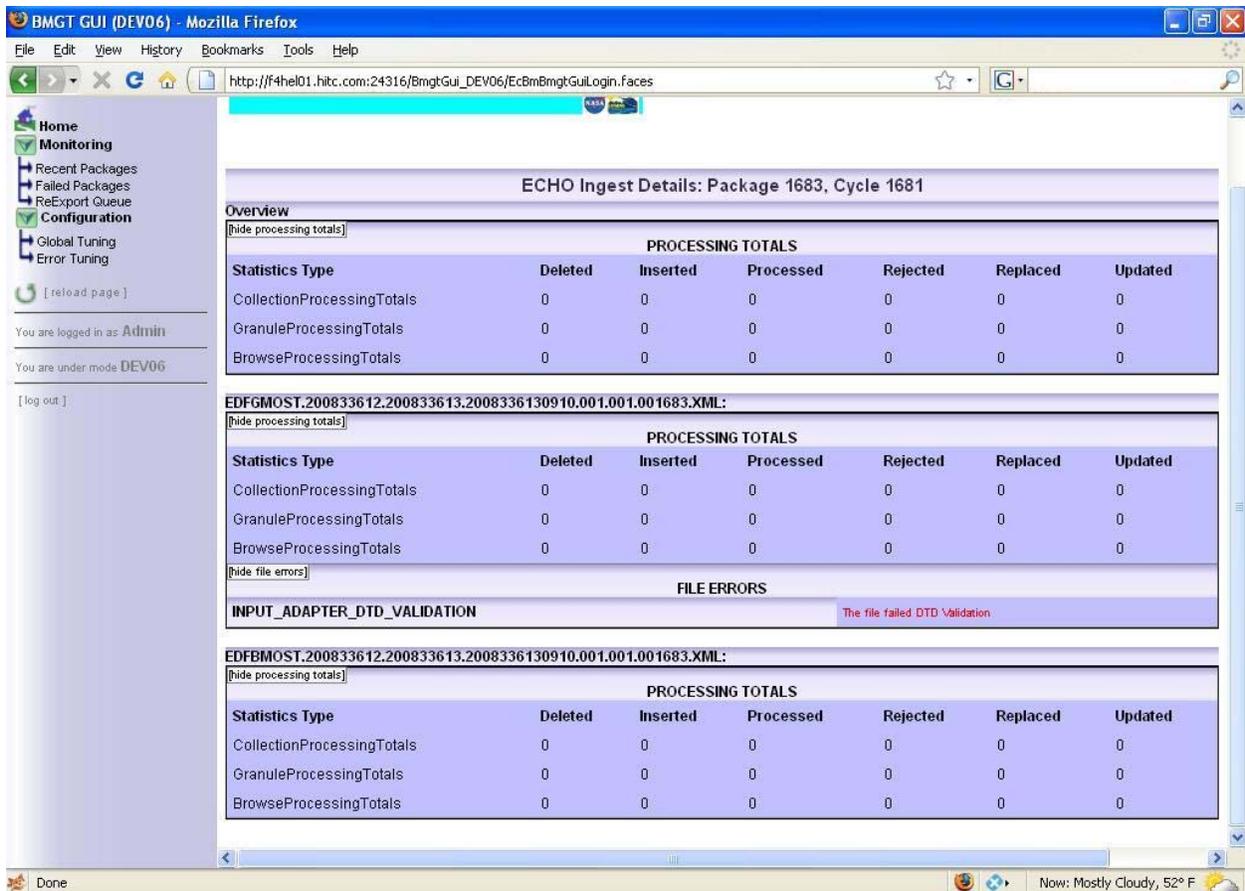


Figure 4.7.5-10. Formatted Ingest Summary Report Page

The Formatted Ingest Summary Report Page provides a tabular view of the contents of the report returned by ECHO. The report, in its raw format, is in XML format, and is not meant to be human readable. This page simply applies a stylesheet to the report, and presents it in a more useful format (the original XML file can be viewed in the GUI, or found on the filesystem using the link and path provided on the Package Details page).

The formatted report contains the package and cycle Id at the top of the page, followed by overview statistics of the entire package, as well as any Job (synonymous with package) errors. There is then a section for each file in the package, which contains the statistics for that file, followed by any file or item level errors within that file. Each section of the report has a 'hide' button at the top left which allows the user to toggle the display of that section. This is useful if there are hundreds of errors in one file, but the user wants to look at errors in another file without scrolling through the entire list. When a section is hidden, the 'hide' button becomes a 'show' button (see Figure 4.7.5-11) and will restore the hidden section when clicked.

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "BMGT GUI (DEV06) - Mozilla Firefox". The address bar shows the URL: `http://f4he01.hitc.com:24316/BmgtGui_DEV06/EcBmBmgtGuiLogin.faces`. The page content includes a navigation menu on the left with options like Home, Monitoring, Recent Packages, Failed Packages, ReExport Queue, and Configuration. The main content area displays the following information:

BMGT GUI Thu Dec 4 2008 15:32:25

ECHO Ingest Details: Package 1683, Cycle 1681

Overview

[show processing totals]

PROCESSING TOTALS						
EDFGMOST.200833612.200833613.2008336130910.001.001.001683.XML:						
[show processing totals]						
PROCESSING TOTALS						
[show all 3 item errors]						
ITEM ERRORS						

EDFBMOST.200833612.200833613.2008336130910.001.001.001683.XML:

[hide processing totals]

PROCESSING TOTALS						
Statistics Type	Deleted	Inserted	Processed	Rejected	Replaced	Updated
CollectionProcessingTotals	0	0	0	0	0	0
GranuleProcessingTotals	0	0	0	0	0	0
BrowseProcessingTotals	0	6	6	4	0	0

[hide item errors]

ITEM ERRORS		
Error Code	Item Id	ErrorMessage
IMAGE_FILE_NOT_SUPPLIED		
	BR:Browse.001:50853	Referenced browse image [BR:Browse.001:50853] was required but not found
	BR:Browse.001:50848	Referenced browse image [BR:Browse.001:50848] was required but not found
	BR:Browse.001:50855	Referenced browse image [BR:Browse.001:50855] was required but not found
	BR:Browse.001:50852	Referenced browse image [BR:Browse.001:50852] was required but not found

The browser status bar at the bottom shows "Done" and "Now: Mostly Cloudy, 54° F".

Figure 4.7.5-11. Formatted Ingest Summary Report Page (with Hidden Sections)

4.7.5.9 Global Tuning Page

The screenshot shows the BMGT GUI Global Tuning Page. The page title is "Global Tuning". The main content is a table of configuration parameters. The table has three columns: "Parameter Name", "Description", and "Value". The parameters listed are:

Parameter Name	Description	Value
ADMIN_PASSWORD	The BMGT GUI administrator password. Note that this is stored in the database in encrypted form. When the password is changed on the BMGT GUI, the GUI will automatically encrypt the password before storing it.
FTP_PASSWORD	The encrypted password that will be used to authenticate the log in to the ECHO host. The BMGT does not need to be restarted for changes to this value to take effect.
AUTOMATIC_CYCLE_LENGTH_HRS	The length of the currently configured automatic export cycle, measured in hours. The BMGT does not need to be restarted if this value is changed, but note that the new value will not apply until the next day. Valid values are 1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24.	1
AUTOMATIC_CYCLE_RETRY_INTERVAL_MINS	The time interval, measured in minutes, between retries of a failed automatic-export cycle. Recommend values in the range 30 to 60 minutes.	30
BMGT_PDR_POLLING_DIRECTORY	The DPL Ingest polling directory into which BMGT PDRs will be placed.	/datapool/OPS/user/FS
BMGT_PDR_POLLING_HOST	The fully qualified host name where the DPL Ingest polling location is configured.	LOCAL
CLEANUP_OLD_CYCLES_DAYS	Number of days before a package's audit trail information can be cleaned up.	8
DATABASE_RETRY_COUNT	The number of attempts that should be made to execute a database command.	5
DATABASE_RETRY_INTERVAL_SECS	The time, measured in seconds, between retries of a database command.	30
DATA_CENTER_ID	Value to use in generated METG.BBR.xml for the DataCenterId value	EDF
DEFAULT_COORDINATE_SYS	The default value for collections and granules coordinate system	CARTESIAN
DEFAULT_SPATIAL_REP	The default value for GranuleSpatialRepresentation in both granule and collection metadata for collections where no value is configured in the SpatialEdits file	NoSpatial
DESC_FILE_DIR	The directory where ESDT descriptor files are located.	/stomext/smallfiles/OPS
DIF_ID_ESDT_FILE	The location of the file which specifies the DIF ID for collections which have DIF IDs. If a collection is not in the file, then no DIF ID will be included in the metadata generated.	/usr/ecs/OPS/CUSTOM
DISPLAY_MAX_PACKAGES	Determines how many recent packages will be displayed on the GUI Monitoring page.	500
DTD_LOC	The DTD host and port. This is the root URL where all of the DTDs can be found. The DTD file name will be appended after this value.	http://www.echo.nasa.gov
EMAIL_HOST	The SMTP mail server full qualified host name that will be used to send emails.	ftel01.hitc.com
FTP_HOST_NAME	The name of the ECHO host to which export packages will be pushed, and Ingest Summary Reports will be pulled. This may be either a hostname, or an IP address. The BMGT does not need to be restarted for changes to this value to take effect.	ingest-test.echo.nasa.gov

Figure 4.7.5-12. Global Tuning Page (1 of 3)

The Global Tuning Page displays a list of BMGT configuration parameters (shown in Figure 4.7.5-12). The list is a three-column table with the title of Parameter Name, Description and Value, respectively. The explanation or definition of each configuration parameter is described in the Description column. The Value field of the table is enabled for updating only if the user logged in as the Administrator. If logged in as the Operator, these fields will be disabled and can only be viewed by the user.

The top two rows of this table are for password configuration. When logged in as the Administrator, the user can change the administrator login password and BMGT FTP password in these two rows, respectively. The user's inputs for password changes are always marked over (displayed as an array of asterisks) for security purposes.

When logged in as the Administrator, the user can change the values of configuration parameters by performing the following steps:

- Edit the parameter value in the input box;
- Check the checkbox adjacent to the input box in the same row;
- After checking all the checkboxes of the parameters that need to be updated, click the Apply Changes button at the bottom of the page to apply changes;
- Before pressing Apply Changes button, the user can cancel the changes by clicking the Cancel Changes button .The values of configuration parameters that have been changed in the input boxes are reset to their original values, whether the corresponding checkbox is checked or not.

The configuration changes made through the Global Tuning Page do not take effect until all BMGT servers are restarted with the start scripts, with the exception of the BMGT FTP login configuration parameters (FTP_USERNAME and FTP_PASSWORD).

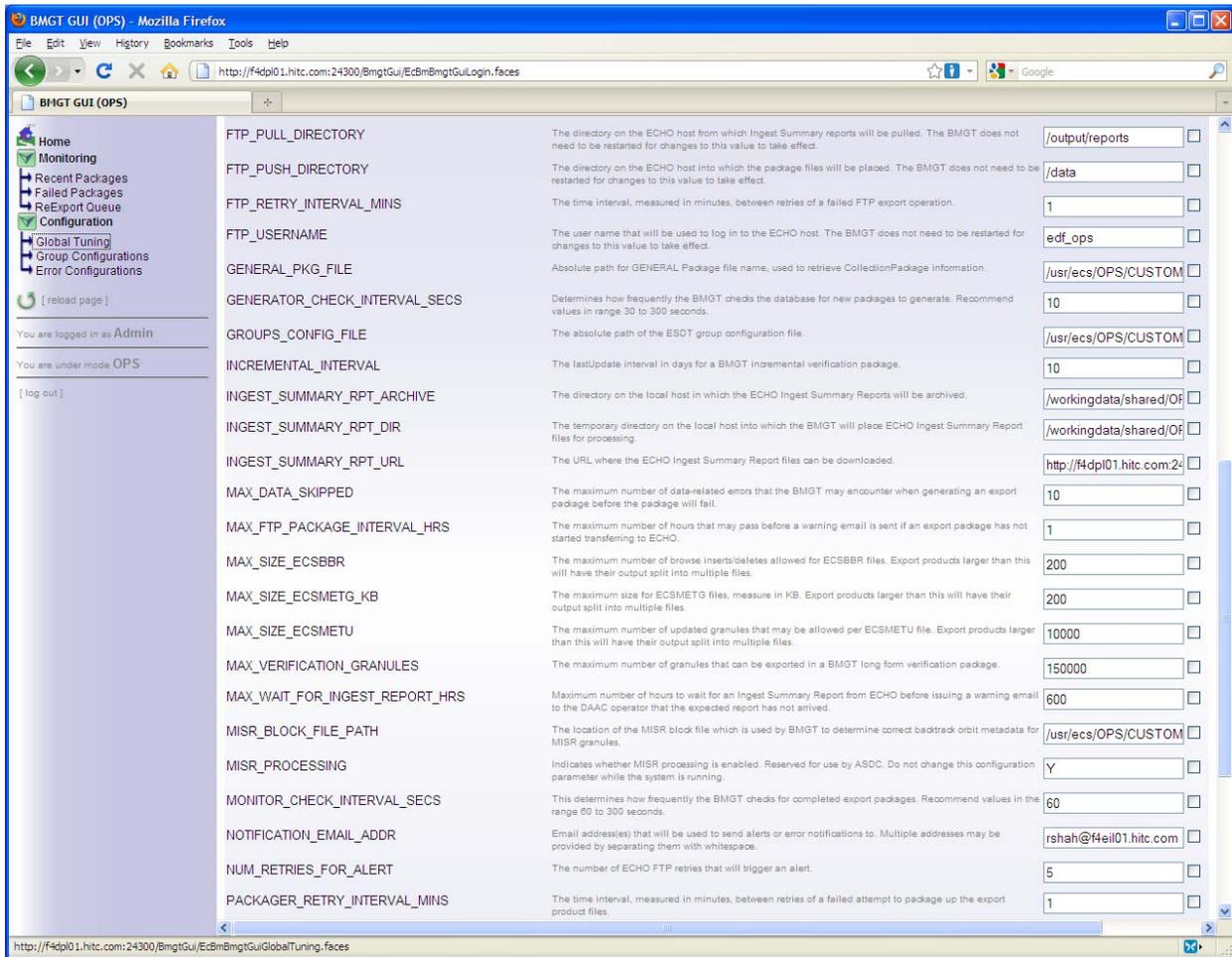


Figure 4.7.5-12. Global Tuning Page (2 of 3)

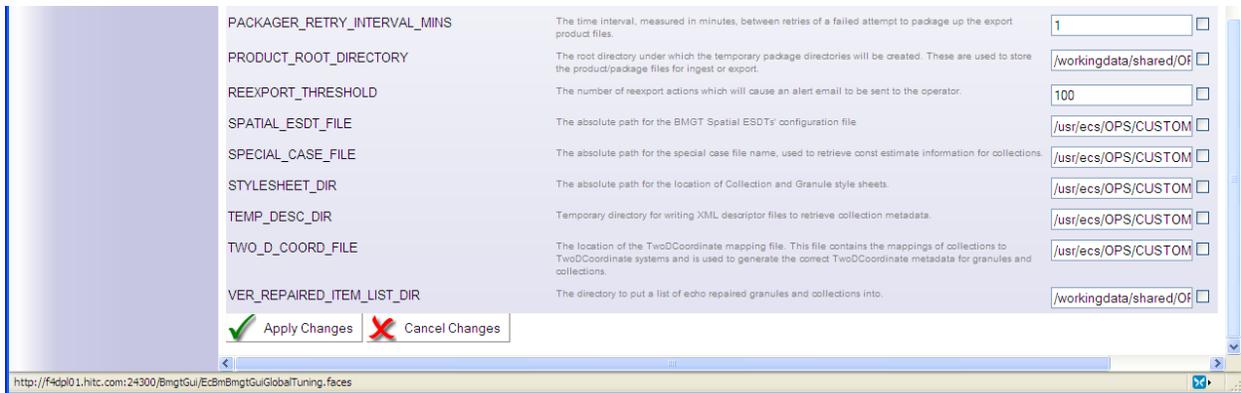


Figure 4.7.5-12. Global Tuning Page (3 of 3)

4.7.5.10 Group Configurations Page

The Group Configurations Page provides a view of the current collection group configuration. This configuration comes from the database, but is populated from the group configuration file whenever an automatic cycle is initiated. This page also shows the current status of incremental verification for each group and collection as well as for the ECS inventory as a whole.

System Verification Status

Verified	Total
5736 (100%)	5736

Group Verification Status

AMSR

Verified	Total
5258 (100%)	5258

ESDT	ColExportFlag	GranExportFlag	Last Update	Current ESDT Verification Status	Reset	MaxNumGrans
AE_DySno.002	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2010-01-13 11:59:59.996	Verified 81 (100%)	N	5000
AE_Land.002	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2010-01-13 11:59:59.996	Verified 5177 (100%)	N	5000
AE_Land.086	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2010-01-19 13:14:15.66	Verified 0 (%)	N	5000

ASTT

Verified	Total
3 (100%)	3

OTHR

Verified	Total
3 (100%)	3

GLAS

Figure 4.7.5-13. Group Configurations Page

4.7.5.11 Error Configuration Page

Figure 4.7.5-14 shows the Error Configuration Page.

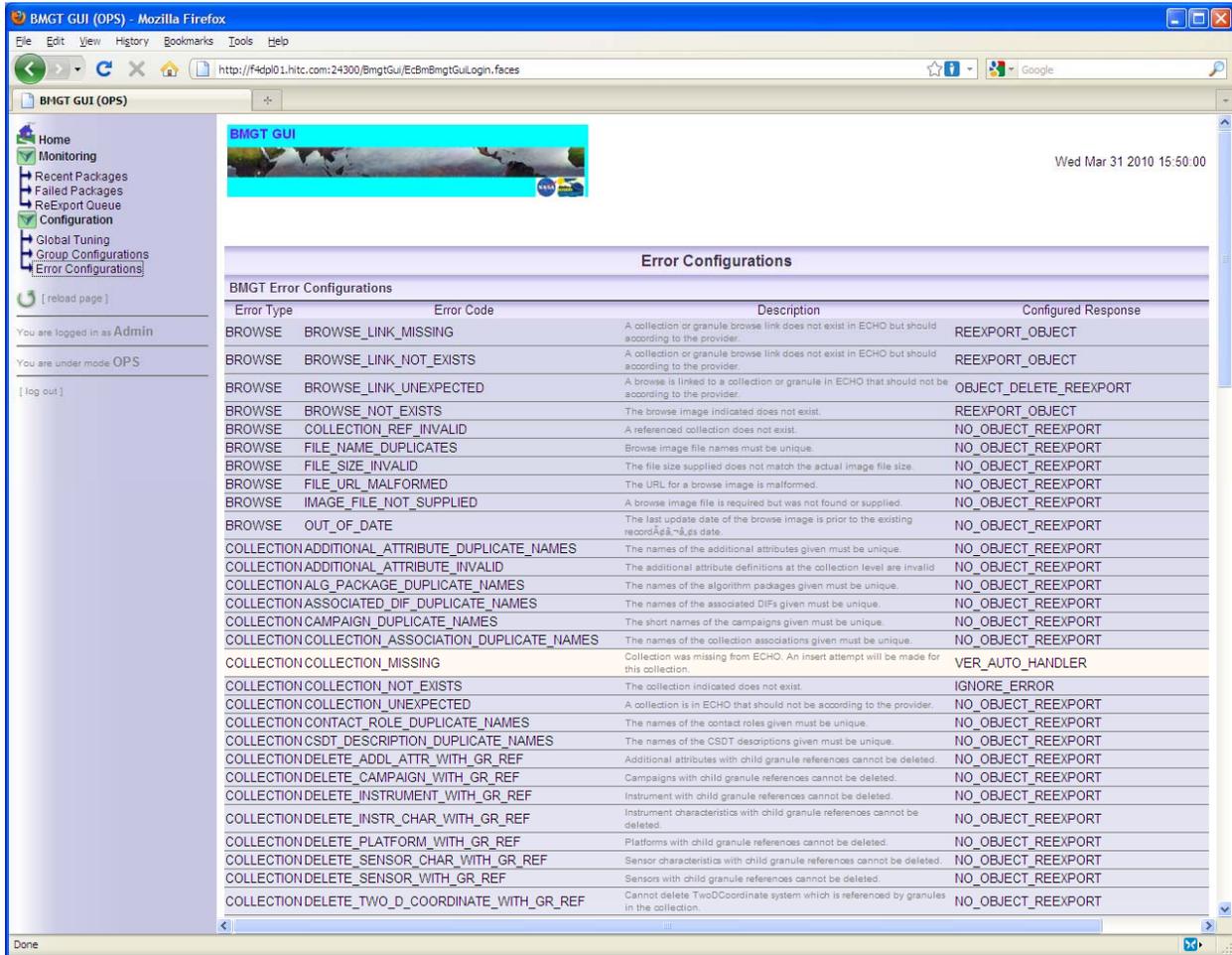


Figure 4.7.5-14. Error Configuration Page

The Error Tuning Page provides a reference to all of the possible error codes that could be returned from ECHO in response to a package, and the BMGT response to each error. The BMGT Monitor server is responsible for parsing errors from Ingest Summary Reports, and performing the appropriate action. Since some of the responses are meant for specific scenarios, and would not necessarily work in others, this configuration is not meant to be changed by DAAC staff. The following responses can be used by BMGT to handle an error from ECHO:

- **NO_OBJECT_REEXPORT:**
This is the default response, and is the response used for most errors. An error mapped to this response will always cause an email to be sent (to the email address set in 'NOTIFICATION_EMAIL_ADDR' in the Global Tuning Page), and the cycle

for which the Ingest Summary Report was received will have its status set to "COMPLETE_WITH_ERRORS". The email will detail all errors encountered in the Ingest Summary Report.

- **DUPLICATE_PACKAGE:**
Identical to NO_OBJECT_REEXPORT.
- **NO_OBJECT_REEXPORT_CONTACT_ECHO:**
This is the same as NO_OBJECT_REEXPORT except that the email will contain a message recommending that the DAAC operator contact ECHO to diagnose and/or correct the problem.
- **REEXPORT_OBJECT:**
BMGT will determine whether the error can be handled by simply reexporting a science or browse granule to ECHO. If this is the case, it will add the relevant granule(s) to the BMGT ReExport Queue, set the cycle status to "COMPLETE_WITH_WARNINGS", and send an email to the configured notification address. The contents of the ReExport Queue can then be re-exported to ECHO manually by the DAAC operator (using the Manual Preprocessor with the '--corrective' option). Otherwise, the error will either be ignored, or will be handled by the NO_OBJECT_REEXPORT policy.
- **REEXPORT_OBJECT_DELETE:**
BMGT will determine whether the error can be handled by simply exporting the deletion of the science or browse granule to ECHO. If this is the case, it will add the relevant granule(s) to the BMGT ReExport Queue as a deletion action, set the cycle status to "COMPLETE_WITH_WARNINGS", and send an email to the configured notification address. The contents of the ReExport Queue can then be re-exported to ECHO manually by the DAAC operator (using the Manual Preprocessor with the '--corrective' option). Otherwise, the error will either be ignored, or will be handled by the NO_OBJECT_REEXPORT policy.
- **IGNORE_COMPLETELY:**
BMGT will simply ignore an error mapped to this policy, and the cycle will remain as if the summary report contained no errors.
- **IGNORE_ERROR:**
BMGT will determine whether the error can be ignored based on the type of error and the state of the affected granules in ECS. If the error can be ignored, the cycle status will be the same as if the summary report contained no errors. If not, the error will be handled by the NO_OBJECT_REEXPORT policy.

- **IGNORE_ERROR_CONTACT_ECHO:**
Same as IGNORE_ERROR, except the email, if any, contains a message recommending that the DAAC staff contact ECHO to diagnose and/or correct the problem.
- **RETRY_PACKAGE:**
Causes the package to be retransmitted to ECHO (without regenerating the products), and an email to be sent to the configured notification address.
- **RETRY_PACKAGE_CONTACT_ECHO:**
Same as RETRY_PACKAGE, except the email contains a message recommending that the DAAC staff contact ECHO to diagnose and/or correct the problem.
- **REGENERATE_PACKAGE:**
Causes the metadata products to be regenerated, packaged, and transmitted to ECHO, and an email to be sent to the configured email address.
- **REGENERATE_PACKAGE_CONTACT_ECHO:**
Same as REGENERATE_PACKAGE, except the email contains a message recommending that the DAAC staff contact ECHO to diagnose and/or correct the problem.

4.7.6 Data Pool Maintenance GUI

The Data Pool Maintenance (DPM) GUI provides an operator interface to monitor the current status of Data Pool Inserts and to maintain specific Data Pool parameters. This GUI manages ECS and Non-ECS data collections. Specifically, the DPM GUI provides the following capabilities:

- Monitor the active insert processes
- Monitor the Data Pool Insert Queue
- Manage existing Data Pool Collection Groups
- Add new Data Pool Collection Groups (includes ECS and Non-ECS)
- Manage existing Data Pool Collection Themes
- Add new Data Pool Collection Themes
- Suspend and Resume Data Pool Inserts
- Turn the NoFreeSpace Flag on or off
- Configure parameters used by the Data Pool Action Driver (DPAD) and the Data Pool Insert Utility (DPIU)

4.7.6.1 Quick Start Using the Data Pool Maintenance GUI

Bring up the Web Browser and then access the URL for the DPM GUI web page. The operator may be prompted by a dialogue box similar to that shown in Figure 4.7.6-1. The requested information must be entered to continue.

For example, <http://<host name location>:22111/DataPool.html>

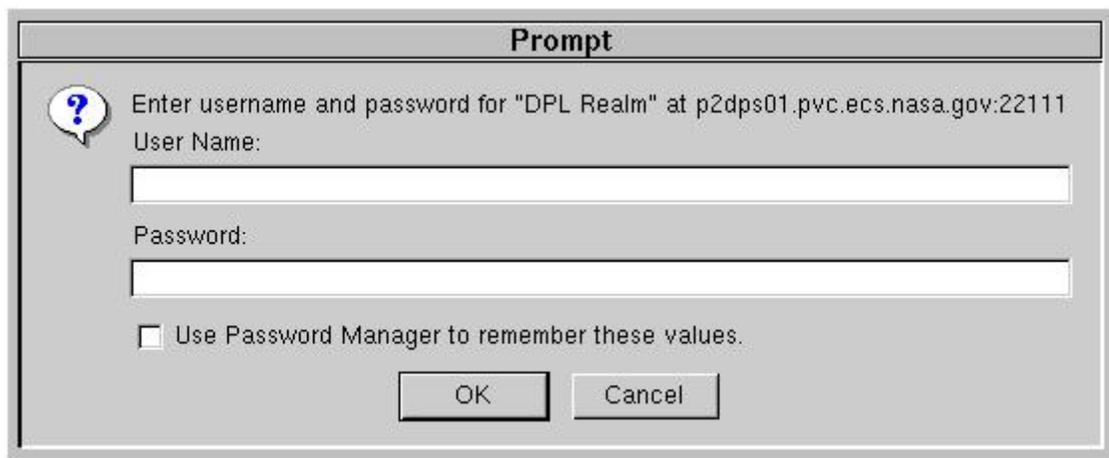


Figure 4.7.6-1. Login Prompt

4.7.6.1.1 DPM Home Page

The DPM Home Page screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-2 gives the operator current status of Data Pool Inserts. The screen is refreshed automatically. The operator is shown the current screen

refresh rate, the current chunk size for the list of active insert processes. Minimum values for screen refresh rate is 60 seconds and Active Insert Process List row size is 1. Maximum value for Active Insert Process List row size is 100. The operator must click on the adjacent **Apply** button to initiate changes. Summary of Data Pool File System table displays current status of the FreeSpace Flag, Availability Flag, and amount of desired free space in megabytes for each file system. Summary of Active Processes table displays configured number of Maximum Allowed Processes, the Maximum Allowed Processes from ARCHIVE cache, the Maximum Allowed Processes from ARCHIVE tape, the total number of active insert processes running, the number of active insert processes using ARCHIVE cache, the number of active insert processes using ARCHIVE tape. The list of Active Insert Processes table displays the current status of the active insert processes. The screen can be immediately refreshed by clicking on the **Refresh Home Page** link. Use the tab buttons at the top to navigate to the Home Page, Batch Summary, List Insert Queue, Collection Groups, Themes, Data Pool File System, Cloud Cover, Configuration Parameters, Aging Parameters, and End Session screens. See Table 4.7.6-1 for descriptions of the Home Page elements.

The screenshot shows the 'Data Pool Maintenance' web application interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Home Page, Batch Summary, List Insert Queue, Collection Groups, Themes, and Data Pool File System. Below the tabs are several controls: 'Screen Refresh Rate' (set to 60 seconds), 'Active Insert Processes' (set to 100 rows), and an 'Active Insert Status Filter' with checkboxes for Pending, Validated, Copied, Checksummed, and Extracted. The main content area contains three tables:

File System Path	Insert Status	DPL Insert Status	Free Space	Used Space (T/M)	Free Space Flag	Availability	Min Freed Space in MB
DEFAULT (/opt/arc4/DEV05/insert/FS1)	Active	Active	87 GB	76%	State: Y Last Changed: Jun 13 2007 11:08:58M	State: Y Last changed:	30
FS1 (/opt/arc4/DEV05/insert/FS1)	Active	Active	87 GB	76%	State: Y Last Changed: Mar 9 2007 10:09:58M	State: Y Last changed: Mar 9 2007 10:09:58M	3
FS2 (/opt/arc4/DEV05/insert/FS2)	Active	Active	210 GB	42%	State: Y Last Changed: Jun 13 2007 2:24:54M	State: Y Last changed: Jun 13 2007 2:24:54M	30
Intercept (/opt/arc4/DEV05/insert/)	Responsibility to operator	Active	0GB	%	State: N Last Changed:	State: N Last changed:	1

Maximum allowed processes	50000
Maximum allowed processes from archive cache	50
Maximum allowed processes from archive tape	450
Total number of active insert processes running	0
Total number of validated active insert processes running	0
Total number of pending active insert processes running	0
Number of active insert processes using archive cache	0
Number of active insert processes using archive tape	0

Emb ProcessID	ccID	Collection	Version	Start Time	Status	Archive Cache	Retries

Figure 4.7.6-2. Data Pool Maintenance Home Page

Table 4.7.6-1. DPM Home Page Field Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Screen Refresh Rate	Integer	4	Optional	Allows the operator to adjust the Screen Refresh Rate in seconds.
Active Insert Processes	Integer	4	Optional	Chunk size to set for the list of active insert processes. Default is 100
Active Insert Process Filter	Check box	5	Optional	Filters Active Insert Processes based on process status
File System Label	char	10	Required	File System Label. Limited to 10 characters.
Free Space Flag	char	1	Optional	Indicates if space is available for Data Pool insert. 'ON' value indicates that space is available. Default is 'ON'.
Ingest Status	Int	1	Derived	Indicates if the file system is enabled for DPL ingest processes.
DPL Insert Status	Int	1	Derived	Indicates if the file system is enabled for public datapool insert processes.
Free Space	Int	5	Derived	Indicates the space available on this file system (in GB)
Used Space	Int	2	Derived	Indicated the percentage of the file system used and the date this statistic was last updated.
Availability	char	1	Optional	File system available for insert. Value 'YES' indicate it is available and value 'NO' it is not available. The default value is 'YES'.
Min Freed Space in MB	int	4	Optional	Amount space must be freed in order to make the file system available
Maximum allowed processes	int	4	System Generated	Maximum allowed processes for Data Pool
Maximum allowed processes from ARCHIVE cache	int	4	System Generated	Maximum allowed processes from ARCHIVE cache
Maximum allowed processes from ARCHIVE tape	int	4	System Generated	Maximum allowed processes from ARCHIVE tape
Total number of active insert processes running	int	4	System Generated	Total number of active insert processes running
Number of active insert processes using ARCHIVE cache	int	4	System Generated	Number of active insert processes using ARCHIVE cache
Number of active insert processes using ARCHIVE tape	int	4	System Generated	Number of active insert processes using ARCHIVE tape
Unix Process ID	char	10	System Generated	Unix Process ID

Table 4.7.6-1. DPM Home Page Field Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
ECS ID	char	10	System Generated	ECS ID number
Collection	char	20	System Generated	Name of collection
Version	int	4	System Generated	Version number
Start Time	char	10	System Generated	Process start time
Status Time	char	10	System	Process status time
Status	char	10	System Generated	Status of the process
ARCHIVE Cache	char	1	System Generated	Indicates if the process belongs to ARCHIVE cache or not
Retries	int	4	System Generated	Number of retries in case of failures

4.7.6.1.2 Batch Summary Tab

The Batch Summary Screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-3 displays a summary of the status of Data Pool inserts for each batch label. Status includes new, completed, failed, retried, and cancelled inserts. Minimum refresh rate is 1 minute. The **Apply Refresh Rate** button will refresh the screen with any updated information in the fields within a specified amount of time. See Table 4.7.6-2 for a description of the Batch Summary's entries.

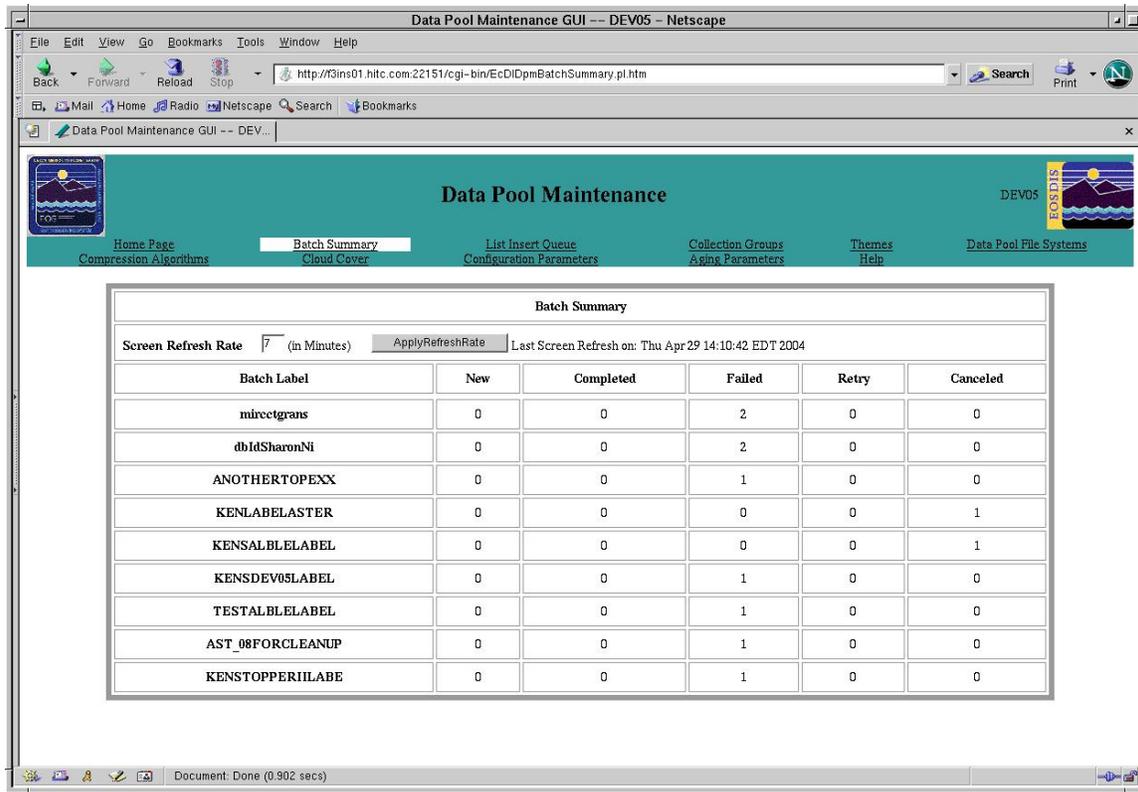


Figure 4.7.6-3. Batch Summary Screen

Table 4.7.6-2. Batch Summary Screen Field Descriptions

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Batch Label	int	4	System Generated	Name of the batch label
New	int	4	System Generated	Number of batch inserts in NEW state
Completed	int	4	System Generated	Number of batch inserts in COMPLETED state
Failed	int	4	System Generated	Number of batch inserts in FAILED state
Retry	int	4	System Generated	Number of batch inserts in RETRY state
Cancelled	int	4	System Generated	Number of batch inserts in CANCELLED state

4.7.6.1.3 List Insert Queue Tab

The List Insert Queue Screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-4 allows the operator to monitor the Data Pool Inserts that still need to be processed or retried. The operator can cancel Inserts that are in the Insert Queue by clicking on the checkbox adjacent to the Status column. After selecting all desired inserts, click on the **Apply Change** button to initiate changes. The Inserts will be marked as “CANCELED” in the Data Pool database. The List Insert Queue screen will be refreshed with only inserts left to be processed. The DPAD driver will cleanup all canceled inserts at a configured interval. The List Insert Queue Screen can be filtered using the File System Label drop down list, Batch Label drop down list and Status drop down list. Clicking on the **File System** Label drop down list will display all the File System Labels in database. The operator can choose ‘ALL’ from the **File System** Label drop down list and choose one label from **Batch Label** drop down list and choose ‘ALL’ from Status drop down list to view all insert statuses for that label in all File Systems. The operator can also narrow down the list by choosing one batch label from the **Batch Labels** drop-down list, a specific status from the **Status** drop down list and a specific file system from the **File System** Label drop down list. After selecting the filter options, click on the **Apply Filter** button to display a filtered list. The XML file and path name for a Non-ECS granule insert action can be viewed by clicking on "NONECS" from the Data Source column. XML file path is displayed in Figure 4.7.6-5. The content of the XML file can be viewed by clicking on the file path. This will display the text of the file as shown in Figure 4.7.6-6.

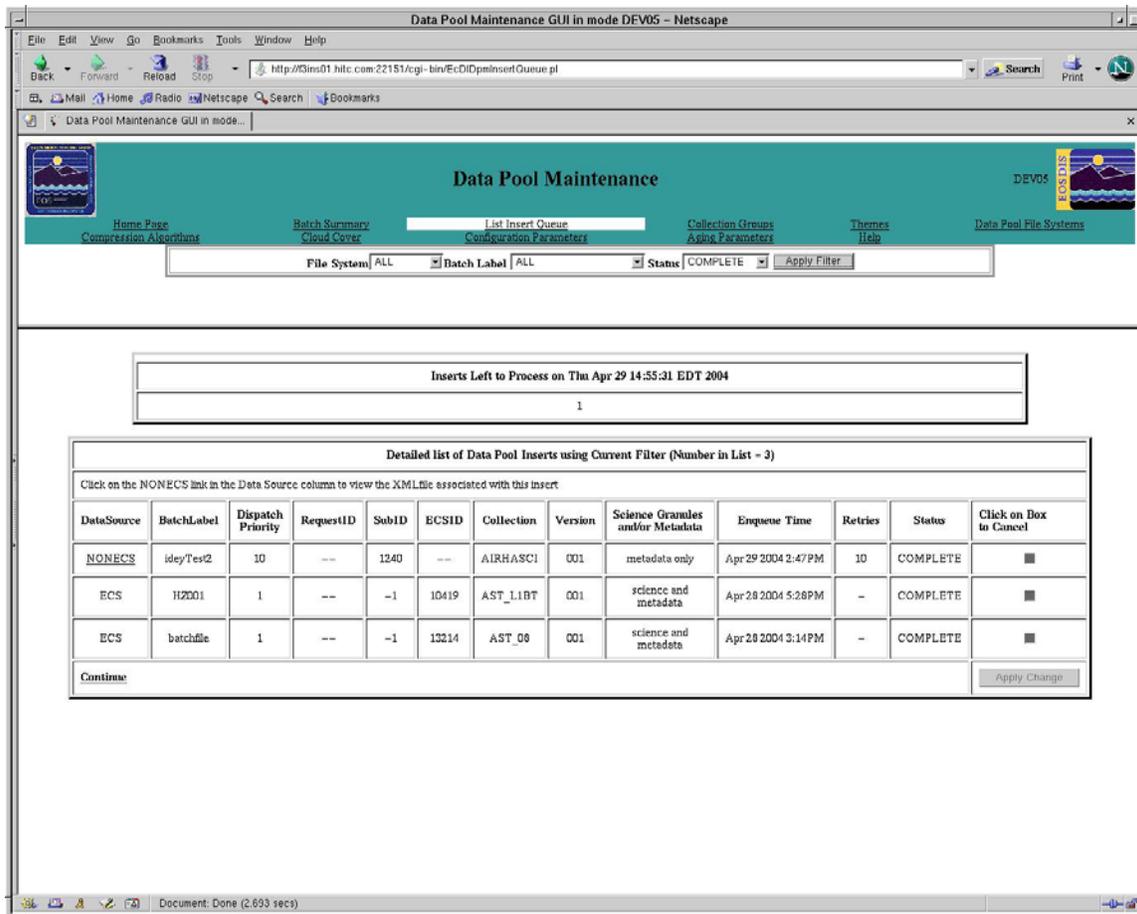


Figure 4.7.6-4. List Insert Queue Screen

See Table 4.7.6-3 for a description of the List Insert Queue's field descriptors.

Table 4.7.6-3. List Insert Queue Screen Field Descriptions (1 of 2)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Data Source	char	6	Required	To describe the source of the data whether ECS or NONECS.
Batch Label	char	20	System Generated	Name of batch
Dispatch Priority	int	4	System Generated	Number of priority by which requests will be processed
RequestID	char	10	System Generated	Request ID of the order
SubID	char	10	System Generated	Submission ID number

Table 4.7.6-3. List Insert Queue Screen Field Descriptions (2 of 2)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
ESCID	char	10	System Generated	ECS ID number
Collection Version	int	4	System Generated	Version number of collection.
Science Granules and/or Metadata	char	n/a	Optional	Indicate whether collection whether collection is Science Granules and/or Metadata.
Enqueue Time	char	10	System Generated	Time in queue
Retries	int	4	System Generated	Number of retries
Status	char	10	System Generated	Status of the input process
Click on Box to Cancel	checkbox	1	Optional	Select when cancellation of request is needed

Note: This screen depicts the total number of Data Pool Inserts left to process and retry. It also displays a detailed list of Data Pool Inserts using the current filter and total number of rows in the database. Default filter is set to ignore for Batch Label and NEW/RETRY for Status. Full capability users can cancel an insert.

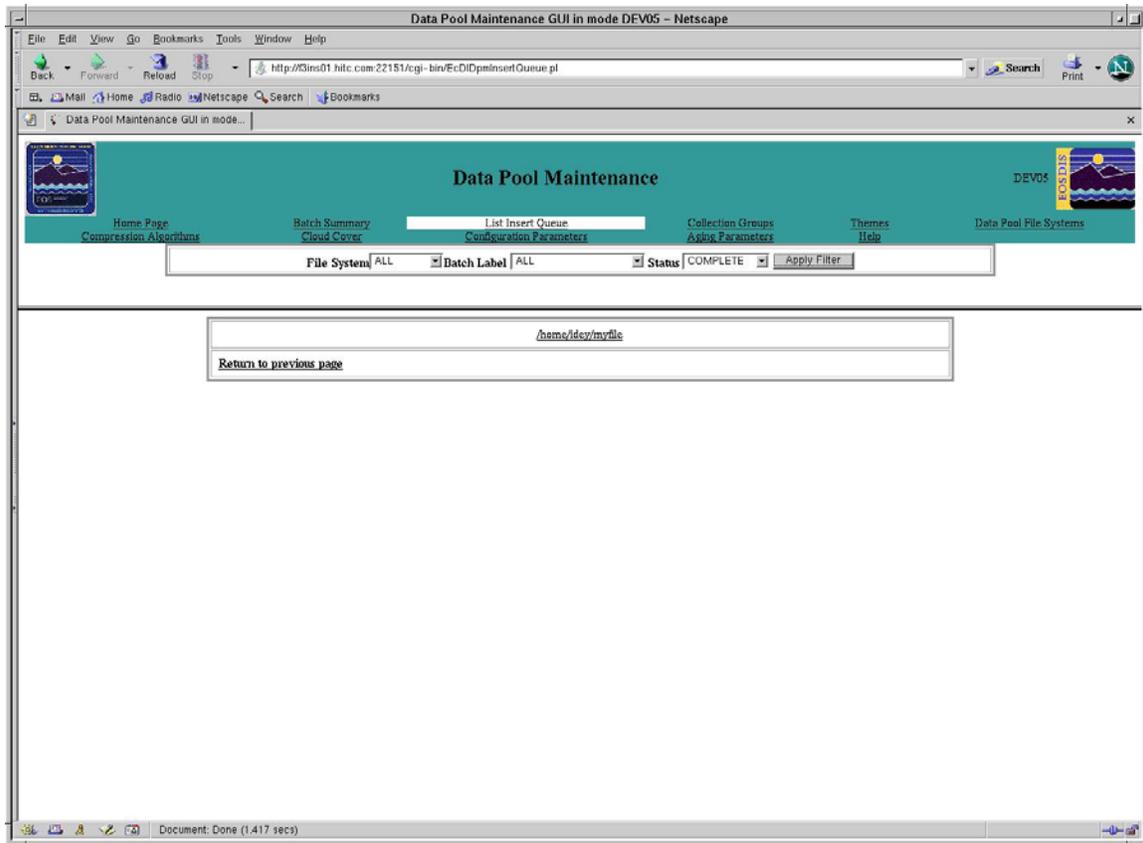


Figure 4.7.6-5. List Insert Queue Screen - Absolute xml File Path

The screen in Figure 4.7.6-5 depicts the absolute XML file path for Non-ECS Data Pool inserts.

Note: Limited capability users cannot cancel any inserts.

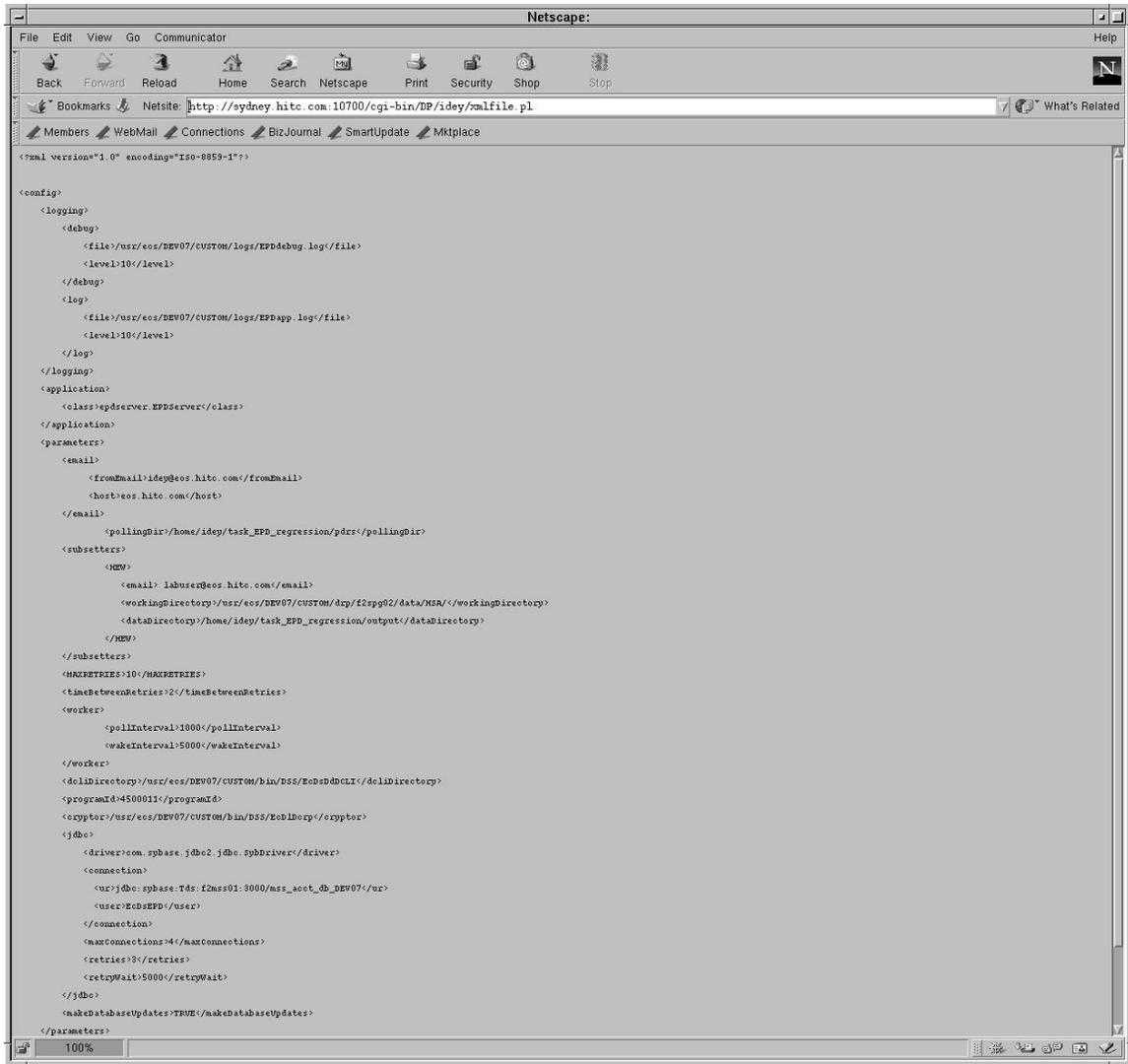


Figure 4.7.6-6. List Insert Queue Screen - XML File Content

4.7.6.1.4 Configuration Parameters Tab

The Configuration Parameters Screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-7 allows all operators to display the current values for the Data Pool Configuration Parameters. Full-capability operators can adjust the values for the parameters by entering new values in the input box. After making all changes, click on the **Click on Box to Modify Parameter** checkbox adjacent to the configuration parameters. Click on the **Apply Change** button to initiate the changes. See Table 4.7.6-4 for a description of the configuration parameters.

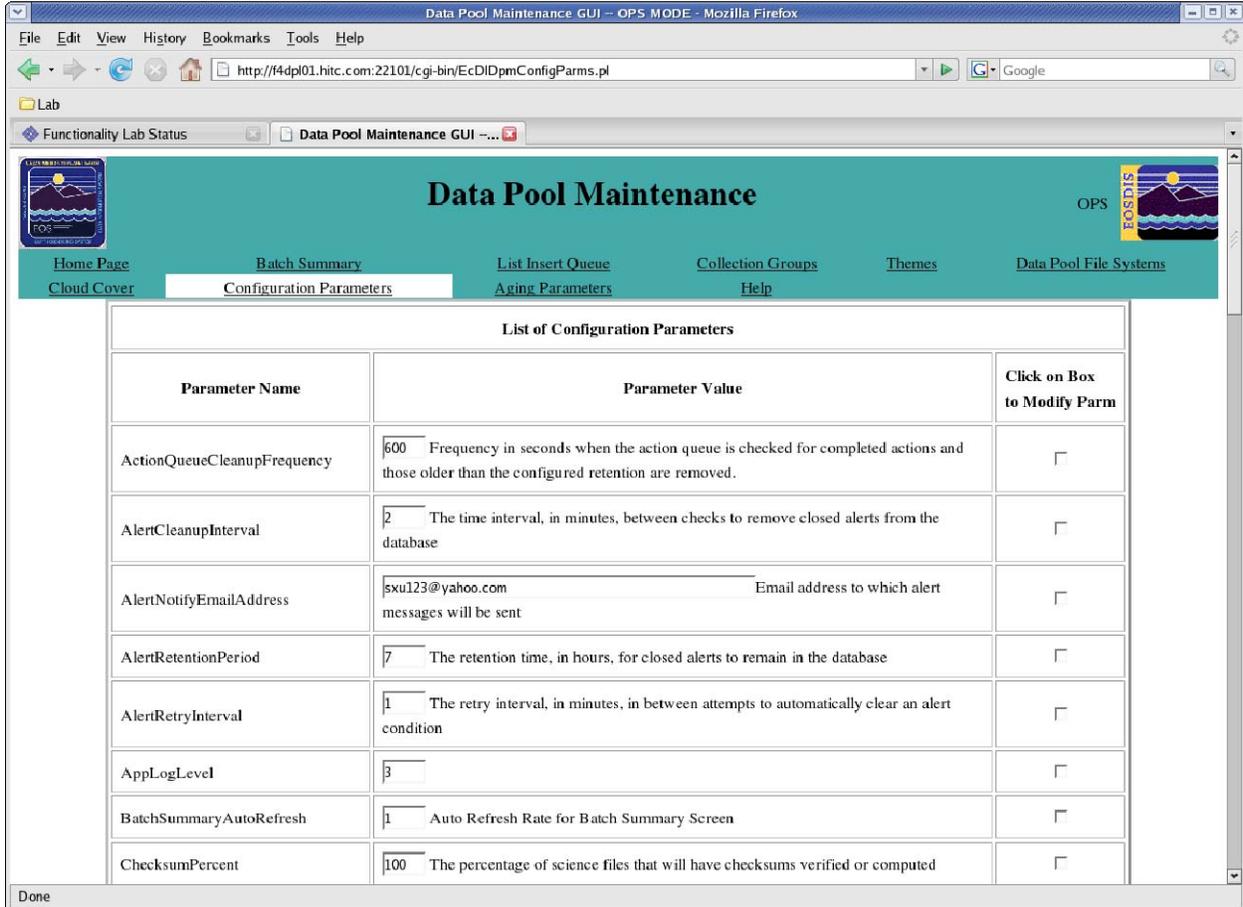


Figure 4.7.6-7. Configuration Parameters Screen

The screen in Figure 4.7.6-7 depicts the Data Pool configuration parameters. The full capacity operator can update the parameters.

Note: Limited Capability users cannot update any parameters. Check boxes and button are non clickable

Table 4.7.6-4. Manage Configuration Parameters Field Description (1 of 5)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
ActionQueueCleanUpFrequency	Integer	4	Optional	Frequency in seconds when the action queue is checked for completed actions and those older than the configured retention are removed.
AlertCleanupInterval	Integer	2	Optional	The time interval, in minutes, between checks to remove closed alerts from the database.
AlertNotifyEmailAddress	Char	2	Optional	Email address to which alert messages will be sent.
AlertRetentionPeriod	Integer	2	Optional	The retention time, in hours, for closed alerts to remain in the database.
AlertRetryInterval	Integer	2	Optional	The retry interval, in minutes, in between attempts to automatically clear an alert condition.
BatchSummaryAutoRefresh	Integer	4	Optional	The frequency in minutes when the batch summary front is refreshed.
ChecksumPercent	Integer	2	Optional	The percentage of science files that will have checksums verified or computed.
Clean703Orders	Char	1	Optional	Flag indicating whether DPL should clean up order only granules: Y or N
DPLRetentionPatchInstalled	Char	1	Optional	The existence of this configuration parameter means that the DPL Retention patch has been installed and granules will not expire from the Data Pool.
DatabaseRetryCount	Integer	2	Optional	The number of times a retryable database error may be retried before being considered failed.
DatabaseRetryInterval	Integer	2	Optional	The number of seconds to wait between retries of a retryable database error.
DefaultRetentionPeriod	Integer	4	Optional	The default retention period in days for all Data Pool Insert Actions.

Table 4.7.6-4. Manage Configuration Parameters Field Description (2 of 5)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
DefaultRetentionPriority	Integer	4	Optional	The default retention priority for all Data Pool Insert actions. The valid range is 1 – 255.
DeleteCompleteActionsAfter	Integer	4	Optional	The time in minutes that operators let completed actions stay in the insert action queue before making them eligible for removal. This is intended to provide the operator with some ability to check on past actions. The time period should not be configured too long.
DisplayAIPChunkSize	Integer	4	Optional	Number of rows return per chunk for the Active Insert Processes List.
FileSystemCheckInterval	Integer	2	Optional	The time interval, from 1 to 10 minutes, in between attempts to automatically clear a Data Pool file system alert condition.
FileSystemRefreshRate	Integer	2	Mandatory	Time in minutes before the File Systems Page Refreshes. Values: Never, 1,5,10,15,30 mins
FilterChecksumAIP	Char	1	Mandatory	Show Checksummed Active Insert Processes on the Data Pool Maint. GUI page. Values: YES, NO
FilterCopiedAIP	Char	1	Mandatory	Show Copied Active Insert Processes on the Data Pool Maint. GUI page. Values: YES, NO
FilterExtractedAIP	Char	1	Mandatory	Show Extracted Active Insert Processes on the Data Pool Maint. GUI page. Values: YES, NO
FilterPendingAIP	Char	1	Mandatory	Show Pending Active Insert Processes on the Data Pool Maint. GUI page. Values: YES. NO
FilterValidAIP	Char	1	Mandatory	Show Validated Active Insert Processes on the Data Pool Maint. GUI page. Values: YES. NO

Table 4.7.6-4. Manage Configuration Parameters Field Description (3 of 5)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
FreeSpaceResumePercent	Integer	2	Mandatory	The percentage of free space required before a Data Pool file system full condition may be cleared.
GranuleLockRetentionPeriod	Integer	2	Optional	The age in hours that determines when a granule lock should be considered stale.
GranuleOmLockRetentionPeriod	Integer	2	Optional	The age in minutes that determines when a granule lock by OMS should be considered stale.
HEGCleanupAge	Integer	4	Optional	HEG cleanup age in days
IdleSleep	Integer	4	Optional	The number of seconds when there is nothing to do. Obsolete in 7.20
InCacheTimeLimit	Integer	4	Optional	The max time in minutes that operators are willing to wait for a DPIU process to complete whose files are in cache. After the time, DPAD kills the process and retries the action. Obsolete in 7.20
InsertRetryWait	Integer	4	Optional	The number of seconds to wait before an insert that failed should be resubmitted.
MAX_READ_DRIVES_<ARCHIVE>	Integer		Optional	One parameter per archive, Max number of simultaneous tape drives in used for the archive <ARCHIVE>.
MFSONInsert	Char	1	Optional	Availability of multiple file system on insert. Actual value set to Y(YES) / N(NO). Default is N (NO). Obsolete in 7.20
MaxConcurrentBandExtract	Integer	2	Optional	The maximum number of concurrent Band Extraction operations.
MaxConcurrentDPIUThreads	Integer	2	Optional	The concurrency limit for the DPIU processing queue.
MaxConcurrentEventThreads	Integer	2	Optional	The concurrency limit for the DPAD event processing queue.

Table 4.7.6-4. Manage Configuration Parameters Field Description (4 of 5)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
MaxConcurrentPublish	Integer	2	Optional	The maximum number of concurrent Data Pool publication operations.
MaxConcurrentReadsPerTape	Integer	2	Optional	The maximum number of concurrent tape read (stage) operations for a single tape.
MaxConcurrentRegister	Integer	2	Optional	The maximum number of concurrent Data Pool registration operations.
MaxConcurrentRegister	Integer	2	Optional	The maximum number of concurrent Data Pool registration operations.
MaxConcurrentValidate	Integer	2	Optional	The maximum number of concurrent request validation operations.
MaxConsecutiveErrors	Integer	2	Optional	The maximum number of consecutive errors or timeout conditions for a service before an alert will be raised.
MaxInsertRetries	Integer	4	Optional	The maximum number of times an insert should be tried again (-1 means forever).
MaxReadDrivesPerRequest	Integer	2	Optional	Max number of simultaneous tape drives in used.
MaxTapeMountPerRequest	Integer	4	Optional	Maximum number of tape mount allow per request.
NewActionCheckFrequency	Integer	4	Optional	The frequency in seconds for checking for new actions. DPAD always checks if we are out of actions that can be dispatched, so unless getting things queued up in memory is urgent, this could be a time interval of minutes.
NumOfAllowedCacheProcesses	Integer	4	Optional	The maximum number of insert processes that require ARCHIVE access to cache.
NumOfAllowedInsertProcesses	Integer	4	Optional	The maximum number of insert processes running at any time.
NumOfAllowedNonCacheProcesses	Integer	4	Optional	The maximum number of insert processes that require ARCHIVE access to tape.

Table 4.7.6-4. Manage Configuration Parameters Field Description (5 of 5)

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
OnTapeTimeLimit	Integer	4	Optional	The maximum time in hours operators are willing to wait for a DPIU process to complete whose files are not in cache. After that time, DPAD kills the process and retries the action.
OrderOnlyFSLabel	Char	1	Optional	Order only file system label.
RefreshRate	Integer	4	Optional	The DPM Home Page refresh rate in seconds.
PerfLogLevel	Integer	1	Optional	Level for perf logging, 1-3.
RunAwayCheckFrequency	Integer	4	Optional	The frequency in seconds for checking for runaway processes. Recommend not making it much smaller than InCacheTimeLimit. Obsolete in 7.20.
RunawayDuration	Integer	4	Optional	Max period of time to wait for an insert to complete. Obsolete in 7.20.
SizeOfInsertQueueList	Integer	4	Optional	The number of Data Pool Insert Queue entries that can be displayed at any one time by the DPM GUI.
StartUpWait	Integer	4	Optional	The number of seconds to delay start-up while trying to clean out left over DPIU processes. Obsolete in 7.20.

The Collection Groups Screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-8 allows the operator to view collection groups in the Data Pool database and navigate to the functions described in the following sections. See Table 4.7.6-5 for descriptors of the Collection Group screen.

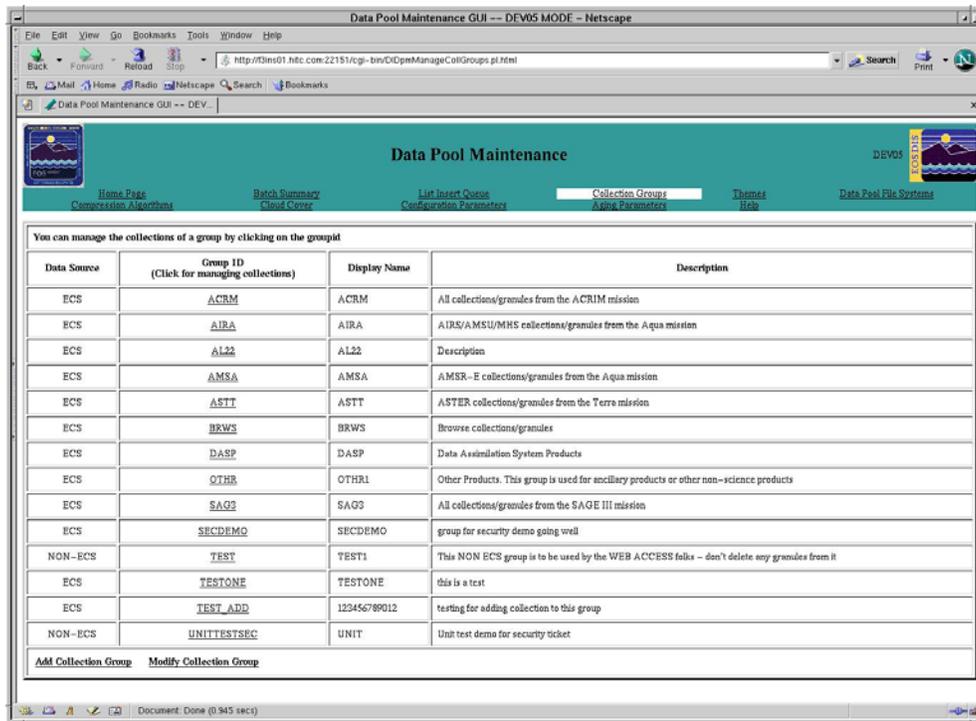


Figure 4.7.6-8. Collection Groups Screen Currently in the Data Pool

Table 4.7.6-5. Collection Group Field Descriptions

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Data Source	Character	6	Required	To describe the source of the data whether ECS or NONECS.
Group ID	Character	12	Required	An up-to twelve letter identifier ([A-Z],[0-9] or underscore) of the group.
Display Name	Character	12	Optional	A twelve letter identifier of the display name (if left blank defaults to Group ID). (possible characters are [A-Z],[0-9], underscore or blank).
Description	Character	255	Required	A description for the collection group. It is scrollable up to 255 characters.

The **Add Collection Group** link will allow the user to add a new collection to the collection group and the **Modify Collection Group** link allows any changes to be made to the collection group.

Note: Limited capability users cannot click ‘Add Collection Group’ or ‘Modify Collection Group’ links.

4.7.6.1.5.1 Add New Collection Group

The full-capability operator can add a new ECS or Non-ECS collection group by clicking on the **Add Collection Group** link shown in Figure 4.7.6-8. This link will take the operator to the screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-9. To create a new group, the operator is required to enter the Group ID and Description, the Display Name is optional, and will default to the Group ID if nothing is entered. The Display Name is used for Web Drill Down. After entering the new collection group, click on the **Apply Change** button. The new collection group will be added to the Data Pool database and the List of Collection Groups screen will be refreshed. See Table 4.7.6-6 for Add Collection Group parameters.

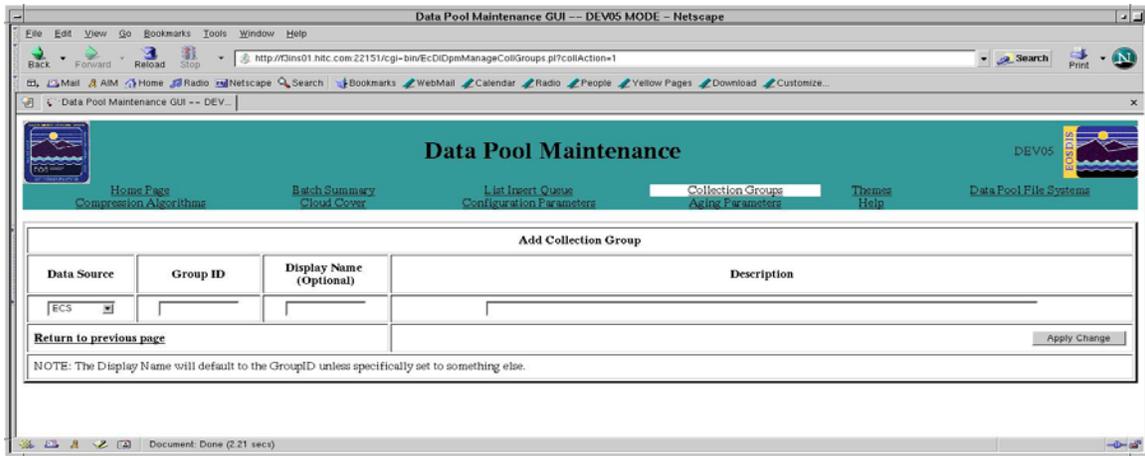


Figure 4.7.6-9. Add Collection Group Screen

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.6-6. Add Collection Group Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Data Source	Character	6	Required	To describe the source of the data whether ECS or NONECS.
Group ID	Character	12	Required	An up-to twelve letter identifier ([A-Z], [0-9] or underscore) of the group.
Display Name	Character	12	Optional	A twelve letter identifier of the display name (if left blank defaults to Group ID). (Possible characters are [A-Z], [0-9], underscore or blank).
Description	Character	255	Required	A description for the collection group. It is scrollable up to 255 characters.

4.7.6.1.5.2 Modify Collection Group Description

The full-capability operator can modify the description and display name for a collection group by clicking on the **Modify Collection Group** link shown in Figure 4.7.6-8. This link will take the operator to the screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-10. The operator can modify the description and display name for a collection group. After making a change, click on the **Check Box To Modify** checkbox, adjacent to the collection group description. After making all changes, click on the **Apply Change** button. The changes will be applied to the Data Pool database and the **List of Collection Groups** screen will be refreshed. See Table 4.7.6-7 for a description of the Modify Collection Group parameters.

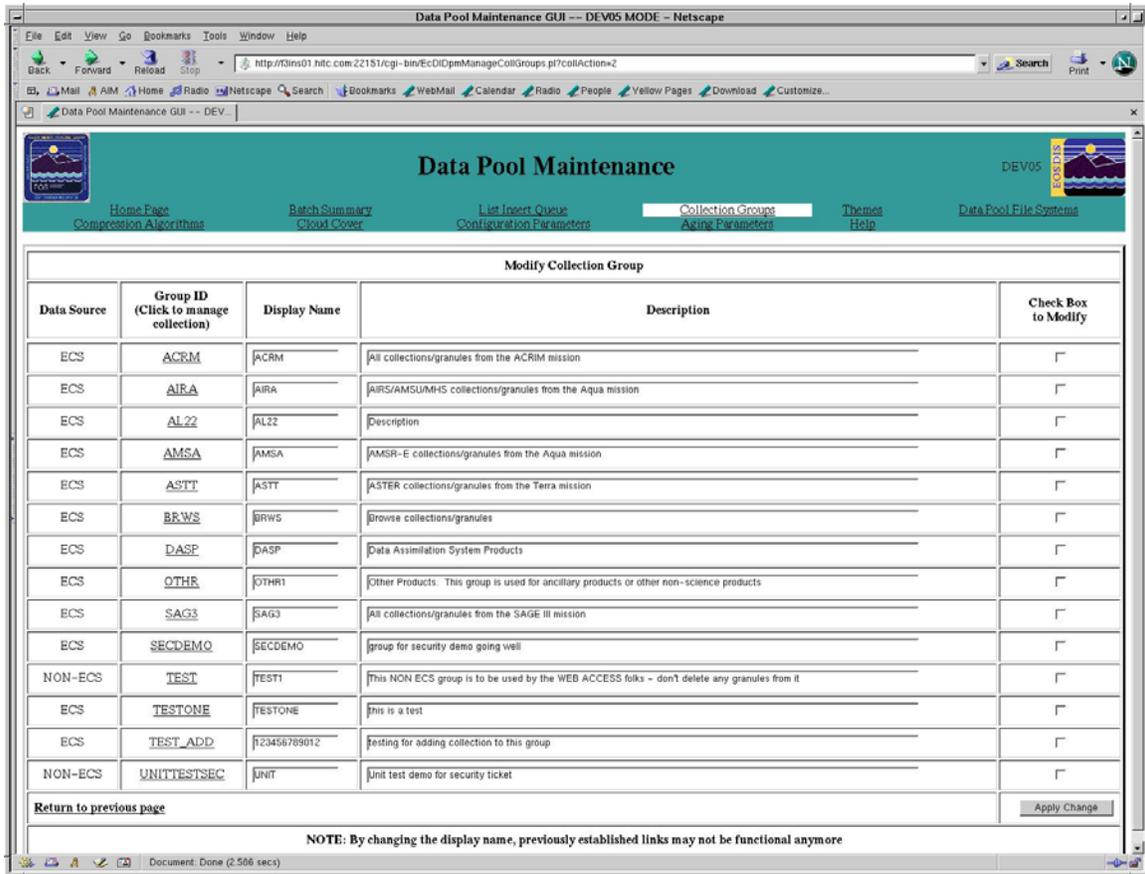


Figure 4.7.6-10. Modify Collection Group Screen

The screen in Figure 4.7.6-10 is called from Figure 4.7.6-8 and allows the full capacity operator to modify the collection group.

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.6-7. Modify Collection Group Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Data Source	Character	6	Required	To describe the source of the data whether ECS or NONECS.
Group ID	Character	12	Required	An up-to twelve letter identifier ([A-Z],[0-9] or underscore) of the group.
Display Name	Char	12	Optional	Display name for the collection group.
Description	Char	100	Optional	A description for the collection group.

4.7.6.1.5.3 View Collections

The operator can view the collections associated with a collection group by clicking on the **GroupId** link shown in Figure 4.7.6-8. This link will take the operator to the Collections Associated with an ECS and Non-ECS Collection Group screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-11. **File System** 1 indicates a particular Data Pool file system. The default is to show all the collections from all Data Pool file system for a group. A drop down list will provide the operator the labels of all available file systems. The operator can use this list to filter the display of collections. The **Data Source** and **Group ID** are presented at the top of the table as a reference for which group is currently being viewed. See Table 4.7.6-8 for descriptions of the View Collection page entries.

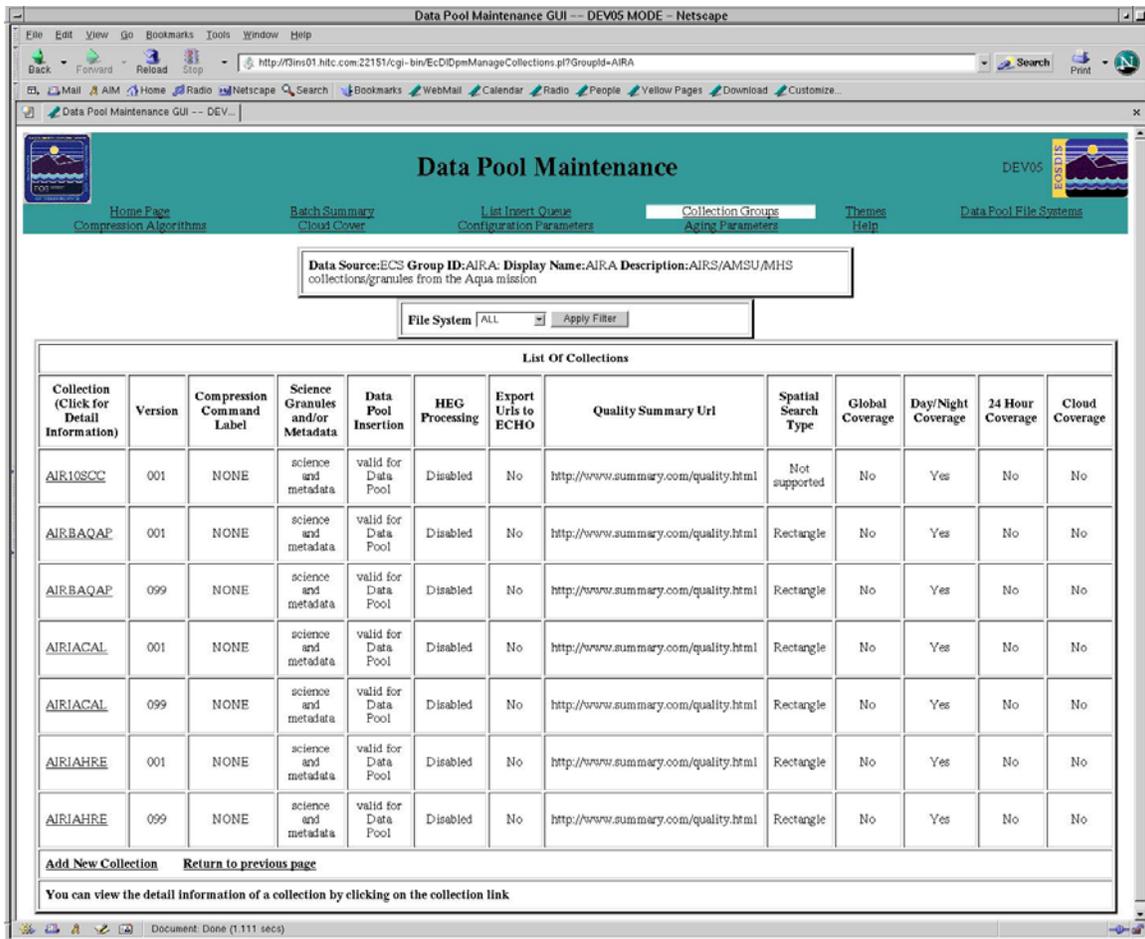


Figure 4.7.6-11. Collections Associated with Collection Groups

Note: Limited Capability users cannot click 'Add Collection' link.

Table 4.7.6-8. View Collection Group Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Data Source	Character	6	Required	To describe the source of the data whether ECS or NONECS.
Group ID	Character	12	Required	An up-to twelve letter identifier ([A-Z], [0-9] or underscore) of the group.
Display Name	Char	12	Optional	Display name for the collection group.
Description	Char	100	Optional	A description for the collection group.
Collection	Char	8	System Generated	Name of a collection.
Version	Integer	1	System Generated	Version number of collection.
Science Granules and/or Metadata	Char	n/a	Optional	Indicate whether collection whether collection is Science Granules and/or Metadata.
Data Pool Insertion	Char	n/a	Optional	Indicates if the collection is eligible for insertion into Data Pool.
HEG Processing	Char	n/a	System Generated	Indicates if HEG processing is available or not
Export Urls to ECHO	Char	n/a	System Generated	Indicates in URL need to be exported or not
Quality Summary Url	Char	80	Optional	URL that describes the quality summary of a collection. Scrollable up to 255 characters
Spatial Search Type	Char	n/a	System Generated	Indicates if Spatial Search is required/needed.
Global Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicated if global coverage is needed.
Day/Night Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicate if day or night coverage is needed.
24 Hour Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicate if 24-hour coverage is needed.
Cloud Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicate if cloud coverage is needed.

The **Add Collection Group** link will allow the user to add a new collection to the collection group and the **Return to previous page** link will take the user to the page prior.

4.7.6.1.5.4 View Collection Description

The operator can view the detail description for a collection by clicking on the Collection link shown in Figure 4.7.6-11. This link will take the operator to the Description of a Collection screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-12. This page will give detail information about an ECS or Non-ECS collection. Modify Collection will display the modify collection page for full capability operators. The operator can return to the previous page by clicking on the 'Return to previous page' link.

group by clicking on an **Add New Collection** link on a Non-ECS Collection Group Screen. This action will bring up Add Collection screen for a Non-ECS Collection shown in Figure 4.7.6-16.

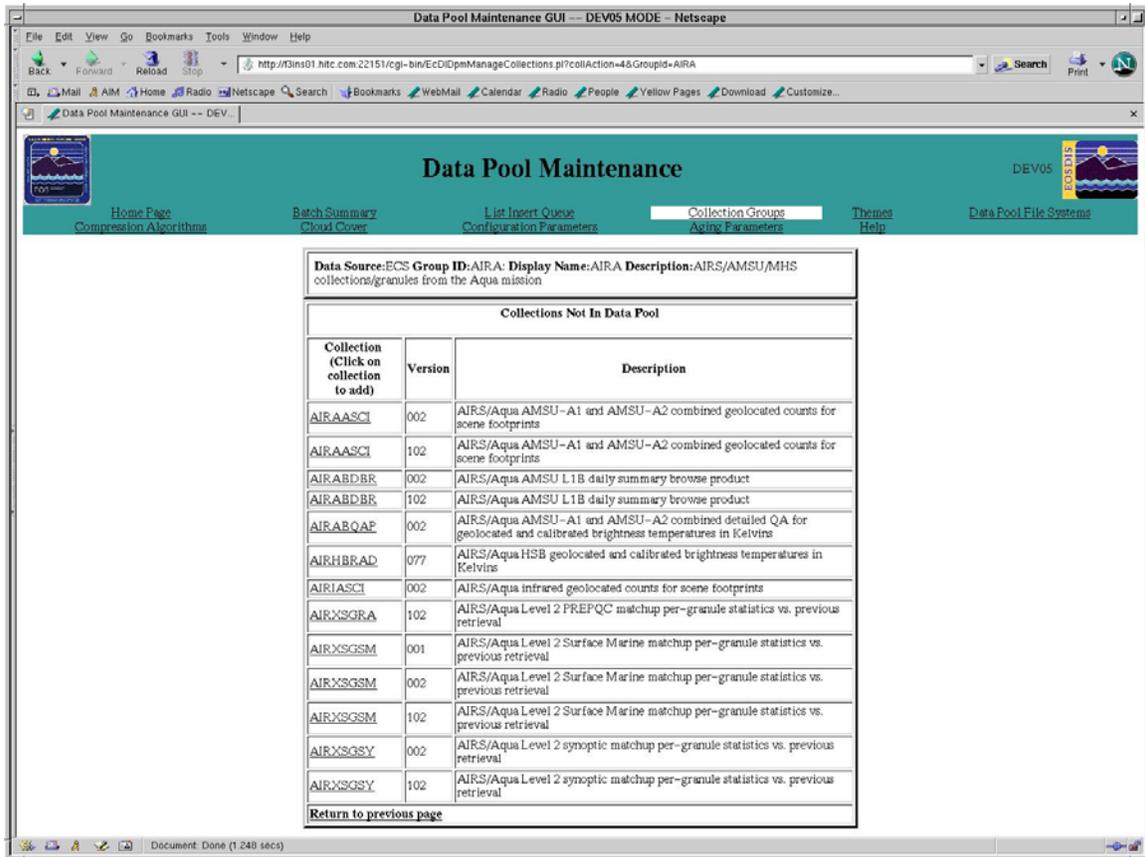


Figure 4.7.6-13. List of Collection Not in Data Pool

Note: This page is not accessible by Limited Capability users.

The full-capability operator can arrive at the Add ECS Collection page shown in Figure 4.7.6-14 by clicking on a collection link shown in Figure 4.7.6-11. Collection name, Version and Descriptions are predefined and cannot be changed. The operator can associate a collection with a File System label. Defaults for these two items are nulls. The Science Granules and /or Metadata row indicates if the collection is valid for science granule and metadata insertion or metadata only. The default value is science and metadata insertion. The operator can set the value to Metadata Only to indicate Metadata insertion only. The Data Pool Insertion indicates if the collection is eligible for insertion into Data Pool. The default value is invalid for data pool. The operator must set the value to valid for data pool to make the collection eligible for insertion into Data Pool. The Spatial Search Type indicates the types of search criteria used for Spatial searches such as GPolygon, Rectangle, or Orbit. The operator can also set the global coverage

flag to on/off. Default value for this flag is on. There are two more flag has on/off values can be set for a collection. Default for Day/Night flag is on and 24 hour flag is off. After creating the Quality Summary web page, the operators will enter the URL in the text area reserved for quality summary URL and thus associate the URL for the Quality Summary web page. A collection can be associated with a cloud cover attribute and its type. The operator can configure that in this page. There is also a text area to enter the cloud cover description. Defaults for quality summary, cloud cover attribute, cloud cover type and cloud cover description are nulls.

After making necessary selections the operator must press on **Apply Change** button to add the collection.

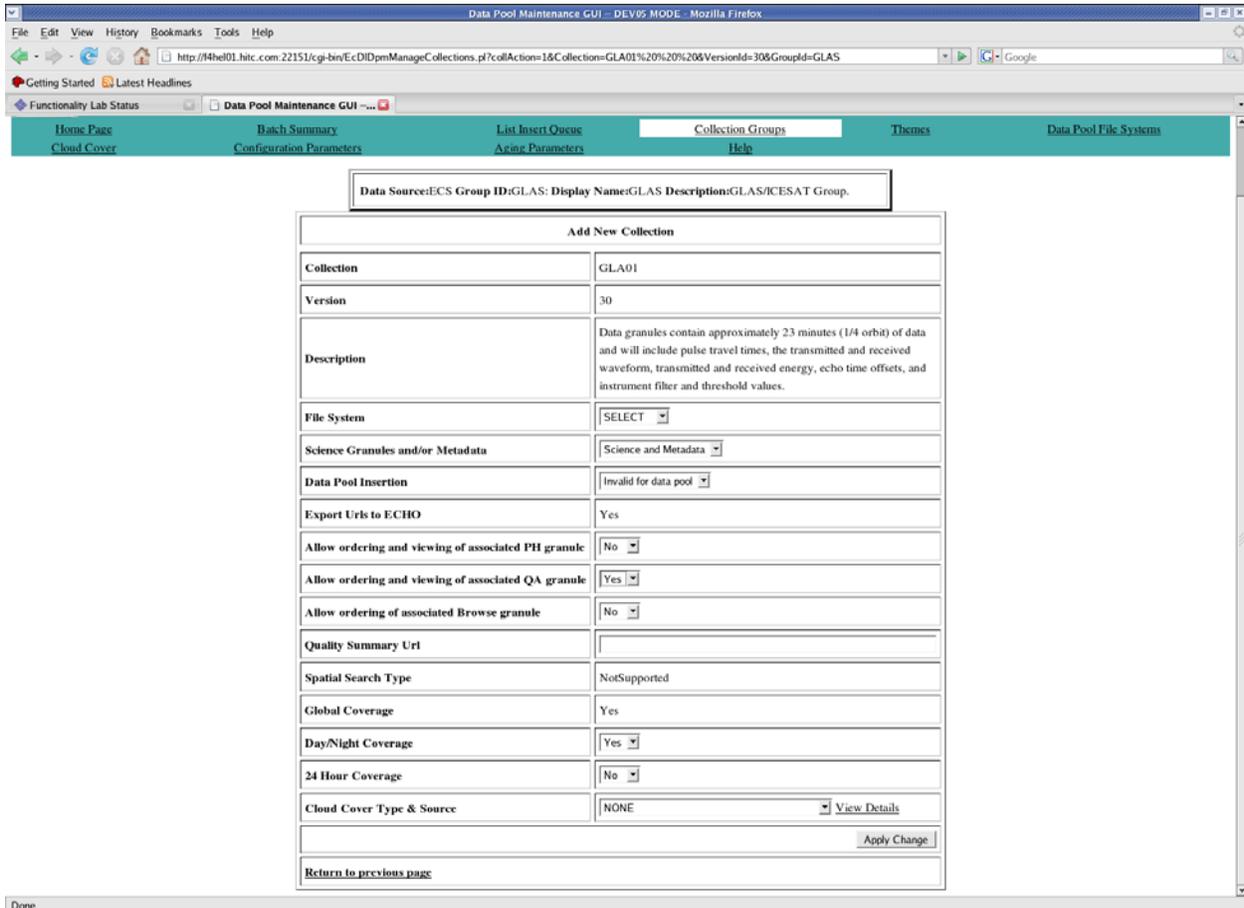


Figure 4.7.6-14. Add ECS Collection Page (This Page is only Accessible by Full Capability Operators)

Table 4.7.6-9. Add ECS Collection

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Collection	Char	8	System Generated	Name of a collection.
Version	Integer	1	System Generated	Version number of collection.
Description	Char	80	Optional	Description of collection. Scrollable up to 255 characters.
File System	Char	n/a	Optional	File system path
Science Granules and/or Metadata	Char	n/a	Optional	Indicate whether collection whether collection is Science Granules and/or Metadata.
Data Pool Insertion	Char	n/a	Optional	Indicates if the collection is eligible for insertion into Data Pool.
Export Urls to ECHO	Char	1	Optional	Indicates if this collection is to be exported to ECHO.
Order PH	Char	1	Mandatory	If set to 'Y', allows associated PH granules to be ordered. The default value is 'N'. (Not applicable for Non-ECS or collection group 'OTHR'.)
Order QA	Char	1	Mandatory	If set to 'Y', allows associated QA granules to be ordered. The default value is 'N'. (Not applicable for Non-ECS or collection group 'OTHR'.)
Order Browse	Char	1	Mandatory	If set to 'Y', allows associated browse granules to be ordered. The default value is 'N'. (Not applicable for Non-ECS or collection group 'OTHR'.)
Quality Summary URL	Char	80	Optional	URL that describes the quality summary of a collection. Scrollable up to 255 characters
Spatial Search Type	Char	n/a	System Generated	Indicates if Spatial Search is required/needed.
Global Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicated if global coverage is needed.
Day/Night Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicate if day or night coverage is needed.
24 Hour Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicate if 24-hour coverage is needed.
Cloud Cover Type and Source	Char	n/a	Optional	Source and type name for a cloud cover.

Entries for Cloud Cover attribute and type must be verified against the XML small file archive.

An error window as shown in Figure 4.7.6-15 will pop up to indicate that collection cannot be added due to wrong cloud cover information. Click **OK** to dismiss the error window.

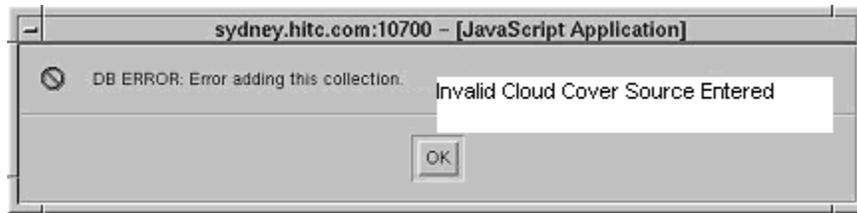


Figure 4.7.6-15. Error Window

The operator can add a Non-ECS collection to a Non-ECS group by clicking on an **Add New Collection** link in a Collections Associated with a Non-ECS Collection Group Screen. This action will bring up Add Collection screen for a Non-ECS Collection shown in Figure 4.7.6-16. The operator needs to enter a Collection name and Version number. These two fields are required. The operator can provide an optional collection Description for the collection. The operator can associate a collection with a File System label. Defaults for these two items are nulls. The Science Granules and /or Metadata row indicates if the collection is valid for science granule and metadata insertion or metadata only. The default value is science and metadata insertion. The operator can set the value to Metadata Only to indicate Metadata insertion only. The Data Pool Insertion indicates if the collection is eligible for insertion into Data Pool. The default value is invalid for data pool. The operator must set the value to valid for data pool to make the collection eligible for insertion into Data Pool. NONECS collections can also have the option to configure Spatial Search Type for a collection. Options provided are 'Not supported', 'Rectangle', Gpolygon and 'Orbit'. Default value for Spatial Search Type is 'Not Supported'. The operator can also set the global coverage flag to on/off. Default value for this flag is on. There are two more flag has on/off values can be set for a collection. Default for Day/Night Coverage flag is on and 24 hour coverage flag is off. After creating the Quality Summary web page, the operators will enter the URL in the text area reserved for quality summary URL and thus associate the URL for the Quality Summary web page. A collection can be associated with a Cloud Cover Type and Source attribute. The operator can configure that in this page. There is also a text area to enter the cloud cover description. Defaults for quality summary, cloud cover attribute, cloud cover type and cloud cover description are null. After making necessary selections operator must press on **Apply Change** button to add the collection. Table 4.7.6-10 gives descriptors for each of the Add New Non-ECS Collection entries.

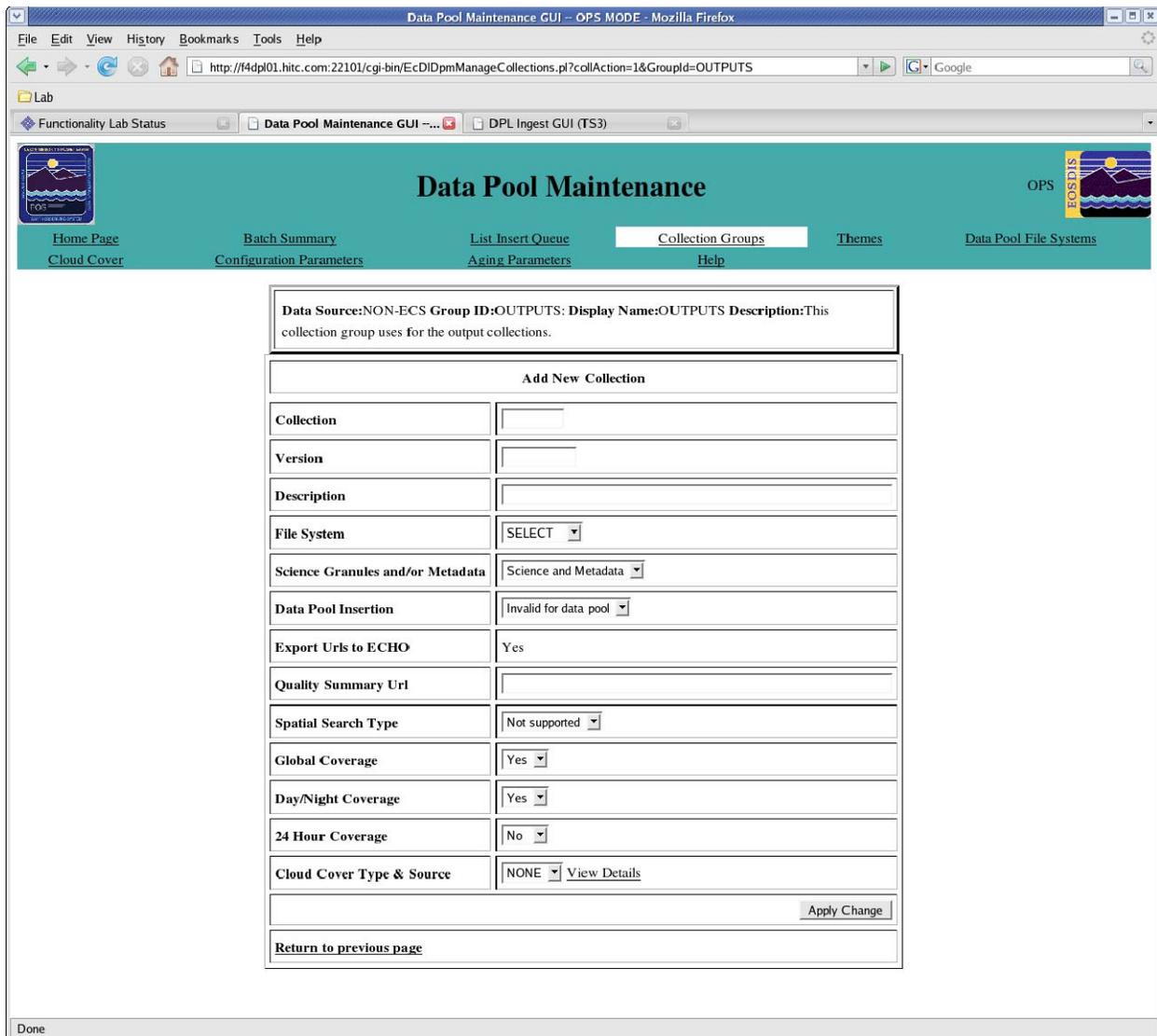


Figure 4.7.6-16. Add Non-ECS Collection Page (This Page is Only Accessible by Full Capability Operators)

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.6-10. Add Non-ECS Collection

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Collection	Char	8	Required	Name of a collection.
Version	Integer	1	Required	Version number of collection.
Description	Char	80	Required	Description of collection. Scrollable up to 255 characters.
File System	Char	n/a	Optional	File system path
Science Granules and/or Metadata	Char	n/a	Optional	Indicate whether collection whether collection is Science Granules and/or Metadata.
Data Pool Insertion	Char	n/a	Optional	Indicates if the collection is eligible for insertion into Data Pool.
Export Urls to ECHO	Char	1	Optional	Indicates if this collection is to be exported to ECHO.
Quality Summary URL	Char	80	Optional	URL that describes the quality summary of a collection. Scrollable up to 255 characters
Spatial Search Type	Char	n/a	Optional	Indicates if Spatial Search is required/needed and its type.
Global Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicated if global coverage is needed.
Day/Night Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicate if day or night coverage is needed.
24 Hour Coverage	Char	1	Optional	Indicate if 24-hour coverage is needed.

Entry for Non-ECS Collection name is verified against input error. It is also verified against same name and same version ID. An error window, as shown in Figure 4.7.6.17 and Figure 4.7.6.18, will pop up for each case on the Add Collection screen. Click **OK** to dismiss the error window.



Figure 4.7.6-17. Input Error Window

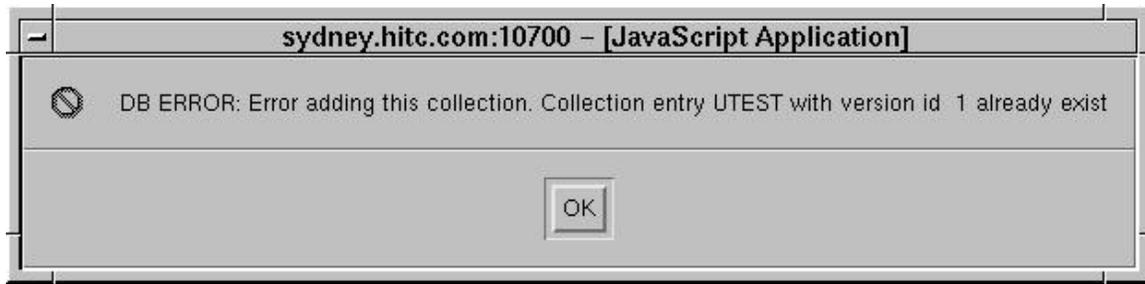


Figure 4.7.6-18. DB Error Window

4.7.6.1.5.6 Modify Existing Collection

The full-capability operator can modify a collection by clicking on the **Modify Collection** link shown in Figure 4.7.6-12 will take the operator to the Modify Collection page. There is one difference between the ECS and NON-ECS modify page. The ECS modify page does not allow the operator to modify a collection's description. The NON-ECS modify page allows the description field to be updated. Figure 4.7.6-19 describes modify an ECS collection example page and Figure 4.7.6-20 describes a NON-ECS modify page.

Both modify pages displays current information and allow operator modifications. After all desired changes are entered, the operator needs to click on the button called **Apply Change**. This action will change the data in database.

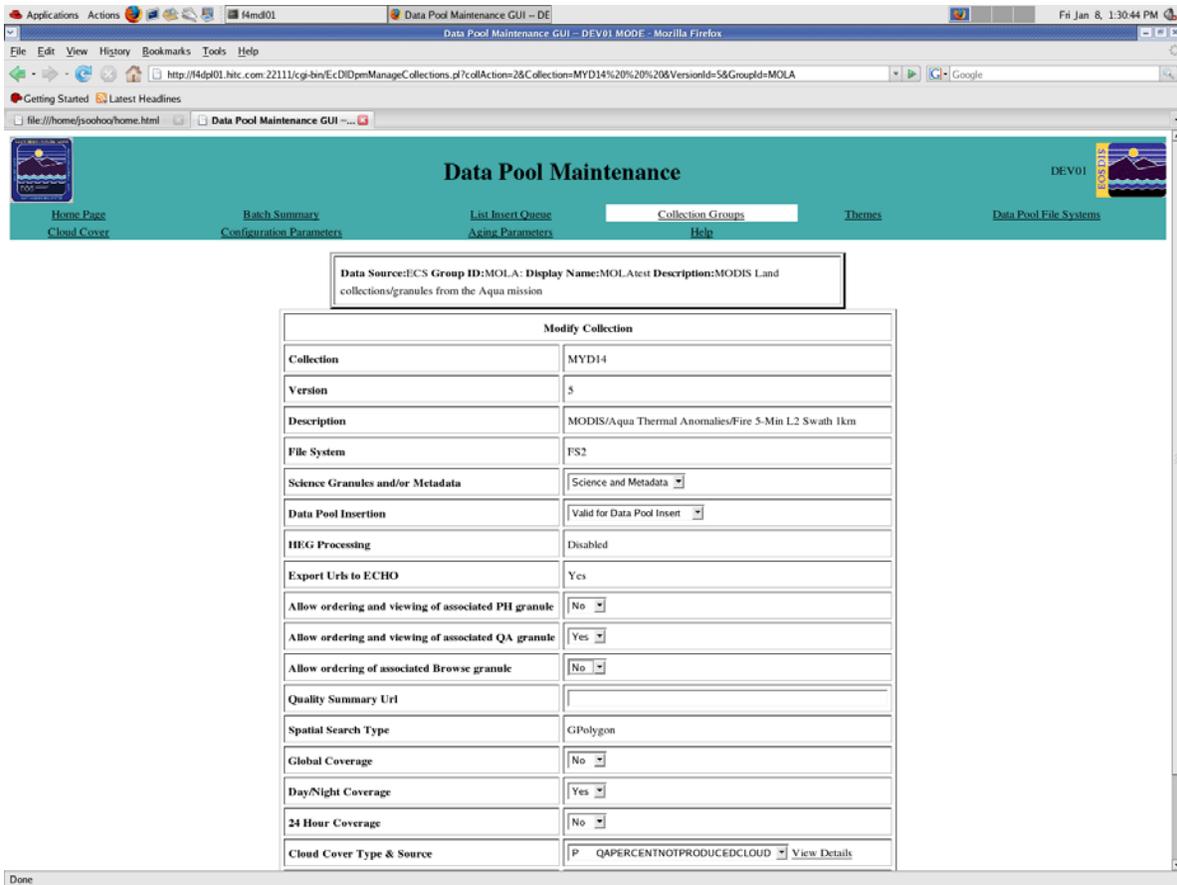


Figure 4.7.6-19. ECS Modify Collection Screen

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Field descriptions for the screen can be found in Table 4.7.6-9.

Starting with Release 7.23, the cloud cover source can be modified for collections that already have granules in the public DPL, as opposed to 7.22, when the cloud cover source can be modified only for collection without DPL public granules. To correctly change the cloud cover source for such collections, the DPL Maintenance GUI functionality must be used together with the cloud cover utility script (EcDICloudCoverUtilityStart). The following operations are permitted:

- a. **Remove** the cloud cover source for a specified collection: set the cloud cover source for the collection to “NONE” and run the EcDICloudCoverUtilityStart –operation **remove** for the specified collection. This operation should be used when the DAAC does not want to present cloud cover counts to its users during the DPL Web Access web drill down steps.

- b. **Reconfigure** the cloud cover source for a specified collection: set the cloud cover source for the collection to the new source (if the new source doesn't already exist it will have to be created) and run the EcDICloudCoverUtilityStart –operation **repopulate** for the specified collection. This operation should be used when the DAAC determined that the cloud cover source has been incorrectly configured for a collection.
- c. **Enable/Configure** the cloud cover source for a specified collection: set the cloud cover source for the collection to the desired cloud cover source (a new source must be created if necessary) and run the EcDICloudCoverUtilityStart –operation **populate** for the specified collection. This operation should be used when the DAAC determined that the cloud cover source is absent for a collection that should have had a cloud cover source.

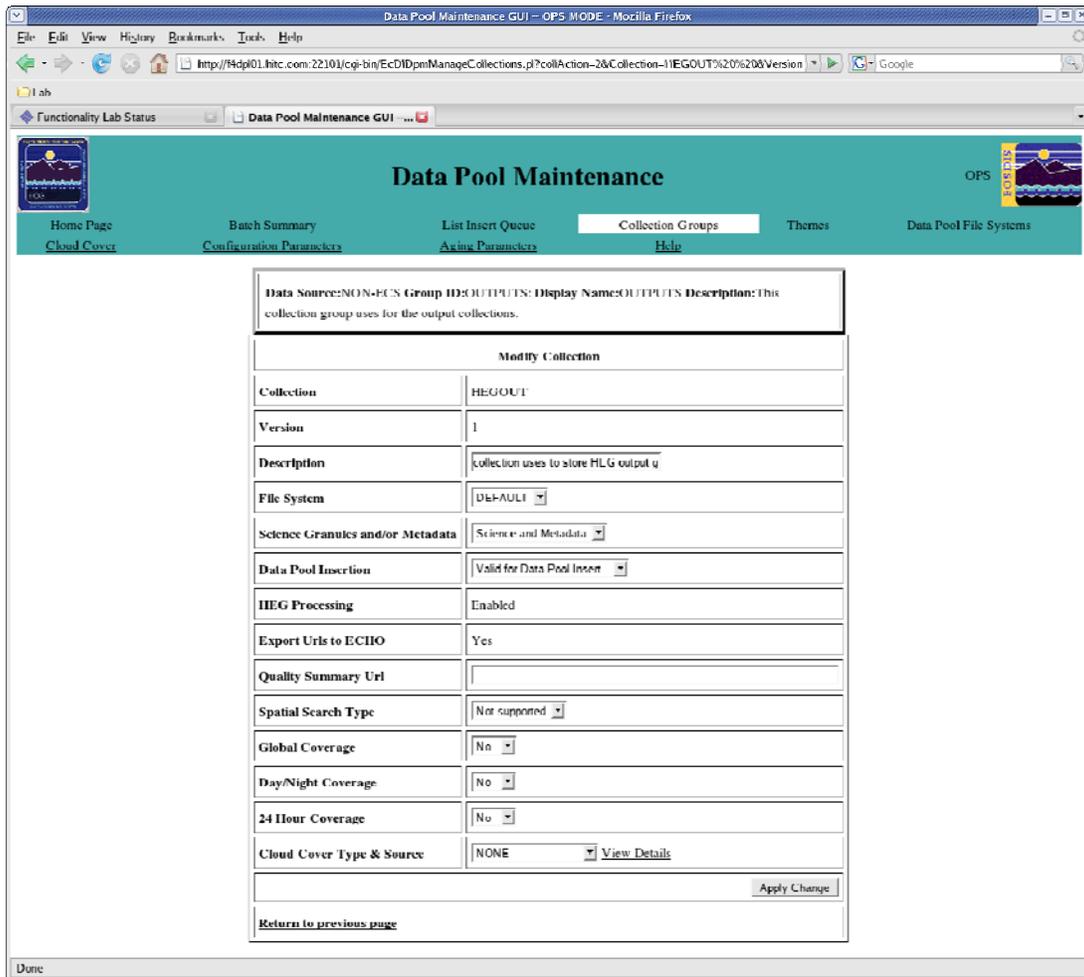


Figure 4.7.6-20. Non-ECS Modify Collections Screen

Field descriptions for the screen can be found in Table 4.7.6-10.

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

4.7.6.1.6 Data Pool File System Tab

Manage File System screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-21 allows the operator to view a list of file systems and information on Free Space Flag, Availability for insert, and Min Freed Space Amount. From this page the full capability operator can also configure a new file system and modifying an existing one by clicking on the link **Add New File System** and **Modify Data Pool File System Information** link respectively. Clicking on **Add New File System** will take the operator to ‘Add New File System’ page shown in Figure 4.7.6-22. The operators need to add five fields --- 1) File System Label: A label representing an existing Data Pool file system. 2) Free Space Flag: Value needs to be set is either ON or OFF. If is set to ON that means free space is available. If it is set to OFF then that means free space is not available. 3) Availability for Insert: Value needs to be set is either ‘Available’ or ‘Unavailable’. If the value is set to ‘Available’ that means file system is available for Data Pool insert. If the value is set to ‘Unavailable’ that means file system is not available for Data Pool insert. 4): Absolute Path: indicates path name to location. 5) Min Freed Space: Need to enter an integer value, which represent megabytes of space. This amount space must remain free in order to make the file system available for insert. Clicking on **Modify File System** will take the operator to ‘Modify File System Information’ page shown in Figure 4.7.6-23. The operator can change Free Space Flag, Availability for insert flag, and the Min Freed Space Amount in this page. There are check boxes associated with each file system. The operator can change multiple file system at one time by checking the desired file system’s checkboxes and press on **Apply Change** button.

The screenshot shows the 'Data Pool Maintenance' web interface. The main content area is titled 'File System Information' and contains a table with the following data:

File System Path	Ingest Status	DPL Inset Status	Free Space	Used Space Updated	Free Space Flag	Availability	Min Freed Space (in Megabytes)
DEFAULT /datapool/DEV05/user/FS1/	Active	Active	87 GB	76% Aug 28 2008 12:19PM	State : Y Last Changed: Jun 15 2007 11:08AM	State : Y Last changed:	10
FS1 /datapool/DEV05/user/FS1/	Active	Active	87 GB	76% Aug 28 2008 12:19PM	State : Y Last Changed: Mar 6 2007 10:09AM	State : Y Last changed: Mar 6 2007 10:09AM	3
FS2 /datapool/DEV05/user/FS2/	Active	Active	210 GB	42% Aug 28 2008 12:49PM	State : Y Last Changed: Jan 15 2007 2:34PM	State : Y Last changed: Jan 15 2007 2:34PM	10
temptst /datapool/DEV05/user/a/	suspended by operator	Active	0 GB	%	State : N Last Changed:	State : N Last changed:	1

Below the table, there are two links: [Add New File System](#) and [Modify File System](#).

Figure 4.7.6-21. Data Pool File System Information Screen

Field descriptions for the screen can be found in Table 4.7.6-11.

Note: Limited Capability users cannot click ‘Add New File System’ or ‘Modify File System’ links.

Table 4.7.6-11. File System Information Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Label	char	10	Required	File System Label. Limited to 10 characters. This is displayed in the File System Path column.
Absolute Path	char	255	Required	File system's absolute path. Only relative path is modifiable. Limited to 255 characters for the entire path. This is displayed in the File System Path column.
Ingest Status	Int	1	Derived	Indicates if the file system is enabled for DPL ingest processes.
DPL Insert Status	Int	1	Derived	Indicates if the file system is enabled for public datapool insert processes.
Free Space	Int	5	Derived	Indicates the space available on this file system (in GB)
Used Space	Int	2	Derived	Indicated the percentage of the file system used and the date this statistic was last updated.
Free Space Flag	char	1	Optional	Indicates if space is available for Data Pool insert. 'ON' value indicates that space is available. Default is 'ON'.
Availability	char	1	Optional	File system available for insert. Value 'YES' indicate it is available and value 'NO' it is not available. The default value is 'YES'.
Min Freed Space (in Megabytes)	int	4	Optional	Amount space must be freed in order to make the file system available

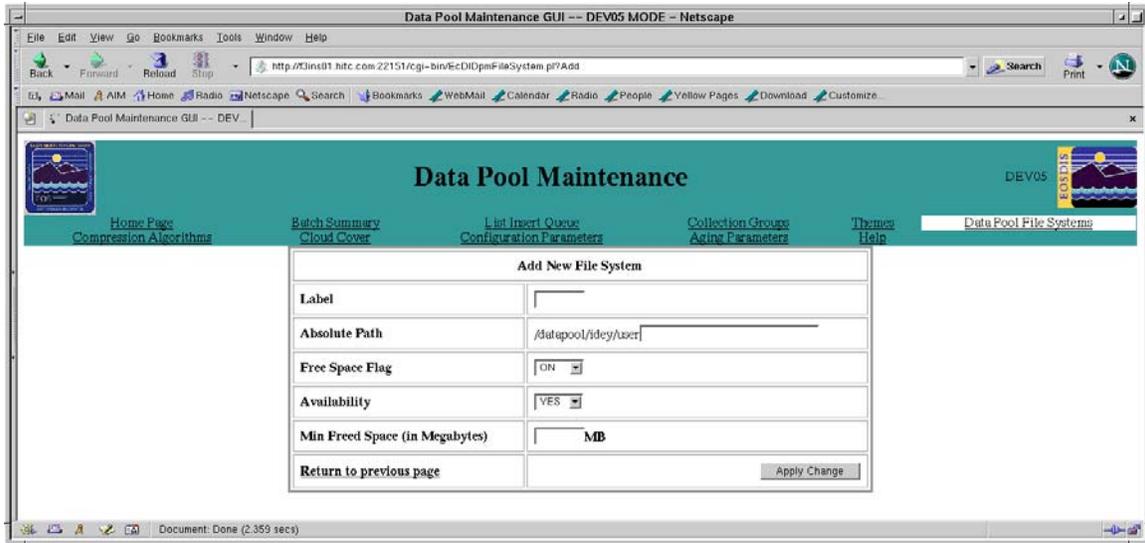


Figure 4.7.6-22. Add New File System Screen

Field descriptions for the screen can be found in Table 4.7.6-12.

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.6-12. Add New File System Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Label	char	10	Required	File System Label. Limited to 10 characters.
Absolute Path	char	255	Required	File system's absolute path. Only relative path is modifiable. Limited to 255 characters for the entire path.
Free Space Flag	char	1	Optional	Indicates if space is available for Data Pool insert. 'ON' value indicates that space is available. Default is 'ON'.
Availability	char	1	Optional	File system available for insert. Value 'YES' indicate it is available and value 'NO' it is not available. The default value is 'YES'.
Min Freed Space (in Megabytes)	int	4	Optional	Amount space must be freed in order to make the file system available

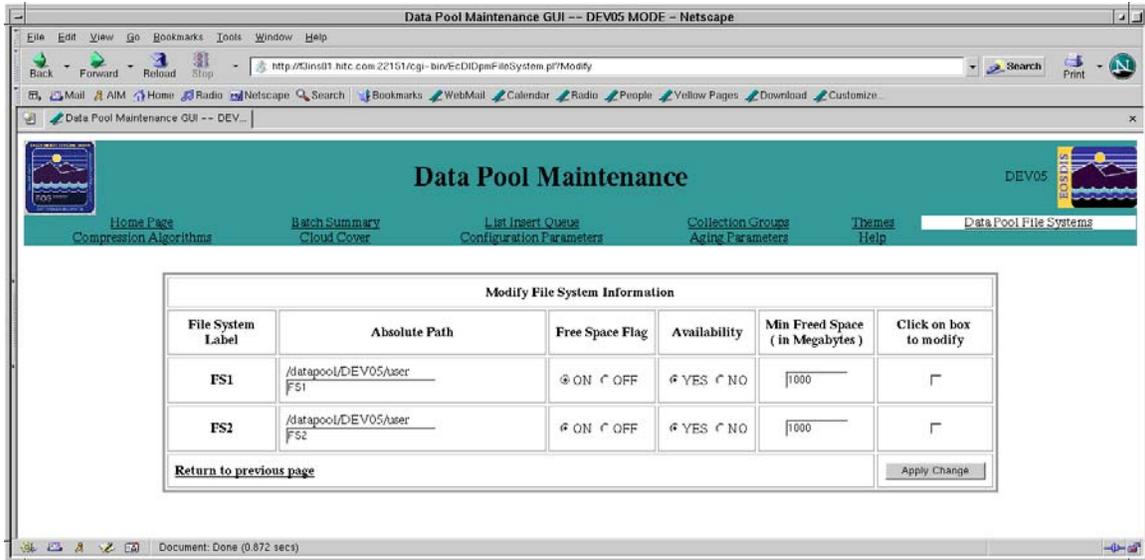


Figure 4.7.6-23. Modify File System Information Screen

Field descriptions for the screen can be found in Table 4.7.6-13.

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

Table 4.7.6-13. Modify File System Information Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
File System Label	char	10	Required	File System Label. Limited to 10 characters.
Absolute Path	char	255	Required	File system's absolute path. Only relative path is modifiable. Limited to 255 characters for the entire path.
Free Space Flag	char	1	Optional	Indicates if space is available for Data Pool insert. 'ON' value indicates that space is available. Default is 'ON'.
Availability	char	1	Optional	File system available for insert. Value 'YES' indicate it is available and value 'NO' it is not available. The default value is 'YES'.
Min Freed Space (in Megabytes)	int	4	Optional	Amount space must be freed in order to make the file system available
Click on box to modify	checkbox	1	Optional	Select when modifications are needed

4.7.6.1.7 Themes Tab

The Themes screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-24 allows the operator to view a list of themes in alphabetical order. This list can be filtered using three filter criteria: **Web Visible**, **Insert Enabled** and **Beginning Letters**. The options for **Web Visible**: Yes, No and ALL. The options for **Insert Enabled**: Yes, No and ALL. All of these criteria can be used together or separately. After selecting the option click **Apply Filter** button to view the filtered list of themes. From this page the operator can also delete a theme by selecting the corresponding Click On Box To Delete check box and clicking on the “**Apply Change**” button. The operator can add a new theme by clicking on the **Add A New Theme** link. This link will take the operator to "Add New Theme" page shown in Figure 4.7.6-25. The operator needs to add four fields regarding a theme: name, description, valid for insert or not and valid for web drill down or not. The operator also can modify an existing theme by clicking on the "**Modify Theme**" link from Figure 4.7.6-24. This link will take the operator to the Modify Theme page shown in Figure 4.7.6-28. Theme name is the only field that is not editable. The operator can modify the description of a theme by simply retyping in the text area. The operator also can change the option for Insert enabled and web enabled by selecting or deselecting the appropriate boxes. After making the selection the operator needs to select the check box corresponding to the theme and then press the **Apply Change** button. Upon pressing this button the changes will take effect in the Data Pool database and also the Manage Themes page in Figure 4.7.6-24 will be refreshed.

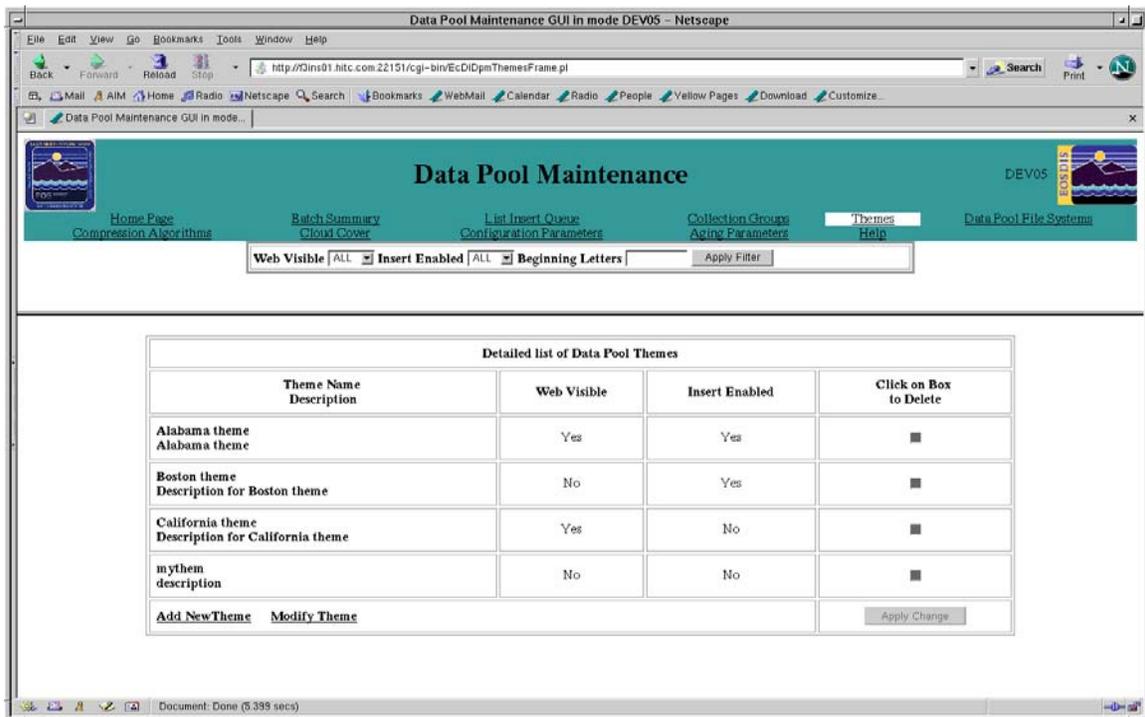


Figure 4.7.6-24. Themes Screen

Note: Limited Capability users cannot click ‘Add New Theme’ or ‘Modify Theme’ links. They also cannot delete themes. All check boxes and ‘Apply Change’ button cannot be clicked.

Table 4.7.6-14 lists the filter theme field descriptions.

Table 4.7.6-14. Filter Theme Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Theme Name	char	40	Required	Partial or full name of a theme.
Description	char	100	Required	Description of the theme.
Web Visible	char	1	Optional	Availability for Web scroll down. The default will be system generated.
Insert Enabled	char	1	Optional	Enabled for Data Pool insert. The default will be system generated.
Click on Box to Delete	check box	1	Optional	Option to delete theme name and its corresponding information once box is checked

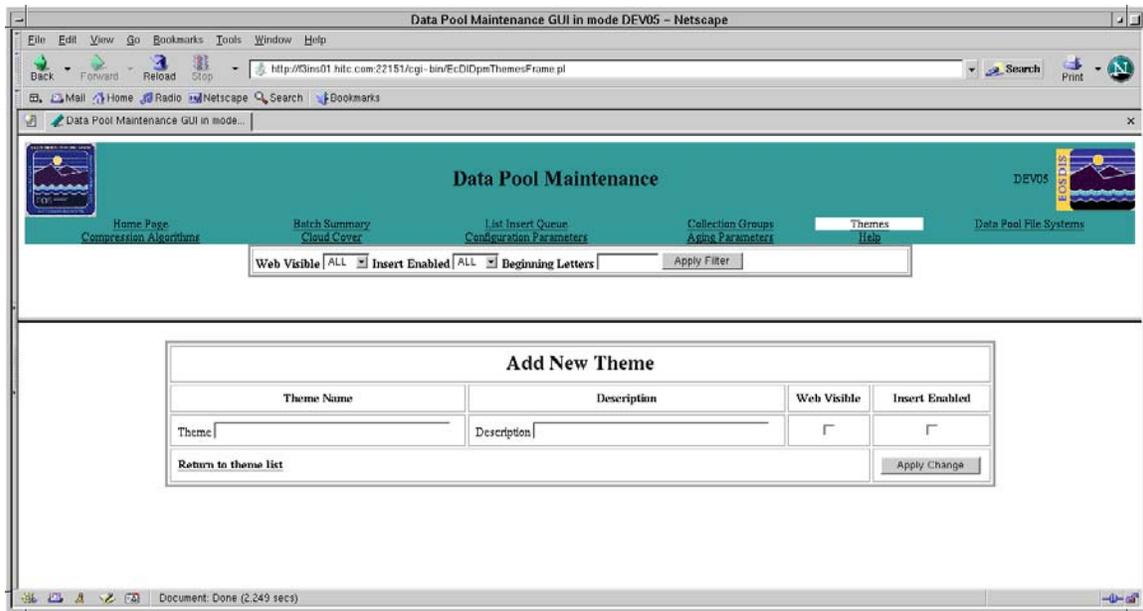


Figure 4.7.6-25. Add a New Theme Screen

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality

See Table 4.7.6-15 below for field descriptors for the Add New Themes page.

Table 4.7.6-15. Add a New Theme Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Theme Name	char	20	Required	Name of a theme. Scrollable up to 40 characters.
Description	char	100	Required	Description of a theme. Scrollable up to 255 characters.
Web Visible	Check box	1	Optional	Availability for Web scroll down.
Insert Enabled	Check box	1	Optional	Enabled for Data Pool insert.

Theme names will be verified against input errors and name duplication. An error window will pop in each case over the **Add A New Theme** page to indicate the error, shown in Figure 4.7.6-26 and Figure 4.7.6-27. Click **OK** to dismiss the window.

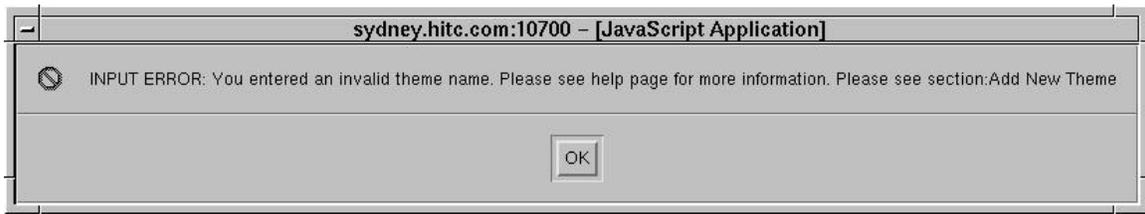


Figure 4.7.6-26. Input Error Screen



Figure 4.7.6-27. DB Error Screen

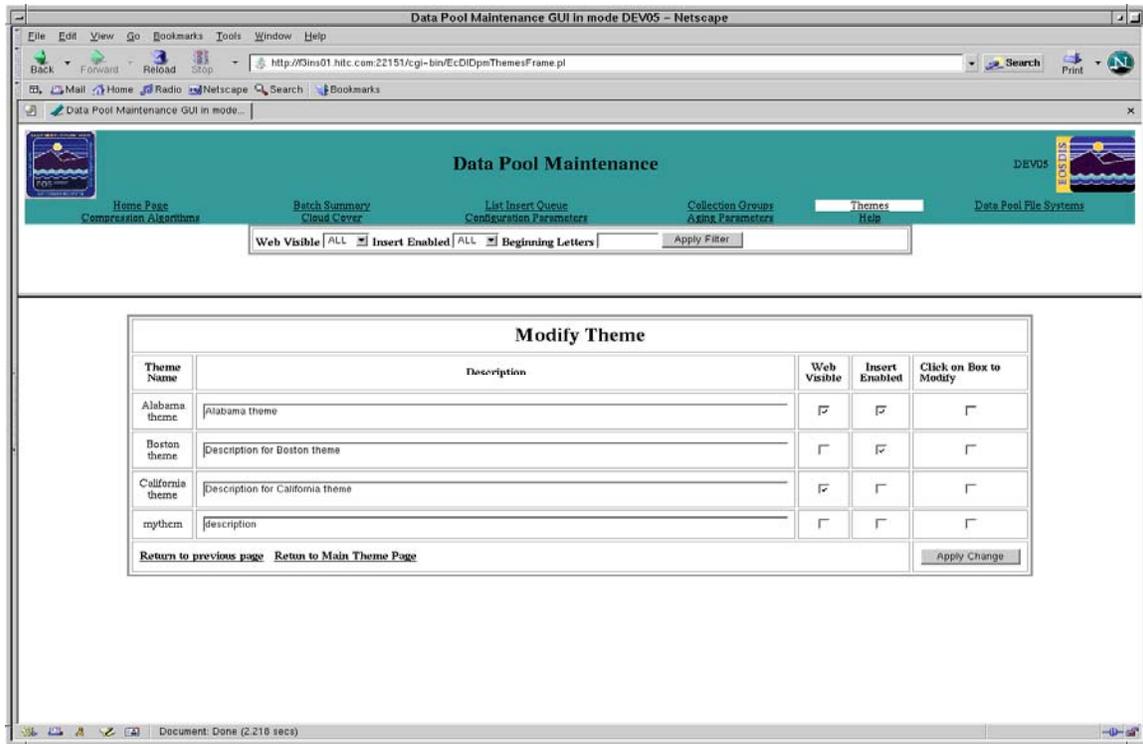


Figure 4.7.6-28. Modify Theme Screen

Note: Limited Capability users cannot use this functionality.

See Table 4.7.6-16 for Modify Theme Field Descriptions field descriptors.

Table 4.7.6-16. Modify Theme Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Theme Name	char	20	Required	Name of a theme. Scrollable up to 40 characters.
Description	char	100	Optional	Description of a theme. Scrollable up to 255 characters.
Web Visible	check box	1	Optional	Availability for Web scroll down. Default will be not Web visible.
Insert Enabled	check box	1	Optional	Enabled for Data Pool insert. Default will be not available for insert.
Click on Box to Modify	checkbox	1	Optional	Select when modifications are needed

4.7.6.1.8 Cloud Cover Tab

Cloud Cover Information screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-29 allows the operator to view a list of Cloud Cover source names, their types and descriptions. It also provides check boxes beside each cloud cover information rows to delete any of the entries. Only full capability operators can execute this delete operation. The full capability operators can also configure a new cloud cover information and modifying description of an existing one by clicking on the link Add New Cloud Cover and Modify Source Description link respectively. Clicking on **Add New Cloud Cover** will take the operator to 'Add A New Cloud Cover Information' page shown in Figure 4.7.6-30. The operators need to add three fields --- 1) Source Type: A drop down list consisting of types. Currently there are two types: Core Metadata and PSA (Product Specific Attribute). If 'Core Metadata' is selected then source name will be automatically populated. 2) Source Name: Need to enter a valid source name if 'PSA' is selected for Source Type. 3) Source Description: Need to enter a description for the source. This description can be 255 characters long. Clicking on **Modify Source Description** will take the operator to '**Modify Cloud Cover Description**' page shown in Figure 4.7.6-31. The operator can change the source description. There are check boxes associated with each cloud cover information item. The operator can change information at one time by checking the desired cloud cover information's checkboxes and press on **Apply Change** button. See Table 4.7.6-17 for field descriptors of the cloud cover pages.

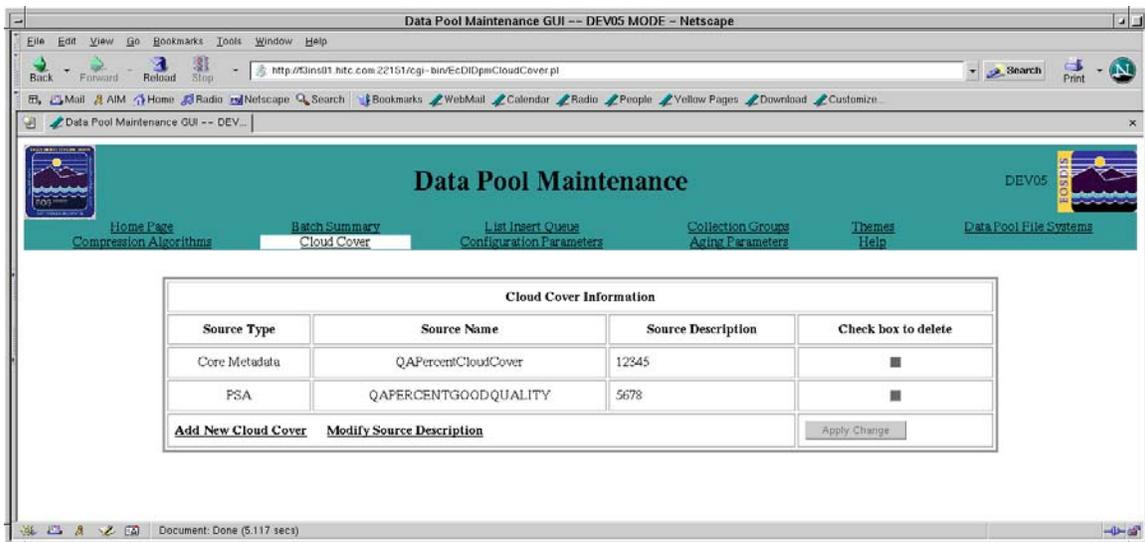


Figure 4.7.6-29. Cloud Cover Information Screen

Note: Limited Capability users are not allowed to delete cloud cover information.

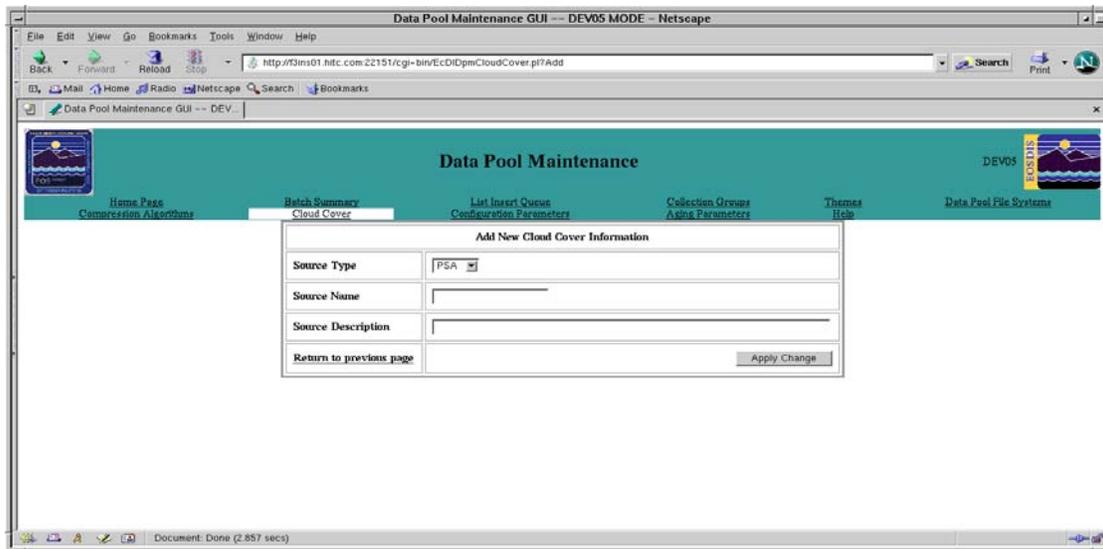


Figure 4.7.6-30. Add a New Cloud Cover Information Screen

Note: This page is not accessible by Limited Capability users.

Table 4.7.6-17. Add A New Cloud Cover Information Field Description

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
Source Type	char	30	Required	Cloud Cover source type
Source Name	char	20	Required	Valid source name
Source Description	char	30	Optional	Description about the source name. Up to 255 characters long
Click on box to delete	checkbox	1	Optional	Option to delete theme name and its corresponding information once box is checked

The fields of the Aging Parameters Page are described in Table 4.7.6-19.

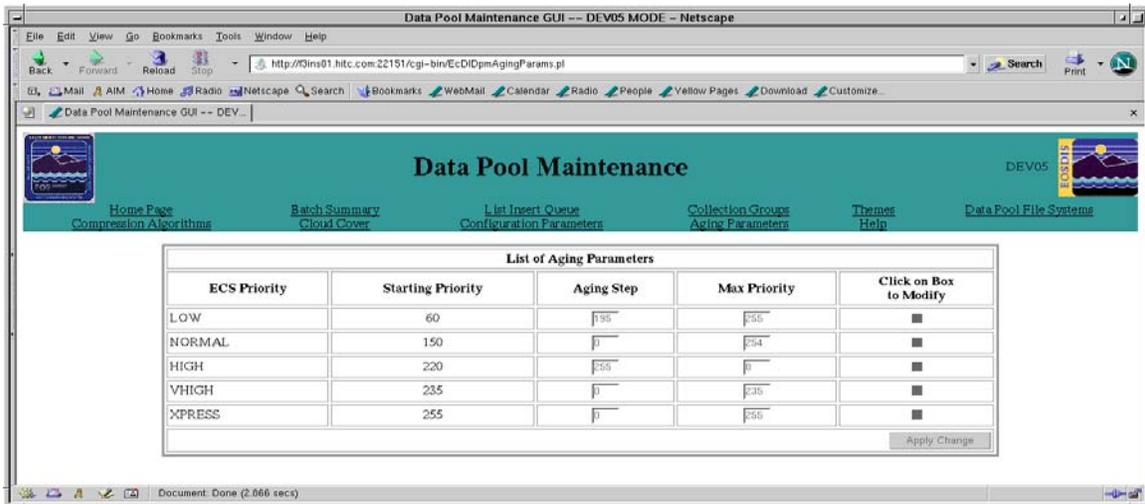


Figure 4.7.6-32. List of Aging Parameters Screen

Table 4.7.6-19. Aging Parameters Field Descriptions

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Entry	Description
ECS Priority	char	10	Required	Determines the level of priority for the Aging Parameter for ECS: Low, Normal, High, Very High, Express
Starting Priority	int	4	Required	Provides ascending order of Aging Parameters according to it priority number
Aging Step	int	4	Optional	Time interval to increase the priority value
Max Priority	int	4	Optional	Maximum priority value for an ECS priority level
Click on Box to Modify	checkbox	n/a	Optional	Select when modifications are needed

4.7.6.1.10 End Session Tab

The **End Session** tab is provided to end a session on demand. This tab is available only from the Data Pool Home Page. Upon clicking on **End Session** link it will bring up the **End Session** page shown in Figure 4.7.6-33.

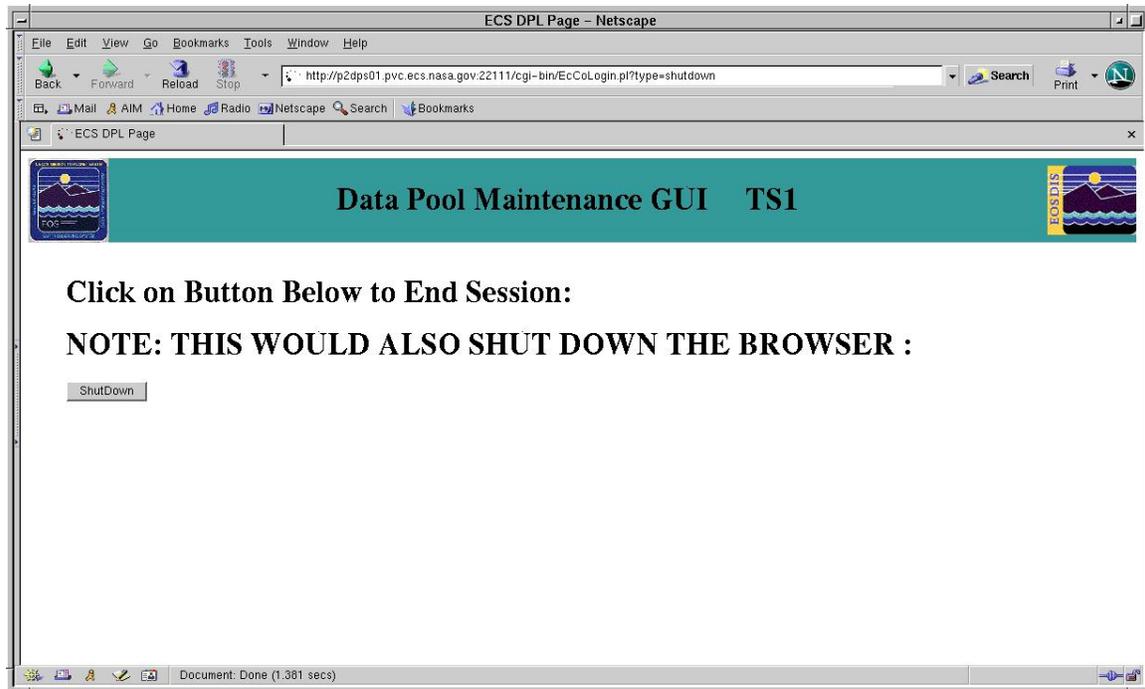


Figure 4.7.6-33. End Session Page

4.7.6.2 Data Pool Maintenance Main Screen

See Figure 4.7.6-2.

4.7.6.3 Required Operating Environment

The following environment is required for the DPM GUI to work properly:

- The O/S requirements are Linux 2.x or higher

4.7.6.4 Databases

The DPM GUI accesses the Data Pool database.

4.7.6.4.1 Interfaces and Data Types

The DPM GUI exchanges data between the Web Browser and Sybase, using Perl CGI and DBI Modules for the Interface.

4.7.6.5 Special Constraints

There are no special constraints to running the DPM GUI.

4.7.6.6 Outputs

There are no outputs from the DPM GUI except for status and error messages.

4.7.6.7 Event and Error Messages

The DPM GUI writes status and error messages to the EcDlDataPoolGUI.log file in the directory /usr/ecs/<MODE>/CUSTOM/logs.

4.7.6.8 Reports

The DPM GUI does not generate reports.